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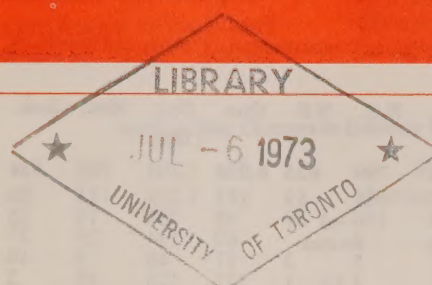






# Statistics Canada

## daily



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Tuesday, July 3, 1973

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### Other Publications Released

- Agriculture, Saskatchewan, 1971 Census (96-709, \$2.50)
- Merchandising Inventories, April 1973 (63-014, 20¢/\$2)
- Smelting and Refining, 1971 (41-214, 50¢)
- Iron Mines, 1971 (26-210, 50¢)
- Industrial Commodity Classification Manual, Volume I, The Classification, 1973 (12-541, \$4)
- Fisheries Statistics of Canada, 1971 (24-201, 50¢)
- Service Bulletin - Metals and Minerals (41-010, \$2 a year), Vol. 1, No. 10, Consumption of Molybdenum and Tungsten, 1972.



### Population by Specified Religious Denominations, 1971 Census — Advance Information.

Roman Catholics, making up 46.2% of the population, form the largest single religious denomination in Canada, preliminary 1971 census figures show. The United Church stood second with 17.5% of the population, the Anglican denomination third with 11.8% and those stating no religion next with 4.3%. The figures do not measure church membership or the degree of affiliation with a religious body but represent a preference for, or adherence to, a particular denomination or group.

Of the total population of almost 21.6 million in 1971, about 10 million persons reported the Roman Catholic denomination, 3.8 million the United Church, 2.5 million Anglican and close to 1 million no affiliation.

These 1971 figures are subject to minor revision. Final data and more detailed geographical breakdowns will be released in *Population by Specified Religious Denominations* (92-763, 50¢).

### Population by Specified Religious Denominations, Canada and Provinces, 1971

Religious Denomination	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon	N.W.T.
	('000)												
<b>Total</b>	<b>21,568</b>	<b>522</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>789</b>	<b>635</b>	<b>6,028</b>	<b>7,703</b>	<b>988</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>1,628</b>	<b>2,185</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>35</b>
Anglican	2,544	145	7	136	69	182	1,221	123	88	170	387	5	13
Baptist	667	1	6	100	89	38	283	18	15	50	65	1	—
Greek Orthodox*	317	—	—	2	—	60	134	25	27	47	21	—	—
Jehovah's Witnesses	175	2	—	5	3	17	68	9	10	18	42	1	1
Jewish	276	—	—	2	1	111	125	19	2	6	10	—	—
Lutheran	716	1	—	12	2	24	267	65	91	133	120	1	1
Mennonite ***	182	—	—	—	—	—	40	64	28	21	27	—	—
Pentecostal	220	29	1	7	17	9	77	10	12	23	35	—	1
Presbyterian	872	3	13	40	13	52	540	31	21	57	101	1	—
Roman Catholic	9,975	191	51	286	331	5,226	2,569	243	259	391	408	5	14
Salvation Army	120	41	—	5	2	4	44	3	3	5	12	—	—
Ukrainian Catholic	228	—	—	1	1	25	57	58	34	41	11	—	—
United Church**	3,768	102	28	163	85	177	1,683	257	274	457	537	3	3
Other	579	6	3	11	9	27	252	21	29	100	121	1	1
No religion	930	2	1	19	12	77	344	42	34	108	287	2	1
	Percent												
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Anglican	11.8	27.7	6.2	17.2	10.9	3.0	15.8	12.5	9.5	10.5	17.7	25.3	36.4
Baptist	3.1	0.2	5.7	12.7	14.0	0.6	3.7	1.9	1.6	3.1	3.0	4.8	—
Greek Orthodox*	1.5	—	—	0.2	—	1.0	1.7	2.6	2.9	2.9	0.9	—	—
Jehovah's Witnesses	0.8	0.4	—	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.9	3.2	1.5
Jewish	1.3	—	—	0.3	0.1	1.8	1.6	1.9	0.2	0.4	0.4	—	—
Lutheran	3.3	0.1	—	1.5	0.3	0.4	3.5	6.6	9.8	8.2	5.5	5.0	2.1
Mennonite ***	0.8	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	6.5	3.1	1.3	1.2	—	—
Pentecostal	1.0	5.5	0.9	0.9	2.7	0.1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.6	—	2.0
Presbyterian	4.0	0.6	11.7	5.1	2.1	0.9	7.0	3.1	2.2	3.5	4.6	3.8	—
Roman Catholic	46.2	36.5	45.9	36.3	52.2	86.7	33.3	24.6	28.0	24.0	18.7	25.4	41.3
Salvation Army	0.6	7.9	—	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	—	—
United Church**	17.5	19.5	24.9	20.6	13.4	2.9	21.8	26.0	29.6	28.1	24.6	16.9	8.6
Ukrainian Catholic	1.1	—	—	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.7	5.8	3.7	2.5	0.5	—	—
Other	2.7	1.1	2.9	1.4	1.4	0.4	3.3	2.1	3.1	6.1	5.6	3.8	1.7
No religion	4.3	0.4	1.0	2.4	1.9	1.3	4.5	4.3	3.7	6.7	13.1	8.8	2.9

\* Includes those Churches which observe the Greek Orthodox rite, such as Russian Orthodox, Ukrainian Orthodox and Syrian Orthodox. \*\* Includes Evangelical United Brethren. \*\*\* Includes Hutterite.

Components may not add to total due to rounding.

— Amount too small to be expressed.

### Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, May 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian manufacturers sold 29,808 automatic washing machines domestically in May, an increase from 26,953 a year earlier, and stocks at the end of May stood at 91,733 units, up from 65,072 the previous year.

Domestic sales of conventional washing machines increased to 10,270 from 9,867 and month-end stocks decreased to 21,031 from 26,731. Canadian sales of electric clothes dryers rose to 22,362 units

from 19,379 and stocks increased to 106,953 from 70,289. Gas dryer sales on the domestic market rose to 871 units from 838, stocks at the end of the month stood at 6,942 units, up from 4,163 in 1972.

For further information, order the May issue of *Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers* (43-002, 20¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



**Prices and Price Indexes, May 1973 — Advance Information.****Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing**

The industry selling price index for Total Manufacturing (1961=100) rose 0.9% in May to 139.2 from 138.0 in April. It was 9.9% higher than the May 1972 index of 126.7. Of the 101 industry indexes included in the total, 64 were higher, 12 declined and 25 were unchanged.

In terms of the relative contribution to the overall change in the total manufacturing index, notable

factors were continuing advances registered for the food and beverages group, particularly in feed and vegetable oil mills. Price advances in these feed and feed-related industries accounted for one-third of the overall advance in the total manufacturing index. The petroleum and coal group rose, reflecting price increases of certain products produced by the petroleum refining industry. Continuing advances occurred in the miscellaneous manufacturing group on higher prices recorded in the jewellery and silverware manufacturing industry. Prices in the saw and planing mills industry registered a decline after advancing steadily to 236.6 in April of 1973 from 144.5 in October 1971.

**April to May Changes in Industry Indexes**

	May/April Number of Industries			Major Group Indexes		
	In- creases	De- creases	Un- changed	May 1973	Apr. 1973	May 1972
All industries . . . . .	64	12	25	139.2	138.0	126.7
Foods and beverages industries . . . . .	17	1	5	154.9	152.7	136.1
Tobacco and tobacco products industries . . . . .	—	—	1	*	*	*
Rubber products industries . . . . .	2	—	—	110.3	110.1	111.0
Leather industries . . . . .	—	2	1	163.4	164.4	143.1
Textile industries . . . . .	7	—	2	115.7	114.7	106.7
Knitting mills industries . . . . .	2	—	—	103.9	103.8	99.0
Clothing industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Wood industries . . . . .	3	3	—	223.1	223.6	166.1
Furniture and fixture industries . . . . .	2	—	1	139.0	138.9	130.5
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	3	1	2	127.5	126.9	119.8
Primary metal industries . . . . .	5	1	1	149.9	149.2	134.2
Metal fabricating industries . . . . .	3	—	1	*	*	*
Machinery industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	2	—	1	*	*	*
Electrical products industries . . . . .	3	1	3	*	*	*
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	4	1	4	139.3	139.0	133.7
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	2	—	—	126.7	122.5	115.9
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	5	2	—	107.9	107.6	104.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	2	—	3	*	*	*

\* Indexes not available at this level of aggregation.

**General Wholesale Index**

The general wholesale price index (1935-39=100) rose 0.4% in May to 356.3 from the April level of 354.9. It was 16.6% higher than the May 1972 index of 305.7. Seven of the eight major group indexes were higher, while one declined.

The non-metallic mineral products group index moved up 1.4% in May to 248.9 from 245.5 in April on higher prices for petroleum products, coke and pottery. An advance of 1.0% to 316.4 from 313.2 in the textile products group index reflected price increases for woollen hosiery and knit goods, worsted yarns and cotton yarns. Slightly higher prices for grains and sharply higher prices for livestock and poultry feeds and vegetable oils and products resulted

in an increase of 0.8% in the vegetable products group index to 302.9 from 300.5. The iron products group index moved up 0.8% to 349.0 from 346.3 on price increases for hardware. Lesser advances were recorded in the non-ferrous metal products group index to 306.4 from 305.0 and chemical products group index to 255.3 from 254.5. The animal products group was virtually unchanged, with price decrease for pork offsetting increases in beef prices.

The wood products group index moved slightly lower to 512.3 from 514.3, reflecting significant declines in certain lumber prices.

For further information, order the May issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4) or contact Mr. B. Holliday (613-992-1538), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



**Wholesale Price Indexes**  
(1935-39=100)

	May*	April*	May	April	Change	
					May/73	May/72
	1973	1973	1972	1972	Apr./73	May/72
					(%)	
<b>General Wholesale Index</b> . . . . .	356.3	354.9*	305.7	303.4	0.4	16.6
Vegetable products . . . . .	302.9	300.5*	239.5	238.6	0.8	26.5
Animal products . . . . .	428.5	428.3*	369.0	362.1	—	16.1
Textile products . . . . .	316.4	313.2*	277.9	275.5	1.0	13.9
Wood products . . . . .	512.3	514.3*	426.6	422.4*	-0.4	20.1
Iron products . . . . .	349.0	346.3*	323.2	322.8	0.8	8.0
Non-ferrous metals . . . . .	306.4	305.0*	261.7	261.4	0.5	17.1
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	248.9	245.5*	232.6	232.0	1.4	7.0
Chemical products . . . . .	255.3	254.5	244.9	245.6	0.3	4.2
Iron and non-ferrous metals (excluding gold) . . . . .	389.5	388.3*	349.9	349.7	0.3	11.3
Raw and partly manufactured goods . . . . .	330.2	328.7*	266.5	262.4	0.5	23.9
Fully and chiefly manufactured goods . . . . .	371.1	369.7*	327.9	326.6	0.4	13.2

\* These indexes are preliminary.

**Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, May 1973** — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.

At \$1,900 million, seasonally adjusted imports for May reversed a decline in the preceding month to exceed slightly the level of February and March. Purchases from the United States, which increased \$113 million, accounted for about 70% of the recovery. With adjusted exports of \$2,003 million, down \$40 million from April, the trade balance for May of \$103 million dropped sharply from the unusually high surplus of the previous month.

Unadjusted imports were \$2,231 million, with an increase of \$421 million or 23% over May 1972. Nearly 90% of this rise was due to purchases from the U.S., which increased about \$375 million. More moderate gains were recorded in imports from other areas, excepting the United Kingdom and Japan. Imports from the latter country declined almost \$20 million.

Well over half of the rise in imports from the U.S. was for automotive and related products, which rose some \$115 million, and to industrial machinery, up

\$25 million, and aircraft parts, up \$68 million. The delivery of several large commercial aircraft took place in the month. Higher imports from overseas countries of crude petroleum, food, clothing, footwear and communication equipment together accounted for \$50 million. Imports of automotive products, however, declined by some \$35 million, in part due to the realignment of foreign exchange rates.

Cumulated imports to May, at \$9,289 million, rose \$1,724 million or 23% over the same period in 1972. The U.S. accounted for \$1,432 million or four-fifths of the advance, including a rise of \$862 million in automotive and related products, industrial machinery, aircraft and food. The U.S. share of total imports rose to nearly 72% in 1973 from 69% in 1972. In imports from other countries there was a gain of \$292 million or 13%, with food, crude petroleum, fabrics, clothing, footwear and industrial machinery representing some three-fifths of the increase.

For further information order the May issues of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2) and *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2).

**Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, May 1973**

	Total Exports		Imports		Trade Balance		Change 1972 to 1973	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	Total Exports	Imports
							(%)	(%)
	(\$ millions)							
<b>Month of May</b>								
United Kingdom . . . . .	172.9	116.6	99.8	97.8	73.1	18.8	-32.6	-2.0
Other Commonwealth and								
Preferential . . . . .	43.6	70.1	78.5	87.2	-34.9	-17.1	60.8	11.1
United States . . . . .	1,305.5	1,578.2	1,245.5	1,619.9	60.0	-41.7	20.9	30.1
Japan . . . . .	112.8	147.2	108.2	89.4	4.5	57.8	30.5	-17.4
European Economic Community* . . . . .	113.2	102.8	111.0	121.0	2.2	-18.2	-9.2	9.0
Latin America . . . . .	69.5	53.4	61.0	84.0	8.5	-30.6	-23.2	37.7
Other Countries . . . . .	115.0	168.4	106.0	131.6	9.0	36.8	46.4	24.2
<b>Total Commonwealth and Preferred</b> . . . . .	216.5	186.7	178.3	185.0	38.2	1.7	-13.8	3.8
<b>Total Others</b> . . . . .	1,715.9	2,050.0	1,631.8	2,045.9	84.1	4.1	19.5	25.4
<b>Grand Total</b> . . . . .	1,932.5	2,236.7	1,810.1	2,230.9	122.4	5.8	15.7	23.2

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**January-May**

United Kingdom . . . . .	538.5	580.0	413.3	424.8	125.2	155.2	7.7	2.8
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	225.1	342.1	279.2	324.7	-54.1	17.4	52.0	16.3
United States . . . . .	5,681.4	7,003.2	5,240.9	6,673.1	440.5	330.1	23.3	27.3
Japan . . . . .	337.6	618.0	440.0	432.2	-102.4	185.8	83.1	-1.8
European Economic Community* . . . . .	425.0	459.5	450.1	536.0	-25.1	-76.5	8.1	19.1
Latin America . . . . .	241.0	229.2	263.9	329.9	-22.9	-100.7	-4.9	25.0
Other Countries . . . . .	425.7	590.1	477.1	567.9	-51.4	22.2	38.6	19.0
<b>Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .</b>	<b>763.8</b>	<b>922.1</b>	<b>692.6</b>	<b>749.6</b>	<b>71.2</b>	<b>172.5</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>8.2</b>
<b>Total Others . . . . .</b>	<b>7,110.6</b>	<b>8,899.9</b>	<b>6,872.0</b>	<b>8,539.0</b>	<b>238.6</b>	<b>360.9</b>	<b>25.2</b>	<b>24.3</b>
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>7,874.3</b>	<b>9,822.0</b>	<b>7,564.6</b>	<b>9,288.6</b>	<b>309.7</b>	<b>533.4</b>	<b>24.7</b>	<b>22.8</b>

\*Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973.

Note: Export and Import values for 1973 are preliminary estimates and may not add because of rounding.

**Imports**

Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

**Exports (including re-exports)**

Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Imports					Exports (including re-exports)			
	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries		Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)					(\$ millions)			
<b>1971</b>					<b>1971</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	3,637	2,584	190	863	First Quarter . . . . .	4,315	2,841	337	1,137
Second Quarter . . . . .	3,764	2,646	197	921	Second Quarter . . . . .	4,358	2,979	331	1,048
Third Quarter . . . . .	3,988	2,813	215	960	Third Quarter . . . . .	4,551	3,069	370	1,112
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	4,219	2,901	235	1,083	Fourth Quarter . . . . .	4,579	3,135	344	1,100
<b>1972</b>					<b>1972</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,441	2,966	248	1,227	First Quarter . . . . .	4,650	3,313	276	1,061
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,595	3,164	244	1,187	Second Quarter . . . . .	4,995	3,477	367	1,151
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,624	3,193	200	1,231	Third Quarter . . . . .	4,767	3,324	306	1,137
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,003	3,549	258	1,196	Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,564	3,807	378	1,379
<b>1973</b>					<b>1973</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,523	3,792	273	1,458	First Quarter . . . . .	5,845	4,108	379	1,358
<b>1972</b>					<b>1972</b>				
October . . . . .	1,655	1,143	93	419	October . . . . .	1,841	1,216	142	483
November . . . . .	1,662	1,184	80	398	November . . . . .	1,889	1,298	123	468
December . . . . .	1,686	1,222	85	379	December . . . . .	1,834	1,293	113	428
<b>1973</b>					<b>1973</b>				
January . . . . .	1,756	1,219	85	452	January . . . . .	1,907	1,368	108	431
February . . . . .	1,872	1,271	94	507	February . . . . .	1,952	1,371	116	465
March . . . . .	1,895	1,302	94	499	March . . . . .	1,986	1,369	155	462
April . . . . .	1,737	1,254	69	414	April . . . . .	2,043	1,357	120	566
May (preliminary) . . . . .	1,900	1,367	86	447	May (preliminary) . . . . .	2,003	1,425	85	493

(see table on next page)

**Steel Ingots, Week ended June 30, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended June 30 totalled 285,836 tons, an increase of 2.4% from the preceding week's total of 278,962 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 235,227 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 156.0 in the current week, 152.2 a week earlier and 128.4 one year ago.

## Imports of Selected Commodities

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change	1972	1973	Change
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Food . . . . .	47.9	61.5	28.4	109.6	139.2	27.0
Metals, in ores, concentrates scrap . . . . .	14.3	17.1	19.6	30.9	39.5	27.8
Crude petroleum . . . . .	—	—	—	57.9	76.6	32.3
Broad woven fabrics . . . . .	7.5	9.0	20.0	21.6	28.5	31.9
Chemicals, organic and inorganic . . . . .	17.3	20.0	15.6	24.7	31.1	25.9
Plastic materials and shapes . . . . .	22.0	26.4	20.0	24.9	30.0	20.5
Petroleum and coal products . . . . .	7.1	8.2	15.5	25.0	16.3	-34.8
Iron and steel fabricated shapes . . . . .	21.3	32.4	52.1	51.1	59.6	16.6
Non-ferrous metals and alloys . . . . .	17.1	19.3	12.9	30.1	26.4	-12.3
Industrial machinery . . . . .	133.1	157.7	18.5	175.2	201.8	15.2
Tractors and parts . . . . .	29.0	33.8	16.6	35.2	39.0	10.8
Passenger automobiles . . . . .	105.2	140.6	33.7	159.2	164.2	3.1
Trucks and other motor vehicles . . . . .	53.6	74.8	39.6	68.1	87.6	28.6
Motor vehicle engines, engine parts . . . . .	46.2	66.8	44.6	54.9	71.7	30.6
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	211.7	248.6	17.4	217.7	254.9	17.1
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	36.0	103.7	188.1	37.3	108.7	191.4
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	31.3	43.9	40.3	50.7	70.9	39.8
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	34.3	32.8	-4.4	40.2	41.9	4.2
Apparel, footwear and accessories . . . . .	4.0	6.5	62.5	25.5	36.0	41.2
Books and other printed matter . . . . .	20.7	23.0	11.1	25.0	27.9	11.6
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	859.6	1,126.2	31.0	1,264.8	1,551.8	22.7
b) Total Canadian Imports . . . . .	1,245.5	1,619.9	30.1	1,810.1	2,230.9	23.2
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	69.0%	69.5%		69.9%	69.6%	

# Statistics Canada daily

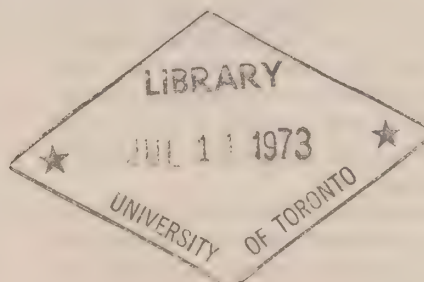
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## Publications Released

- Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, January 1973 (73-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Oilseeds Review, June 1973 (22-006, 75¢/\$3)
- Sales Financing, April 1973 (63-013, 20¢/\$2)
- Oil Pipe Line Transport, March 1973 (55-001, 20¢/\$2), Vol. 23, No. 3





**Prices and Price Indexes (Building Construction Input Price Indexes), May 1973 — Advance Information.****Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes, May 1973  
(1971=100)**

	May 1973	Apr. 1973	May 1972	Change May/73 Apr./73	May/73 May/72
				(%)	
<b>Canada, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>121.7</b>	<b>121.4</b>	<b>108.7</b>	<b>.2</b>	<b>12.0</b>
Materials . . . . .	123.8	123.4	107.6	.3	15.1
Labour . . . . .	117.8	117.8	110.7	—	6.4
<b>Atlantic Provinces, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>124.8</b>	<b>123.7</b>	<b>110.4</b>	<b>.9</b>	<b>13.0</b>
Materials . . . . .	124.2	122.6	107.4	1.3	15.6
Labour . . . . .	125.9	125.6	115.7	.2	8.8
<b>Quebec, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>120.6</b>	<b>120.3</b>	<b>108.6</b>	<b>.2</b>	<b>11.0</b>
Materials . . . . .	126.8	126.4	109.0	.3	16.3
Labour . . . . .	108.9	108.9	108.0	—	0.8
<b>Ontario, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>121.9</b>	<b>121.7</b>	<b>109.0</b>	<b>.2</b>	<b>11.8</b>
Materials . . . . .	122.8	122.5	107.4	.2	14.3
Labour . . . . .	120.4	120.4	111.7	—	7.8
<b>Prairie Provinces, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>121.7</b>	<b>121.2</b>	<b>108.2</b>	<b>.4</b>	<b>12.5</b>
Materials . . . . .	122.1	121.3	106.8	.7	14.3
Labour . . . . .	120.8	120.8	110.9	—	8.9
<b>British Columbia, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>120.9</b>	<b>121.0</b>	<b>107.9</b>	<b>-.1</b>	<b>12.0</b>
Materials . . . . .	124.3	124.4	107.3	-.1	15.8
Labour . . . . .	114.8	114.8	108.8	—	5.5
<b>General Contractors, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>131.7</b>	<b>131.3</b>	<b>110.8</b>	<b>.3</b>	<b>18.9</b>
Materials . . . . .	133.9	133.3	110.8	.5	20.8
Labour . . . . .	119.0	119.0	110.8	—	7.4
<b>Sub-trade Contractors, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114.5</b>	<b>114.3</b>	<b>107.2</b>	<b>.2</b>	<b>6.8</b>
Materials . . . . .	111.2	110.9	103.6	.3	7.3
Labour . . . . .	117.6	117.6	110.7	—	6.2

**Non-Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes, May 1973  
(1961=100)**

<b>Total Index</b> . . . . .	<b>196.3</b>	<b>195.8</b>	<b>182.8</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>7.4</b>
Materials . . . . .	155.9	154.9	141.0	0.6	10.6
Steel and Metal Work . . . . .	147.5	148.7	139.5	-0.8	5.7
Plumbing, Heating and Other Equipment . . . . .	152.4	152.2	145.4	0.1	4.8
Electrical Equipment . . . . .	113.9	111.9	109.9	1.8	3.6
Concrete Products . . . . .	146.5	146.4	139.7	0.1	4.9
Lumber and Lumber Products . . . . .	262.1	256.5	186.5	2.2	40.5
Other . . . . .	144.0	142.3	133.4	1.2	7.9
<b>Labour</b> . . . . .	<b>245.9</b>	<b>245.9</b>	<b>234.0</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5.1</b>

For further information, order the May issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. P. Du Brûle (613-996-2565), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

**New Motor Vehicle Sales, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

May sales of new motor vehicles reached 128,727 units up 1.1% from a year earlier. This included 88,908 passenger cars (up 10.3%) and 22,709 commercial vehicles (up 0.2%) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 15,085 passenger cars (down 34.0%) and 2,027 commercial vehicles (up 69.2%) manufactured overseas.

Total sales value increased 7.9% to \$552.3 million. Canadian and U.S. produced passenger cars sold for \$359.8 million (up 14.9%) and commercial vehicles for \$134.8 million (up 6.9%). Sales of passenger cars from overseas declined 26.0% to 50.8 million but

sales of commercial vehicles increased 72.5% to \$6.9 million. Included in total commercial vehicles sold were 163 units of coaches and buses valued at \$5.9 million.

For the first five months of this year total sales reached 550,946 units with an accumulated value of \$2,358.3 million. This represented an increase of 33.4% in value over sales for the corresponding period last year.

For further information, order the May issue of *New Motor Vehicle Sales* (63-007, 20¢/\$2), or contact Bob Wright (613-992-7344), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Weekly Railway Carloadings, June 21, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Railways in Canada loaded 5.29 million tons of revenue carload freight during the 7-day period ending June 21. This was 23.4% more than in the comparable period of 1972. Year-to-date loadings increased 14.1%.

For further information order the June issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2).

7-day period ending June 21	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	2,997,548	2,290,667	5,288,215
Tons, 1972 .....	2,137,352	2,147,796	4,285,148
% change .....	40.2	6.7	23.4
Cars, 1973 .....	52,408	37,158	89,566
Cars, 1972 .....	41,740	36,855	78,595
% change .....	25.6	0.8	14.0
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	128,127	53,091	181,218
Tons, 1972 .....	101,267	45,184	146,451
% change .....	26.5	17.5	23.7
Cars, 1973 .....	5,216	2,492	7,708
Cars, 1972 .....	4,332	2,178	6,510
% change .....	20.4	14.4	18.4
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	60,341,001	50,511,465	110,852,466**
Tons, 1972 .....	52,781,320	44,355,070	97,136,390
% change .....	14.3	13.9	14.1
Cars, 1973 .....	1,115,434	825,388	1,940,822**
Cars, 1972 .....	999,062	761,277	1,760,339
% change .....	11.6	8.4	10.3
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	2,960,343	1,136,026	4,096,369**
Tons, 1972 .....	2,228,930	1,001,344	3,230,274
% change .....	32.8	13.5	26.8
Cars, 1973 .....	123,583	56,450	180,033**
Cars, 1972 .....	99,641	48,344	147,985
% change .....	24.0	16.8	21.7

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect of prior periods.

### Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, May 1973 — Advance Information.

In May 1973, packers, dealers and tanners held 197,106 cattle hides, down from 233,426 a year earlier and 116,730 calf and kip skins up from 113,540. Cattle hide receipts decreased to 172,887 from 208,766 and wettings decreased to 164,868 from 206,866. Production of upper leather decreased to 6.34 million square feet from 7.03 million in 1972.

For further information, order *Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather* (33-001, 10¢/\$1) or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.





# Statistics Canada

## daily

Friday, July 6, 1973

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Wholesale Price Index and Industry Selling Price Index — mail or telephone enquiries for additional advance information should be directed to Mrs. Leona Bell (613-992-6216) Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Scheduled for Monday's Daily

Real Domestic Product, April 1973 — Advance Information

### Other Publications Released

- Railway Transport, Part VI, 1972 (52-212, 50¢)
- Cordage and Twine Industry, 1971 (34-203, 50¢)
- Foundation Garment Industry, 1971 (34-212, 50¢)
- Gas Utilities, April 1973 (55-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Service Bulletins — Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), May 1973; Vol. 2, No. 50, Quebec, Advance Release of Fish Landings; Vol. 2, No. 47, Fish Freezings and Stocks Maritimes.



### **Employment, Earnings and Hours -- Advance Information -- April 1973.**

The first estimate of the seasonally adjusted industrial composite index of employment (1961=100) for Canada for April 1973 showed a rise of 0.9% from the previous month. Gains were recorded in all industry divisions except mining, transportation, communication and other utilities, and trade. All regions shared in the overall advance.

Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence. All statistics are based on returns received from employers having 20 or more employees in any month of the year.

Average weekly earnings edged up slightly at the Canada industrial composite level in April. Gains occurred in all the industry divisions for which data are shown in the accompanying tables except finance, insurance and real estate, and service, and in all regions except Quebec.

Among the industry divisions for which data on hourly-rated wage-earners are tabulated, average weekly hours declined in manufacturing reflecting fewer hours worked in Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia while average hourly earnings rose in manufacturing largely reflecting increases in the non-durables component.

Preliminary data for March 1973 indicated a gain of 0.4% in the Canada industrial composite index of employment. The most substantial increases were recorded in forestry, transportation, communication and other utilities, and finance, insurance and real estate. All provinces showed increased levels of employment over the month except Newfoundland, where no change occurred, and Saskatchewan, where employment declined.

Average weekly earnings rose 1.0% in March to \$157.85 at the Canada composite level. Gains ranged from 0.6% in service to 1.4% in construction; a decline of 0.2% was recorded in transportation, communication and other utilities. All provinces except Newfoundland and Nova Scotia reported increased earnings in March.

Average weekly hours of hourly-rated wage-earners declined in March in mining and manufacturing while increasing in construction. Small increases in hourly earnings were recorded in all these industry divisions.

Detailed information for February and March will be published in the April 1973 issue of *Employment, Earnings and Hours* (72-002, 40¢/\$4) and is also available from Mr. R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

(see tables on next page)

### **Local Government Employment, January-March 1973 (72-009, 50¢/\$2).**

The number of employees at the end of March 1973 for the "general services" of all municipalities is estimated at 226,087 and the gross payrolls for the quarter at \$436 million.

### **Iron Ore, May 1973 -- Advance Information.**

Canadian mines shipped 5.93 million tons of iron ore in May 1973, compared to 5.85 million a year earlier. This brought the five months output to 15.2 million tons from 12.9 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the May 1973 issue of *Iron Ore* (26-005, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### **Pulpwood and Wood Residue, May 1973 -- Advance Information.**

Roundwood production increased by 46.7% to 1.35 million cunits in May 1973 from 0.92 million a year earlier.

Consumption of roundwood and wood residue increased by 12.1% to 2.43 million cunits from 2.17 million and the closing inventory of these two products decreased by 8.3% to 7.29 million cunits from 7.94 million. Receipts of wood residue increased by 20.4% to 885,912 cunits from 735,827.

For further information, order the May 1973 issue of *Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics* (25-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. C. Sturton (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada K1A 0V6.

Advance Employment, Earnings and Hours Data, April 1973

Industry Division and Area		Employment Index Numbers									
		Unadjusted for seasonal variations					Seasonally-adjusted				
		Apr. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Mar. 1973P	Feb. 1973P	Jan. 1973 <sup>r</sup>	Apr. 1972	Mar. 1972	Apr. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Mar. 1973P	Feb. 1973P	Jan. 1973 <sup>r</sup>
		1961=100									
Industry Division:											
Forestry	64.7	71.1	73.7	74.9	51.3	58.4	98.1	97.2	89.0	85.9	
Mining	109.2	110.0	110.0	109.1	109.2	110.7	109.9	111.0	111.4	110.7	
Manufacturing	127.2	125.8	124.7	123.6	122.1	121.2	128.9	127.8	127.1	126.0	
Durables	141.7	139.8	138.6	136.7	133.7	132.5	142.3	140.8	140.0	138.2	
Non-durables	115.4	114.4	113.5	113.1	112.7	112.1	118.0	117.3	116.5	116.3	
Construction	101.3	93.4	92.1	91.6	102.4	96.4	109.2	106.1	105.4	105.2	
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities	117.6	116.1	114.5	114.4	114.3	113.2	120.1	120.3	118.4	118.0	
Trade	149.7	148.8	147.7	148.6	143.8	142.4	152.0	152.1	152.1	150.9	
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	153.0	152.5	150.1	150.3	147.6	147.3	153.9	152.9	150.6	150.9	
Service	202.5	195.2	192.3	189.5	190.8	186.7	206.6	202.1	200.3	198.1	
Industrial Composite	132.3	130.4	129.1	128.6	127.3	126.0	135.5	134.3	133.8	132.6	
Industrial Composite:											
Atlantic Region	118.6	116.6	114.3	114.9	114.3	112.3	126.1	125.2	122.7	122.1	
Newfoundland	120.8	118.1	116.9	118.2	118.1	113.0	131.6	129.1	129.1	129.5	
Prince Edward Island	126.0	122.9	118.3	123.8	127.7	121.8	143.5	145.4	141.0	143.1	
Nova Scotia	117.5	115.3	112.9	112.2	111.8	110.8	121.2	121.4	118.9	116.1	
New Brunswick	117.8	116.4	114.0	115.1	113.6	112.6	127.2	125.6	122.2	122.6	
Quebec	122.0	120.4	119.3	118.8	117.2	116.3	125.7	125.1	123.8	122.7	
Ontario	137.2	135.5	134.9	134.2	132.2	130.5	139.1	138.4	137.9	136.9	
Prairie Region	129.5	128.4	127.2	127.1	125.6	125.1	134.1	132.7	132.2	131.9	
Manitoba	117.5	115.7	115.0	115.1	115.8	114.8	120.8	119.4	119.3	119.2	
Saskatchewan	116.8	114.2	113.3	112.5	113.5	111.8	120.5	119.9	120.2	119.3	
Alberta	146.0	144.8	143.1	143.2	138.7	139.2	151.4	149.2	147.9	148.2	
British Columbia	156.0	152.3	148.0	146.4	148.6	147.9	158.9	155.7	153.7	153.5	
Yukon	-	150.6	147.4	149.4	164.5	157.1	-	157.9	156.8	166.8	
Northwest Territories	-	131.6	127.0	122.7	150.2	141.1	-	146.8	142.5	135.3	
Canada	132.3	130.4	129.1	128.6	127.3	126.0	135.5	134.3	133.8	132.6	
		Average Weekly Earnings									
Industry Division and Area		Unadjusted for seasonal variations					Seasonally-adjusted				
		Apr. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Mar. 1973P	Feb. 1973P	Jan. 1973 <sup>r</sup>	Apr. 1972	Mar. 1972	Apr. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Mar. 1973P	Feb. 1973P	Jan. 1973 <sup>r</sup>
		dollars									
Industry Division:											
Forestry	-	203.53	200.59	192.13	178.79	173.50	-	193.34	191.38	193.95	
Mining	-	207.21	206.30	205.55	187.00	187.28	-	203.37	201.98	202.13	
Manufacturing	166.01	165.85	164.53	163.44	155.29	152.74	164.82	164.66	163.55	163.33	
Durables	177.76	178.34	176.32	175.61	167.49	164.14	177.18	177.65	175.39	176.67	
Non-durables	154.30	153.48	152.87	151.51	143.52	141.79	152.95	152.11	152.02	150.55	
Construction	-	228.41	225.58	221.08	211.38	201.13	-	226.01	222.88	222.66	
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities	-	173.90	174.75	173.03	165.86	165.49	-	173.97	174.28	173.00	
Trade	127.69	124.34	122.72	121.76	115.96	114.62	126.93	124.23	122.76	122.26	
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	152.96	152.99	149.85	149.61	139.73	139.82	151.72	152.36	150.98	149.95	
Service	113.23	113.63	112.82	113.24	105.32	105.56	112.48	112.85	112.21	112.74	
Industrial Composite	158.76	157.80	156.65	155.45	147.76	145.88	158.02	157.85	156.34	155.82	
Industrial Composite:											
Atlantic Region	135.37	133.74	134.46	133.99	125.12	124.21	133.66	130.31	132.07	131.89	
Newfoundland	141.16	141.18	142.91	143.29	133.75	132.53	140.39	137.33	139.42	142.04	
Prince Edward Island	112.02	110.28	109.50	108.95	100.59	100.57	108.62	106.83	105.43	104.96	
Nova Scotia	133.36	132.09	132.52	131.39	122.07	120.95	132.16	129.25	130.30	131.52	
New Brunswick	134.17	133.08	133.47	133.25	125.39	124.95	132.40	130.46	129.52	128.86	
Quebec	151.06	151.00	149.88	148.76	141.95	139.04	150.83	151.17	150.03	148.67	
Ontario	165.43	163.91	162.56	161.42	153.34	151.30	164.84	164.30	162.25	161.99	
Prairie Region	150.88	149.74	148.26	146.99	140.15	139.29	150.76	149.08	148.38	147.12	
Manitoba	143.50	142.40	139.82	139.21	133.57	132.47	143.39	142.13	140.49	140.04	
Saskatchewan	139.96	138.00	137.38	136.23	132.48	131.02	139.92	138.47	137.56	137.62	
Alberta	158.23	158.44	157.47	155.70	147.33	146.72	158.61	157.51	156.02	155.75	
British Columbia	174.80	173.81	172.78	171.00	161.82	161.34	174.14	173.46	172.76	171.96	
Yukon	-	204.72	205.59	204.69	190.81	194.61	-	205.17	209.44	212.33	
Northwest Territories	-	187.25	186.24	184.41	190.41	193.08	-	181.23	184.14	184.30	
Canada	158.76	157.80	156.65	155.45	147.76	145.88	158.02	157.85	156.34	155.82	
		Average Weekly Hours					Average Hourly Earnings				
Industry Division and Area		Unadjusted for seasonal variations					Seasonally-adjusted				
		Apr. 73 <sup>f</sup>	Mar. 73P	Feb. 73P	Jan. 73 <sup>r</sup>	Apr. 1972	Mar. 1972	Apr. 73 <sup>f</sup>	Mar. 73P	Feb. 73P	Jan. 73 <sup>r</sup>
		number					dollars				
Industry Division:											
Mining including milling	-	41.2	41.1	41.2	40.3	40.7	-	4.67	4.66	4.64	4.21
Manufacturing	39.7	40.2	40.2	40.0	40.3	39.9	3.80	3.76	3.72	3.71	3.50
Durables	40.3	41.0	40.9	40.8	40.9	40.4	4.07	4.04	4.00	4.00	3.78
Non-durables	38.9	39.4	39.5	39.2	39.7	39.3	3.49	3.44	3.42	3.41	3.21
Construction	-	40.3	39.8	39.3	40.9	38.6	-	5.60	5.60	5.52	5.11
Building	-	39.2	38.4	38.4	39.6	37.1	-	5.77	5.76	5.69	5.22
Engineering	-	43.1	43.3	41.5	44.0	42.3	-	5.21	5.25	5.12	4.90
Manufacturing:											
Atlantic Region	40.3	40.2	39.5	39.9	40.3	40.0	3.20	3.17	3.18	3.18	2.90
Quebec	39.8	40.6	40.8	40.5	40.9	40.1	3.30	3.26	3.22	3.21	3.06
Ontario	40.0	40.5	40.6	40.3	40.6	40.1	4.00	3.97	3.93	3.92	3.70
Prairie Region	38.5	38.8	38.5	38.6	38.8	38.8	-	3.65	3.61	3.60	3.43
British Columbia	37.4	38.3	37.8	37.9	37.7	38.2	-	4.71	4.74	4.74	4.33

- figures not available - f - first estimate based on a limited number of returns - p - preliminary figures - r - revised figures



## Prices and Price Indexes, June 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

Index	Number stocks priced	June 28/73 This week	June 21/73 Week ago 1961=100	May 31/73 Month ago
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>178.5</b>	<b>177.8</b>	<b>175.2</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>191.0</b>	<b>188.5</b>	<b>184.8</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	125.6	125.8	121.0
Foods . . . . .	10	147.1	145.9	149.5
Beverages . . . . .	7	248.1	247.1	241.1
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	144.7	144.7	144.0
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	126.2	125.0	124.1
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	362.0	364.9	357.7
Primary metals . . . . .	8	119.0	118.3	113.4
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	202.4	202.0	204.7
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	178.2	179.8	182.2
Petroleum . . . . .	7	315.5	301.9	293.8
Chemicals . . . . .	4	104.7	102.9	103.8
Construction . . . . .	4	139.1	136.3	140.9
Retail trade . . . . .	7	161.4	163.5	168.0
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>143.7</b>	<b>146.4</b>	<b>145.2</b>
Pipelines . . . . .	5	150.0	151.8	154.1
Transportation . . . . .	4	328.6	338.6	333.7
Telephone . . . . .	3	85.6	85.8	86.2
Electric power . . . . .	3	112.2	116.6	114.1
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	158.7	158.5	151.8
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>168.2</b>	<b>171.6</b>	<b>172.4</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	197.3	201.3	201.6
Investment and Loan . . . . .	8	123.2	125.6	127.6
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>136.5</b>	<b>135.0</b>	<b>130.4</b>
Golds . . . . .	6	181.1	180.9	174.9
Base metals . . . . .	16	113.3	111.0	107.2
Uraniums . . . . .	4	229.6	226.0	205.7
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	378.2	389.8	390.7

For further information, order the June issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Statistics Canada daily

Monday, July 9, 1973

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## Publications Released

- Summary of Imports, April 1973 (65-005, 20¢/\$2)
- Railway Transport, Part IV, Operating and Traffic Statistics, 1972 (52-210, 50¢)
- Restaurant Statistics, May 1973 (63-011, 10¢/\$1)
- Agriculture, Quebec, 1971 Census (96-706, \$4.50)
- Service Bulletins — Railway Transport (52-004, \$1), Vol. 3, No. 8, Railway Carloadings, May 1973
- Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1), Vol. 2, No. 46, Fish Freezings and Stocks, May 1973



**Real Domestic Product, April 1973 — Advance Information.**

Real domestic product has been revised for most industries for the period from January 1968 to March 1973 to incorporate revisions to annual levels, monthly indicators and seasonal adjustment factors. A few industries have been revised from 1961 forward resulting in a marginal increase in trend for the 1961-to-1967 period. An annual supplement will be released with the April issue of *Real Domestic Product* which will contain revised monthly and annual data for the period 1968-1972 and revised annual data for the industries and affected aggregates from 1962 to 1967. For the period 1968 forward, annual movements on a revised and unrevised basis for real domestic product follow:

	Annual Change	
	Revised	Previously Published
	(%)	
1968 .....	5.8	5.2
1969 .....	6.0	5.5
1970 .....	2.5	2.4
1971 .....	5.7	4.8
1972 .....	5.3	4.4

The impact of all revisions is to raise the growth rate for the period 1961-72 to 5.7% from 5.3%.

Although the 1972 rate of change has been revised upwards the sources of growth have not materially changed except for the increased contribution of services. Real Domestic Product excluded agriculture increased by 5.9% in 1972 compared with 5.3% in 1971 showing an acceleration in the non-agricultural economy following the 1970 slowdown. Agriculture fell in 1972 mainly due to decreased grain production.

The continued expansion in total output was accompanied by a considerable improvement in employment. The results of the Labour Force Survey indicate that total employment increased by 3.1% in 1972 compared to 2.5% in 1971. Price pressures continued to be of concern. Over-all prices as measured by the implicit price index of gross national expenditure rose by 4.6%, following an increase of 3.1% in 1971. Consumer prices were 4.8% ahead of the 1971 level.

Exports and consumer demand were prominent forces in the 1972 growth. The volume of merchandise exports rose by nearly 9% compared to close to 7% in 1971. Some of the commodities registering important gains were motor vehicles and parts, crude petroleum, natural gas, coal, lumber, and newsprint (for newsprint the first increase in exports since 1969). Demand for consumer goods and services also provided exceptionally strong support throughout 1972, as reflected by sharp increases in retail trade output.

Industrial disputes in 1972 cost industry over two and a half times as many man working days as in 1971. However, these appeared to have little impact on the 1972 growth.

About half of the 1972 increase in real domestic product was contributed by manufacturing and trade. Another two-fifths of the 1972 gain is attributable to finance, insurance and real estate; community, business and personal services; and transportation.

Manufacturing output advanced by 6.3% in 1972. The main thrust was provided by durable manufacturers, up by 6.9%. Major contributors to the 1972 increase in manufacturing were the transportation equipment (reflecting strength in both the domestic and export markets), pulp and paper, electrical products, metal fabricating and the beverage industries.

Total trade increased by 7%, with both wholesale and retail trade recording substantial gains. Output of motor vehicle dealers increased 11% in 1972. This, with department stores accounted for almost half of the gain in retail trade, which, in total, increased 6.9%.

The components of wholesale trade experiencing the fastest growth were automotive parts and accessories, other textile and clothing accessories, household electrical appliances, farm machinery, industrial and transportation equipment and supplies and commercial institutional and service equipment and supplies.

Transportation industries as a group grew by 7.4% led by pipeline transport and air transport (in spite of a first quarter strike). Railway transport continued to make significant contributions to the growth of transportation, accounting for nearly a third of the change.

For further analysis see the 1973 supplement to *Indexes of Real Domestic Product*.

Real domestic product increased 0.4% in April; the index of industrial production advanced 0.2%. The modest increases in RDP for March and April follow substantial increases in January and February.

The larger increases in April were in mining, utilities, agriculture, and transportation. In mining, iron mining, crude petroleum and natural gas and coal (due to increased exports) all increased sharply. In transportation the major increase was in pipeline transport (related to the crude petroleum and natural gas increase).

Total trade declined in April although remaining at the high levels reached as a result of large increases in January and February.

Manufacturing output also declined in April. The two most significant industry movements were an increase in pulp and paper output and a decline in output of motor vehicles.

For further details see the April issue of *Indexes of Real Domestic Product* (61-005, 20¢/\$2).

(see tables on pages 3, 4 and 5)



**Indexes of Real Domestic Product**  
(1961=100)

	1961 percentage weight	Annual Indexes				
		1968	1969	1970	1971	1972
<b>Real Domestic Product</b> . . . . .	<b>100.000</b>	<b>152.5</b>	<b>161.6</b>	<b>165.6</b>	<b>175.0</b>	<b>184.3</b>
Agriculture . . . . .	4.525	126.0	133.3	131.4	152.7	137.6
Forestry . . . . .	1.231	131.2	139.5	136.8	135.0	133.8
Fishing and trapping . . . . .	0.259	127.1	112.8	115.5	107.9	95.8
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	152.4	153.5	175.3	182.9	191.8
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	163.6	175.4	173.0	181.7	193.9
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	144.0	153.6	154.9	160.5	170.0
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	188.3	203.1	196.0	208.6	224.3
Construction . . . . .	5.803	147.4	152.1	150.6	165.6	166.5
Transportation, storage and communication . . . . .	9.910	154.7	165.5	174.0	182.7	195.9
Transportation . . . . .	6.873	158.9	170.0	177.5	185.8	199.9
Air Transport . . . . .	0.463	259.2	289.2	338.9	353.2	409.3
Railway transport . . . . .	2.859	154.5	167.4	169.5	177.2	187.7
Bus transport, interurban and rural . . . . .	0.096	166.6	175.5	180.3	191.5	194.0
Urban transit system . . . . .	0.303	113.3	110.1	104.6	106.0	109.7
Pipeline transport . . . . .	0.451	193.6	222.1	253.3	281.9	330.4
Storage . . . . .	0.299	111.9	120.2	128.8	125.8	131.2
Grain elevators . . . . .	0.211	102.7	110.9	122.8	120.7	124.6
Communication . . . . .	2.738	149.0	159.1	170.2	181.2	193.2
Electric power, gas and water utilities . . . . .	2.908	162.8	177.7	194.3	207.6	228.9
Trade . . . . .	12.973	150.6	158.3	160.0	170.6	182.6
Wholesale trade . . . . .	4.906	162.6	171.9	174.1	183.6	197.0
Wholesale merchants . . . . .	3.491	170.0	181.1	182.5	194.3	209.6
Retail trade . . . . .	8.067	143.3	150.0	151.4	162.6	173.8
Food stores . . . . .	1.552	128.4	133.3	141.1	149.2	151.6
Department stores . . . . .	1.161	148.2	160.6	159.2	174.9	194.1
General stores . . . . .	0.239	87.7	84.0	85.1	90.9	95.1
Variety stores . . . . .	0.301	162.2	178.0	190.5	205.8	229.9
Motor vehicle dealers . . . . .	0.926	183.6	185.7	163.1	186.7	207.0
Clothing stores . . . . .	0.507	138.1	142.1	145.8	155.9	164.7
Shoe stores . . . . .	0.119	133.7	133.7	133.3	136.4	137.9
Hardware stores . . . . .	0.167	123.5	118.6	111.6	115.7	121.7
Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores . . . . .	0.345	125.1	130.1	124.9	136.9	151.9
Drug stores . . . . .	0.343	153.6	160.8	167.6	179.1	189.0
Finance, insurance and real estate . . . . .	11.831	152.8	162.1	170.0	179.3	191.2
Community, business and personal service industries . . . . .	13.821	160.5	172.0	179.4	187.0	194.8
Education and related services . . . . .	3.450	198.8	217.9	228.3	232.5	237.2
Health and welfare services . . . . .	3.476	147.2	155.9	165.2	177.3	187.7
Motion picture and recreational services . . . . .	0.400	160.6	168.1	174.4	181.3	186.7
Services to business management . . . . .	1.616	173.2	188.3	193.6	206.1	215.1
Personal services . . . . .	3.766	129.5	134.5	136.8	141.5	149.0
Hotels, restaurants and taverns . . . . .	2.212	135.2	141.6	145.2	153.2	165.2
Public administration and defence . . . . .	7.232	120.1	122.7	127.0	132.4	138.9
<b>Special industry groupings</b>						
Real Domestic Product less agriculture . . . . .	95.475	153.8	162.9	167.2	176.1	186.5
Goods-producing industries . . . . .	44.233	155.3	164.6	166.1	176.7	184.4
Goods-producing industries less agriculture . . . . .	39.708	158.6	168.2	170.1	179.5	189.7
Service-producing industries . . . . .	55.767	150.3	159.1	165.1	173.7	184.1
Commercial industries . . . . .	85.478	154.1	163.5	167.2	177.3	187.2
Commercial industries less agriculture . . . . .	80.953	155.7	165.2	169.1	178.7	189.9
Non-commercial industries . . . . .	14.522	143.2	150.2	156.2	161.6	167.2
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32.415	161.9	172.6	175.3	184.2	196.8

**Indexes of Industrial Production**  
(1961=100)

	1961 percentage weight	Annual Indexes				
		1968	1969	1970	1971	1972
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32.415	161.9	172.6	175.3	184.2	196.8
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil-wells . . . . .	4.564	152.4	153.5	175.3	182.9	191.8
Metal mines . . . . .	2.484	135.7	127.4	152.1	153.3	145.0
Mineral fuels . . . . .	1.281	181.1	199.0	229.6	249.0	295.7
Non-metal mines except coal mines . . . . .	0.377	191.9	202.3	211.0	219.6	220.7
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	163.6	175.4	173.0	181.7	193.9
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	144.0	153.6	154.9	160.5	170.0
Foods and beverages . . . . .	3.605	140.4	144.7	149.3	153.7	159.6
Tobacco products industries . . . . .	0.220	115.7	120.9	131.3	136.7	137.6
Rubber industries . . . . .	0.419	175.1	182.9	182.3	196.0	205.7
Leather industries . . . . .	0.308	96.9	99.0	89.6	89.2	89.5
Textile industries . . . . .	0.919	158.5	177.6	170.1	182.9	203.1
Knitting mills . . . . .	0.218	160.7	175.6	184.9	195.4	204.0
Clothing industries . . . . .	0.862	123.8	126.1	126.1	128.8	133.9
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	2.701	126.2	138.8	139.6	150.2	
Printing, publishing and allied industries . . . . .	1.346	126.3	131.4	131.8	133.0	139.6
Petroleum and coal product industries . . . . .	0.737	144.3	150.2	153.2	165.2	182.4
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	1.751	177.7	195.0	198.2	209.1	220.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	0.847	183.7	201.0	198.5	210.0	222.0
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	188.3	203.1	196.0	208.6	224.3
Wood industries . . . . .	1.114	144.7	153.3	156.1	175.8	192.1
Furniture and fixtures industries . . . . .	0.450	166.3	176.1	166.8	178.1	199.5
Primary metal industries . . . . .	2.207	158.2	164.8	171.0	172.6	180.3
Metal fabricating industries (except ma- chinery and transportation equipment industries) . . . . .	1.835	174.2	185.2	185.7	191.2	203.6
Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) . . . . .	0.981	190.0	215.0	215.2	209.2	221.1
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1.981	275.7	307.3	268.9	309.8	340.4
Electrical products industries . . . . .	1.560	196.3	209.6	203.9	212.3	227.2
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	0.882	147.2	154.3	145.9	157.4	168.0
Electric Power, Gas and Water . . . . .	2.908	162.8	177.7	194.3	207.6	228.9

**Indexes of Industrial Production**  
(1961=100)  
(Seasonally Adjusted)

	1961 percentage weight	Feb.	Mar. 1973	Apr.	% Change
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32.415	211.8	211.7	212.0	0.1
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	203.7	207.9	212.5	2.2
Metal mines . . . . .	2.484	158.5	164.7	160.5	-2.6
Mineral fuels . . . . .	1.281	311.6	309.4	333.7	7.9
Non-metal mines except coal mines . . . . .	0.377	211.4	233.0	232.4	-0.3
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	209.8	209.3	208.7	-0.3
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	181.2	178.9	180.9	1.1
Foods and beverages . . . . .	3.605	168.0	167.5	164.1	-2.0
Tobacco products industries . . . . .	0.220	148.9	152.6	141.4	-7.3
Rubber industries . . . . .	0.419	212.6	220.0	224.6	2.1
Leather industries . . . . .	0.308	88.9	90.1	89.6	-0.5
Textile industries . . . . .	0.919	231.0	210.2	220.3	4.8
Knitting mills . . . . .	0.218	209.9	207.8	208.8	0.5
Clothing industries . . . . .	0.862	139.2	138.4	137.0	-1.0
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	2.701	164.4	158.2	168.1	6.3
Printing, publishing and industries . . . . .	1.346	146.6	147.3	152.0	3.2
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	0.737	190.5	198.4	197.7	-0.4
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	1.751	235.4	234.9	235.2	0.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	0.847	233.5	230.1	229.2	-0.4
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	245.9	247.7	243.7	-1.6
Wood industries . . . . .	1.114	216.8	209.1	210.0	0.4
Furniture and fixtures industries . . . . .	0.450	219.4	225.1	222.4	-1.2
Primary metal industries . . . . .	2.207	191.4	193.2	190.8	-1.2
Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) . . . . .	1.835	218.2	219.4	219.2	-0.1
Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) . . . . .	0.981	230.6	233.9	234.1	0.1
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1.981	387.6	387.7	375.3	-3.2
Electrical products industries . . . . .	1.560	246.9	254.9	250.8	-1.6
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	0.882	187.1	192.0	183.5	-4.4
Electric Power, Gas and Water . . . . .	2.908	242.6	237.6	240.0	1.0

## Indexes of Real Domestic Product

(1961=100)

(Seasonally Adjusted)

	1961 percent- age weight	Feb.	1973 Mar.	Apr.	% Change
<b>Real Domestic Product</b> . . . . .	<b>100.000</b>	<b>196.6</b>	<b>197.2</b>	<b>198.0</b>	<b>0.4</b>
Agriculture . . . . .	4.525	151.6	148.8	152.9	2.8
Forestry . . . . .	1.231	173.5	174.6	169.8	- 2.7
Fishing and trapping . . . . .	0.259	95.8	99.0	99.6	0.6
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	203.7	208.0	212.5	2.2
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	209.8	209.3	208.7	- 0.3
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	181.2	178.9	180.9	1.1
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	245.9	247.7	243.8	- 1.6
Construction . . . . .	5.803	171.6	171.5	171.9	0.2
Transportation, storage and communication . . . . .	9.910	214.6	217.1	219.0	0.9
Transportation . . . . .	6.873	221.9	225.6	228.0	1.1
Air transport . . . . .	0.463	492.9	495.4	498.8	0.7
Railway transport . . . . .	2.859	213.9	217.7	216.9	- 0.4
Bus transport, interurban and rural . . . . .	0.096	198.9	206.9	209.4	1.2
Urban transit systems . . . . .	0.303	116.1	114.9	115.1	0.2
Pipeline transport . . . . .	0.451	368.0	375.1	402.5	7.3
Storage . . . . .	0.299	139.8	138.1	137.9	- 0.2
Grain elevators . . . . .	0.211	132.1	127.8	130.0	1.7
Communication . . . . .	2.738	204.6	204.6	205.1	0.3
Electric power, gas and water utilities . . . . .	2.908	242.7	237.6	240.0	1.0
Trade . . . . .	12.973	195.1	195.9	195.4	- 0.2
Wholesale trade . . . . .	4.906	211.8	213.7	212.6	- 0.5
Wholesale merchants . . . . .	3.491	227.9	230.9	229.0	- 0.8
Retail trade . . . . .	8.067	185.0	185.0	185.0	-
Food stores . . . . .	1.552	152.0	150.3	148.6	- 1.1
Department stores . . . . .	1.161	210.5	208.9	208.5	- 0.2
General stores . . . . .	0.239	100.2	102.5	96.0	- 6.3
Variety stores . . . . .	0.301	249.9	248.9	249.4	0.2
Motor vehicle dealers . . . . .	0.926	242.3	251.4	257.8	2.5
Clothing stores . . . . .	0.507	166.7	175.5	164.1	- 6.5
Shoe stores . . . . .	0.199	145.8	149.2	141.5	- 5.2
Hardware stores . . . . .	0.167	129.4	129.8	133.1	2.5
Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores . . . . .	0.345	159.5	161.7	175.7	8.7
Drug stores . . . . .	0.343	196.5	193.0	196.6	1.9
Finance, insurance and real estate . . . . .	11.831	202.2	203.3	204.9	0.8
Community, business and personal service industries . . . . .	13.821	200.4	201.9	203.2	0.7
Education and related services . . . . .	3.450	241.9	243.7	244.3	0.2
Health and welfare services . . . . .	3.476	195.2	196.7	197.6	0.5
Motion picture and recreational services . . . . .	0.400	197.7	194.0	200.6	3.4
Services to business management . . . . .	1.616	221.5	226.0	231.2	2.3
Personal services . . . . .	3.766	152.0	152.9	153.3	0.3
Hotels, restaurants and taverns . . . . .	2.212	169.6	171.1	171.2	0.1
Public administration and defence . . . . .	7.232	145.7	146.8	147.8	0.7
<b>Special industry groupings</b>					
Real Domestic Product less agriculture . . . . .	95.475	198.7	199.5	200.2	0.3
Goods-producing industries . . . . .	44.233	198.7	198.3	198.9	0.3
Goods-producing industries less agriculture . . . . .	39.708	204.0	203.9	204.1	0.1
Service-producing industries . . . . .	55.767	195.0	196.4	197.4	0.5
Commercial industries . . . . .	85.478	200.7	201.1	201.9	0.4
Commercial industries less agriculture . . . . .	80.953	203.4	204.0	204.6	0.3
Non-commercial industries . . . . .	14.522	172.8	174.3	175.3	0.6
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32.415	211.8	211.7	212.0	0.2

## Stoves and Furnaces, May 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian manufacturers' sales of stoves and ranges in May 1973 increased by 13% to 52,467 units from 46,590 in May 1972.

Closing inventory of these products increased by 28% to 95,446 units from 74,634 a year earlier.

For further information, order the May issue of *Stoves and Furnaces* (41-005, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J. S. More, (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



## Housing Starts and Completions, May 1973 — Advance Information.

## Housing Starts and Completions in Centres of 10,000 Population &amp; Over

May 1973	Starts					Completions				
	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total
Newfoundland . . . . .	141	2	10	57	210	70	—	—	80	150
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	41	2	—	6	49	36	8	—	—	44
Nova Scotia . . . . .	183	42	27	167	419	133	16	18	204	371
New Brunswick . . . . .	292	26	36	66	420	92	20	—	85	197
Quebec . . . . .	1,601	186	114	2,260	4,161	2,215	330	128	4,165	6,838
Ontario . . . . .	2,791	679	863	4,085	8,418	2,366	550	612	4,011	7,539
Manitoba . . . . .	244	16	—	306	566	196	40	2	125	363
Saskatchewan . . . . .	274	14	—	250	538	194	—	8	402	604
Alberta . . . . .	1,101	110	116	255	1,582	807	70	114	612	1,603
British Columbia . . . . .	1,431	86	215	1,358	3,090	960	70	6	1,227	2,263
<b>Canada . . . . .</b>	<b>8,099</b>	<b>1,163</b>	<b>1,381</b>	<b>8,810</b>	<b>19,453</b>	<b>7,069</b>	<b>1,104</b>	<b>888</b>	<b>10,911</b>	<b>19,972</b>
<b>Metropolitan Areas</b>										
Calgary . . . . .	446	72	—	123	641	368	32	—	468	868
Chicoutimi-Jonquiere . . . . .	120	4	—	6	130	72	2	—	31	105
Edmonton . . . . .	547	34	76	91	748	356	26	114	75	571
Halifax . . . . .	75	2	3	86	166	40	14	18	182	254
Hamilton . . . . .	305	104	114	434	957	251	37	162	131	581
Hull . . . . .	146	6	—	462	614	102	—	—	233	335
Kitchener . . . . .	134	38	111	249	532	158	40	11	286	495
London . . . . .	155	24	65	93	337	130	4	—	329	463
Montreal . . . . .	630	128	14	1,256	2,028	1,268	282	128	2,831	4,509
Ottawa . . . . .	154	12	12	824	1,002	94	24	218	1,227	1,563
Quebec . . . . .	212	24	—	124	360	305	30	—	591	926
Regina . . . . .	86	2	—	30	118	67	—	8	287	362
St. Catharines-Niagara . . . . .	224	24	43	203	494	137	13	—	235	385
Saint John . . . . .	55	10	32	—	97	32	10	—	22	64
St. John's . . . . .	123	2	10	57	192	62	—	—	80	142
Saskatoon . . . . .	116	—	—	47	163	61	—	—	38	99
Sudbury . . . . .	67	2	—	—	69	40	2	—	114	156
Thunder Bay . . . . .	43	8	—	167	218	24	8	—	61	93
Toronto . . . . .	729	348	460	1,036	2,573	1,030	341	128	1,169	2,668
Vancouver . . . . .	794	46	203	997	2,040	566	34	2	999	1,601
Victoria . . . . .	138	4	—	210	352	33	2	—	113	148
Windsor . . . . .	101	10	30	230	371	55	—	61	219	335
Winnipeg . . . . .	214	16	—	255	485	183	37	2	125	347
<b>Sub-Total . . . . .</b>	<b>5,614</b>	<b>920</b>	<b>1,173</b>	<b>6,980</b>	<b>14,687</b>	<b>5,434</b>	<b>938</b>	<b>852</b>	<b>9,846</b>	<b>17,070</b>
<b>Major Urban Areas . . . . .</b>	<b>954</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>990</b>	<b>2,138</b>	<b>743</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>1,190</b>
<b>Other Areas 10,000+ . . . . .</b>	<b>1,531</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>840</b>	<b>2,628</b>	<b>892</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>726</b>	<b>1,712</b>
<b>All Areas 10,000+ . . . . .</b>	<b>8,099</b>	<b>1,163</b>	<b>1,381</b>	<b>8,810</b>	<b>19,453</b>	<b>7,069</b>	<b>1,104</b>	<b>888</b>	<b>10,911</b>	<b>19,972</b>

For further details order *Housing Starts and Completions*, May 1973 (64-002, \$3/\$3.60 outside Canada).

### Industrial Chemicals, May 1973 — Advance Information.

Manufacturers produced 45.2 million pounds of polyethylene type synthetic resins in May of 1973, up from 40.7 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the May issue of *Specified Chemicals* (46-002, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J. L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Steel Ingots, Week ended July 7, 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended July 7, totalled 252,737 tons, a decrease of 11.6% from the preceding week's total of 285,836 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 237,601 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 137.9 in the current week, 156.0 a week earlier and 129.7 one year ago.

# Statistics Canada daily



Tuesday, July 10, 1973

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## Other Publications Released

- Summary of Foreign Trade, April 1973 (65-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Imports by Countries, January-March 1973 (65-006, \$1/\$4)
- Refined Petroleum Products, March 1973 (45-004, 30¢/\$3)
- Gypsum Products, May 1973 (44-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Mineral Wool, May 1973 (44-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, May 1973 (43-002, 10¢/\$1)



The Consumer Price Index for Canada (1961=100) rose 0.9% to 149.7 in June from 148.4 in May, a greater than usual rise between these two months as most major components registered increases. Food prices, which advanced 2.0%, were a major contributor to the latest month's increase. The level of prices for all-items other than food rose 0.5% as the housing index increased 0.5% and that for transportation 0.9%. The clothing component rose 0.4% while the indexes for tobacco and alcohol and for recreation, education and reading both edged up 0.1%. The index for health and personal care remained unchanged. Between June 1972 and June 1973, the all-items index advanced 8.1%.

The food index rose 2.0% to 160.5 in June from 157.4 in May. This latest advance is in sharp contrast to the increases of 0.1% between May and June of 1972 and 0.2% a year earlier, but compares with an advance of 2.2% between these two months in 1969. In the latest month, prices for food eaten away from home rose, on average, 0.6% while those for the home consumption component climbed 2.2%. Although all main elements of home-consumed foods registered increases, the major contributors were fresh produce, beef and poultry. Fresh produce, which normally increases in price at this time of year, was markedly higher in June than a month earlier. Prices of fresh vegetables rose, on average, 8.7% as higher quotations for — amongst other items — potatoes, lettuce and tomatoes, offset decreases for other vegetables. Fresh fruit prices advanced 5.1% with most items surveyed recording increases. Over the past twelve months, the index for fresh vegetables climbed over 51% and for fresh fruit 23%. The meat, poultry and fish index, which recorded a decline in early May, advanced 2.7% in the latest month with beef prices increasing 5.1% and poultry 2.3%. Pork prices rose 0.5%. Since June 1972, the retail price of beef rose, on average, 21%, pork prices were almost 22% higher and poultry prices advanced over 26%. Between May and June egg prices rose 2.0% to stand over 61% above their level of a year earlier. A rise of 1.0% in the cereal and bakery products index in June was mainly the result of higher bread and breakfast cereal prices. Prices of dairy products rose, on average, 0.3% largely because of increases for ice cream, evaporated and powdered skim milk. The index for fats and oils, including margarine, shortening, cooking oil and salad dressing, advanced 1.4%. Convenience food prices generally rose between May and June, with a number of frozen and prepared items recording increases. Beverage prices, including coffee, tea and soft drinks also advanced and, amongst other food items, increases were registered for sugar, jelly powder and catsup. In the twelve months since June 1972, the food index

advanced 16.7% with the price of food consumed at home rising 17.7% and that for food away from home 11.1%.

The housing index advanced 0.5% to 152.1 in June from 151.3 in May because of increases of 0.4% in shelter and 0.6% in household operation. Within shelter, the home-ownership element moved up 0.4% as a result of increases in the indexes for mortgage interest, new houses and homeowner repairs; rents rose 0.3%. Among household operation items, higher fuel oil prices were reported in cities in Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and British Columbia. The furniture index advanced 1.3% because of widespread price increases for furniture items, particularly dining-room and living-room furniture and mattresses. Appliance prices rose, on average, 0.7% as higher quotations were recorded for several items. Among other homefurnishings, draperies, dishes and cookware were all higher in price. Prices of household supply items advanced 0.2%, on average, chiefly as the result of increased quotations for cleaning articles and light bulbs. In the twelve month period ending June 1973, the housing index rose 6.7%.

The clothing index rose 0.4% to 138.1 in June from 137.5 in May mainly because of increases clothing service charges and higher prices for men's and children's wear. Charges for clothing services advanced 2.5% due to higher prices for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs. A 0.4% rise in the men's wear index reflected higher quotations for many items including suits, shirts, underwear and hosiery. Children's clothing also advanced 0.4% but the index for women's wear remained unchanged as price rises for some items were offset by reductions in others. Footwear prices rose, on average, 0.3% as scattered increases were recorded for all items surveyed. Higher quotations for synthetic and cotton and cotton blend fabrics moved the piece goods index up 0.2%. Between June 1972 and June 1973, the clothing index rose 5.2%.

The transportation index rose 0.9% to 136.1 in June from 134.9 in May as price increases were recorded in both the private and the public transportation components. Within the former, an advance of 1.4% in the automobile operation and maintenance index was largely attributable to widespread increases in gasoline and motor oil prices. New car quotations rose 0.3% mainly because of higher prices for vehicles imported from outside North America. The advance of the public transportation component was caused by a rise in the train fares index and by some increases in inter-city bus fares. Between June 1972 and June 1973, the transportation index rose 1.9%.

In June, the health and personal care index was unchanged from its May level of 156.3. Quotations for toiletry items fell, on average, but were offset by higher charges for men's haircuts in Quebec City. In the twelve month period ending June 1973, the health and personal care index rose 5.0%.

(continued)



The recreation, education and reading index rose 0.1% to 144.0 in June from 143.8 in May as a decline in the recreation component was outweighed by increases in the education and reading elements. Higher prices for some magazines and increased driving lesson fees in most major cities were responsible for advances in the reading and education elements, respectively. However, lower quotations for stereo combinations, television sets, boats and motors in a number of centres were the main cause of a decline in the recreation component. In the latest twelve months, the recreation, education and reading index increases 3.4%.

The tobacco and alcohol index edged up 0.1% to 136.4 in June from 136.2 in May as the result of some price increases for liquor and wine for home consumption. Over the year, the tobacco and alcohol index rose 2.7%.

Consumer price movements, reclassified by goods and services, offer another view of the incidence of

price change. Between May and June, the total goods index advanced 1.1%. Durable goods were 0.3% higher mainly as a result of increased prices for furniture, household appliances and equipment and new cars. Semi-durable goods also rose 0.3% chiefly because of increased prices for household furnishings and utensils and clothing. A 1.5% advance in the non-durable goods component was mostly attributable to higher prices for food, gasoline, fuel oil, domestic supplies and alcoholic beverages. The services index rose 0.4% mainly in response to increased charges for shelter and clothing services, and driving lessons. Between June 1972 and June 1973, the total goods index advanced 8.8% and that for services 6.5%.

For further information, order the June issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. I. H. D. Penpraze (613-992-8275), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Consumer Price Index and Main Components (1961=100)

	Component weight*	Index		Percent change		
		1973		June 73 from		
		June	May	June	May 1973	June 1972
All-items . . . . .	100	149.7	148.4	138.5	0.9	8.1
Food . . . . .	25	160.5	157.4	137.5	2.0	16.7
Food for home consumption . . . . .		156.8	153.4	133.2	2.2	17.7
Food away from home . . . . .		188.7	187.5	169.9	0.6	11.1
All-items excluding food . . . . .	75	145.7	145.0	138.8	0.5	5.0
Housing . . . . .	31	152.1	151.3	142.6	0.5	6.7
Shelter . . . . .		168.4	167.7	157.1	0.4	7.2
Household operation . . . . .		130.1	129.3	123.1	0.6	5.7
Clothing . . . . .	11	138.1	137.5	131.3	0.4	5.2
Transportation . . . . .	15	136.1	134.9	133.6	0.9	1.9
Private transportation . . . . .		129.0	127.8	125.8	0.9	2.5
Public transportation . . . . .		171.7	170.6	172.3	0.6	-0.3
Health and personal care . . . . .	5	156.3	156.3	148.9	—	5.0
Recreation, education and reading . . . . .	7	144.0	143.8	139.3	0.1	3.4
Tobacco and alcohol . . . . .	6	136.4	136.2	132.8	0.1	2.7
Tobacco products . . . . .		146.2	146.2	141.1	—	3.6
Alcoholic beverages . . . . .		129.8	129.4	127.2	0.3	2.0
Reclassified by Goods and Services**						
Goods . . . . .	66	141.7	140.1	130.2	1.1	8.8
Durable goods . . . . .	12	109.5	109.2	107.9	0.3	1.5
Semi-durable goods . . . . .	12	136.6	136.2	130.4	0.3	4.8
Non-durable goods . . . . .	42	151.6	149.3	136.1	1.5	11.4
Services . . . . .	34	166.9	166.2	157.3	0.4	6.1
Purchasing power of the 1961 consumer dollar . . . . .	—	0.67	0.67	0.72		
All-items Consumer Price Index converted to 1949=100 . . . . .						193.4

\* These rounded weights, based on 1967 expenditure patterns, are provided as a general guide to the relative importance of C.P.I. Major components from May 1973 forward, and replace 1957 weights in indexes prior to May 1973. The revised series is linked to its predecessor at April 1973. For revision details see *The Consumer Price Index for Canada (1961=100) (Revision Based on 1967 Expenditures)*, Catalogue 62-539, Price 75¢. \*\* The previous supplementary classification has been revised. Historical series relating to the revised classification replace the previously published supplementary indexes and are available, with explanatory notes, in *Retail Prices and Living Costs Service Bulletin* Catalogue 62-005, Vol. 2, No. 7, Price: \$2 per year.

**Electric Power Statistics (Generating Capacity),  
1972 – Advance Information.**

Total installed generating capacity in Canada as of December 31, 1972 was 49.9 million kw., an increase of 7.0% over the 46.7 million recorded a year earlier.

Complete details for all generating stations with a capacity over 500 kw. will be published in *Electric Power Statistics, Vol. III, Inventory of Prime Mover and Electric Generating Equipment*, 1972 (57-206, \$1.50).

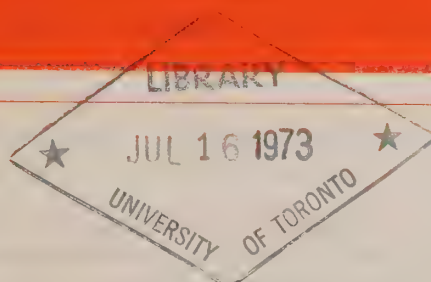
**Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber,  
May 1973 – Advance Information.**

May 1973 production of rubber increased to 48.2 million pounds from 41.0 million in May 1972. The May 1973 consumption of rubber increased to 51.6 million pounds from 48.1 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the May 1973 issue of *Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber*, (33-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Statistics Canada

## daily



Wednesday, July 11, 1973

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### New Weekly

The **Statistics Canada Weekly**, formerly a somewhat shortened reprint of material from the **Daily**, gives way this week to **Infomat**, a new, more concise and more selective digest of the weekly flow of information from the bureau.

Starting with the issue dated Friday, July 13, **Infomat** will present an at-a-glance summary of each week's statistical highlights, using charts and graphs wherever possible to present the picture clearly and quickly. **Infomat** will continue to carry the complete list of bureau publications released each week so subscribers interested in full statistical treatment of a subject may order this at their convenience.

Like the previous publication, **Infomat** will continue to be supplied free of charge to subscribers. The **Daily**, providing more complete details on a wide variety of subjects and now supplied free to all subscribers, continues its present role but, starting September 1, will carry a subscription fee of \$25 a year or 10¢ a copy. All subscribers will be notified before the fee is applied.

### Publications Released

- Family Incomes, Census Families, 1971 (13-208, 50¢)
- Railway Operating Statistics, April 1973 (52-003, 20¢/\$2)
- Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, May 1973 (62-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Grain Milling Statistics, May 1973 (32-003, \$1)
- Telephone Statistics, 1972 (56-202, 25¢)
- Asbestos, May 1973 (26-001, 10¢/\$1)

(continued)





**Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, May 1973 (32-001, 10¢/\$1)**

**Salt, May 1973 (26-009, 10¢/\$1)**

**Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, May 1973 (43-001, 10¢/\$1)**

**Specified Chemicals, May 1973 (46-002, 10¢/\$1)**

**Asphalt Roofing, May 1973 (45-001, 10¢/\$1)**

**Rigid Insulating Board, May 1973 (36-002, 10¢/\$1)**

**Financial Flow Accounts, First Quarter 1973, Advance Release No. 1 (13-002, free to subscribers)**

**Service Bulletin — Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 44, Salient Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Statistics, March 1973; Vol. 8, No. 39, Annual Electric Power Survey of Capability and Load, 1972.**

### Summary of Exports, May 1973 — Advance Information.

The External Trade Division reports that the value of total exports increased to \$2,259 million in May 1973 from \$1,933 million a year earlier. January to May total exports rose to \$9,844 million in 1973 from \$7,874 million in 1972.

#### Domestic Exports

	May		January to May	
	1972	1973	1972	1973
	\$ millions			
<b>Selected Countries</b>				
United States . . . . .	1,267.4	1,553.3	5,524.4	6,848.5
Japan . . . . .	112.6	153.0	335.7	621.1
United Kingdom . . . . .	171.2	116.3	530.7	573.4
People's Republic of China . . . . .	23.7	48.7	56.2	147.2
Germany West . . . . .	28.5	32.9	103.8	140.4
Belgium and Luxembourg . . . . .	23.4	21.8	61.9	99.3
India . . . . .	6.2	13.1	35.7	79.9
Italy . . . . .	22.8	21.6	73.5	79.8
Australia . . . . .	14.0	14.9	64.7	73.1
Netherlands . . . . .	20.4	13.2	121.5	69.4
Norway . . . . .	1.1	13.1	53.6	67.1
France . . . . .	17.0	14.8	57.7	65.0
Venezuela . . . . .	27.5	8.7	60.2	42.5
<b>All Countries</b> . . . . .	<b>1,887.9</b>	<b>2,213.3</b>	<b>7,685.5</b>	<b>9,637.9</b>
<b>Selected Commodities</b>				
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	209.1	272.8	661.8	1,006.1
Wheat . . . . .	76.0	95.7	218.2	366.3
Whisky . . . . .	15.7	19.7	65.1	80.4
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	347.4	400.3	1,330.6	1,805.1
Crude petroleum . . . . .	78.6	128.3	404.9	583.6
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	46.4	45.6	90.0	124.0
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	37.1	21.1	147.0	163.7
Fabricated materials, inedible . . . . .	643.9	775.9	2,672.7	3,314.3
Newsprint paper . . . . .	119.2	124.2	475.3	548.2
Wood pulp, similar pulp . . . . .	78.8	91.5	336.3	407.0
Lumber . . . . .	107.4	182.3	437.7	669.6
Aluminum, including alloys . . . . .	35.2	27.7	174.2	160.4
Copper and alloys . . . . .	37.7	41.5	155.9	188.8
End products, inedible . . . . .	674.1	743.2	2,974.4	3,440.0
Passenger automobiles and chassis . . . . .	219.4	224.8	988.8	1,047.0
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	116.2	138.1	488.6	653.4
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis . . . . .	61.3	71.4	276.2	313.2
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	7.1	6.0	25.5	26.9
Motor vehicle engines and parts . . . . .	44.5	52.3	220.2	251.2
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	58.7	33.5	218.1	171.2
<b>Re-Exports</b> . . . . .	<b>44.6</b>	<b>45.8</b>	<b>188.8</b>	<b>206.5</b>
<b>Total Exports</b> . . . . .	<b>1,932.5</b>	<b>2,259.0</b>	<b>7,874.3</b>	<b>9,844.3</b>

(table continued on next page)

## Domestic Exports by Stage of Fabrication

	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	\$ millions							
<b>All Countries</b>								
May . . . . .	1,887.9	2,213.3	513.1	609.3	658.3	807.7	716.5	796.2
January to May . . . . .	7,685.5	9,637.9	1,793.4	2,552.4	2,744.8	3,431.7	3,147.3	3,653.7
<b>United States</b>								
May . . . . .	1,267.4	1,553.3	209.8	274.2	456.9	572.8	600.7	706.2
January to May . . . . .	5,524.4	6,848.5	903.1	1,188.3	1,926.8	2,451.5	2,694.5	3,208.7

Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

### Continuing Education Course Registrations, 1971-72 — Advance Information.

Recent surveys show that 1,323,967 persons were registered in continuing education courses in 1971-72. General interest (hobby skills and personal enrichment) courses accounted for 46.0% of the total registrations, followed by high school completion and upgrading subjects (correspondence study included)

with 37.1%. Professional development and association diploma courses accounted for the remaining 16.9%.

Detailed information will be available in the publications *Continuing Education*, Part I and Part II (81-224 and 81-225) to be released late this year. Advance information can be obtained by contacting the Student Information Section, Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

### Prices and Price Indexes, July 1973 — Advance Information.

#### Weekly Security Price Indexes

Index	Number stocks priced	July 5/73 This week	June 28/73 Week ago 1961=100	June 7/73 Month ago
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>177.1</b>	<b>178.5</b>	<b>178.7</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>189.9</b>	<b>191.0</b>	<b>189.4</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	123.6	125.6	125.9
Foods . . . . .	10	150.4	147.1	148.4
Beverages . . . . .	7	247.7	248.1	244.6
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	138.5	144.7	146.3
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	128.1	126.2	128.9
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	363.5	362.0	361.5
Primary metals . . . . .	8	117.7	119.0	114.8
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	199.3	202.4	206.6
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	175.7	178.2	180.0
Petroleum . . . . .	7	314.3	315.5	305.5
Chemicals . . . . .	4	104.2	104.7	103.7
Construction . . . . .	4	139.0	139.1	140.3
Retail trade . . . . .	7	158.8	161.4	170.0
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>141.5</b>	<b>143.7</b>	<b>146.2</b>
Pipelines . . . . .	5	149.0	150.0	152.3
Transportation . . . . .	4	326.5	328.6	343.2
Telephone . . . . .	3	84.6	85.6	86.9
Electric power . . . . .	3	108.6	112.2	112.7
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	152.8	158.7	153.7
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>166.0</b>	<b>168.2</b>	<b>173.5</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	193.9	197.3	203.7
Investment and Loan . . . . .	8	123.3	123.2	126.6
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>138.3</b>	<b>136.5</b>	<b>130.5</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	185.8	181.1	172.7
Base metals . . . . .	16	113.5	113.3	108.6
Uranium . . . . .	4	225.9	229.6	202.5
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	382.9	378.2	398.5

For further information, order the July issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Primary Iron and Steel (Net Shipments of Rolled Steel Products), May 1973 — Advance Information.****Summary of Net Shipments\* of Rolled Steel Products**

	Shipments		Total
	Domestic	Export	
	net tons of 2,000 pounds		
Ingots and semi-finished shapes . . . . .	28,717	10,528	39,245
Rails . . . . .	25,160	1,817	26,977
Wire rods . . . . .	48,753	9,943	58,696
Structural shapes:			
Heavy . . . . .	48,418	4,836	53,254
Bar-sized shapes . . . . .	17,076	794	17,870
Concrete reinforcing bars . . . . .	56,705	3,195	59,900
Other hot rolled bars . . . . .	84,726	6,442	91,168
Tie plates and track material . . . . .	6,877	—	6,877
Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes) . . . . .	99,119	15,690	114,809
Hot rolled sheets . . . . .	151,076	22,638	173,714
Hot rolled strip . . . . .	44,082	201	44,283
Cold finished bars . . . . .	7,553	187	7,740
Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold rolled other, coated . . . . .	168,395	15,370	183,765
Galvanized sheets . . . . .	84,384	4,988	89,372
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>871,041</b>	<b>96,629</b>	<b>967,670</b>

\* *Producer's shipments excluding producer's interchange.*

For further information, order the May issue of *Primary Iron and Steel* (41-001, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### **Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, April 1973 — Advance Information.**

Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies increased in April to 354,530 feet board measure from 332,207 feet board measure in April 1972.

Stocks on hand at end of April totalled 541,580 feet board measure.

For further information order the April 1973 issue of *Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies* (35-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### **Radio and Television Receiving Sets, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

Manufacturers sold 29,603 Canadian-made colour television sets on the domestic market in May and 14,084 black-and-white sets. A year earlier, sales were 23,037 and 17,628

For further information order the May issue of *Radio and Television Receiving Sets* (43-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### **Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufactures produced 4.09 million phonograph records in May 1973, down from 4.35 million a year earlier. Production of pre-recorded tapes (8 track cartridges and cassettes only) increased to 989,630 from 733,363.

For further information, order the May issue of the service bulletin *Miscellaneous Industries*, (47-003, \$1 per year), or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### **Correction**

Two errors occurred in tables carried in the Daily Monday, July 9, on indexes of industrial production for the years 1968-72. In the first table, not seasonally adjusted, the line for paper and allied industries should have given the following figures: under 1971, 139.0; under 1972, 150.2. In the following seasonally adjusted table, the percentage change in the first line for the index of industrial production should have read 0.2, not 0.1.



# Statistics Canada

## daily

Friday, July 13, 1973

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Like the previous publication, **Infomat** will continue to be supplied free of charge to subscribers. The **Daily**, providing more complete details on a wide variety of subjects and now supplied free to all subscribers, continues its present role but, starting September 1, will carry a subscription fee of \$25 a year or 10¢ a copy. All subscribers will be notified before the fee is applied.

Miscellaneous Metal Fabricating Industries, 1971 (41-228, 50¢)

Manufacturers of Electrical Industrial Equipment, 1971 (43-207, 50¢)

Felt and Fibre Processing Mills, 1971 (34-219, 50¢)

Manufacturer of Toilet Preparations, 1971 (46-215, 50¢)

Service Bulletins— Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 a year), Pack of Apples and Apple Products, 1972.

Aviation Statistics Centre (51-004, \$3 per year), Vol. 5, No. 31, Operations of Transcontinental and Regional Air Carriers, July 1973.



**Canada's Foreign Trade with the United Kingdom, 1971, 1972 and January to April 1972 and 1973** — Published only in *Statistics Daily and Weekly*.

Canada's trade surplus with the United Kingdom reached its peak level since 1946 in 1970. The surplus stood close to \$750 million. Exports reached a record total of \$1,485 million in that year, but imports declined 7% from 1969 to \$738 million. The course of trade changed subsequently, with imports increasing 13% in each of the next two years and exports declining 7% and 4%. The trade surplus shrank to some \$380 million in 1972. At \$1,328 million, exports to the United Kingdom accounted for 6.5% of Canada's total 1972 exports and, at \$949 million, imports from that country represented 5% of all purchases from abroad. In 1960 these relative shares were over 17% for exports and nearly 11% for imports.

The commodity composition of trade has continued to shift towards a larger share of end products in both imports and exports, although end products account for only 12% of exports compared to 72% of imports. Fabricated materials account for about half of all exports and a quarter of imports.

The \$54 million 1972 decline in exports was largely due to a small group of commodities. Shipments of nickel metal were lower by \$48 million and nickel ores by \$21 million. Exports of aluminum decreased by \$18 million, those of aircraft equipment by \$13 million and those of trucks by \$2.5 million. Shipments of iron ore and barley were each lower by some \$14 million. Export of forestry products rose in 1972. Newsprint was up \$23 million, pulp up \$12 million and plywood \$11 million.

The 13% rise in imports of \$112 million in 1972 was concentrated in manufactured goods — personal and household goods, \$19 million; motor vehicle engines, \$15 million; ships and aircraft, \$11 million; mining, oil and gas machinery, \$9 million; telecommunication and related equipment, \$8 million.

With renewed expansion in economic activity in the two countries, Canadian exports rose nearly 8% to \$580 million in the first five months of 1973 from \$538 million in the same period of 1972. Imports from the United Kingdom increased 3% to \$425 million from \$413 million.

Contributing prominently to the cumulative increase in exports of \$98 million to the United Kingdom for the first four months of 1973, for which detailed commodity information is available, were: metal ores, \$27 million; wheat and tobacco, each \$11 million; and nickel metal, \$10 million.

The rise in imports of 4% to \$327 million in the first four months of 1973 from \$314 million a year earlier was due to small and generally offsetting

changes covering many commodities, except for a \$10 million decline in imports of passenger cars, in part due to production problems.

For further information, contact Mr. W.M. MacLeod (613-992-8896), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

(see tables on next page)

**Sale of Alcoholic Beverages, 1971** — Advance Information.

Sales of alcoholic beverages reached \$2,101 million in the year ended March 31, 1972, up \$245 million or 13.2% from the previous year. Sales volume increased to 424.9 million gallons from 394.6 million.

Imports increased to \$79 million from \$63 million while exports declined to \$190 million from \$192 million.

Provincial government revenues from the sales rose 12.5% to \$631 million, and those of the federal government were up 11.4% to \$472 million.

Further information will be contained in *The Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada, 1971* (63-202, 50¢). Advance details can be obtained from Miss M. E. Lindsay (613-994-9867), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z7.

(see table on page 4)

**Security Transactions with Non-residents, March 1973** (67-002, 20¢/\$2)

International transactions in all long-term portfolio securities led to a net inflow of \$165 million in the first quarter of 1973, a decrease of \$423 million from the \$588 million net inflow of the previous quarter, which reflected mainly the sale abroad of \$608 million of new issues of Canadian securities. In the latest quarter, sales to non-residents of new domestic issues amounted to \$321 million. Total transactions with non-residents comprised net outflows of \$22 million to the United Kingdom and net inflows of \$13 million from the United States, \$133 million from continental Europe and \$41 million from all other countries.

International transactions in selected Canadian money market instruments were very active during the quarter and resulted in net inflows of \$313 million. This reflected, primarily, the high covered interest rate differential between Canada and the U.S., particularly during February and March.

Trading in outstanding securities between Canada and other countries during March led to a net capital outflow of \$44 million, mainly the result of net repurchases by Canadians of Canadian stocks. This pattern of trading was also apparent in the previous month when net repurchases of Canadian equities amounted to \$26 million and a net outflow of \$10

(continued on page 4)

**Exports of Selected Commodities to the United Kingdom  
1971, 1972 and Jan.-Apr. 1972 and 1973**

	1971	1972	Jan-Apr 1972	Jan-Apr 1973
	(\$ million)			
Wheat . . . . .	94.2	96.0	20.2	31.3
Tobacco . . . . .	49.8	46.5	19.6	30.7
Barley . . . . .	35.9	23.1	1.7	1.3
Vegetables and preparations . . . . .	15.9	19.2	5.0	8.3
Canned fish . . . . .	13.9	18.4	6.2	5.3
Nickel in ores, etc . . . . .	172.2	150.9	26.1	53.1
Iron ores and concentrates . . . . .	50.6	35.6	5.5	5.4
Precious metals in ores, etc . . . . .	25.1	32.8	12.2	13.1
Copper and alloys . . . . .	112.5	120.9	38.9	39.8
Newsprint . . . . .	56.8	80.1	25.5	24.8
Pulp . . . . .	48.6	60.6	16.0	17.2
Aluminum and alloys . . . . .	61.0	43.4	13.5	14.7
Softwood lumber . . . . .	43.1	40.0	13.6	12.6
Chemical elements . . . . .	26.1	32.2	8.4	13.8
Plywood . . . . .	20.8	31.4	10.8	7.3
Nickel and alloys . . . . .	71.4	23.4	5.8	15.4
Paperboard . . . . .	21.2	23.4	7.1	7.0
Machinery . . . . .	18.1	19.0	8.3	6.0
Transport and communication equipment . . . . .	52.4	35.0	12.9	16.2
Other equipment and tools . . . . .	28.6	33.3	10.7	14.3
Personal and household goods . . . . .	9.2	9.8	1.9	3.4
Miscellaneous end products . . . . .	17.0	13.3	4.4	5.6
<b>Summary:</b>				
Crude materials . . . . .	517.7	482.1	111.2	173.3
Fabricated materials . . . . .	684.2	678.0	198.5	227.1
End products . . . . .	164.6	152.6	49.8	56.7
<b>Total domestic exports . . . . .</b>	<b>1,366.5</b>	<b>1,312.7</b>	<b>359.5</b>	<b>457.1</b>
Re-exports . . . . .	15.1	15.4	6.1	6.3
<b>Total exports . . . . .</b>	<b>1,381.6</b>	<b>1,328.1</b>	<b>365.6</b>	<b>463.4</b>

**Imports of Selected Commodities from the United Kingdom  
1971, 1972 and Jan.-Apr. 1972 and 1973**

	1971	1972	Jan-Apr 1972	Jan-Apr 1973
	(\$ million)			
Distilled alcoholic beverages . . . . .	18.5	20.8	4.5	5.2
Sugar preparations and confectionery . . . . .	11.1	12.4	4.1	3.8
Wool and animal hair . . . . .	8.4	11.1	3.0	7.3
Textiles . . . . .	69.1	57.8	23.0	18.3
Chemical products . . . . .	37.8	45.6	16.9	14.8
Iron and steel products . . . . .	39.8	43.9	12.7	10.6
Organic chemicals . . . . .	10.8	13.9	4.6	5.9
Leather and related materials . . . . .	11.1	13.1	4.4	4.3
Machinery . . . . .	172.3	185.1	62.5	63.2
Wheel tractors . . . . .	15.0	17.6	4.8	6.1
Electric generators and motors . . . . .	16.8	17.0	5.4	7.8
Mining, oil and gas machinery . . . . .	7.4	16.3	3.2	4.7
Engines and turbines, general purpose . . . . .	7.6	11.9	3.9	4.3
Transport and communication equipment . . . . .	132.2	174.5	61.3	64.1
Sedans . . . . .	40.2	40.8	17.7	7.4
Motor vehicle engines . . . . .	12.0	26.8	7.8	11.5
Other motor vehicle parts . . . . .	14.5	15.2	4.8	5.8
Telecommunication and related equipment . . . . .	18.8	26.6	10.4	10.3
Other equipment and tools . . . . .	71.4	72.4	25.0	28.5
Personal and household goods . . . . .	73.2	92.6	29.0	32.8
Cutlery, tableware, etc . . . . .	19.9	23.4	7.6	9.3
House furnishings . . . . .	9.9	13.6	3.9	5.0
Miscellaneous end products . . . . .	76.7	92.4	26.1	28.7
Photographic goods . . . . .	27.5	29.2	7.8	9.7
Medicinal products . . . . .	10.3	14.3	4.6	4.9
<b>Summary:</b>				
Crude materials . . . . .	30.2	30.8	10.3	15.5
Fabricated materials . . . . .	226.9	239.1	82.9	76.2
End products . . . . .	580.2	679.5	220.3	235.3
<b>Total imports . . . . .</b>	<b>837.3</b>	<b>949.4</b>	<b>313.5</b>	<b>327.0</b>



**Value and Volume of Sales of Alcoholic Beverages**  
Fiscal year ended March 31, 1972

	Value				Volume			
	Spirits	Wines	Beer	Total	Spirits	Wines	Beer	Total
	(\$ 000)				(000 gallons)			
Nfld. . . . .	17,963	1,640	28,179	47,782	469	120	6,702	7,291
P.E.I. . . . .	5,988	771	4,202	10,961	179	85	1,351	1,615
N.S. . . . .	38,419	6,925	33,285	78,629	1,050	685	10,524	12,259
N.B. . . . .	24,459	5,196	25,514	55,169	628	526	7,457	8,611
Que. . . . .	194,834	59,635	225,600	480,069	5,491	5,840	110,345	121,676
Ont. . . . .	392,738	80,265	317,155	790,158	11,820	7,985	141,231	161,036
Man. . . . .	53,448	8,359	41,771	103,578	1,562	1,013	15,547	18,122
Sask. . . . .	40,519	6,470	37,086	84,075	1,152	762	13,117	15,031
Alta. . . . .	89,245	18,566	71,142	178,953	2,420	2,231	26,757	31,408
B.C. . . . .	132,328	33,581	94,961	260,870	4,058	3,828	38,692	46,578
Yukon . . . . .	2,084	400	2,038	4,522	52	33	516	601
N.W.T. . . . .	3,152	565	2,792	6,509	71	43	592	706
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>995,177</b>	<b>222,373</b>	<b>883,725</b>	<b>2,101,275</b>	<b>28,952</b>	<b>23,151</b>	<b>372,831</b>	<b>424,934</b>

million resulted from trading in all outstanding securities. In the current month gross international trading amounted to \$484 million, a decrease of \$124 million from February transactions. Transactions with the U.S. led to a net capital outflow of \$43 million. Trading with the United Kingdom and continental Europe resulted in small net inflows, while there was a net outflow of \$3 million to other countries.

**Retail Trade, May 1973 – Advance Information.**

Seasonally adjusted May retail sales declined 3.0% from the previous month to total \$3,114.2 million, with decreases in 11 of the 18 trade groups. Shoe stores (-11.0%) and motor vehicle dealers (-10.8%) recorded the largest sales declines. Fuel dealers registered the greatest sales increase (17.0%). Manitoba and Alberta recorded the greatest provincial gains, 8.3% and 3.9% respectively.

Total retail trade unadjusted for seasonality reached \$3,305.5 million, an increase of 10.8% from May 1972. Year-to-year increases came in all trade groups with the exception of variety stores (-1.0%). Sales increases ranged from a high of 20.5% for jewellery stores to a low of 0.2% for shoe stores. All provinces had increased sales.

For further information, order the May issue of *Retail Trade* (63-005, 30¢/\$3), or contact Miss G. Reed (613-992-7344), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

**Mineral Production, May 1973 – Advance Information.**

Production of silver increased to 4.55 million troy ounces in May from 3.89 million troy ounces in May 1972. This brought year-to-date output to 21.04 million troy ounces from 19.95 million a year earlier.

Production of refined lead decreased to 18,556 tons from 21,000 tons a year earlier. This brought 1973 total output to 88,589 tons compared to 96,959 tons a year earlier.

Production of refined zinc increased to 51,166 tons from 46,570 in May 1972. This brought the 1973 total to 248,036 tons from 205,674 tons a year earlier.

May production of primary copper increased to 79,997 tons from 62,036 tons in May 1972. This brought the 1973 total output to 363,526 tons from 308,028 tons a year earlier.

Production of primary nickel increased to 26,064 tons from 23,668 tons in May 1972. This brought current year output to 117,772 tons from 116,045 tons a year earlier.

Gold production increased to 179,708 troy ounces in May from 179,167 troy ounces a year earlier. This brought year-to-date output to 833,968 troy ounces compared to 890,726 troy ounces in 1972.

For further information, order the May 1973 issues of *Silver, Lead and Zinc Production* (26-008, \$1), *Copper and Nickel Production* (26-003, 10¢/\$1), or *Gold Production* (26-004, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Statistics Canada

## daily

Thursday, July 12, 1973

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### Publications Released

#### New Weekly

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Shipping Report, Part V, Origin and Destination for Selected Commodities, 1971 (54-207, 75¢)

Railway Carloadings, May 1973 (52-001, 20¢/\$2)

Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, April 1973 (61-001, 20¢/\$2)

Metal Rolling, Casting and Extruding, 1971 (41-215, 50¢)

Coal and Coke Statistics, April 1973 (45-002, 30¢/\$3)

Pulp and Paper Mills, 1971 (36-204, 50¢)

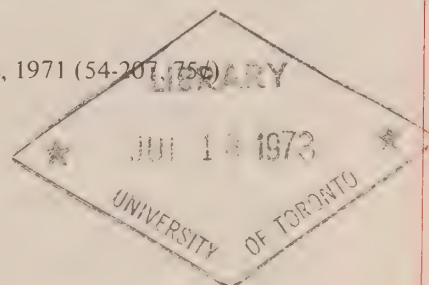
Manufacturers of Pharmaceuticals and Medicines, 1971 (46-209, 50¢)

Miscellaneous Paper Converters, 1971 (36-206, 50¢)

Iron Ore, May 1973 (26-005, 10¢/\$1)

Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, May 1973 (33-001, 10¢/\$1)

Service Bulletin — Aviation Statistics Centre, February 1973 (51-004, \$3 per year), Vol. 5, No. 30, Civil Aviation.



**Footwear Statistics, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

May production of footwear of all types increased to 4.02 million pairs from 3.79 million in 1972. January through May production increased to 18.40 million pairs in 1973 from 18.39 million in 1972.

For further information, order the May issue of *Footwear Statistics* (33-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, K1A 0V6.

**First Estimates of Commercial Production of all Fruits, 1973 (Sour Cherries) — Advance Information.**

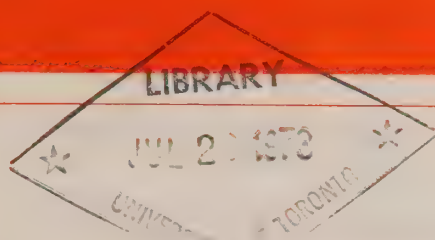
On July 4, 1973 the Niagara District sour cherry crop was estimated to be 38% smaller than last year.

For further information, order *First Forecast of Commercial Production of all Fruits*, 1973, to be published early in August (22-003, \$1 for the series), or contact Mr. G.O. Code (613-994-9994), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



Monday, July 16, 1973

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(continued)

**Estimates of Labour Income, January-March 1973** (72-005, 30¢/\$3)

**Imports by Commodities, April 1973** (65-007, 75¢/\$7.50)

**Fish Freezings and Stocks, May 1973** (24-001, 30¢/\$3)

**Iron Foundries, 1971** (41-226, 50¢)

**The Wheat Review, June 1973** (22-005, 30¢/\$3)

**Cement, May 1973** (44-001, 10¢/\$1)

**Oil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters, May 1973** (41-008, 10¢/\$1)

**Preliminary Report on the Production of Motor Vehicles, June 1973** (42-001, 10¢/\$1)

**Financial Flow Accounts, Fourth Quarter 1972** (13-002, \$1/\$4)

**Service Bulletins — Construction Price Statistics** (62-006, \$3 a year), Vol. 2, No. 8, Building Construction Input Price Indexes, April 1973;

**Fabricated Metal Products** (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 5, May 1973; Cemented Tungsten Carbide Blanks and Tools; Sanitaryware;

**Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes** (47-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 5, Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada, May 1973.

**To be Released on Tuesday, July 17, 1973 at 8:00 A.M.**

**Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, July 1, 1973** (32-009, 20¢/\$2)

**Dairy Factory Products, June 1973** (32-002, 10¢/\$1)

#### **Single Detached Owner-occupied, Non-farm Dwellings Showing Value of Dwelling and Dwellings Reporting a Mortgage, 1971 census — Advance Information.**

Preliminary figures from the 1971 census for occupied dwellings indicate that almost 53% of all Canadian single detached, owner-occupied, non-farm dwellings had a mortgage. This represents an increase from 1961 when the figure was 45%. Provincially, the proportion with a mortgage in 1971 ranged from a low of almost 18% in Newfoundland to a high of 59% in Alberta. Similar provincial variations are evident with respect to the value of dwellings where close to one-half of the single detached, owner-occupied, non-farm dwellings in Newfoundland were valued under \$7,500 while British Columbia had only 4% in this range. British Columbia and Ontario ranked highest in all value groups over \$22,500 with 54% of the single owned, non-farm homes above this figure.

These 1971 figures are subject to revision. Final data and more detailed geographic breakdowns will be released in *Summary Housing Characteristics (sample data)* (93-745, 50¢) and *Values and Rents* (93-732, 75¢).

(see tables on next page)

#### **Consumer Credit, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

Selected credit holders reporting monthly showed \$12,599 million outstanding on their books at the end of May, 21.2% more than a year earlier.

Personal cash loans by chartered banks rose to \$8,042 million, up 28.45% from a year earlier; and life insurance companies' policy loans were up 3.05% to \$812 million, but personal cash loans made under the Small Loans Act fell 11.9% to \$355 million. In addition, sales finance and consumer loan companies held \$1,083 million balances of retail instalment sales' paper, an increase of 17.1%; and the \$1,339 million outstandings of personal cash loans represented an expansion of 18.3%.

The outstanding balances of other monthly reporters — Quebec savings banks, department stores and furniture, TV, radio, and household appliances stores, rose 9.5% to \$968 million, over the year.

Credit holders reporting quarterly — other retail stores, other credit card issuers, credit unions and caisses populaires and public utilities — reported outstanding balances of \$3,184 million for the first quarter, 11.1% more than a year earlier.

Total outstanding balances had reached \$15,076 million at the end of March 1973; a level 17.9% higher than that attained a year earlier.

For further information, order the May issue of *Consumer Credit* (61-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Bob Wright (613-992-7344), or telex 053-3585, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Single Detached Owner-Occupied Non-Farm Dwellings, Showing Value of Dwelling and Dwellings Reporting a Mortgage,  
Canada and Provinces, 1971.

	Value of Dwelling													
	Under \$7,500	\$7,500 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$17,499	\$17,500 to \$22,499	\$22,500 to \$27,499	\$27,500 to \$32,499	\$32,500 to \$42,499	\$42,500 to \$52,499	\$52,500 to \$62,499	\$62,500 and over	Dwellings with Mortgage			
	Total	\$7,500	\$12,499	\$17,499	\$22,499	\$27,499	\$32,499	\$42,499	\$52,499	\$62,499				
												(000)		
Canada	2,792	387	391	472	481	400	271	246	77	28	40	1,474		
Newfoundland	77	37	16	9	6	5	2	1	—	—	—	13		
Prince Edward Island	14	6	3	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	5		
Nova Scotia	125	44	27	19	15	9	4	4	1	—	1	41		
New Brunswick	91	39	20	15	10	4	2	1	—	—	—	31		
Quebec	500	99	99	121	91	44	18	16	6	3	4	292		
Ontario	1,118	52	107	160	190	195	165	159	49	17	24	631		
Manitoba	148	26	32	34	28	16	6	4	1	—	1	70		
Saskatchewan	130	40	31	26	20	7	3	2	1	—	—	52		
Alberta	219	26	26	34	49	44	20	13	4	2	2	129		
British Columbia	366	15	29	53	71	74	51	46	14	5	7	208		
Yukon	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1		
Northwest Territories	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		

Components may not add to total due to rounding.  
— Amount too small to be expressed.

Percentage Distribution of Single Detached Owner-Occupied Non-Farm Dwellings Showing Value of Dwelling and Dwellings Reporting a Mortgage,  
Canada and Provinces, 1971

		Value of Dwelling												Dwellings with Mortgage
		Under \$7,500	\$7,500 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$17,499	\$17,500 to \$22,499	\$22,500 to \$27,499	\$27,500 to \$32,499	\$32,500 to \$42,499	\$42,500 to \$52,499	\$52,500 to \$62,499	\$62,500 and over			
%														
Canada	100.0	13.9	14.0	16.9	17.2	14.3	9.7	8.8	2.8	1.0	1.4	52.8		
Newfoundland	100.0	48.6	21.0	11.0	7.8	5.9	2.7	1.9	0.5	0.2	0.3	17.5		
Prince Edward Island	100.0	40.7	23.7	15.7	10.5	4.8	2.3	1.4	0.6	0.2	0.2	36.0		
Nova Scotia	100.0	35.7	21.5	14.9	11.9	7.3	3.6	3.2	1.0	0.4	0.5	32.9		
New Brunswick	100.0	42.7	22.1	16.0	10.4	4.6	1.9	1.4	0.5	0.1	0.2	33.5		
Quebec	100.0	19.7	19.8	24.2	18.3	8.8	3.5	3.2	1.2	0.5	0.9	58.4		
Ontario	100.0	4.7	9.6	14.4	17.0	17.5	14.7	14.2	4.4	1.5	2.1	56.4		
Manitoba	100.0	17.7	21.3	22.9	18.6	11.1	4.1	2.7	0.8	0.3	0.5	47.6		
Saskatchewan	100.0	30.9	24.0	19.9	15.2	5.7	2.0	1.4	0.5	0.1	0.2	40.0		
Alberta	100.0	11.9	11.7	15.5	22.4	20.0	9.3	5.7	2.0	0.7	0.9	59.1		
British Columbia	100.0	4.1	8.0	14.4	19.4	20.3	14.0	12.5	3.8	1.4	2.0	56.8		
Yukon	100.0	37.1	14.5	12.4	11.8	8.6	6.9	6.3	1.5	0.3	0.6	44.4		
Northwest Territories	100.0	60.8	12.2	8.7	6.4	3.6	2.9	3.4	1.2	0.5	0.4	24.2		

Components may not add due to rounding.



**Department Store Sales and Stocks, May 1973 – Advance Information.**

Department store sales were \$336.9 million in May, an increase of 12.7% from \$298.9 million a year earlier.

Sales declines were reported in six of the 39 departments with plumbing, heating and building materials (-6.1%) showing the largest decrease. Sales increases ranged from a high of 50.2% for furs to a low of 0.2% for girls' and teenage girls' wear. All provinces reported increased department store sales.

The selling value of stocks held was \$1,078.6 million, an increase of 14.6% over May 1972. Inventory increases were led by furniture, up 46.9%. Infants and children's wear and nursery equipment showed the largest inventory decrease, down 6.2%.

For further information, order the May issue of *Department Store Sales and Stocks* (63-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact Miss G. Reed (613-992-7344), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Chain Store Sales and Stocks, May, 1973 – Advance Information.**

Chain store organizations reported sales of \$1,245.6 million during May, an increase of 14.1% from May 1972. All trades except variety stores registered increased sales ranging from a high of 32.5% for fuel dealers to a low of 2.4% for general merchandise stores.

The value of stocks (at cost) held on April 30 stood at \$2,204.3 million, an increase of 16.3% over the previous year. The greatest increases were registered in family clothing stores (32.4%) and hardware stores (26.3%). Declines occurred in furniture, TV, radio and appliance stores (-6.2%) and fuel dealers (-6.1%).

For further information, order the May issue of *Chain Store Sales and Stocks* (63-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Miss G. Reed (613-996-1070), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

**Weekly Railway Carloadings, June 30 1973 – Advance Information.**

Railways in Canada loaded 6.67 million tons of revenue carload freight during the 10-day period ending June 30. This was 25.2% more than in the comparable period of 1972. Year-to-date loadings increased 14.6%. A large part of this year's increase can be explained by a strike in Quebec's iron mines during this same period of 1972.

For further information order the June issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2).

10-day period ending June 30	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,691,842	2,978,563	6,670,405
Tons, 1972 .....	2,457,106	2,872,161	5,329,267
% change .....	50.3	3.7	25.2
Cars, 1973 .....	62,745	48,032	110,777
Cars, 1972 .....	50,292	48,661	98,953
% change .....	24.8	-1.3	11.9
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	164,951	68,880	233,831
Tons, 1972 .....	131,155	60,779	191,934
% change .....	25.8	13.3	21.8
Cars, 1973 .....	7,034	3,244	10,278
Cars, 1972 .....	5,620	2,869	8,489
% change .....	25.2	13.1	21.1
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	63,968,948	53,490,028	117,458,976**
Tons, 1972 .....	55,238,426	47,227,231	102,465,657
% change .....	15.8	13.3	14.6
Cars, 1973 .....	1,175,797	873,420	2,049,217**
Cars, 1972 .....	1,049,354	809,938	1,859,292
% change .....	12.0	7.8	10.2
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,128,497	1,205,831	4,334,328**
Tons, 1972 .....	2,360,085	1,062,123	3,422,208
% change .....	32.6	13.5	26.7
Cars, 1973 .....	130,610	59,694	190,304**
Cars, 1972 .....	105,261	51,213	156,474
% change .....	24.1	16.6	21.6

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect of prior periods.

**Production Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, April 1973 — Advance Information.**

Sawmills in British Columbia produced 871.9 million feet board measure of lumber and ties in April 1973 compared to 811.7 million a year earlier. January to April production increased to 3,540.6 million feet board measure from 3,236.1 million feet board measure for the same period last year.

For further information, order the April 1973 issue of *Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia* (35-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P. E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Electric Power Statistics, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

In May net generation rose 9.8% to 21.02 billion kwh. from 19.14 billion in May 1972. There were increases in net generation in most provinces except for decreases in Newfoundland, 38.6%, and New Brunswick, 3.7%. The largest increases were 30.9% in British Columbia and 17.7% in Saskatchewan. Hydro generation increased 6.2% while thermal production increased 23.7%.

For further information, order the May issue of *Electric Power Statistics*, (57-001, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Sugar Sales, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

For June 1973 Canadian sugar refineries reported total sales of 204.6 million pounds of all types of sugar, 200 million pounds in domestic sales and 4.5 million pounds in export sales.

For further information, order the June issue of *The Sugar Situation*, (32-013, 10¢/\$1).

•

**Cigarettes, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Production of cigarettes for June 1973 amounted to 5.05 billion, same as June 1972.

For further information, order June 1973 issue of *Service Bulletin Tobacco and Tobacco Products* (32-022, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 8, or contact W. Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Steel Ingots, Week ended July 14, 1973 — Advance Information.**

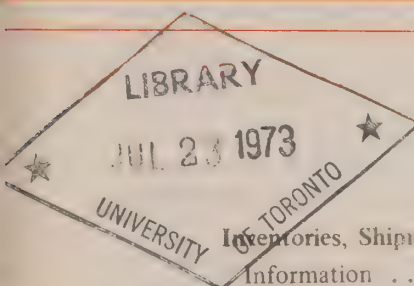
Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended July 14, totalled 256,154 tons, an increase of 1.4 % from the preceding week's total of 252,737 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 240,151 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 139.8 in the current week, 137.9 a week earlier and 131.1 one year ago.





# Statistics Canada

## daily



Tuesday, July 17, 1973

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### Publications Released

#### New Weekly

The **Statistics Canada Weekly**, formerly a somewhat shortened reprint of material from the **Daily**, gives way this week to **Infomat**, a new, more concise and more selective digest of the weekly flow of information from the bureau.

Starting with the issue dated Friday, July 13, **Infomat** will present an at-a-glance summary of each week's statistical highlights, using charts and graphs wherever possible to present the picture clearly and quickly. **Infomat** will continue to carry the complete list of bureau publications released each week so subscribers interested in full statistical treatment of a subject may order this at their convenience.

Like the previous publication, **Infomat** will continue to be supplied free of charge to subscribers. The **Daily**, providing more complete details on a wide variety of subjects and now supplied free to all subscribers, continues its present role but, starting September 1, will carry a subscription fee of \$25 a year or 10¢ a copy. All subscribers will be notified before the fee is applied.

**Population, Revised Annual Estimates, 1921-1971 (91-512, 75¢)**

**Farm Wages in Canada, May 15, 1973 (21-002, 25¢/\$75¢)**

**Building Permits, April 1973 (64-001, 40¢/\$4)**

**Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, February 1973 (66-001, 40¢/\$4)**

**Shipping Report, Part IV, 1971 (54-206, \$2.50)**

**New Motor Vehicle Sales, May 1973 (63-007, 20¢/\$2)**

**Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, February 1973 (26-006, 20¢/\$2)**

**Manufacturers of Mixed Fertilizers, 1971 (46-220, 50¢)**

**Logging, 1971 (25-201, 50¢)**

(continued)

**Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, January 1973 (31-001, 40¢/\$4)**

**Pack, Shipments and Stocks of Selected Canned Fruits and Vegetables, May 1973 (32-011, 20¢/\$2)**

**Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, May 1973 (43-005, 10¢/\$1)**

**Steel, Ingots and Pig Iron, June 1973 (41-002, 10¢/\$1)**

**Sales of Paints, Varnishes and Lacquers May 1973 (46-001, 10¢/\$1)**

**Service Bulletins – Electrical Products (43-007, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 10, Domestic Water Tank Heaters, May 1973;**

**Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 5, Heating Boilers and Radiators, May 1973; Factory Shipments of Plumbers' brass and Fixture Trim, 1972;**

**Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 45, Summary of Electrical Generating Equipment, December 31, 1972.**

### **Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, May 1973 – Advance Information.**

Manufacturers' shipments in May, seasonally adjusted, were estimated at \$5,261.7 million, 0.4% higher than the revised April estimate of \$5,242.7 million. Durable goods shipments fell 0.3% to \$2,529.1 million from \$2,537.3 million, while non-durable goods shipments registered an increase of 1.0% to \$2,732.6 million from \$2,705.4 million.

Other seasonally adjusted highlights:

– New orders for May were estimated at \$5,470.1 million, 1.7% above the April value of \$5,381.3 million. Durable goods new orders rose 2.9% to \$2,745.1 million, while non-durable goods new orders increased fractionally to \$2,725.0 million. Unfilled orders, estimated at \$6,096.9 million, were 3.5% above the April value of \$5,888.5 million.

– Total inventory owned was estimated at \$9,376.8 million, 0.6% above the revised April figure of \$9,320.7 million. Total inventory held increased

0.6% to \$9,829.5 million from \$9,771.5 million in April with increases of 1.6% and 0.3% in raw materials and goods in process and a 0.5% decrease in finished products.

– The ratio of total inventory owned to shipments was 1.78 in May, same as for April, while the ratio of finished products to shipments was 0.61 for both May and April.

Unadjusted for seasonal variation, manufacturers' shipments in May were estimated at \$5,610.5 million, 6.9% higher than the April estimate of \$5,248.4 million. Shipments for the first five months of 1973 were estimated at \$25,985.9 million, 17.0% higher than the corresponding 1972 value of \$22,203.5 million.

For further information, order the May 1973 issue of *Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries* (31-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### **Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin**

	May 1973P	Apr. 1973†	Not Seasonally Adjusted			
			% change	Jan.-May 1973P	Jan.-May 1972	% change
				(\$ millions)		
Newfoundland . . . . .	29.7	30.3	-2.0	135.5	107.8	25.7
Nova Scotia . . . . .	93.8	85.5	9.7	432.4	363.6	18.9
New Brunswick . . . . .	89.4	79.3	12.7	407.3	347.3	17.3
Quebec . . . . .	1,396.3	1,321.0	5.7	6,616.5	5,861.0	12.9
Ontario . . . . .	3,005.1	2,814.7	6.8	13,912.0	11,883.8	17.1
Manitoba . . . . .	153.5	140.3	9.4	699.5	577.1	21.2
Saskatchewan . . . . .	66.8	56.5	18.2	285.5	242.8	17.6
Alberta . . . . .	249.5	217.8	14.6	1,085.3	886.6	22.4
British Columbia . . . . .	519.0	496.5	4.5	2,379.6	1,905.7	24.9
Canada* . . . . .	5,610.5	5,248.4	6.9	25,985.9	22,203.5	17.0

(see table on next page)

**Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in all Manufacturing Industries**  
(Based on 1970 Census of Manufactures Benchmarks)

Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation

	May 1973 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 1973 <sup>r</sup>	Mar. 1973	May 1972
	(\$ millions)			
Shipments — Total . . . . .	5,610.5	5,248.4	5,503.4	4,823.8
New Orders:				
— Total . . . . .	5,739.2	5,358.3	5,670.3	4,812.5
— Non-durable . . . . .	2,839.5	2,684.2	2,800.0	2,445.2
— Durable . . . . .	2,899.7	2,674.1	2,870.3	2,367.2
Unfilled Orders:				
— Total . . . . .	6,110.5	5,981.8	5,881.3	4,984.6
— Non-durable . . . . .	958.1	964.0	936.0	774.6
— Durable . . . . .	5,152.4	5,017.8	4,945.3	4,210.0
Inventory Owned — Total . . . . .	9,379.1	9,385.6	9,376.7	8,589.9
Inventory Held — Total . . . . .	9,832.8	9,830.7	9,845.0	9,088.0
— Raw materials . . . . .	3,974.0	3,942.7	3,970.8	3,517.6
— Goods in process . . . . .	2,603.0	2,600.1	2,599.2	2,456.6
— Finished products . . . . .	3,255.8	3,287.6	3,275.0	3,113.8

Adjusted for Seasonal Variation

Shipments — Total . . . . .	5,261.7	5,242.7	5,348.2	4,536.8
New Orders:				
— Total . . . . .	5,470.1	5,381.3	5,450.8	4,585.3
— Non-durable . . . . .	2,725.0	2,714.5	2,743.0	2,356.1
— Durable . . . . .	2,745.1	2,666.8	2,707.8	2,229.2
Unfilled Orders:				
— Total . . . . .	6,096.9	5,888.5	5,759.4	5,013.0
— Non-durable . . . . .	933.9	941.5	932.4	750.5
— Durable . . . . .	5,163.0	4,947.0	4,827.0	4,262.5
Inventory Owned — Total . . . . .	9,376.8	9,320.7	9,283.6	8,581.5
Inventory Held — Total . . . . .	9,829.5	9,771.5	9,759.4	9,076.5
— Raw materials . . . . .	4,050.4	3,985.2	3,981.2	3,591.8
— Goods in process . . . . .	2,581.3	2,573.5	2,575.7	2,435.3
— Finished products . . . . .	3,197.8	3,212.8	3,202.5	3,049.4
Ratio of Total Inventory Owned to Shipments . . . . .	1.78	1.78	1.74	1.89
Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments . . . . .	0.61	0.61	0.60	0.67

\* Included Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

<sup>P</sup> Preliminary figures.

<sup>r</sup> Revised figures.

Figures may not add due to rounding.

**Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian mills shipped 225.9 million sq. ft. (3/8" basis) of softwood plywood in May. This compares with 218.2 million in May 1972.

Shipments of hardwood plywood amounted to

37.3 million sq. ft. surface measure for May, an increase of 30% over the same month in 1972.

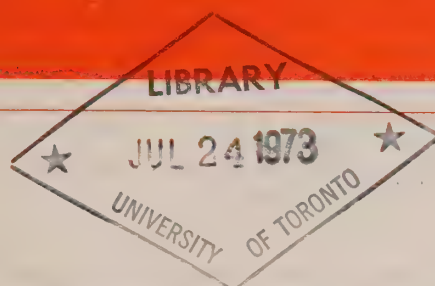
For further information, order the May issue of *Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods* (35-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, K1A 0V6.





# Statistics Canada

## daily



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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities, June 1973 – Advance Information.

### Publications Released

- Enrolment in Elementary and Secondary Schools in Canada, 1971-72 (81-210, 75¢)
- Annual Report of Notifiable Diseases, 1972 (82-201, 75¢)
- International Air Charter Statistics, January-March 1973 (51-003, 75¢/\$3)
- United States Vehicles Entering Canada, May 1973 (66-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, May 1973 (41-006, 10¢/\$1)
- The Sugar Situation, May 1973 (32-013, 10¢/\$1)
- Stoves and Furnaces, May 1973 (41-005, 20¢/\$2)
- Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, May 1973 (43-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, May 1973 (33-003, 20¢/\$2)
- Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, May 1973 (25-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Iron Castings and Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, May 1973 (41-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Gold Production, May 1973 (26-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins – Communications (56-001, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 7, Monthly Telephone Statistics, May 1973;
- Metals and Minerals (41-010, \$2 a year), Vol. 1, No. 11, Consumption of Ferro-Alloys and Addition Agents, 1972;
- Electrical Products (43-007, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 9, Electric Lamps, May 1973.
- Fabricated metal products (41-009, \$2 per year), Vol. 2, No. 5, Domestic and Farm Water Systems, May 1973.

Wednesday, July 18, 1973

**The Labour Force, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Employment increased to an estimated 9.11 million in June from 8.84 million in May and 8.58 million in June 1972. Unemployment, spurred by the entry of students into the summer labour market, rose to an estimated 503,000 from 493,000 in May. There were 568,000 unemployed in June 1972. The total work force in June was 9.61 million, up from 9.34 million the previous month and 9.15 million a year earlier.

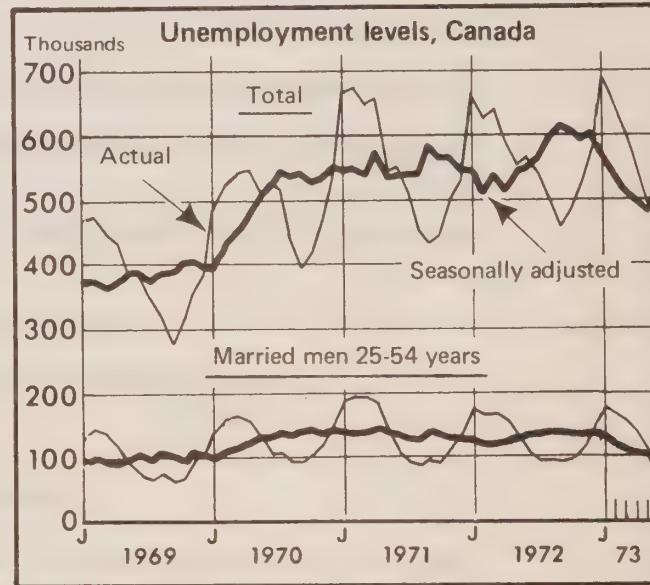
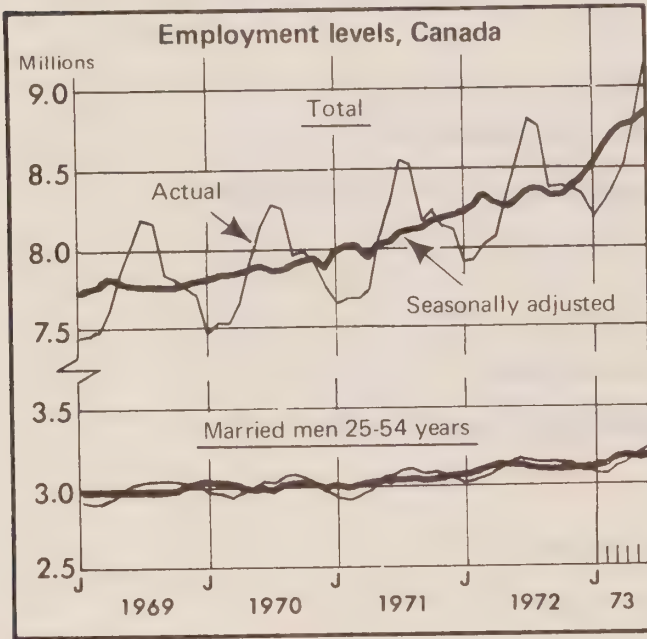
Seasonally adjusted, the unemployment rate edged upward to 5.3% from 5.2% in May. It was 6.3% a year ago. The June rate was up in Quebec, to 7.4% from 6.6%, and British Columbia, to 6.1% from 6.0%, but lower in all other regions. The Atlantic area rate dipped to 9.3% of the labour force from May's 9.8%, Ontario was 3.6% compared to 3.8% and the Prairie region 3.5% compared to 3.7%. The employment

level increased substantially in Ontario and slightly in the Atlantic area and British Columbia. It decreased in Quebec after increasing steadily from January onwards. There was no change in the employment level on the Prairies.

There was a substantial jump in unemployment for persons aged 14 to 24, reflecting the influx of students into the labour force, but unemployment decreased for persons 25 and over.

The participation rate, percentage of the population counted in the work force, edged up to 57.9% on a seasonally adjusted basis from 57.7% in May. The rate increased in Quebec and Ontario with little change in other regions. For students seeking summer work, the rate was 37.9% compared to 33.4% in June 1972 and 32.9% in June 1971.

For further information, order *The Labour Force*, June 1973 (71-001, 30¢/\$3).



**Quarterly Hospital Indicators, January-March, 1973**

— Advance Information.

**Public General Hospital Highlights**

	First Quarter	
	1972	1973
Occupancy (%) . . . . .	84.3	80.5
Admissions per rated bed . . . . .	7.5	7.5
Average length of stay (days) . . . . .	10.1	9.8
Paid hours per patient-day . . . . .	13.5	13.9
Cost per patient-day . . . . .	\$65.42	\$73.88
Gross salaries and wages per patient-day . . . . .	\$46.17	\$52.25
Medical and surgical supplies cost per patient-day . . . . .	\$2.26	\$2.53
Drug cost per patient-day . . . . .	\$1.97	\$2.11

For a full report of the 163 ratios related to utilization, services, workloads and unit costs of participant Canadian hospitals on a cumulative quarterly basis, order *Quarterly Hospital Indicators*, January-March 1973 (83-001, \$1/\$4).



## Prices and Price Indexes, July 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

Index	Number stocks priced	July 12/73 This week	July 5/73 Week ago	June 14/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>183.1</b>	<b>177.1</b>	<b>180.5</b>
<b>Industrials</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>196.9</b>	<b>189.9</b>	<b>191.5</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	133.9	123.6	126.3
Foods . . . . .	10	149.9	150.4	147.8
Beverages . . . . .	7	255.1	247.7	249.7
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	141.6	138.5	142.4
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	129.5	128.1	129.2
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	371.6	363.5	366.4
Primary metals . . . . .	8	120.2	117.7	119.1
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	208.7	199.3	204.7
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	177.5	175.7	177.2
Petroleum . . . . .	7	327.5	314.3	310.8
Chemicals . . . . .	4	102.5	104.2	103.9
Construction . . . . .	4	144.2	139.0	141.4
Retail trade . . . . .	7	159.2	158.8	168.5
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>142.6</b>	<b>141.5</b>	<b>148.7</b>
Pipelines . . . . .	5	147.1	149.0	152.4
Transportation . . . . .	4	336.0	326.5	352.5
Telephone . . . . .	3	84.6	84.6	86.1
Electric power . . . . .	3	108.8	108.6	116.6
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	154.2	152.8	160.7
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>174.2</b>	<b>166.0</b>	<b>173.2</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	206.2	193.9	203.2
Investment and Loan . . . . .	8	124.1	123.3	126.7
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>143.8</b>	<b>138.3</b>	<b>133.2</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	189.9	185.8	174.7
Base metals . . . . .	16	119.8	113.5	111.7
Uranium . . . . .	4	240.8	225.9	220.0
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	413.1	382.9	400.7

For further information, order the July issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Oils and Fats, May 1973 — Advance Information.

## Manufacturers' Sales

	Margarine		Shortening*		Salad Oils	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
million pounds						
Retail sales (20 lbs or less) . . . . .	16.73	15.91	2.92	2.95	4.49	5.14
Commercial sales (21-450 lbs) . . . . .	0.46	1.16	14.58	14.31	2.33	1.75
Bulk sales to packagers or bottlers . . . . .	7.84	7.83	2.27	1.42	3.68	2.47
Bulk sales to other than packagers or bottlers . . . . .	—	—	12.76	16.14	3.56	4.66

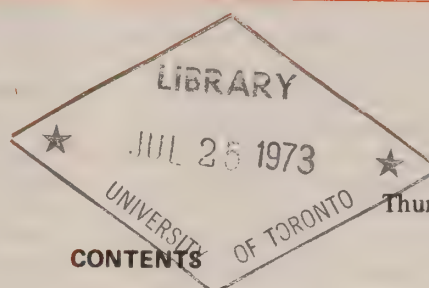
\* Includes baking and frying oils and fats.

For further information, order May 1973 issue of *Oils and Fats* (32-006, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. T. P. Sterling, (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



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**Other Publications Released**

- Agriculture, 1971 Census (96-701, \$2)
- Construction in Canada, 1971-1973 (64-201, 75¢)
- Railway Transport, Part I, 1971 (52-207, 50¢)
- Soaps and Synthetic Detergents, May 1973 (46-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, July 1, 1973 (32-012, 30¢/\$3)
- Monthly Review of Canadian Fisheries Statistics, May 1973 (24-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Cement Manufacturers, 1971 (44-204, 50¢)
- Fisheries Statistics, British Columbia and Yukon, 1972 (24-208, 50¢)
- Fabricated Structural Metal Industry, 1971 (41-207, 50¢)





*Commencing with the May 1973 index, regional city consumer price indexes have incorporated the latest in a series of periodic updatings. A feature of the latest revision is the inclusion of revised weights to reflect 1967 family expenditure patterns (and within the food component, 1969 spending habits), replacing the 1957 weights used previously (1964 for Quebec City and Thunder Bay). Another innovation is introduction of home-ownership costs (property taxes, mortgage interest, owner repairs, new houses and dwelling insurance) into the housing indexes. The tenancy component has been revised to include both rents and tenant repairs. The time reference base, 1961=100, remains unchanged. To maintain a continuous, long-term series, the revised indexes are linked to the previously published indexes for April 1973. Thus, the published indexes up to and including April 1973 remain the official measure of consumer prices to that month, and subsequent price movements are measured by the revised index.*

*A consumer price index for a particular regional city measures the movements in prices, faced by consumers, within the specified city. Thus, consumer price indexes for regional cities cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities. Inter-city price comparisons are available in Table 14 of the monthly Prices and Price Indexes.*

Between May and June, consumer price indexes rose in all regional cities and city combinations, with increases ranging from 0.5% in Winnipeg to 1.1% in Montreal. Food indexes advanced in all cities with higher prices for beef cuts, fresh produce, dairy products, particularly powdered skim milk, and convenience foods. Prices for food consumed away from home were also higher in many centres. Housing components rose in all cities, chiefly in response to increased tenancy and home-ownership costs and higher furniture prices. The clothing and the transportation indexes advanced in all cities, the former mainly because of higher laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repair charges, and the latter in response to increases in the train and inter-city bus fares indexes and higher prices for new cars, gasoline and motor oil. Components for health and personal care, recreation, education and reading, and for tobacco and alcohol registered mixed movements.

#### **St. John's**

The all-items index increased 0.6% in June to reach a level 7.8% above that of a year earlier. The June food index rose 1.4% with higher quotations for most meat, chicken, butter, many fresh produce items, sugar, jam, coffee, peanut butter, breakfast cereals

and restaurant foods. Lower prices were registered for bread, flour, turkey, oranges, onions, cucumbers and baby food. A rise of 0.3% in the housing component was mainly due to increased home-ownership and tenancy costs. Increased charges for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs, higher prices for men's footwear, shirts and slacks, boys' slacks and jeans, and girls' hosiery contributed to a 0.6% advance in the clothing index. An increase of 0.7% in the recreation, education and reading component was due to higher newspaper subscription rates and magazine prices along with increased driving lesson fees. Remaining indexes were virtually unchanged.

#### **Halifax**

The Halifax consumer price index rose 0.8% in the latest month to a level 7.0% higher than in June 1972. The food index advanced 1.7% in June with increased quotations for beef and pork cuts, most fresh product items, chicken, eggs, powdered skim milk, margarine, breakfast cereals, cheese and ice cream. Foods eaten away from home were also higher in price. The housing and the transportation components each rose 0.3%, the former mainly because of increased costs for mortgage interest rates, new houses and owner repairs, and the latter in response to an increase in the train fares index and higher inter-city bus fares. An advance of 1.1% in the recreation, education and reading index reflected higher prices for television sets, sports equipment and camping gear. The clothing component edged up 0.2% in response to higher prices for men's coats and slacks, girls' dresses and socks, and increased shoe repair charges. A decline of 0.2% in the health and personal care index was due to lower prices for toilet soap, shaving cream and razor blades. The tobacco and alcohol index was unchanged.

#### **Saint John**

The all-items index rose 0.6% in June to reach a level 7.1% above that of a year ago. The food index increased 1.0% in June because of higher quotations for most beef and pork cuts, turkey, many fresh produce items, eggs, sugar, powdered skim milk, coffee, breakfast cereals, margarine and ice cream. Lower prices were registered for stewing beef, smoked ham, carrots, tomatoes, onions, oranges, processed cheese and tea. Increased rents and higher home-ownership costs (mortgage interest rates, new houses and owner repairs) contributed to a 0.4% rise in the housing component. An increase of 0.5% in the transportation index was due to higher train and inter-city bus fares indexes, and increased prices for gasoline and motor oil. The recreation, education and reading component advanced 0.8% in response to increased driving lesson fees and higher prices for magazines, sports equipment and camping gear. A rise of 0.3% in the health and personal care index was caused by higher prices for toilet soap, toothpaste and cleansing tissues. Remaining components registered little or no movement.

(continued)

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### Quebec City

At its June 1973 level of 113.9 (1969=100), the all-items index was 0.8% higher than May and 6.7% above its June 1972 level. The food index advanced 1.7% in June with increased prices for restaurant meals and higher quotations for beef and pork cuts, most fresh produce items, eggs, bread, sugar, powdered skim milk, ice cream and wieners. A rise of 0.4% in the housing component was chiefly the result of increased tenancy and home-ownership costs along with higher prices for furniture and floor coverings. An increase in the train and inter-city bus fares indexes and higher prices for new cars and gasoline contributed to a 1.1% advance in the transportation index. The health and personal care component increased 1.8% in response to higher charges for men's haircuts. The clothing index rose 0.3% mainly because of increased charges for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs and higher prices for men's suits and boys' jeans. Increased prices for liquor and wine for home consumption resulted in a 0.5% rise in the tobacco and alcohol component. The recreation, education and reading index was virtually unchanged.

### Montreal

The consumer price index for Montreal increased 1.1% in the latest month to a level 6.7% above that of June 1972. An advance of 2.2% in the food index in June was mainly due to increased quotations for meat, poultry, most fresh produce, eggs, coffee, tea, powdered skim milk, peanut butter, margarine and ice cream. The housing component rose 0.6% in response to increased tenancy costs (rents and tenant repairs) and mortgage interest rates along with higher prices for furniture, appliances, linens and draperies. Increased charges for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs plus higher prices for many items of children's apparel contributed to a 0.5% increase in the clothing index. An advance of 1.3% in the transportation index was mainly the result of increases in the train and inter-city bus fares indexes, and higher prices for new cars, gasoline and motor oil. Increased charges for driving lessons and higher prices for magazines and camping equipment contributed to a 0.4% rise in the recreation, education and reading component. The tobacco and alcohol component moved up 0.4% because of higher prices for liquor and wine for home consumption. The health and personal care index decreased 0.3% with lower prices for many toiletries including hair preparations, toilet soap and deodorants.

### Ottawa

The all-items index rose 0.9% in June to reach a level 7.7% above that of a year earlier. An increase of 1.7% in the June food index was chiefly the result of higher quotations for most meat and poultry, butter, eggs, many fresh produce items, sugar, canned and powdered milk, ice cream and breakfast cereals. A rise of 0.4% in the housing component was due to increased tenancy and home-ownership costs plus

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higher prices for furniture, linens and draperies. Increased shoe repair, laundry and dry cleaning charges and higher prices for many items of men's apparel, including footwear, contributed to a 0.9% increase in the clothing index. An advance of 1.5% in the transportation component reflected an increase in the train fares index, higher parking fees and increased prices for new cars, gasoline and motor oil. The health and personal care index rose 0.6% in response to higher prices for many personal care supplies including hair preparations, toilet soap, toothpaste and deodorants. Remaining components were virtually unchanged.

### Toronto

The Toronto consumer price index rose 0.8% in June to reach a level 7.2% higher than in June 1972. The food index advanced 1.9% in the month with increased quotations for meat, poultry, fresh produce, eggs, beverages and convenience foods. A rise of 0.5% in the housing component was mainly due to higher tenancy and home-ownership costs and increased prices for fuel oil, livingroom furniture and some appliances. The clothing index moved up 0.3% in response to increased laundry charges and higher prices for footwear, women's coats and dresses, men's shirts, slacks and sweaters. An increase in the train fares index, higher parking fees and increased gasoline and motor oil prices contributed to a 0.4% rise in the transportation index. The health and personal care component edged up 0.2% while remaining indexes were virtually unchanged.

### Thunder Bay

At its June 1973 level of 114.2 (1969=100), the all-items index was 0.9% higher than in May and 7.1% above its June 1972 level. The food index advanced 1.5% in June in response to higher quotations for beef cuts, poultry, many fresh produce items, bread, butter and some convenience foods. Food consumed away from home was also higher in price. Lower prices were registered for pork products, tomatoes, onions, cabbage, oranges, wieners and cheese. Increased tenancy and home-ownership costs along with higher prices for fuel oil, furniture and household supplies contributed to a 0.5% increase in the housing index. The transportation component advanced 1.5% mainly in response to increased train and inter-city bus fares indexes, higher parking charges and increased gasoline and motor oil prices. The components for clothing and for recreation, education and reading each moved up 0.2%, the former because of increased laundry and shoe repair charges, together with higher prices for women's footwear, and the latter in response to higher driving lesson fees and increased prices for magazines and camping equipment. Lower prices for toiletries contributed to a decrease of 0.4% in the health and personal care index, while the tobacco and alcohol component was unchanged.

(continued)



**Winnipeg**

The all-items index rose 0.5% in the latest month to reach a level 6.4% above that of a year earlier. The June food index advanced 1.4% mainly because of higher prices for food eaten away from home and increased quotations for most beef and pork cuts, fresh produce, eggs, turkey and powdered skim milk. However, butter, break, round steak, pork roast, chicken, carrots and cabbage were lower in price. A rise of 0.5% in the housing component was due chiefly to increased tenancy and home-ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil, livingroom furniture, some appliances and household cleaning supplies. Increased laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repair charges plus higher prices for men's and women's shoes, men's suits and some items of children's apparel contributed to a 0.3% rise in the clothing index. The transportation and the tobacco and alcohol components each moved up 0.2%, the former with an increase in the train fares index and higher prices for motor oil, and the latter because of increased prices for wine purchased for home consumption. An increase of 0.5% in the recreation, education and reading index was attributable to higher prices for magazines, television sets, sports equipment and camping gear. The health and personal care index edged up 0.1%.

**Saskatoon-Regina**

The all-items index rose 0.7% in June and stood 6.3% higher than a year earlier. The June food index increased 1.6% mainly in response to higher quotations for beef cuts, most fresh produce, eggs, bread, sugar, tea and coffee. Lower prices were recorded for most pork products, other meats, celery and onions. A rise of 0.4% in the housing component reflected increased tenancy and home-ownership costs plus higher prices for livingroom furniture and household cleaning supplies. The clothing index moved up 0.3% in response to increased laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repair charges and higher prices for men's footwear. Increased train fares indexes and higher prices for new cars and gasoline contributed to a 0.7% increase in the transportation component. The recreation, education and reading index moved up 0.3% with higher driving lesson fees and increased prices for magazines and sporting goods. Remaining components were unchanged.

**Edmonton-Calgary**

The all-items index increased 0.7% in June to reach a level 6.1% higher than in June 1972. The June index advanced 2.2% mainly as a result of higher quotations for beef cuts, poultry, most fresh produce, bread, sugar, beverages and, in Calgary, increased prices for food eaten away from home. A rise of 0.4% in the housing component was due chiefly to increased home-ownership costs and higher prices for furniture, utensils and garden tools. An increase in the train and inter-city bus fares indexes, higher

parking fees and increased prices for new cars, gasoline and motor oil contributed to a 0.7% advance in the transportation index. The clothing component moved up 0.2% mainly because of higher laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repair charges. The health and personal care and the recreation, education and reading indexes each declined 0.2%, the former in response to lower prices for many toiletries, such as hair preparations, toilet soap and deodorants, and the latter because of lower prices for television sets, stereo combinations and recordings. The tobacco and alcohol component was virtually unchanged.

**Vancouver**

The Vancouver consumer price index increased 0.6% in June to a level 6.6% higher than a year earlier. Between May and June, the food index advanced 1.7% mainly in response to higher quotations for beef cuts, poultry, most fresh produce, butter, sugar and powdered skim milk. Many pork items, eggs, carrots, celery, bananas and margarine were lower in price. An upward movement of 0.3% in the housing component reflected increased tenancy and home-ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil, bedroom furniture and household cleaning supplies. The clothing index rose 0.6% mainly in response to increased laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repair charges, along with higher prices for men's footwear, jeans and sweaters. An increase in the train and inter-city bus fares indexes, and higher prices for new cars, gasoline and motor oil contributed to a 0.5% advance in the transportation index. Remaining components were virtually unchanged.

For further information, order the June issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. I.D.H. Penpraze (613-992-5805), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

(see table on page 5)

**Labour Income, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

Total labour income, not adjusted for seasonal variations, was estimated at \$5,310.1 million in May, an increase of 12.9% over the revised \$4,705.2 million of a year earlier.

Seasonally-adjusted, the May estimate of \$5,257.5 million was up 0.5% or \$27.6 million from April. Wages and salaries in the goods-producing industries advanced by 0.2% while those in the service-producing industries increased by 0.7%.

Further details will be published in the May issue of *Estimates of Labour Income* (72-005, 30¢/\$3) and additional information is available on request to Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8067), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, K1A 0V2.

(see table on page 6)



## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in this table *measure within each city* the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. *They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.\**

	All items	Food	Hous- ing**	Cloth- ing	Trans- porta- tion	Health and personal care	Recre- ation and reading	Tobacco and alcohol
	(1961=100)							
<b>St. John's</b>								
June 1973 index	139.3	148.9	128.5	140.9	127.8	152.7	121.3	161.8
May 1973 index	138.5	146.8	128.1	140.1	127.7	152.7	120.4	161.8
% change from May 1973	0.6	1.4	0.3	0.6	0.1	—	0.7	—
% change from June 1972	7.8	18.0	3.7	3.3	0.9	2.4	5.0	4.1
<b>Halifax</b>								
June 1973 index	139.4	158.4	127.4	134.7	129.4	155.0	147.3	134.7
May 1973 index	138.3	155.7	127.0	134.4	129.0	155.3	145.7	134.7
% change from May 1973	0.8	1.7	0.3	0.2	0.3	-0.2	1.1	—
% change from June 1972	7.0	17.9	2.8	3.4	3.3	2.9	4.8	2.0
<b>Saint John</b>								
June 1973 index	139.6	158.7	125.4	142.2	133.4	148.5	148.8	130.6
May 1973 index	138.8	157.1	124.9	142.0	132.8	148.1	147.6	130.6
% change from May 1973	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.8	—
% change from June 1972	7.1	16.7	3.2	4.6	2.0	5.6	5.4	2.8
<b>Montreal</b>								
June 1973 index	139.2	156.1	123.5	134.9	134.6	147.2	154.6	136.0
May 1973 index	137.7	152.8	122.8	134.2	132.9	147.6	154.0	135.4
% change from May 1973	1.1	2.2	0.6	0.5	1.3	-0.3	0.4	0.4
% change from June 1972	6.7	16.5	2.3	4.3	1.4	3.4	3.3	2.9
<b>Ottawa</b>								
June 1973 index	145.3	158.3	133.4	144.5	138.7	160.7	149.7	144.9
May 1973 index	144.0	155.6	132.9	143.2	136.7	159.8	149.6	144.9
% change from May 1973	0.9	1.7	0.4	0.9	1.5	0.6	0.1	—
% change from June 1972	7.7	15.2	4.1	7.4	4.4	6.6	5.9	1.8
<b>Toronto</b>								
June 1973 index	143.6	157.7	131.0	142.8	142.3	158.7	140.4	143.1
May 1973 index	142.5	154.7	130.3	142.4	141.7	158.4	140.5	143.1
% change from May 1973	0.8	1.9	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.2	-0.1	—
% change from June 1972	7.2	16.6	4.1	6.6	1.0	6.8	2.3	2.1
<b>Winnipeg</b>								
June 1973 index	141.0	155.0	124.8	146.1	138.1	168.4	143.6	138.2
May 1973 index	140.3	152.9	124.2	145.6	137.8	168.2	142.9	137.9
% change from May 1973	0.5	1.4	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.2
% change from June 1972	6.4	14.6	3.7	5.6	1.0	5.4	3.8	1.9
<b>Saskatoon-Regina</b>								
June 1973 index	135.7	156.2	121.5	139.2	126.9	142.4	143.6	125.6
May 1973 index	134.8	153.8	121.0	138.8	126.0	142.4	143.2	125.6
% change from May 1973	0.7	1.6	0.4	0.3	0.7	—	0.3	—
% change from June 1972	6.3	13.6	4.0	5.0	1.6	2.9	6.1	2.1
<b>Edmonton-Calgary</b>								
June 1973 index	141.1	158.9	128.0	138.9	134.8	159.3	145.8	133.6
May 1973 index	140.1	155.5	127.5	138.6	133.9	159.6	146.1	133.7
% change from May 1973	0.7	2.2	0.4	0.2	0.7	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1
% change from June 1972	6.1	12.4	2.6	4.7	2.8	3.7	4.4	6.5
<b>Vancouver</b>								
June 1973 index	140.4	163.1	126.4	140.7	136.4	150.1	129.1	125.2
May 1973 index	139.5	160.4	126.0	139.9	135.7	150.3	129.2	125.2
% change from May 1973	0.6	1.7	0.3	0.6	0.5	-0.1	-0.1	—
% change from June 1972	6.6	14.2	3.4	4.8	4.0	5.0	2.1	2.1
	base 1969=100							
<b>Quebec City</b>								
June 1973 index	113.9	122.8	110.1	107.8	116.0	111.6	111.4	108.3
May 1973 index	113.0	120.8	109.7	107.5	114.7	109.6	111.3	107.8
% change from May 1973	0.8	1.7	0.4	0.3	1.1	1.8	0.1	0.5
% change from June 1972	6.7	16.6	2.5	4.9	3.0	3.6	2.1	2.6
<b>Thunder Bay</b>								
June 1973 index	114.2	124.4	110.9	106.1	112.4	119.2	112.3	107.8
May 1973 index	113.2	122.6	110.3	105.9	110.7	119.7	112.1	107.8
% change from May 1973	0.9	1.5	0.5	0.2	1.5	-0.4	0.2	—
% change from June 1972	7.1	16.3	5.2	4.7	2.4	5.1	1.9	1.8

\* For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Table 14 of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002,404/\$4).

\*\* Includes shelter and household operation.

**Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income**

Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

	Mar./73P	Apr./73P	May/73 <sup>f</sup>	May/72
			(\$ millions)	
	<b>Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation</b>			
Agriculture . . . . .	24.5	28.5	34.2	32.3
Forestry . . . . .	50.4	45.1	56.4	41.8
Mining . . . . .	117.0	112.8	118.8	105.0
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,233.6	1,246.2	1,271.9	1,126.6
Construction . . . . .	314.1	338.5	373.4	338.4
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	511.0	542.0	553.6	487.9
Trade . . . . .	663.0	681.1	692.8	613.0
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	262.5	265.0	267.3	237.8
Service . . . . .	1,175.9	1,188.6	1,205.6	1,088.5
Public Administration and Defence* . . . . .	412.1	403.0	414.2	355.7
Total Wages & Salaries** . . . . .	4,767.7	4,854.7	4,994.0	4,431.8
Supplementary Labour Income . . . . .	315.2	313.2	316.0	273.4
<b>Total Labour Income** . . . . .</b>	<b>5,082.9</b>	<b>5,167.9</b>	<b>5,310.1</b>	<b>4,705.2</b>
	<b>Adjusted for Seasonal Variation</b>			
Agriculture . . . . .	34.3	34.3	34.4	32.5
Forestry . . . . .	63.4	61.7	61.8	46.0
Mining . . . . .	115.8	115.3	119.2	105.4
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,251.0	1,262.9	1,269.3	1,123.4
Construction . . . . .	365.6	368.5	364.1	329.6
Transportation, Storage & Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	529.2	554.5	552.6	486.9
Trade . . . . .	676.6	686.9	692.0	612.6
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate . . . . .	262.8	263.8	264.3	235.0
Service . . . . .	1,155.8	1,165.2	1,175.4	1,061.3
Public Administration and Defence* . . . . .	419.8	412.2	418.9	359.4
Total Wages & Salaries** . . . . .	4,882.9	4,931.6	4,956.7	4,396.2
Supplementary Labour Income . . . . .	295.5	298.3	300.9	260.2
<b>Total Labour Income** . . . . .</b>	<b>5,178.3</b>	<b>5,229.9</b>	<b>5,257.5</b>	<b>4,656.3</b>

<sup>f</sup> First estimates<sup>p</sup> Preliminary figures

\* Excludes military pay and allowances

\*\* Includes fishing and trapping.

**Real Domestic Product, May 1973-(Index of Industrial Production) – Advance Information.**

The index of industrial production edged up in May from the revised April level. All components, mining, manufacturing, and utilities, were little changed from April.

For further information, see the May issue of *Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry* (61-005, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. R.W. Collins (613-992-9751), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Elementary and Secondary Enrolments in Canada, 1962-72 (81-210, 75¢).**

Student population in elementary and secondary schools dipped in 1971-72 after nine years of steady growth. A special study by the Statistics Canada education division shows the student population at these levels peaked at 5,814,958 in the 1970-71 academic year and decreased to 5,814,885 in

1971-72. The historical study covers the decade since 1962-63 and thus covers years when children born during rapid family growth following the Second World War were going through the school system.

Five of the 10 provinces showed lower student population levels in 1971-72 than the year before. The other five showed slight gains, as did both the Yukon and Northwest Territories.

For further information, contact Eve Kassirer (613-994-9150), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

**Particle Board, May 1973 – Advance Information.**

Canadian firms produced 34.4 million sq. ft. (5/8" basis) of particle board in May 1973 compared to 33.2 million sq. ft. one year earlier, an increase of 4.0%.

For further information, order the May issue of *Particle Board* (36-003, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

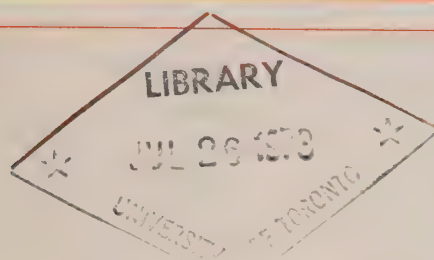
**Indexes of Industrial Production**  
(1961=100)  
(Seasonally adjusted)

		Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	
	1961 percentage weight	1973				% Change
<b>Index of Industrial Production . . . . .</b>	<b>32.415</b>	<b>212.2</b>	<b>212.3</b>	<b>212.5</b>	<b>212.7</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Mines (including milling), quarrier and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	203.7	207.8	213.7	213.3	-0.2
Metal mines . . . . .	2.484	158.5	164.7	160.5	160.4	-0.1
Mineral fuels . . . . .	1.281	311.7	308.7	337.9	335.8	-0.6
Non-metal mines except coal mines . . . . .	0.377	211.4	233.0	232.4	232.7	0.1
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	210.3	210.2	208.9	209.2	0.1
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	181.4	179.9	181.7	182.9	0.7
Foods and beverages . . . . .	3.605	168.1	168.0	163.8	166.5	1.6
Tobacco products industries . . . . .	0.220	148.9	152.6	141.4	142.4	0.7
Rubber industries . . . . .	0.419	212.6	222.6	226.8	224.7	-0.9
Leather industries . . . . .	0.308	89.3	90.1	89.3	97.6	9.3
Textile industries . . . . .	0.919	231.3	211.1	224.2	237.4	5.9
Knitting mills . . . . .	0.218	211.9	209.7	205.5	208.2	1.3
Clothing industries . . . . .	0.862	140.0	140.5	138.7	140.7	1.4
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	2.701	165.0	158.2	168.3	162.6	-3.4
Printing, publishing and allied industries . . . . .	1.346	146.6	150.1	152.2	153.0	0.5
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	0.737	190.5	198.4	197.3	201.7	2.2
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	1.751	235.4	236.1	238.0	238.7	0.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	0.847	233.1	231.7	231.2	232.3	0.5
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	246.7	248.5	243.2	242.5	-0.3
Wood industries . . . . .	1.114	217.1	210.4	211.1	216.4	2.5
Furniture and fixtures industries . . . . .	0.450	222.2	227.1	218.3	225.6	3.3
Primary metal industries . . . . .	2.207	191.3	194.1	189.4	193.4	2.1
Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) . . . . .	1.835	220.7	220.6	218.0	222.5	2.1
Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) . . . . .	0.981	232.1	235.2	236.3	243.1	2.9
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1.981	387.5	387.1	373.5	370.4	-0.8
Electrical products industries . . . . .	1.560	248.3	255.3	251.2	228.8	-8.9
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	0.882	187.0	193.2	184.8	185.2	0.2
Electric Power, Gas and Water . . . . .	2.908	242.6	238.1	241.4	241.1	-0.1





# Statistics Canada daily



Monday, July 23, 1973

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## Other Publications Released

- Agriculture, Canada Summary, 1971 Census (96-701, \$2)
- Iron and Steel Mills, 1971 (41-203, 50¢)
- Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 12 — Telegraphic Crop Report, Canada, 1973 (22-002, \$4 for series)
- Footwear Statistics, May 1973 (33-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Production of Canada's Leading Minerals, May 1973 (26-007, 10¢/\$1)
- Distilled Beverage Spirits and Industrial Ethyl Alcohol, May 1973 (32-021, 10¢/\$1)
- Silver, Lead and Zinc Production, May 1973 (26-008, 10¢/\$1)
- Copper and Nickel Production, May 1973 (26-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Breweries, May 1973 (32-019, 10¢/\$1)
- Products Made from Canadian Clays, May 1973 (44-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Radio and Television Receiving Sets, May 1973 (43-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Selected Meat and Meat Preparations, May 1973 (32-020, 10¢/\$1)
- Canadian Statistical Review Tape, July 1973 (\$150)
- Preliminary Bulletin — 1971 Census of Manufactures (31-201-8-p, \$3.50 for the series):  
Summary Statistics.

**Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports,**  
June 1973 – Published only in Statistics Canada  
Daily and Weekly.

Seasonally adjusted exports in June declined to \$1,962 million from \$2,023 million in May and \$2,043 million in April but stood slightly above the level for the first quarter of 1973. A rise of \$21 million in shipments to the United Kingdom was more than offset by declines to the United States of \$64 million and \$18 million to other countries.

Unadjusted June exports, at \$2,101 million, were \$217 million or 11.5% higher than in June 1972. The rise of \$179 million or 14% in shipments to the U.S. accounted for four-fifths of the over-all gain. Exports increased by \$37 million to Japan, \$28 million to the old EEC countries, and \$16 million to "other countries" but declined \$29 million to the Commonwealth and preferential group of countries.

Exports of lumber and crude petroleum to the U.S. recorded gains over June 1972 of \$38 million and \$34 million respectively. Automotive and related product shipments rose \$23 million. More moderate gains occurred in exports of pulp, newsprint and machinery. Shipments of non-ferrous metals were lower by \$14 million. Wheat, oil seeds, lumber and iron ore exports to overseas countries each advanced by some \$15 million. Smaller increases were recorded for coal, nickel metal and pulp.

In the first half year, exports reached \$11,946 million, up \$2,187 million or 22% from the first half of 1972. The U.S. market was responsible for \$1,514 million of the increase, with crude oil, automotive and related products, lumber, pulp, newsprint and industrial machinery accounting for some two-thirds of the gain. Apart from a decline to Latin America, exports rose to other countries. In the case of Japan, exports increased \$324 million or 76% and the country became Canada's second best customer after the U.S. About 70% of the net gain of \$673 million to all overseas countries was due to increased shipments of wheat, oil seeds, copper ores, pulp, lumber, nickel ores and metals, coal and asbestos.

While the U.S. share of Canadian exports dipped slightly to 71.1% from 71.5% in the first half of 1972, it was still substantially higher than 68.4% in 1971 and 66.6% in 1970. The United Kingdom absorbed 5.8% compared with 6.9% in 1972. The shares of the old EEC countries and Latin America also dropped.

For further information, order the June issue of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

(see tables on next page)

**Farm Cash Receipts, January-May 1973** (21-001,  
20¢/\$2)

Preliminary estimates indicate that during the January-May period of 1973 farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces

except Newfoundland totalled \$2,246.8 million compared to \$1,802.2 million during the same period of 1972. These estimates included cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops, net cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada, and supplementary payments to dairy producers. No deduction was made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

**Total Cash Receipts from Farming Operations**

	January-May	
	1973	1972
	(\$ millions)	
Prince Edward Island	33.3	17.6
Nova Scotia . . . . .	31.8	25.5
New Brunswick . . .	43.6	23.3
Quebec . . . . .	313.8	278.3
Ontario . . . . .	700.9	583.6
Manitoba . . . . .	180.2	133.4
Saskatchewan . . . .	435.2	334.4
Alberta . . . . .	410.5	326.1
British Columbia . .	97.5	80.0
<b>Canada . . . . .</b>	<b>2,246.8</b>	<b>1,802.2</b>

**Refined Petroleum Products, May 1973 – Advance Information.**

Canadian refineries produced 47.2 million barrels of refined petroleum products in May, 21% more than a year earlier.

For further information, order the May 1973 issue of *Refined Petroleum Products*, (45-004, 30¢/\$3), or *Energy Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Railway Operating Statistics, May 1973 – Advance Information.**

Railway revenues of \$182.5 million for May 1973, reported by the six major common carrier railways, were up 12.3% from \$162.4 million for May 1972. Expenses, (\$175.7 million compared to \$151.5 million for May 1972) were up 15.9%. Net income declined 37.8% from that recorded for May last year.

The year-to-date net income of \$43.2 million is an increase of 54.5% from last year's cumulative income of \$28.0 million. This increase appears to be due largely to revenues from freight traffic.

Cumulative freight car – miles increased 8.7% to 1,912,726,417 while passenger car – miles decreased 5.8% to 52,027,388.

For further information, order the May issue of *Railway Operations Statistics* (52-003, 10¢/\$1).



## Domestic Exports of Selected Commodities

## Preliminary Figures for June 1973

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change	1972	1973	Change
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Fish, excluding shellfish	15.5	18.2	17.4	21.0	23.1	10.0
Barley	4.3	2.4	-44.2	36.4	20.1	-44.8
Wheat	—	—	—	86.7	100.8	16.3
Whisky	17.6	17.3	-1.7	18.3	17.8	-2.7
Tobacco	0.2	0.5	150.0	11.0	5.8	-47.3
Oil seeds	0.5	0.6	20.0	22.8	38.1	67.1
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap	35.5	41.7	17.5	48.3	68.3	41.4
Copper in ores, concentrates and scrap	2.0	3.5	75.0	28.8	28.5	-1.0
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap	3.3	0.5	-84.8	26.3	15.1	-42.6
Zinc in ores, concentrates and scrap	1.4	1.0	-28.6	9.8	10.6	8.2
Coal	—	0.1	—	6.9	16.0	131.9
Crude Petroleum	85.2	119.5	40.3	85.2	119.5	40.3
Natural gas	25.2	27.4	8.7	25.2	27.4	8.7
Asbestos, unmanufactured	7.8	7.1	-9.0	18.5	20.7	11.9
Lumber	85.8	124.2	44.8	99.1	152.1	53.5
Wood pulp and similar pulp	41.3	48.8	18.2	72.7	86.1	18.4
Newsprint paper	79.7	91.3	14.6	100.1	111.8	11.7
Fertilizers and fertilizer materials	14.2	12.5	-12.0	16.9	16.3	-3.6
Iron and steel, including alloys	31.4	30.2	-3.8	39.3	44.6	13.5
Aluminum including alloys	18.8	13.2	-29.8	36.4	28.3	-22.3
Copper and alloys	22.9	14.6	-36.2	46.9	30.2	-35.6
Nickel and alloys	24.6	24.3	-1.2	29.1	37.6	29.2
Metal fabricated basic products	8.7	9.8	12.6	14.2	12.2	-14.1
Industrial machinery	26.7	33.5	25.5	39.6	46.2	16.7
Agricultural machinery & tractors	16.1	22.6	40.4	17.0	23.7	39.4
Passenger automobiles and chassis	225.0	227.4	1.1	230.0	227.8	-1.0
Other motor vehicles	72.4	83.4	15.2	79.3	85.5	7.8
Motor vehicle engines and engine parts	48.9	40.2	-17.8	49.0	40.3	-17.8
Other motor vehicle parts*	93.8	111.7	19.1	100.9	115.6	14.6
Aircraft, engines and parts	25.6	30.4	18.8	46.8	35.8	-23.5
Communication, related equipment	15.0	8.6	-42.7	21.3	19.8	-7.0
Office machines and equipment	13.7	12.1	-11.7	16.8	17.8	6.0
Apparel and accessories	6.6	7.1	7.6	8.1	9.5	17.3
a) All selected commodities	1,069.9	1,185.6	10.8	1,508.6	1,652.9	9.6
b) Total Domestic Exports	1,260.3	1,441.3	14.4	1,838.4	2,059.0	12.0
a) as percent of b)	84.9%	82.3%		82.1%	80.3%	
*(re-exports of mainly parts)	4.5	4.6	2.2	4.9	6.0	22.4

## Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports, June 1973.

## (Domestic Exports plus Re-exports)

	Value		Change 1972-1973
	1972	1973	
	(\$ millions)		(%)
Month of June			
United Kingdom	135.2	113.4	-16.1
Other Commonwealth and Preferential	62.0	54.9	-11.5
United States	1,297.4	1,476.5	13.8
Japan	91.0	128.3	41.0
European Economic Community*	107.6	135.5	25.9
Latin America	60.4	45.8	-24.2
Other Countries	130.7	147.0	12.5
Total Commonwealth and Preferential	197.2	168.3	-14.7
Total Others	1,687.2	1,933.1	14.6
Grand Total	1,884.4	2,101.4	11.5

(continued)

**January-June**

United Kingdom . . . . .	673.8	694.3	3.0
Other Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	287.1	396.1	38.0
United States . . . . .	6,978.8	8,493.0	21.7
Japan . . . . .	428.6	752.7	75.6
European Economic Community* . . . . .	532.6	598.8	12.4
Latin America . . . . .	301.4	274.8	-8.8
Other Countries . . . . .	556.4	736.1	32.3
Total Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	961.0	1,090.4	13.5
Total Others . . . . .	8,797.7	10,855.4	23.4
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>9,758.7</b>	<b>11,945.7</b>	<b>22.4</b>

\*Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973.

Figures may not add because of rounding.

**Exports (including re-exports)**  
Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
<b>1972</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,650	3,313	276	1,061
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,995	3,477	367	1,151
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,767	3,324	306	1,137
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,564	3,807	378	1,379
<b>1973</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,845	4,108	379	1,358
Second Quarter (preliminary) . . . . .	6,028	4,167	313	1,548
<b>1972</b>				
October . . . . .	1,841	1,216	142	483
November . . . . .	1,889	1,298	123	468
December . . . . .	1,834	1,293	113	428
<b>1973</b>				
January . . . . .	1,907	1,368	108	431
February . . . . .	1,952	1,371	116	465
March . . . . .	1,986	1,369	155	462
April . . . . .	2,043	1,357	120	566
May . . . . .	2,023	1,437	86	500
June (preliminary) . . . . .	1,962	1,373	107	482

**Cigars, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Production of cigars for June 1973 amounted to 59.4 million compared to 57.9 million for the same period of 1972.

For further information, order June 1973 issue of Service Bulletin *Tobacco and Tobacco Products*, (32-022, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 8, or contact W. Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Steel Ingots, Weekend ended July 21, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended July 21, totalled 265,105 tons, an increase of 3.5% from the preceding week's total of 256,154 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 237,049 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 144.7 in the current week, 139.8 a week earlier and 129.4 one year ago.

# Statistics Canada

## daily



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Papermakers' and Other Felts, Quarter Ended June 30, 1973 – Advance Information . . .	3

### Publications Released

- Population, Census Subdivisions, 1971 Census (92-702, \$1.50)
- Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, February 1973  
(73-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Public Libraries in Canada, 1970 (81-205, 75¢)
- Railway Freight Traffic, Third Quarter 1972 (52-002, 75¢/\$3)
- Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, July 1, 1973 (32-010, 20¢/\$2)





# Monthly Rents of Non-farm Dwellings 1971 Census — Advance Information.

Preliminary figures from the 1971 census showing monthly cash rent for tenant-occupied dwellings indicate that the average rent for Canada was \$104, up from \$65 in 1961. It is also noted that there was

considerable variation among the 10 provinces, with figures ranging from \$76 in Prince Edward Island to \$123 in Ontario.

The 1971 figures are subject to revision. Final data and more detailed geographic breakdowns will be released in *Summary Housing Characteristics (sample data)* (93-745, 50¢) and *Values and Rents* (93-732, 75¢).

## Tenant-Occupied Non-farm Dwellings Showing Monthly Cash Rent, Canada and Provinces, 1971

	Total	No Cash Rent	Monthly Cash Rent					Average monthly Cash Rent \$
			Under \$50	\$50 to \$99	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 and over	
			('000)					
<b>Canada</b> . . . . .	<b>2,366</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>846</b>	<b>1,136</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>104</b>
Newfoundland . . . . .	22	3	3	8	8	—	—	82
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	7	1	1	3	2	—	—	76
Nova Scotia . . . . .	59	5	9	17	27	2	—	96
New Brunswick . . . . .	48	4	7	20	16	—	—	80
Quebec . . . . .	837	27	74	445	272	15	5	88
Ontario . . . . .	815	30	40	186	499	53	7	123
Manitoba . . . . .	96	5	9	35	44	2	—	98
Saskatchewan . . . . .	69	5	10	29	24	—	—	83
Alberta . . . . .	162	7	12	43	95	6	1	111
British Columbia . . . . .	243	10	16	58	146	10	2	115
Yukon and Northwest Territories . . . . .	8	1	2	2	3	—	—	87

Components may not add to total due to rounding.

— Amount too small to be expressed.

## Percentage Distribution of Tenant-Occupied Non-farm Dwellings Showing Monthly Cash Rent, Canada and Provinces, 1971

	Total	No Cash Rent	Monthly Cash Rent					Average monthly Cash Rent \$
			Under \$50	\$50 to \$99	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 and over	
			%					
<b>Canada</b> . . . . .	<b>100.0</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>35.8</b>	<b>48.0</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>104</b>
Newfoundland . . . . .	100.0	11.7	13.6	36.2	37.0	1.2	0.2	82
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	100.0	11.1	13.1	43.0	32.3	0.3	0.1	76
Nova Scotia . . . . .	100.0	8.4	14.7	28.1	45.4	3.1	0.4	96
New Brunswick . . . . .	100.0	7.9	14.6	42.7	34.2	0.4	0.2	80
Quebec . . . . .	100.0	3.2	8.8	53.1	32.5	1.8	0.6	88
Ontario . . . . .	100.0	3.7	4.9	22.9	61.2	6.5	0.9	123
Manitoba . . . . .	100.0	5.4	9.6	36.7	45.8	2.2	0.3	98
Saskatchewan . . . . .	100.0	6.8	14.7	42.2	35.5	0.7	0.2	83
Alberta . . . . .	100.0	4.4	7.3	26.2	58.2	3.6	0.3	111
British Columbia . . . . .	100.0	4.0	6.5	24.1	60.4	4.3	0.8	115
Yukon and Northwest Territories . . . . .	100.0	8.4	26.1	21.1	39.0	5.0	0.4	87

Components may not add to total due to rounding.

## Gas Utilities, May 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian consumers purchased 95.4 billion cubic feet of natural gas in May, up 15.5% from 82.6 billion a year earlier. Exports rose to 85.6 billion cubic feet from 83.7 billion.

For further information, order the May issue of *Gas Utilities* (55-002, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin*, Vol. 7, No. 48 (57-002, \$3 a year), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Weekly Railway Carloadings, July 7 1973 — Advance Information.**

Railways in Canada loaded 5.07 million tons of revenue carload freight during the 7-day period ending July 7. This was 33.6% more than in the comparable period of 1972. Year-to-date loadings increased 15.3%. The increase in Eastern loadings is largely due to a major strike at iron mines in Quebec and Labrador during the same period of 1972.

For further information order the July issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2).

7-day period ending July 7	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,049,693	2,018,241	5,067,934
Tons, 1972 .....	1,535,804	2,257,385	3,793,189
% change .....	98.6	-10.6	33.6
Cars, 1973 .....	46,949	32,988	79,937
Cars, 1972 .....	31,138	37,866	69,004
% change .....	50.8	-12.9	15.8
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	103,078	44,809	147,887
Tons, 1972 .....	112,904	42,600	155,504
% change .....	-8.7	5.2	-4.9
Cars, 1973 .....	4,664	2,299	6,963
Cars, 1972 .....	4,451	2,062	6,513
% change .....	4.8	11.5	6.9
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	67,018,641	55,508,269	122,526,910
Tons, 1972 .....	56,774,230	49,484,616	106,258,846
% change .....	18.0	12.2	15.3
Cars, 1973 .....	1,222,746	906,408	2,129,154
Cars, 1972 .....	1,080,492	847,804	1,928,296
% change .....	13.2	6.9	10.4
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,231,575	1,250,640	4,482,215
Tons, 1972 .....	2,472,989	1,104,723	3,577,712
% change .....	30.7	13.2	25.3
Cars, 1973 .....	135,139	61,900	197,039
Cars, 1972 .....	109,712	53,275	162,987
% change .....	23.2	16.2	20.9

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

**Decorative Laminate Sheet, Second Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian factories shipped, to domestic customers, 22.8 million square feet of 1/8" high pressure laminate sheet valued at \$6.27 million in the second quarter of 1973, compared to 21.6 million square feet and \$5.98 million a year earlier. They shipped 3.76 million square feet of backing laminate valued at \$280,818, up from 3.58 million square feet and \$253,300 last year.

For further information, order the June quarter issue of the service bulletin *Rubber and Plastic Products Industries* (47-002, \$1) Vol. 2, No. 5, or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-2231) Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Papermakers' and Other Felts, Quarter ended June 1973 — Advance Information.**

During the second quarter of 1973, Canadian manufacturers shipped 424,497 pounds of woven and/or needled papermakers' felts and jackets valued at \$4,260,891 to Canadian mills; this compared with 432,759 pounds and \$4,097,426 a year earlier.

For further information order Service Bulletin No. 7, *Miscellaneous Industries* (47-003, \$1 per year), or contact Larry Clarke (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.





# Statistics Canada

## daily

Tuesday, July 24, 1973

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### Publications Released

**Interprovincial Movement of Children in Canada, 1971-1972** (81-216, 25¢)

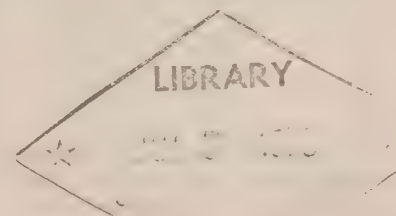
**Housing Starts and Completions, May 1973** (64-002, 30¢/\$3)

**Retail Trade, May 1973** (63-005, 30¢/\$3)

**Service Bulletins — Energy** (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 47, Electric Energy Statistics, May 1973;

**Metals and Minerals** (41-010, \$2 a year), Vol. 1, No. 12, Consumption of Nickel, 1972;

**Fish and Fish Products** (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 51, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Newfoundland, June 1973.



**Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, May 1973 – Advance Information.**

Initial and renewal claims for unemployment insurance were 157,000 in May, an increase of 5% from the April total of 150,000 and 10% less than the 175,000 received in May 1972.

At the end of May, 810,000 claimants were registered for unemployment insurance benefit, a decline of 12% from the April count of 921,000 and fractionally lower than the 814,000 claimants reported at May 31, 1972.

Benefit paid to claimants in May declined to \$179 million, 11% less than the \$202 million for April and a drop of 4% from the \$186 million for May 1972. Claimants received 2.66 million weeks of benefit in May, down 10% from the April total of 2.95 million and 12% less than the 3.03 million in May 1972. The average weekly payment dropped 1% to \$67.70 from the previous month's average of \$68.56. It was 10% more than the year-earlier payment of \$61.53.

	Initial and Renewal Claims Received			Claimants* Reporting to District Offices			Benefit Paid** (\$000)		
	May 1973	Apr. 1973	May 1972	May 31 1973	Apr.30 1973	May 31 1972	May 1973	Apr. 1973	May 1972
Newfoundland . . . . .	4,170	4,872	3,783	39,317	43,738	32,166	9,019	9,365	7,412
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	647	610	627	6,370	8,547	5,469	1,263	1,868	1,238
New Brunswick . . . . .	6,384	5,129	5,887	35,839	43,545	34,471	7,077	8,763	7,043
Quebec . . . . .	4,579	4,681	5,182	40,716	46,855	36,791	8,686	10,318	7,993
Ontario . . . . .	47,726	42,765	48,367	244,301	271,792	248,187	58,184	59,698	57,301
Manitoba . . . . .	55,319	53,757	63,536	246,361	277,310	254,523	51,422	63,254	59,446
Saskatchewan . . . . .	5,528	5,360	6,230	28,093	33,029	29,278	6,218	6,426	6,535
Alberta . . . . .	3,462	3,969	3,966	21,950	28,652	22,436	5,036	6,037	4,974
British Columbia . . . . .	10,000	10,508	11,928	45,550	54,018	48,654	9,611	10,109	11,020
Yukon Territory . . . . .	18,757	17,909	24,798	99,565	111,466	100,152	23,028	26,043	23,272
Northwest Territories . . . . .	139	151	157	1,064	1,227	926	278	354	259
Outside Canada . . . . .	175	147	151	930	982	504	212	222	104
Adjustments***	50	80	70	265	281	179	49	54	42
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>156,936</b>	<b>149,938</b>	<b>174,682</b>	<b>810,321</b>	<b>921,442</b>	<b>813,736</b>	<b>178,793</b>	<b>201,912</b>	<b>185,702</b>

	Weeks Paid			Average Weekly Payment (\$)		
	May 1973	April 1973	May 1972	May 1973	April 1973	May 1972
Newfoundland . . . . .	141,664	145,708	127,026	63.66	64.27	58.35
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	23,993	33,856	26,326	52.63	55.17	47.02
Nova Scotia . . . . .	117,110	141,705	133,930	60.43	61.84	52.59
New Brunswick . . . . .	146,364	169,691	151,872	59.34	60.80	52.63
Quebec . . . . .	847,415	863,056	917,127	68.66	69.17	62.48
Ontario . . . . .	749,280	902,026	960,724	68.63	70.12	61.88
Manitoba . . . . .	93,518	95,874	110,071	66.49	67.03	59.37
Saskatchewan . . . . .	81,442	92,039	83,234	65.15	65.60	59.76
Alberta . . . . .	135,760	142,145	166,652	70.79	71.12	66.13
British Columbia . . . . .	320,647	359,715	350,465	71.82	72.40	66.40
Yukon Territory . . . . .	3,595	4,540	3,649	77.35	77.90	71.03
Northwest Territories . . . . .	2,743	2,915	1,552	77.21	76.30	67.31
Outside Canada . . . . .	633	683	613	76.83	79.36	68.80
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>2,664,164</b>	<b>2,953,953</b>	<b>3,033,241</b>	<b>67.70</b>	<b>68.56</b>	<b>61.53</b>

\* These figures are overstated by 20% to 25% in terms of active files. If a claimant does not report due to becoming re-employed, a period of 5 weeks is allowed to elapse before his claim is transferred to the inactive file.

\*\* May not add to "Canada" totals due to rounding.

\*\*\* Cancelled warrants and collection of overpayments.

For further information, order the May 1973 issue of *Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act* (73-001, 20¢) or contact Mr. George Fincham (613-992-7461), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

**Real Domestic Product, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

Real Domestic Product in May was level with April and has been almost unchanged for three months following substantial increases in January and February.

Agriculture, residential construction, wholesale trade and gas distribution provided the main strength in the month. For distilleries, increased exports were a factor in the output increase. Colder than normal weather in May in eastern Canada accounted for the gas distribution increase and an increase in fuel oil dealers.

Weakness in the month occurred in rail transport, electric power utilities, motor vehicle dealers, motor vehicle manufacturers and in two strike-affected industries, shipbuilding and communications equipment. For both motor vehicle dealers and motor vehicle manufacturers this was the second consecutive monthly decline. However, output levels are still more than 12% above May 1972. The pulp and paper decline followed a substantial increase in April. For the first five months of the year pulp and paper output exhibited erratic movements, partly due to purchases made in advance of announced price increases.

For further information, order the May issue of *Indexes of Real Domestic Product* (61-005, 20¢/\$2).

**Indexes of Real Domestic Product**

(1961=100)

(Seasonally adjusted)

	1961 percent- age weight	Mar.	1973 Apr.	May	% Change
<b>Real Domestic Product</b> . . . . .	<b>100.000</b>	<b>197.3</b>	<b>197.8</b>	<b>197.8</b>	<b>—</b>
Agriculture . . . . .	4,525	143.9	145.3	149.6	3.0
Forestry . . . . .	1,231	174.6	169.8	166.4	-2.0
Fishing and trapping . . . . .	0,259	99.0	100.9	74.4	-26.3
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4,564	207.8	213.7	213.3	-0.2
Manufacturing . . . . .	24,943	210.2	208.9	209.2	0.1
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13,933	179.9	181.7	182.9	0.7
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11,010	248.5	243.2	242.5	-0.3
Construction . . . . .	5,803	171.6	171.6	175.3	2.2
Transportation, storage and communication . . . . .	9,910	216.9	218.2	215.5	-1.3
Transportation . . . . .	6,873	225.2	226.8	223.3	-1.5
Air transport . . . . .	0,463	495.4	498.8	503.8	1.0
Railway transport . . . . .	2,859	217.6	216.7	208.1	-4.0
Bus transport, interurban and rural . . . . .	0,096	206.9	205.9	203.1	-1.4
Urban transit systems . . . . .	0,303	114.9	115.1	117.2	1.8
Pipeline transport . . . . .	0,451	375.1	397.7	388.1	-2.4
Storage . . . . .	0,299	138.5	139.6	123.3	-11.7
Grain elevators . . . . .	0,211	127.8	130.0	107.4	-17.4
Communication . . . . .	2,738	204.5	205.4	206.1	0.3
Electric power, gas and water utilities . . . . .	2,908	238.1	241.4	241.1	-0.1
Trade . . . . .	12,973	195.9	195.2	194.6	-0.3
Wholesale trade . . . . .	4,906	213.7	212.2	214.4	1.0
Wholesale merchants . . . . .	3,491	230.8	228.7	230.3	0.7
Retail trade . . . . .	8,067	185.0	184.9	182.6	-1.2
Food stores . . . . .	1,552	150.3	148.6	149.0	0.3
Department stores . . . . .	1,161	208.9	208.5	208.4	-
General stores . . . . .	0,239	102.5	96.0	97.7	1.8
Variety stores . . . . .	0,301	248.9	249.4	238.7	-4.3
Motor vehicle dealers . . . . .	0,926	251.4	257.6	233.0	-9.6
Clothing stores . . . . .	0,507	175.5	164.1	160.7	-2.1
Shoe stores . . . . .	0,119	149.2	141.5	131.0	-7.4
Hardware stores . . . . .	0,167	129.8	133.1	126.6	-4.9
Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores . . . . .	0,345	161.7	175.7	165.5	-5.8
Drug stores . . . . .	0,343	193.0	196.6	199.7	1.6
Finance, insurance and real estate . . . . .	11,831	204.1	205.5	206.0	0.2
Community, business and personal service industries . . . . .	13,821	201.9	202.7	202.6	-
Education and related services . . . . .	3,450	243.4	244.5	244.0	-0.2
Health and welfare services . . . . .	3,476	196.7	197.4	197.8	0.2
Motion picture and recreational services . . . . .	0,400	195.7	198.4	198.8	0.2
Services to business management . . . . .	1,616	224.9	225.3	225.8	0.2
Personal services . . . . .	3,766	153.4	154.5	153.6	-0.6
Hotels, restaurants and taverns . . . . .	2,212	171.7	172.9	171.3	-0.9
Public administration and defence . . . . .	7,232	147.6	148.1	148.5	0.2

(continued)



**Special industry groupings**

Real Domestic Product less agriculture . . . . .	95,475	199.9	200.2	200.1	-0.1
Foods-producing industries . . . . .	44,233	198.3	198.4	199.2	0.4
Goods-producing industries less agriculture . . . . .	39,708	204.5	204.4	204.9	0.2
Service-producing industries . . . . .	55,767	196.6	197.2	196.7	-0.3
Commercial industries . . . . .	85,478	201.2	201.6	201.7	—
Commercial industries less agriculture . . . . .	80,953	204.4	204.8	204.6	-0.1
Non-commercial industries . . . . .	14,522	174.6	174.9	175.0	—
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32,415	212.3	212.5	212.7	0.1

**Building Permits, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

## Value of residential and non-residential construction

May 1973	Total number of dwelling units	Residen- tial	Indus- trial	Commer- cial (\$'000)	Institu- tional and govern- mental	Total
Newfoundland . . . . .	198	4,123	131	1,311	29,087	34,652
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	16	343	12	101	3,149	3,605
Nova Scotia . . . . .	641	9,826	182	3,192	152	13,352
New Brunswick . . . . .	528	9,455	150,190	8,312	714	168,671
Quebec . . . . .	5,525	80,675	11,049	38,290	17,710	147,724
Ontario . . . . .	13,601	257,163	41,011	73,469	20,569	392,212
Manitoba . . . . .	1,194	16,467	2,825	5,589	1,565	26,446
Saskatchewan . . . . .	614	11,293	1,114	8,383	811	21,601
Alberta . . . . .	2,722	46,550	2,797	28,152	14,920	92,419
British Columbia . . . . .	3,327	62,635	11,925	13,798	3,611	91,969
Yukon . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northwest Territories . . . . .	107	1,525	—	131	—	1,656
<b>Canada — Unadjusted . . . . .</b>	<b>28,473</b>	<b>500,055</b>	<b>221,236</b>	<b>180,728</b>	<b>92,288</b>	<b>994,307</b>
<b>Canada — Adjusted . . . . .</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>389,327</b>	<b>258,574</b>	<b>146,372</b>	<b>89,897</b>	<b>884,170</b>
<b>Metropolitan Areas . . . . .</b>	<b>18,758</b>	<b>327,755</b>	<b>200,630</b>	<b>122,445</b>	<b>69,913</b>	<b>720,743</b>
Calgary . . . . .	982	13,914	1,418	5,739	12,539	33,610
Chicoutimi-Jonquière . . . . .	218	3,347	84	866	147	4,444
Edmonton . . . . .	901	16,789	580	16,028	795	34,192
Halifax . . . . .	406	5,956	54	841	151	7,002
Hamilton . . . . .	844	17,461	1,729	2,393	209	21,792
Hull . . . . .	400	6,230	56	3,021	2,527	11,834
Kitchener . . . . .	515	7,119	1,313	767	40	9,239
London . . . . .	76	1,506	409	359	18	2,292
Montreal . . . . .	2,534	33,231	7,808	16,058	5,620	62,717
Ottawa . . . . .	1,289	18,828	747	4,266	4,404	28,245
Quebec . . . . .	292	5,310	93	1,049	92	6,544
Regina . . . . .	186	3,482	177	6,906	561	11,126
St. Catharines-Niagara . . . . .	557	10,341	427	1,213	363	12,344
Saint John . . . . .	57	1,247	150,013	979	28	152,267
St. John's . . . . .	76	2,376	94	1,019	29,065	32,554
Saskatoon . . . . .	127	2,293	617	1,054	81	4,045
Sudbury . . . . .	263	5,153	—	1,569	—	6,722
Thunder Bay . . . . .	106	2,201	53	674	648	3,576
Toronto . . . . .	5,503	111,605	26,016	43,315	9,886	190,822
Vancouver . . . . .	1,798	33,802	4,156	7,573	1,223	46,754
Victoria . . . . .	355	6,614	453	1,344	241	8,652
Windsor . . . . .	323	6,929	1,586	1,156	34	9,705
Winnipeg . . . . .	950	12,021	2,747	4,256	1,241	20,265

*Preliminary figures.*For further information order *Building Permits, May 1973* (64-001, 30¢/\$3).**Coal and Coke Statistics, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

May coal production increased 1.7% to 1.85 million tons from 1.82 million tons a year earlier. Imports increased to 2.54 million tons from 2.28 million.

Industrial consumers used 1.22 million tons of coal, up by 152,894 tons, and 499,899 tons of coke, up 28,132 tons.

For further information, order the May 1973 issue of *Coal and Coke Statistics* (45-002, 30¢/\$3), or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Statistics Canada

## daily

Wednesday, July 25, 1973

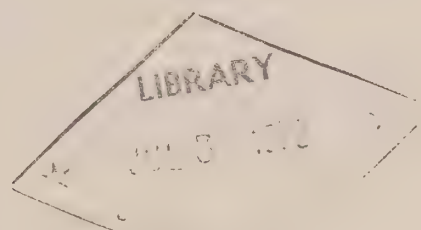
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### Publications Released

Fluid Milk Sales, May 1973 (23-002, 10¢/\$1)

Particle Board, May 1973 (36-003, 10¢/\$1)



## Employment, Earnings and Hours, May 1973 Advance Information.

The first estimate of the seasonally-adjusted industrial composite index of employment for Canada (1961=100) for May showed a decline from the level recorded in April. Gains in mining, manufacturing, construction and finance, insurance and real estate were more than offset by decreases in the remaining industry divisions. The level of employment fell in Quebec and the Prairie region, but increased in the remaining regions.

Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence. All statistics are based on returns received from employers having 20 or more employees in any month of the year.

Average weekly earnings increased in May at the Canada composite level. Gains were recorded in all industry divisions and all five regions contributed to the over-all advance. Among the industry divisions for which data on hourly-rated wage-earners are available, average weekly hours rose in May in mining and construction and declined slightly in manufacturing. At the same time, increased hourly earnings were recorded in mining and manufacturing. A decrease occurred in construction.

Preliminary data for April 1973 showed a seasonally-adjusted month-to-month rise of 0.6% in the industrial composite index of employment for Canada as increases in forestry, manufacturing, construction and service outweighed declines in the remaining industry divisions. Only Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan failed to record increased employment between April and May.

Compared with April 1972, the unadjusted composite index showed a rise of 3.9%. Gains were recorded in all industry divisions except mining and construction. Over the year, the provincial increases in employment ranged from 1.2% in P.E.I. to 5.4% in Alberta.

Seasonally-adjusted, average weekly earnings in April showed almost no change from the previous month at the Canada composite level. The most substantial changes in the month were the increases in transportation, communication and other utilities (2.7%) and trade (1.9%) and declines in forestry (3.6%) and construction (3.2%). Increased earnings were recorded in April in all provinces except Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick and Quebec.

Over the year, the level of average weekly earnings for the unadjusted Canada composite showed a rise of 7.1%. The largest increases were in mining and forestry. The provincial advances ranged from 4.7% in New Brunswick and Saskatchewan to 9.4% in Nova Scotia.

Average weekly hours declined on a seasonally-adjusted basis in mining, manufacturing and construction in April while average hourly earnings rose in mining and manufacturing and showed no change in construction.

Unadjusted for seasonal variations, hours worked were down in all three industry divisions over the year, while average hourly earnings showed increases of 14.3% in mining, 8.6% in manufacturing and 9.6% in construction.

Detailed information for March and April will be published in the May 1973 issue of *Employment, Earnings and Hours* (72-002, 40¢/\$4), and is also available from Mr. R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

(see tables on next page)

## Summary of Canada's Foreign Trade with Commonwealth Countries (other than the United Kingdom) — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.

Between 1962 and 1972, Canada's exports to Commonwealth countries, other than the United Kingdom, almost doubled to \$566 million from \$286 million while imports increased 136% to \$662 million. A summary of recent developments in Canada's trade with the United Kingdom was included in Statistics Canada Daily Bulletin of July 13, 1973.

Because of the unequal expansion, the balance in the two-way trade with other Commonwealth countries, slightly in favour of Canada in 1962, changed to a deficit of close to \$100 million in 1972. In 1971, however, there was a surplus of some \$70 million, reversed due largely to the trade balance becoming less favourable in 1972 with Australia, India and Hong Kong.

Canada's trade with Commonwealth countries, widely dispersed geographically and comprising a variety of political systems at different stages of economic development, has been characterized by its fluctuating course. It has been affected by changes in international supply and demand of important primary products, their price shifts on the world market and the changing nature of Canada's economic aid program. In recent years there has generally been an exchange of Canadian fabricated materials and manufactured goods for food, crude materials and some apparel from overseas sources.

Australia, which purchased some \$160 million or 28% of Canadian exports to Commonwealth countries and supplied close to \$200 million of the imports, was the leading trading partner in 1972. Over four-fifths of the exports comprised fabricated materials and end products. Roughly two-thirds of Canadian imports from Australia was in meat, raw sugar and other foodstuff. During the year, lower Australian demand for newsprint, machinery and

(continued on page 4)



## Advance Employment, Earnings and Hours Data, May 1973

Industry Division and Area		Employment Index Numbers																				
		Unadjusted for seasonal variations						Seasonally-adjusted														
		May 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Apr. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1973 <sup>r</sup>	May 1972	Apr. 1972	May 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Apr. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1973 <sup>r</sup>											
		1961=100																				
Industry Division:																						
Forestry		82.9	64.6	70.4	73.3	71.6	51.3	89.7	98.0	96.2	88.6											
Mining		112.1	107.8	110.1	110.1	111.8	109.2	112.0	108.5	111.1	111.5											
Manufacturing		130.0	127.3	126.1	124.8	124.6	122.1	129.3	129.0	128.1	127.2											
Durables		144.2	141.8	140.2	138.7	135.8	133.7	143.2	142.4	141.2	140.1											
Non-durables		118.5	115.5	114.7	113.6	115.4	112.7	118.8	118.1	117.6	116.6											
Construction		112.4	102.2	93.7	91.9	110.2	102.4	112.8	110.2	106.4	105.1											
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities		119.8	117.0	116.3	114.8	115.6	114.3		119.5	120.5	118.7											
Trade		150.9	150.4	149.7	147.9	145.9	143.8	152.0	152.7	153.0	152.3											
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate		154.0	152.6	153.2	151.8	148.5	147.6	153.8	153.5	153.6	152.3											
Service		204.8	199.6	195.8	192.9	195.6	190.8	203.3	203.6	202.7	200.9											
Industrial Composite		135.5	132.3	130.8	129.3	130.3	127.3	135.2	135.5	134.7	134.0											
Industrial Composite:																						
Atlantic Region		125.0	117.2	116.4	115.0	122.0	114.3	125.9	124.6	125.0	123.4											
Newfoundland		132.2	119.8	117.5	119.4	127.3	118.1	135.4	130.5	128.4	131.9											
Prince Edward Island		142.2	129.2	124.0	118.7	140.5	127.7	142.5	147.1	146.7	141.4											
Nova Scotia		119.6	115.7	115.5	113.0	117.8	111.8	120.4	119.3	121.6	119.0											
New Brunswick		125.2	116.3	116.0	114.1	122.0	113.6	125.2	125.6	125.1	122.3											
Quebec		125.1	122.2	120.9	119.6	119.7	117.2	125.1	125.9	125.6	124.1											
Ontario		140.1	137.3	136.0	135.1	135.4	132.2	139.7	139.2	138.9	138.1											
Prairie Region		132.7	130.1	128.9	127.4	130.0	125.6	132.7	134.7	133.2	132.4											
Manitoba		119.5	117.4	116.0	115.2	119.2	115.8	119.6	120.7	119.7	119.6											
Saskatchewan		120.4	116.7	114.8	113.5	118.9	113.5	119.5	120.4	120.5	120.4											
Alberta		148.8	146.2	145.5	143.2	143.5	138.7	148.9	151.6	149.9	148.0											
British Columbia		157.2	153.8	151.9	147.9	146.0	148.6	156.9	156.7	155.3	153.6											
Yukon		163.6	155.3	151.1	147.4	170.8	164.5	155.2	158.3	158.4	156.8											
Northwest Territories		162.4	149.3	132.9	127.0	157.0	150.2	160.4	160.9	148.2	142.5											
Canada		135.5	132.3	130.8	129.3	130.3	127.3	135.2	135.5	134.7	134.0											
		Average Weekly Earnings																				
Industry Division and Area		Unadjusted for seasonal variations						Seasonally-adjusted														
		May 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Apr. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1973 <sup>r</sup>	May 1972	Apr. 1972	May 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Apr. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1973 <sup>r</sup>											
Industry Division:																						
Forestry		193.40	196.95	202.81	200.55	161.62	178.79	202.90	185.82	192.66	191.35											
Mining		210.24	208.44	207.34	206.36	186.60	187.00	210.66	206.65	203.49	202.04											
Manufacturing		166.38	165.61	165.88	164.41	154.19	155.29	165.44	164.43	164.69	163.43											
Durables		178.77	177.36	178.38	176.27	165.52	167.49	178.04	176.78	177.69	175.34											
Non-durables		154.14	153.91	153.48	152.67	143.33	143.52	153.22	152.57	152.11	151.82											
Construction		220.52	218.40	226.06	224.44	203.40	211.38	218.25	216.43	223.69	221.76											
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities		182.48	178.72	174.24	174.18	166.59	165.86		178.99	174.31	173.71											
Trade		128.29	126.50	123.53	122.54	116.91	115.96	127.61	125.75	123.42	122.58											
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate		154.16	152.48	152.33	150.95	139.75	139.73	153.04	151.24	151.90	152.09											
Service		115.45	114.13	112.70	112.55	106.71	105.32	115.27	113.40	111.94	111.95											
Industrial Composite		160.32	158.27	157.44	156.46	147.38	147.76	159.87	157.53	157.49	156.15											
Industrial Composite:																						
Atlantic Region		135.82	134.12	133.54	134.10	122.59	125.12	136.75	132.42	130.12	131.72											
Newfoundland		144.04	142.95	140.42	141.19	131.15	133.75	144.50	142.17	136.60	137.75											
Prince Edward Island		112.39	109.77	110.37	109.24	99.44	100.59	112.27	106.44	106.92	105.18											
Nova Scotia		137.29	133.53	132.14	132.51	121.27	122.07	137.03	132.33	129.30	130.30											
New Brunswick		130.90	131.34	132.94	133.52	120.75	125.39	133.31	129.60	130.32	129.57											
Quebec		152.84	150.24	149.96	149.39	142.38	141.95	152.16	150.01	150.13	149.54											
Ontario		166.48	165.10	163.77	162.84	152.76	153.34	165.34	164.31	164.16	162.23											
Prairie Region		153.86	151.01	149.28	148.12	140.23	140.15	153.74	150.89	148.63	147.25											
Manitoba		145.61	143.28	141.96	139.88	133.57	133.57	145.57	143.17	141.69	140.55											
Saskatchewan		141.30	138.68	137.42	137.20	131.90	132.48	140.51	138.64	137.89	137.38											
Alberta		163.55	160.23	157.97	157.20	147.67	147.33	164.22	160.62	157.04	155.75											
British Columbia		178.75	175.49	174.27	172.77	161.70	161.82	178.93	174.82	173.92	172.75											
Yukon		220.85	217.89	206.90	205.59	190.19	190.81	217.07	218.20	207.36	209.44											
Northwest Territories		176.34	173.72	187.42	186.24	194.30	190.44	180.97	174.47	181.40	184.14											
Canada		160.32	158.27	157.44	156.46	147.38	147.76	159.87	157.53	157.49	156.15											
		Average Weekly Hours				Average Hourly Earnings				Average Weekly Hours		Average Hourly Earnings										
Industry Division and Area		Unadjusted for seasonal variations						Seasonally-adjusted														
		May 73 <sup>f</sup>	Apr. 73 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 73 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 73 <sup>r</sup>	May 72	Apr. 72	May 73 <sup>f</sup>	Apr. 73 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 73 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 73 <sup>r</sup>	May 73 <sup>f</sup>	Apr. 73 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 73 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 73 <sup>r</sup>							
		number						dollars						number								
Industry Division:																						
Mining including milling		40.8	40.2	40.9	41.2	40.1	40.3	4.82	4.81	4.71	4.67	4.26	4.21	41.0	40.2	40.4	40.9	4.83	4.79	4.66	4.62	
Manufacturing		39.6	39.6	40.3	40.2	39.8	40.3	3.83	3.80	3.76	3.72	3.51	3.50	39.4	39.5	40.2	40.2	3.82	3.78	3.75	3.72	
Durables		40.2	40.3	41.1	40.9	40.3	40.9	4.15	4.08	4.05	4.00	3.78	3.78	40.0	40.2	41.1	40.9	4.13	4.07	4.05	4.00	
Non-durables		39.0	38.9	39.5	39.5	39.2	39.7	3.50	3.50	3.44	3.41	3.24	3.21	38.9	38.8	39.3	39.4	3.49	3.49	3.42	3.41	
Construction		39.7	38.4	40.1	39.9	39.9	40.9	5.45	5.60	5.59	5.60	5.00	5.11	39.1	38.7	41.0	40.0	5.46	5.51	5.51	5.50	
Building		36.9	37.0	39.0	38.4	37.6	39.6	5.79	5.76	5.77	5.76	5.21	5.22	36.8	36.5	39.5	38.2	5.82	5.75	5.75	5.70	
Engineering		44.8	41.5	43.0	43.4	44.2	44.0	4.96	5.29	5.19	5.24	4.65	4.90	44.1	43.1	44.5	44.1	4.98	5.08	5.04	5.11	
Manufacturing:																						
Atlantic Region		39.5	40.2	40.4	39.8	39.0	40.3	3.14	3.17	3.17	3.18	2.86	2.90	38.8	39.7	40.0	39.5	3.20	3.15	3.11	3.09	
Quebec		39.9	39.7	40.6	40.8	40.5	40.9	3.31	3.30	3.25	3.22	3.09	3.06	39.6	39.5	40.4	40.6	3.29	3.29	3.25	3.22	
Ontario		40.0	40.1	40.7	40.6	39.9	40.6	4.07	4.00	3.97	3.93	3.71	3.70	39.7	39.9	40.8	40.6	4.04	3.98	3.96	3.92	
Prairie Region		38.7	38.4	38.6	38.5	38.7	38.8	3.80	3.77	3.67	3.62	3.46	3.43	38.6	38.5	38.4	38.7	3.79	3.77	3.69	3.64	
British Columbia		37.4	37.0	38.2	37.7	37.4	38.2	4.84	4.84	4.73	4.74	4.35	4.33	37.4	36.9	37.7	37.3	4.86	4.83	4.71	4.71	

- figures not available - f - first estimate based on a limited number of returns - p - preliminary figures - r - revised figures

Wednesday, July 25, 1973

motor vehicle parts contributed to a decline of \$26 million in exports. The increase of more than 50% in imports to some \$195 million in 1972 was principally attributable to meat and raw sugar, whose unit value rose 36% to \$6.60 a hundredweight.

India followed Australia in importance in trade, accounting for 17.5% (almost \$100 million) of exports and 6.5% (close to \$45 million) of the import total in 1972. Three-fifths of the exports constituted industrial materials, including newspaper, fertilizers and metals, but wheat shipments were well below the average for recent years. In 1971, wheat amounting to some \$40 million was donated to India, while there were shipments of only \$6 million in 1972 of rapeseed and milk powder under Canada's food aid program.

In 1972, Canada's exports and imports from New Zealand each totalled roughly \$40 million, representing 7% and 6.5% respectively of Canada's two-way trade with Commonwealth countries. Fabricated materials, such as fertilizer and metals, and manufactured goods, such as machinery and scientific equipment, were important export commodities. Imports were concentrated in meats, wool and other farm products. Exports totalling \$40 million to Pakistan and Bangladesh included wheat (some \$24 million as food aid), rapeseed and other foodstuff. Shipments to Hong Kong comprised wheat, newsprint, plastics, aluminum and zinc metals. Imports, which rose 31% to \$105 million in 1972, included radios (\$8 million), clothing (\$45 million, of which outerwear amounted to \$37 million) and a variety of consumer products.

Nigeria was an important source of Canadian imports, accounting for about \$60 million, or 9% of the total. Crude petroleum and cocoa beans were preponderant.

Tin (\$14 million), natural rubber (\$6 million) and palm oil (\$6 million) accounted for over four-fifths of the Canadian imports of \$32 million from Malaysia in 1972. Natural rubber represented 45% in value of imports from Singapore of \$26 million, while canned pineapple and radios were of lesser importance.

Canadian commodities valued at nearly \$120 million or 21% of total exports were shipped to Commonwealth countries in the western hemisphere. These countries provided \$77 million or 12% of the imports in 1972. Fish, wheat, paper, metals, machinery and personal goods were among the exports of \$40 million to Jamaica.

At \$250 million in the first four months of 1973, Canadian exports to Commonwealth countries were up \$88 million or 54% over the same period of 1972. Some 90% of the increase was attributable to enhanced shipments to India (up \$37 million), Bangladesh (up \$15 million), Nigeria (up \$11 million), Australia (up \$9 million), Malaysia (up \$5 million) and Pakistan (up \$3 million). Large commercial shipments of wheat alone accounted for the rise in total exports to India. Exports of railway rolling stock and wheat contributed to the increase to Nigeria.

Canadian imports rose \$24 million or 13% to \$206 million in the first four months of 1973, due largely to increases of \$14 million in purchases of meat from Australia and New Zealand and \$10 million for crude petroleum from Nigeria.

For further information contact Mr. W.M. MacLeod (613-992-8896), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

#### Leading Import Commodities from Commonwealth Countries

	1971	1972	1972 Jan. to Apr.	1973
			(\$ million)	
Foodstuffs, etc.	203.2	269.4	68.1	91.8
Industrial materials	165.4	158.0	48.5	53.8
Fabricated materials	85.8	105.8	25.0	18.5
End products, etc.	92.8	129.1	39.9	41.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>547.2</b>	<b>662.3</b>	<b>181.5</b>	<b>205.9</b>
<b>Major Items</b>				
Meat and preparations	58.6	87.7	24.0	37.9
Raw sugar	66.2	89.8	21.6	19.0
Rubber and allied gums	17.0	17.7	4.9	6.9
Aluminum ores	68.8	50.1	16.5	15.2
Crude petroleum	48.1	56.7	16.2	26.5
Broad woven fabrics	28.1	32.5	9.5	7.3
Vegetable oils and fats	8.2	9.7	1.3	0.1
Fuel oil	18.8	18.1	4.9	4.3
Iron	13.3	15.4	2.8	1.5
Personal and household goods	62.2	78.1	26.9	25.0

(continued)

## Leading Export Commodities to Commonwealth Countries

	1971	1972	1972	Jan. to Apr. 1973
			(\$ million)	
Foodstuff, etc. . . . .	120.0	102.3	18.0	75.0
Crude materials . . . . .	51.0	56.0	13.7	23.5
Fabricated materials . . . . .	243.8	229.2	71.7	83.1
End products, etc. . . . .	204.1	179.0	59.0	68.4
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>618.9</b>	<b>566.5</b>	<b>162.4</b>	<b>250.0</b>
Major Items . . . . .				
Wheat . . . . .	63.2	44.3	1.4	52.5
Oil seeds . . . . .	13.6	14.9	—	9.5
Asbestos . . . . .	20.1	20.8	6.3	5.8
Softwood lumber . . . . .	20.3	21.3	6.8	8.4
Pulp . . . . .	17.1	16.9	4.7	6.1
Newsprint . . . . .	49.1	41.0	13.4	14.3
Other paper and paperboard . . . . .	11.3	17.5	4.8	6.1
Fertilizers . . . . .	22.6	19.1	5.0	7.4
Metal basic products . . . . .	13.5	26.0	8.2	4.6
Machinery . . . . .	54.2	48.7	15.8	12.5
Rail rolling stock . . . . .	18.4	22.7	9.6	9.6
Motor vehicle parts . . . . .	24.0	12.6	3.9	7.9
Communication equipment . . . . .	12.2	5.8	1.7	4.8

## Canada's Foreign Trade with Commonwealth Countries

	1962	1971	1972	1972	Jan. to Apr. 1973
			(\$ million)		
<b>Exports:</b>					
Nigeria . . . . .	7.1	10.3	20.6	1.6	12.4
Other Europe, Middle East, Africa . . . . .	17.4	29.2	37.1	13.5	9.7
Hong Kong . . . . .	14.6	20.6	21.6	6.8	9.1
India . . . . .	30.1	151.2	98.6	29.8	67.2
Pakistan . . . . .	11.0	36.7	40.2	2.2	4.9
Other Asia . . . . .	8.0	31.4	33.9	9.8	32.1
Australia . . . . .	106.5	182.9	156.6	51.7	60.1
New Zealand and other Oceania . . . . .	28.2	36.6	39.0	11.0	13.5
Jamaica . . . . .	22.0	40.1	39.8	12.0	13.6
Trinidad — Tobago . . . . .	15.0	20.7	22.6	6.6	8.2
Other Americas . . . . .	25.6	59.2	56.5	17.4	19.2
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>285.5</b>	<b>618.9</b>	<b>566.5</b>	<b>162.4</b>	<b>250.0</b>
<b>Imports:</b>					
Nigeria . . . . .	5.7	57.3	60.8	18.1	25.5
Mauritius and Dependencies . . . . .	5.2	11.5	18.1	5.2	4.1
Ghana . . . . .	7.0	7.6	12.0	1.7	0.4
Other Europe, Middle East, Africa . . . . .	11.0	18.8	25.6	5.7	5.5
Hong Kong . . . . .	18.9	80.3	105.0	32.5	30.9
India . . . . .	43.5	44.6	44.4	14.5	9.0
Malaysia . . . . .	28.3	26.9	31.8	5.9	7.6
Singapore . . . . .	28.3	18.5	25.6	6.5	8.1
Other Asia . . . . .	17.3	16.0	19.5	4.1	6.2
Australia . . . . .	45.2	125.8	193.4	48.5	58.4
New Zealand . . . . .	12.0	40.3	42.7	14.8	27.6
Other Oceania . . . . .	3.1	8.7	6.9	2.1	0.1
Guyana . . . . .	23.4	25.1	15.9	3.0	2.2
Jamaica . . . . .	39.7	28.6	19.6	10.1	9.2
Bahamas . . . . .	0.2	20.9	16.7	6.4	5.4
Trinidad — Tobago . . . . .	14.1	7.7	13.6	0.4	2.2
Other Americas . . . . .	5.6	8.6	10.7	2.0	3.5
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>280.2</b>	<b>547.2</b>	<b>662.3</b>	<b>181.5</b>	<b>205.9</b>



## Prices and Price Indexes, July 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

Index	Number stocks	July 19/73 This week	July 12/73 Week ago	June 21/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>186.5</b>	<b>183.1</b>	<b>177.8</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>201.2</b>	<b>196.9</b>	<b>188.5</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	136.8	133.9	125.8
Foods . . . . .	10	149.2	149.9	145.9
Beverages . . . . .	7	258.5	255.1	247.1
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	141.3	141.6	144.7
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	135.3	129.5	125.0
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	384.5	371.6	364.9
Primary metals . . . . .	8	123.3	120.2	118.3
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	211.7	208.7	202.0
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	180.2	177.5	179.8
Petroleum . . . . .	7	336.3	327.5	301.9
Chemicals . . . . .	4	104.7	102.5	102.9
Construction . . . . .	4	141.1	144.2	136.3
Retail trade . . . . .	7	156.0	159.2	163.5
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>143.7</b>	<b>142.6</b>	<b>146.4</b>
Pipelines . . . . .	5	149.6	147.1	151.8
Transportation . . . . .	4	342.6	336.0	338.6
Telephone . . . . .	3	84.3	84.6	85.8
Electric power . . . . .	3	107.4	108.8	116.6
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	155.7	154.2	158.5
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>176.0</b>	<b>174.2</b>	<b>171.6</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	207.4	206.2	201.3
Investment and Loan . . . . .	8	127.1	124.1	125.6
<b>Mining Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>142.4</b>	<b>143.8</b>	<b>135.0</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	183.3	189.9	180.9
Base metals . . . . .	16	121.3	119.8	111.0
Uranium . . . . .	4	251.4	240.8	226.0
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	442.1	413.1	389.8

For further information, order the July issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Statistics Canada

## daily

Thursday, July 26, 1973

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### Publications Released

- Quarterly Estimates of Population for Canada and Provinces, April 1973 (91-001, 25¢)  
Chain Store Sales and Stocks, May 1973 (63-001, 10¢/\$1)  
Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, April 1973  
(35-003, 20¢/\$2)  
Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, April 1973  
(35-002, 20¢/\$2)  
Canadian Statistical Review, July 1973 (11-003, 50¢/\$5)



**Weekly Railway Carloadings, July 14 1973 — Advance Information.**

Railways in Canada loaded 5.05 million tons of revenue carload freight during the 7-day period ending July 14. This was 34.2% more than in the comparable period of 1972. Year-to-date loadings increased 15.8%. The increase in Eastern loadings is largely attributable to a major strike at iron mines in Quebec and Labrador during the same period of 1972.

For further information order the July issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2).

7-day period ending July 14	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	2,831,263	2,217,587	5,048,850
Tons, 1972 .....	1,717,778	2,044,914	3,762,692
% change .....	64.8	8.4	34.2
Cars, 1973 .....	48,520	36,183	84,703
Cars, 1972 .....	35,333	34,919	70,252
% change .....	37.3	3.6	20.6
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	125,917	49,412	175,329
Tons, 1972 .....	123,043	46,305	169,348
% change .....	2.3	6.7	3.5
Cars, 1973 .....	5,352	2,433	7,785
Cars, 1972 .....	5,064	2,299	7,363
% change .....	5.7	5.8	5.7
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	69,704,483	57,725,856	127,430,339**
Tons, 1972 .....	58,492,008	51,529,530	110,021,538
% change .....	19.2	12.0	15.8
Cars, 1973 .....	1,271,266	942,591	2,213,857
Cars, 1972 .....	1,115,825	882,723	1,998,548
% change .....	13.9	6.8	10.8
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,357,492	1,300,052	4,657,544
Tons, 1972 .....	2,596,032	1,151,028	3,747,060
% change .....	29.3	12.9	24.3
Cars, 1973 .....	140,491	64,333	204,824
Cars, 1972 .....	114,776	55,574	170,350
% change .....	22.4	15.8	20.2

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect of prior periods.

**Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, May 1973 — Correction.**

The table on initial and renewal claims, claimants reporting and benefit paid carried in the Daily Tuesday, July 24, inadvertently omitted Nova Scotia in listing the provincial breakdown. Totals given, however, were correct. Following is a corrected version of the table.

	Initial and Renewal Claims Received			Claimants* Reporting to District Offices			Benefit Paid** (\$000)		
	May 1973	Apr. 1973	May 1972	May 31 1973	Apr.30 1973	May 31 1972	May 1973	Apr. 1973	May 1972
Newfoundland .....	4,170	4,872	3,783	39,317	43,738	32,166	9,019	9,365	7,412
Prince Edward Island .....	647	610	627	6,370	8,547	5,469	1,263	1,868	1,238
Nova Scotia .....	6,384	5,129	5,887	35,839	43,545	34,471	7,077	8,763	7,043
New Brunswick .....	4,579	4,681	5,182	40,716	46,855	36,791	8,686	10,318	7,993
Quebec .....	47,726	42,765	48,367	244,301	271,792	248,187	58,184	59,698	57,301
Ontario .....	55,319	53,757	63,536	246,361	277,310	254,523	51,422	63,254	59,446
Manitoba .....	5,528	5,360	6,230	28,093	33,029	29,278	6,218	6,426	6,535
Saskatchewan .....	3,462	3,969	3,966	21,950	28,652	22,436	5,036	6,037	4,974
Alberta .....	10,000	10,508	11,928	45,550	54,018	48,654	9,611	10,109	11,020
British Columbia .....	18,757	17,909	24,798	99,565	111,466	100,152	23,028	26,043	23,272
Yukon Territory .....	139	151	157	1,064	1,227	926	278	354	259
Northwest Territories .....	175	147	151	930	982	504	212	222	104
Outside Canada .....	50	80	70	265	281	179	49	54	42
Adjustments*** .....							1,558	601	938
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>156,936</b>	<b>149,938</b>	<b>174,682</b>	<b>810,321</b>	<b>921,442</b>	<b>813,736</b>	<b>178,793</b>	<b>201,912</b>	<b>185,702</b>

\* These figures are overstated by 20% to 25% in terms of active files. If a claimant does not report due to becoming re-employed, a period of 5 weeks is allowed to elapse before his claim is transferred to the inactive file.

\*\* May not add to "Canada" totals due to rounding.

\*\*\* Cancelled warrants and collection of overpayments.



# Statistics Canada

## daily

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### Publications Released

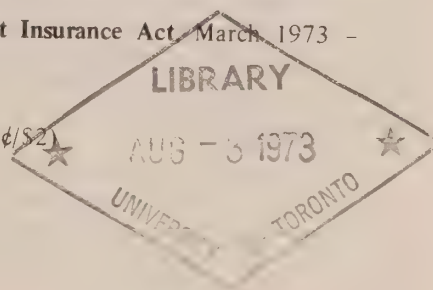
#### New Reference Work

**Education in Canada, 1973**, a 600-page volume giving the statistical story of education from kindergarten to graduate school for the years since 1960-61, is available from Statistics Canada. The book, designed as a convenient reference work for administrators, educators and policy makers, provides data on such things as enrolment, student-teacher ratios, costs per student, salaries, government support spending and operating and capital spending of educational institutions with national, provincial and regional breakdowns. Order *Education in Canada, 1973* (81-229, \$5) from Publications Distribution Unit, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

**Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, March 1973 –**  
(73-001, 20¢/\$2)

**Exports by Commodities, May 1973** (65-004, 75¢/\$7.50)

**Department Store Sales and Stocks, May 1973** (63-002, 20¢/\$2)



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# Prices and Price Indexes, June 1973 – Advance Information.

## Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing (1961=100)

The industry selling price index for manufacturing advanced 1.0% in June to 140.8 from the May level of 139.4. This was 11.0% higher than the June 1972 index of 126.9. Of the 101 industries included, 58 were higher, 10 lower and 33 unchanged. Month-to-month advances in the index continued to show a significantly higher rate of advance than was evident for most of 1972.

Notable advances in June were in the foods and beverage group, particularly in slaughtering and meat packing and feed mills. Price increases for smelting and refining helped push the primary metals group higher and the level moved up in the copper and alloy, rolling, casting and extruding industries. The miscellaneous manufacturing group moved up with higher prices in the jewellery and silverware industry.

Most declines were insignificant except for the wood products group, where the index dipped sharply for sawmills and planing mills.

## May to June Changes in Industry Indexes

	June/May Number of Industries			Major Group Indexes		
	In- creases	De- creases	Un- changed	June 1973	May 1973	June 1972
All industries . . . . .	58	10	33	140.8	139.4	126.9
Foods and beverages industries . . . . .	11	3	9	160.2	155.7	136.8
Tobacco and tobacco products industries . . . . .	—	—	1	*	*	*
Rubber products industries . . . . .	1	—	1	110.5	110.3	110.5
Leather industries . . . . .	1	1	1	163.2	163.4	144.2
Textile industries . . . . .	6	—	3	116.9	116.4	106.8
Knitting mills industries . . . . .	2	—	—	104.8	104.2	99.0
Clothing industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Wood industries . . . . .	4	2	—	219.2	223.4	167.4
Furniture and fixture industries . . . . .	3	—	—	139.7	139.2	130.7
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	5	—	1	127.9	127.6	119.1
Primary metal industries . . . . .	6	—	1	152.9	150.1	133.1
Metal fabricating industries . . . . .	1	1	2	*	*	*
Machinery industries . . . . .	—	—	1	*	*	*
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1	—	2	*	*	*
Electrical products industries . . . . .	5	—	2	*	*	*
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	4	1	4	139.1	139.2	133.7
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	2	—	—	127.1	126.9	116.3
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	3	2	2	108.4	108.3	104.7
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	2	—	3	*	*	*

\* Indexes not available at this level of aggregation.

## General Wholesale Index (1935-39=100)

The general wholesale price index rose 1.8% in June to 364.5 from the May level of 357.9. The June index was 19.0% higher than for the same month in 1972 when it was 306.4. Six of the eight major group indexes were higher while two declined.

The vegetable products group index jumped 6.9% in June to 326.0 from May's 305.0. Prices were higher for potatoes, grains, livestock and poultry feeds and vegetable oils and products. Higher prices for fresh and cured meat, livestock and fishery products pushed the animal products group index up 1.9% to 437.5 from 429.2.

Price increases for copper and zinc and their products helped the non-ferrous metals group index to a June level of 316.5, up 2.7% from 308.2 in May. The iron products group advanced 1.0% to 353.0 from 349.4 on price increases for wire, scrap iron and rolling mill products.

The textile products index advanced 0.8% to 325.3 from 322.7. Prices were higher for worsted and wool cloth and imported raw wool.

There was a decline of 1.5% in the wood products index, as prices for fir, hemlock and cedar moved lower, and a fractionally lower level in the chemical products group.

(see table on next page)

## Wholesale Trade, May 1973 – Advance Information.

Sales by wholesale merchants for May were estimated at \$3.14 billion, a 21.3% increase over the same month of 1972.

In consumer goods, the most significant sales change from May 1972 was in the groceries and food specialties component, with an increase of 12.9%. In the industrial goods trades a notable item was an increase of 33.7% in the category of other construction materials and supplies, including lumber.

Wholesale inventories were valued at \$4.35 billion, an increase of 14.5% over May of last year.

For further details, order the May issue of *Wholesale Trade* (63-008, 10¢/\$1).

## Wholesale Price Indexes (1935-39=100)

	June*	May*	June	May	Change	
					June/73 May/73	June/73 June/72
	1973	1973	1972	1972		(%)
<b>General Wholesale Index</b> . . . . .	<b>364.5</b>	<b>357.9<sup>r</sup></b>	<b>306.4</b>	<b>305.7</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>19.0</b>
Vegetable products . . . . .	326.0	305.0 <sup>r</sup>	240.2	239.5	6.9	35.7
Animal products . . . . .	437.5	429.2 <sup>r</sup>	372.7	369.0	1.9	17.4
Textile products . . . . .	325.3	322.7 <sup>r</sup>	277.7	277.9	0.8	17.1
Wood products . . . . .	505.1	512.9 <sup>r</sup>	425.9	426.6	-1.5	18.6
Iron products . . . . .	353.0	349.4 <sup>r</sup>	323.2	323.2	1.0	9.2
Non-ferrous metals . . . . .	316.5	308.2 <sup>r</sup>	259.1	261.7	2.7	22.2
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	249.2	248.9	235.4	232.6	0.1	5.9
Chemical products . . . . .	255.5	256.0 <sup>r</sup>	246.6	244.9	-0.2	3.6
Iron and non-ferrous metals (excluding gold) . . . . .	397.5	390.8 <sup>r</sup>	347.9	349.9	1.7	14.3
Raw and partly manufactured goods . . . . .	347.5	331.6 <sup>r</sup>	266.2	266.5	4.8	30.5
Fully and chiefly manufactured goods . . . . .	374.1	372.8 <sup>r</sup>	329.1	327.9	0.3	13.7

\* These indexes are preliminary.

### Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian manufacturers produced 5,812 tons or 12.02 million square feet of vinyl-asbestos floor tile in June compared to 9,095 tons or 20.37 million square feet in June 1972.

For further information, order the June issue of *service bulletin, Miscellaneous Industries* (47-003, \$1), Vol. 1, No. 4, or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.





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## daily

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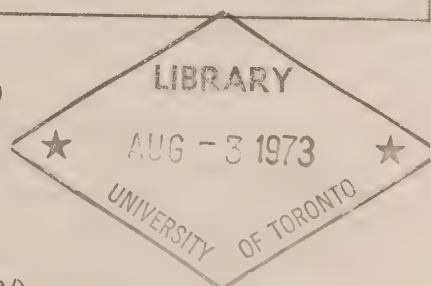
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### Physiotherapists

For the first time, Statistics Canada in 1972 collected data on the 3,696 registered physiotherapists in Canada. Data, including field of employment, type of position, type of work, hours worked per week and weeks worked per year, can be obtained by contacting J. Moran (613-994-9934), Health Manpower Section, Health and Welfare Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z5.

### Other Publications Released

- Employment, Earnings and Hours, March 1973 (72-002, 40¢/\$4)
- The Dairy Review, June 1973 (23-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Oils and Fats, May 1973 (32-006, 20¢/\$2)
- Machine Shops, 1971 (42-207, 50¢)
- Paint and Varnish Manufacturers, 1971 (46-210, 50¢)
- Metal Stamping, Pressing and Coating Industry, 1971 (41-227, 50¢)
- Quarterly Shipments of Selected Furniture Products, Quarter Ended March 31, 1973 (35-005, 25¢/\$1)
- Concrete Products, May 1973 (44-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins -- Rubber and Plastics Products Industries (47-002, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 5, Factory Shipments of High Pressure Decorative Laminate Sheet, Quarter Ended June 30, 1973;
- Selected Dairy By-Products (32-024, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 11, Production and Inventory of Instant Dry Skim Milk Powder, June 1973;
- Energy (57-002, \$3 per year), Vol. 8, No. 48, Sales of Natural Gas, May 1973.



**Department Store Sales by Regions, June 1973**  
(63-004, \$1 a year).

During June 1973, department store sales rose in Canada by 18.7% over the corresponding month last year. Sales were up 23.0% in the Atlantic Provinces; 16.7% in Quebec; 19.2% in Ontario; 14.3% in Manitoba; 20.1% in Saskatchewan; 15.6% in Alberta and 22.3% in British Columbia.

**Livestock Report, Pigs, June 1, 1973 – Advance Information.**

Total pig numbers for Canada\* at June 1 are estimated at 7,022,000, up slightly from 6,995,000 at June 1, 1972. In the West numbers increased by 3% while in the East numbers decreased 2%. Farrowings from December 1, 1972, to June 1 were 694,800, an increase of 2% over the 1972 estimate for the same period. Farmers' reports indicate that the number of sows expected to farrow up to December 1, 1973, is 710,900, an increase of 3% over the corresponding period a year earlier.

\*Excluding Newfoundland.

For further information, order the June issue of *Report on Livestock Surveys: Pigs* (23-005, 20¢/\$1), or contact Mr. P.L. Beerstecher (613-994-9964), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

**Salt, June 1973 – Advance Information.**

Canadian shipments of salt and salt content of brine decreased to 265,882 tons from 349,967 tons in June 1972. This brought year-to-date output to 2.8 million tons from 2.3 million tons a year earlier.

For further information, order the June issue of *Salt* (26-009, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, K1A 0V6.

**Steel Ingots, Week ended July 28, 1973 – Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended July 28, totalled 255,276 tons, a decrease of 3.7% from the preceding week's total of 265,105 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 228,040 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 139.3 in the current week, 144.7 a week earlier and 124.5 one year ago.



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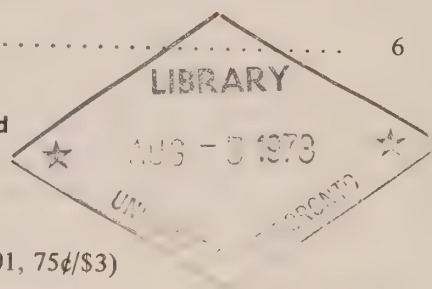
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### Publications Released

- The Labour Force, June 1973 (71-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Summary of Exports, May 1973 (65-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents, April-June 1971 (53-001, 75¢/\$3)
- Hardboard, June 1973 (36-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, January 1 to May 31, 1973 (63-009, \$1)
- Service Bulletins – Education (81-001, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 9, Socio-Cultural Characteristics of Elementary and Secondary Students in Metropolitan Areas in Canada, 1971;
- Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 46, Fuel and Electricity Purchased and Consumed by Manufacturing Industries by Major Group, by Region, 1962 and 1963; Vol. 8, No. 49, Coal Production and Landed Imports of Coal, by Province, June 1973;
- Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 9, Railway Operating Statistics, May 1973;
- Aviation (51-004, \$3), Vol. 5, No. 32, Aircraft Movement Statistics, May 1973.



## Foreign Direct Investment in Canada, 1969 — Advance Information.

This release contains estimates of the stock of direct investment capital employed in Canada up to the end of 1969 and represents an extension of the series published in *Canada's International Investment Position, 1926 to 1967* (67-202 Annual) released in December, 1971. Direct investment is the largest single component of Canada's over-all liabilities to non-residents and covers long-term capital used in Canada in foreign-controlled Canadian enterprises from the country of control.

### Highlights

- In 1969, long-term foreign direct investment in Canada increased by \$1,924 million to \$24,458 million.
- United States residents owned \$19.9 billion or 82% of this total.
- British residents accounted for about \$2.5 billion and those of all other countries for \$2.1 billion.
- After the U.S. and the United Kingdom, France, the Netherlands and Switzerland reported the largest absolute increases in direct investment while Switzerland accounted for the largest relative increase.
- More than two-fifths of the increase in total foreign direct investment in 1969 was in manufacturing.
- More than three-fourths of the increase in the manufacturing and petroleum and natural gas industries in 1969 occurred in U.S.-controlled enterprises.
- Foreign controlled investment (representing the total long-term capital employed in Canada by foreign-controlled enterprises) rose by \$3,458 million to \$33,941 million in the same year.
- The U.S. share of foreign-controlled investment declined marginally to 76% and that of the United Kingdom levelled off at around 14%.

### Geographical Distribution

Long-term foreign direct investment in Canada at the end of 1969 increased to \$24,458 million, \$1,924 million over the previous year. Although, in absolute terms, this represented a record annual increase, the rate of growth dropped slightly to 8.5%.

At the end of 1969, direct investment by the U.S. amounted to \$19,945 million for 81.5% of the direct investment total, registering proportionally a slight decline from the previous year. Direct investment by the United Kingdom amounted to \$2,457 million and its relative share of 10% was also slightly less than in the previous year. Continuing the pattern of steady growth since 1945, when it represented only 2.3% of the total, direct investment by all other countries increased to 8.4% or \$2,056 million in 1969 from \$1,714 million or 7.6% in 1968.

In this latter group, European countries continued to hold a predominant position, accounting for 83%

of the total, down about 1 percentage point from 1968. The European Economic Community's share fell, from 65% in 1968 to 62% in 1969, and there were slight declines in the proportions owned in North American countries other than the U.S. and South and Central America. Corresponding gains were made in the proportion of direct investment owned in Africa, Asia and Australasia.

The Netherlands continued in its position as the largest investor country after the U.S. and the United Kingdom, although there was some decline in its relative importance. The proportion of French direct investment remained steady at 19% of the total for all other countries. The large increase in investment from Africa was virtually all from South Africa, but was to a large extent the result of reclassification in 1969 to South African control of certain enterprises previously believed to be controlled elsewhere. These enterprises in earlier years had been shown as controlled in the countries of residence of their immediate corporate parents, rather than of the ultimate controlling interests. The relative shares of direct investment from developed countries, developing countries and centrally planned economies remained unchanged in 1969.

### Industrial Distribution

Manufacturing continued as the single most important industrial group for foreign direct investment. In 1969 more than two-fifths of the increase was concentrated in manufacturing, increasing its share to over 41% of total direct investment in Canada. Petroleum and natural gas accounted for the second largest portion of the increase, maintaining its relative share at around 25%. Direct investment in the mining and smelting industry levelled off to about 13% of the total by the end of 1969, while enterprises in the utilities, merchandising, financial and other categories comprised about one-fifth of total direct investment.

More than four-fifths of the rise in direct investment in manufacturing was attributable to U.S. investors, the remainder being mainly investments by France, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland and West Germany. More than three-quarters of the increase in direct investment in petroleum and natural gas and nearly three-fifths of the increase in mining and smelting was by U.S. investors. Other large investor nations in terms of petroleum and natural gas were Belgium and Luxembourg, France, and the Netherlands, while the United Kingdom and South Africa were important in mining and smelting. In other industries the U.S. was responsible for over 90% of the increase in investment in merchandising and other enterprises, and the United Kingdom figured prominently in the financial category, accounting for more than half the rise in investment in this industry.

(continued)



**Foreign-Controlled Investment — Geographical Distribution.**

At the end of 1969, the value of long-term foreign-controlled investment employed in Canada was nearly two-fifths above the value of foreign direct investment and reflected, in addition to the latter, investment from Canada and from third countries. The value of foreign-controlled investment rose more than 11% in 1969, compared with almost 9% in the previous year. Enterprises controlled in the U.S. have traditionally resorted less to Canadian and third-country capital markets than enterprises controlled in the United Kingdom for both debt and equity

financing. At the end of 1969, investment controlled in the U.S. was about 29% higher than U.S. direct investment in Canada, compared with a corresponding ratio of 90% for investment controlled in the United Kingdom. These represented increases of about two percentage points and seven percentage points respectively over 1968. The total amount of investment controlled in European countries as a whole, including the United Kingdom, was about 83% higher than their direct investment, representing a gain of nine points in 1969. Some other countries with a high degree of leverage of this sort in their investments in Canada were South Africa, France, Belgium and Luxembourg, Italy, Switzerland and West Germany.

**Foreign Controlled Investment (\*) in Canada, Year Ends, 1966-69 — Classification by Area of Control**

	1966	1967	1968	1969
	(\$ millions)			
<b>Area:</b>				
<b>North America (including Caribbean):</b>				
United States . . . . .	19,461	21,587	23,521	25,640
Bahamas . . . . .	76	89	81	95
Bermuda . . . . .	16	22	25	33
Mexico . . . . .	10	13	13	14
Netherlands Antilles . . . . .	6	6	7	9
Other . . . . .	1	2	3	1
Sub-totals . . . . .	19,570	21,719	23,650	25,792
<b>South and Central America:</b>				
Panama . . . . .	30	27	29	22
Venezuela . . . . .	4	5	4	4
Other . . . . .	1	2	2	4
Sub-totals . . . . .	35	34	35	30
<b>Europe:</b>				
United Kingdom . . . . .	3,813	4,021	4,220	4,668
European Economic Community:				
Belgium and Luxembourg . . . . .	357	373	408	430
France . . . . .	495	563	647	878
Italy . . . . .	78	96	95	113
Netherlands . . . . .	424	425	437	553
West Germany . . . . .	244	263	257	273
Sub-totals . . . . .	1,598	1,720	1,844	2,247
Denmark . . . . .	13	16	16	18
Norway . . . . .	2	3	3	4
Sweden . . . . .	70	72	79	88
Switzerland . . . . .	268	280	328	453
Austria . . . . .	13	13	2	2
Ireland . . . . .			9	10
Other . . . . .			33	100
Sub-totals . . . . .	5,777	6,125	6,534	7,589
Africa . . . . .	74	113	141	386
<b>Asia:</b>				
Japan . . . . .	19	44	80	99
Hong Kong . . . . .	19	21	16	20
Other . . . . .			13	5
Sub-totals . . . . .	38	65	109	124
<b>Australasia:</b>				
Australia . . . . .	2	3	4	6
Other . . . . .	7	7	10	13
Sub-totals . . . . .	9	10	14	19
<b>Totals . . . . .</b>	<b>25,503</b>	<b>28,066</b>	<b>30,483</b>	<b>33,941</b>
Developed Countries-totals . . . . .	25,335	27,875	30,275	33,727
Developing Countries-totals . . . . .	167	190	206	213
Centrally Planned Economies-totals . . . . .	1	1	2	1

(\*) Includes investment from foreign countries of control and portfolio investment from other foreign countries and Canada.

(continued)



## Foreign Direct Investment in Canada, Year Ends, 1966-69 - Classification by Area of Ownership

Area	1966	1967	1968	1969
	(\$ millions)			
<b>North America (including Caribbean):</b>				
United States . . . . .	15,570	17,000	18,510	19,945
Bahamas . . . . .	50	57	65	68
Bermuda . . . . .	14	20	23	29
Mexico . . . . .	3	4	4	5
Netherlands Antilles . . . . .	5	5	6	6
Other . . . . .	1	1	2	1
Sub-totals . . . . .	15,643	17,087	18,610	20,054
<b>South and Central America:</b>				
Panama . . . . .	24	21	22	16
Venezuela . . . . .	3	4	3	3
Other . . . . .	1	1	2	4
Sub-totals . . . . .	28	26	27	23
<b>Europe:</b>				
United Kingdom . . . . .	2,046	2,152	2,310	2,457
European Economic Community:				
Belgium and Luxembourg . . . . .	235	237	228	232
France . . . . .	215	260	328	394
Italy . . . . .	56	76	53	61
Netherlands . . . . .	332	337	344	410
West Germany . . . . .	144	158	153	181
Sub-totals . . . . .	982	1,068	1,106	1,278
Denmark . . . . .	13	16	15	12
Norway . . . . .	2	2	3	4
Sweden . . . . .	35	40	54	68
Switzerland . . . . .	190	197	230	296
Austria . . . . .	9	10	1	1
Ireland . . . . .			6	6
Other . . . . .			32	36
Sub-totals . . . . .	3,277	3,485	3,757	4,158
<b>Africa . . . . .</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>115</b>
<b>Asia:</b>				
Japan . . . . .	17	34	62	71
Hong Kong . . . . .	12	13	15	18
Other . . . . .			5	5
Sub-totals . . . . .	29	47	82	93
<b>Australasia:</b>				
Australia . . . . .	2	3	4	6
Other . . . . .	5	5	6	9
Sub-totals . . . . .	7	8	10	15
<b>Totals . . . . .</b>	<b>19,008</b>	<b>20,699</b>	<b>22,534</b>	<b>24,458</b>
Developed Countries-totals . . . . .	18,892	20,571	22,379	24,300
Developing Countries-totals . . . . .	115	127	153	157
Centrally Planned Economies-totals . . . . .	1	1	2	1

(continued)

## Foreign Direct Investment (\*) in Canada, Year Ends, 1967-69, Classification by Industry Group

Industry Group	1967	1968	1969	1967	1968	1969
	(\$ millions)					
	Owned in United States			Owned in United Kingdom		
<b>Manufacturing:</b>						
Vegetable products . . . . .	723	781	868	157	157	130
Animal products . . . . .	206	214	230	10	11	13
Textiles . . . . .	119	133	149	46	47	49
Wood and paper products . . . . .	1,408	1,435	1,500	181	173	207
Iron and products . . . . .	2,221	2,469	2,881	193	200	153
Non-ferrous metals . . . . .	1,255	1,338	1,374	71	44	48
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	205	225	250	22	32	48
Chemicals and allied products . . . . .	1,138	1,203	1,227	186	206	225
Miscellaneous manufactures . . . . .	162	177	197	4	4	4
Sub-totals . . . . .	7,437	7,975	8,676	870	874	877
Petroleum and natural gas . . . . .	4,290	4,615	4,968	477	471	470
Mining and smelting . . . . .	2,323	2,669	2,754	123	136	154
Utilities . . . . .	316	359	348	21	56	56
Merchandising . . . . .	841	964	1,105	304	317	338
Financial . . . . .	1,371	1,479	1,532	293	386	487
Other enterprises . . . . .	422	449	562	64	70	75
<b>Totals . . . . .</b>	<b>17,000</b>	<b>18,510</b>	<b>19,945</b>	<b>2,152</b>	<b>2,310</b>	<b>2,457</b>
	Owned in All Other Countries			Owned by All Non-residents		
<b>Manufacturing:</b>						
Vegetable products . . . . .	19	20	58	899	958	1,056
Animal products . . . . .	7	7	19	223	232	262
Textiles . . . . .	2	3	7	167	183	205
Wood and paper products . . . . .	29	86	132	1,618	1,694	1,839
Iron and products . . . . .	55	46	57	2,469	2,715	3,091
Non-ferrous metals . . . . .	43	45	46	1,369	1,427	1,468
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	87	93	113	314	350	411
Chemicals and allied products . . . . .	49	53	78	1,373	1,462	1,530
Miscellaneous manufactures . . . . .	1	2	3	167	183	204
Sub-totals . . . . .	292	355	513	8,599	9,204	10,066
Petroleum and natural gas . . . . .	502	557	665	5,269	5,643	6,103
Mining and smelting . . . . .	101	126	169	2,547	2,931	3,077
Utilities . . . . .	7	8	9	344	423	413
Merchandising . . . . .	107	127	117	1,252	1,408	1,560
Financial . . . . .	506	495	525	2,170	2,360	2,544
Other enterprises . . . . .	32	46	58	518	565	695
<b>Totals . . . . .</b>	<b>1,547</b>	<b>1,714</b>	<b>2,056</b>	<b>20,699</b>	<b>22,534</b>	<b>24,458</b>

(\*) Direct investment covers investment in branches, subsidiaries and controlled companies.

## Prices and Price Indexes (Building Construction Input Price Indexes), June 1973 — Advance Information.

Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes, June, 1973  
(1971=100)

	June 1973	May 1973	June 1972	June/73 May/73	Change (%) June/73 June/72
<b>Canada</b> . . . . .	<b>122.9</b>	<b>121.7</b>	<b>109.5</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>12.2</b>
Materials . . . . .	124.4	123.8	108.6	0.5	14.5
Labour . . . . .	120.3	117.8	111.0	2.1	8.4
<b>Atlantic Provinces, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>126.3</b>	<b>124.8</b>	<b>111.1</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>13.7</b>
Materials . . . . .	126.4	124.2	108.4	1.8	16.6
Labour . . . . .	126.1	125.9	115.9	0.2	8.8
<b>Quebec, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>124.7</b>	<b>120.6</b>	<b>109.4</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>14.0</b>
Materials . . . . .	127.2	126.8	110.2	0.3	15.4
Labour . . . . .	119.9	108.9	108.0	10.1	11.0
<b>Ontario, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>122.5</b>	<b>121.9</b>	<b>109.7</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>11.7</b>
Materials . . . . .	123.5	122.8	108.3	0.6	14.0
Labour . . . . .	120.7	120.4	112.2	0.2	7.6
<b>Prairie Provinces, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>122.0</b>	<b>121.7</b>	<b>109.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>11.8</b>
Materials . . . . .	122.3	122.1	108.2	0.2	13.0
Labour . . . . .	121.4	120.8	110.9	0.5	9.5
<b>British Columbia, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>121.0</b>	<b>120.9</b>	<b>108.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>11.8</b>
Materials . . . . .	124.2	124.3	107.9	-0.1	15.1
Labour . . . . .	115.3	114.8	108.8	0.4	6.0
<b>General Contractors, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>132.4</b>	<b>131.7</b>	<b>112.2</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>18.0</b>
Materials . . . . .	134.3	133.9	112.4	0.3	19.5
Labour . . . . .	121.1	119.0	111.1	1.8	9.0
<b>Sub-trade Contractors, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>116.1</b>	<b>114.5</b>	<b>107.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>8.0</b>
Materials . . . . .	111.9	111.2	103.9	0.6	7.7
Labour . . . . .	120.2	117.6	111.0	2.2	8.3

Non-Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes, June 1973  
(1961=100)

<b>Total Index</b> . . . . .	<b>196.9</b>	<b>196.3</b>	<b>183.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>7.4</b>
<b>Materials</b> . . . . .	<b>156.9</b>	<b>155.9</b>	<b>141.6</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>10.8</b>
Steel and Metal Work . . . . .	151.3	147.5	139.5	2.6	8.5
Plumbing, Heating and Other Equipment . . . . .	153.5	152.4	145.5	0.7	5.5
Electrical Equipment . . . . .	115.9	113.9	109.5	1.8	5.8
Concrete Products . . . . .	146.9	146.5	140.0	0.3	4.9
Lumber and Lumber Products . . . . .	258.8	262.1	188.1	-1.3	37.6
Other . . . . .	144.2	144.0	134.9	0.1	6.9
<b>Labour</b> . . . . .	<b>245.9</b>	<b>245.9</b>	<b>234.6</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4.8</b>

For further information, order the June issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. P. Du Brûle (613-996-2565), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.



## Prices and Price Indexes, July 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

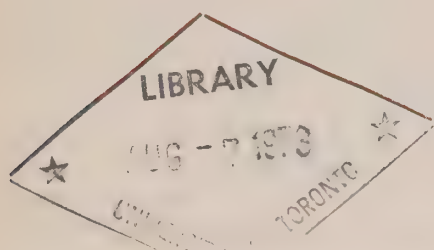
	Number stocks priced	July 26/73 This week	July 19/73 Week ago	June 28/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>189.2</b>	<b>186.5</b>	<b>178.5</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>204.2</b>	<b>201.2</b>	<b>191.0</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	142.1	136.8	125.6
Foods . . . . .	10	148.1	149.2	147.1
Beverages . . . . .	7	259.2	258.5	248.1
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	141.8	141.3	144.7
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	139.4	135.3	126.2
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	379.4	384.5	362.0
Primary metals . . . . .	8	127.4	123.3	119.0
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	209.8	211.7	202.4
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	190.1	180.2	178.2
Petroleum . . . . .	7	338.7	336.3	315.5
Chemicals . . . . .	4	103.5	104.7	104.7
Construction . . . . .	4	143.6	141.1	139.1
Retail trade . . . . .	7	160.5	156.0	161.4
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>144.9</b>	<b>143.7</b>	<b>143.7</b>
Pipelines . . . . .	5	152.1	149.6	150.0
Transportation . . . . .	4	349.1	342.6	328.6
Telephone . . . . .	3	84.0	84.3	85.6
Electric power . . . . .	3	106.1	107.4	112.2
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	157.8	155.7	158.7
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>179.3</b>	<b>176.0</b>	<b>168.2</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	210.9	207.4	197.3
Investment and Loan . . . . .	8	130.1	127.1	123.2
<b>Mining Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>148.0</b>	<b>142.4</b>	<b>136.5</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	189.7	183.3	181.1
Base metals . . . . .	16	126.4	121.3	113.3
Uranium . . . . .	4	252.6	251.4	229.6
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	469.5	442.1	378.2

For further information, order the July issue of *Price and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



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### Publications Released

**Vital Statistics, January-March 1973** (84-001, 25¢/\$1)

**Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operation, February 1973** (51-001, 30¢/\$3)

**Production of Eggs and Poultry, June 1973** (23-003, 10¢/\$1)

**Service Bulletin – Aviation** (51-004, \$3 a year), Vol. 5, No. 33, Civil Aviation, Fourth Quarter 1972



**Consolidated Government Finance, 1970 – Advance Information.**

For the fiscal year ended nearest to December 31, 1970, consolidated revenue of all governments in Canada amounted to \$32,137.9 million and consolidated expenditure was \$31,440.4 million.

Further information will be contained in *Consolidated Government Finance, 1970* (68-202, 50¢), and advance details can be obtained from Public Finance Division (613-994-9245), Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z7.

**Asbestos, June 1973 – Advance Information.**

Producers' shipments of asbestos decreased to 154,489 tons in June from 171,183 tons in June of 1972. This brought year-to-date shipments to 904,579 tons from 794,780 in the 1972 period.

For further information, order the June issue of *Asbestos*, (26-001, 10¢), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Railway Carloadings, June 1973 – Advance Information.**

Utilizing 376,262 freight cars, railways in Canada loaded 22.6 million tons of goods during June 1973, increases of 10.4% and 19.7%, respectively, over the corresponding month a year earlier. Interchanges between Canadian carriers and non-carload movements are excluded from these data.

Receipts from United States connections, in terms of carloads, were up 4.1% to 58,514, while related tonnage at 2.2 million rose 2.5%.

Individual commodities registering notable tonnage gains during the current year month included: iron ore (up 91.3%); sulphur (77.0%); sand, gravel and stone (44.3%); and logs, poles and other forest products (42.7%). The sharp increase in iron ore shipments was largely due to labour difficulties which occurred at iron mines in Quebec during 1972. Loadings of wheat and other grain combined, at 2.7 million tons, were down more than 28% from the previous year period.

For further information, order the June 1973 issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact J. R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

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### Publications Released

Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, April 1973 and 1973 Supplement (61-005, 30¢/\$3)

Financial Flow Accounts, First Quarter 1973, Advance Release No. 2 (13-002, N/C)

Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, May 1973 (35-001, 20¢/\$2)

Service Bulletin – Miscellaneous Industries (47-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 7, Papermakers' and Other Felts, Quarter Ended June 30, 1973

### National Income and Expenditure Accounts, 1972 — Advance Information.

The preliminary estimate of personal income for Canada in 1972 was \$81,855 million, up 11.5% from \$73,391 million in 1971.

By provinces, Ontario was the leader with \$33,835 million of the national total. Other provinces, in order: Quebec \$20,350 million; British Columbia \$9,164 million; Alberta \$6,217 million; Manitoba \$3,551 million; Saskatchewan \$2,719 million, Nova Scotia \$2,375 million; New Brunswick \$1,793 mil-

lion; Newfoundland \$1,310 million; Prince Edward Island \$276 million.

Ontario also led in personal income per person at \$4,324. Other provinces, in order: British Columbia \$4,078; Alberta \$3,756; Manitoba \$3,580; Quebec \$3,359; Nova Scotia \$2,991; Saskatchewan \$2,968; New Brunswick \$2,793; Newfoundland \$2,462; Prince Edward Island \$2,442.

For further information contact Mr. L. Grand (613-992-8741), National Income and Expenditure Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

### Personal Income Per Person, Geographical Distribution, 1969-1972

	1969	1970	1971	1972
			(\$)	
Newfoundland	1,796	1,986	2,188	2,462
Prince Edward Island	1,847	2,100	2,152	2,442
Nova Scotia	2,279	2,427	2,655	2,991
New Brunswick	2,062	2,260	2,487	2,793
Quebec	2,601	2,775	3,011	3,359
Ontario	3,470	3,711	3,972	4,324
Manitoba	2,762	2,906	3,205	3,580
Saskatchewan	2,368	2,245	2,721	2,968
Alberta	2,944	3,105	3,394	3,756
British Columbia	3,226	3,404	3,722	4,078
Yukon and Northwest Territories	2,596	2,780	3,113	3,418
Canada	2,943	3,131	3,403	3,750

### Personal Income, Geographical Distribution, 1969-1972\*

	1969	1970	1971	1972
			(\$ millions)	
Newfoundland	923	1,027	1,142	1,310
Prince Edward Island	205	231	241	276
Nova Scotia	1,766	1,898	2,095	2,375
New Brunswick	1,295	1,417	1,579	1,793
Quebec	15,565	16,686	18,149	20,350
Ontario	25,629	28,022	30,599	33,835
Manitoba	2,704	2,857	3,167	3,551
Saskatchewan	2,269	2,113	2,520	2,719
Alberta	4,589	4,953	5,526	6,217
British Columbia	6,645	7,244	8,133	9,164
Yukon and Northwest Territories	122	139	165	188
Foreign Countries	92	84	75	77
Canada	61,804	66,671	73,391	81,855

\* Since data for smaller population areas are subject to relatively wider statistical variations than data for larger population areas, too precise an interpretation should not be placed on their movements.

### New Motor Vehicle Sales, June 1973 — Advance Information.

June sales of new motor vehicles reached 125,223 units up 11.5% from a year earlier. This included 83,228 passenger cars (up 20.8%) and 23,585 commercial vehicles (up 17.6%) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 16,469 passenger cars (down 23.3%) and 1,941 commercial vehicles (up 0.3%) manufactured overseas.

Total sales value increased 21.6% to \$549.7 million. Canadian and U.S. produced passenger cars sold for 341.0 million (up 26.9%) and commercial vehicles for \$145.7 million (up 29.0%). Sales of passenger cars from overseas declined 11.9% to \$56.3

million but sales of commercial vehicles increased 4.7% to \$6.7 million. Included in total commercial vehicles sold were 176 units of coaches and buses valued at \$5.5 million.

For the first six months of this year total sales reached 676,169 units with an accumulated value of \$2,908.0 million. This represented an increase of 31.0% in value over sales for the corresponding period last year.

For further information, order the June issue of *New Motor Vehicle Sales* (63-007, 20¢/\$2), or contact Michael Kwilecki (613-992-7344), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



**Weekly Railway Carloadings, July 21, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Railways in Canada loaded 5,264,991 tons of revenue carload freight during the 7-day period ending July 21. This was 42.0% more than in the comparable period of 1972. Year-to-date loadings increased 16.8%. This sharp increase was largely due to labour problems affecting Quebec iron mines during the latter part of June and throughout July and August 1972.

For further information order the July issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2).

7-day period ending July 21	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,042,398	2,222,593	5,264,991
Tons, 1972 .....	1,596,332	2,112,199	3,708,531
% change .....	90.6	5.2	42.0
Cars, 1973 .....	51,308	36,430	87,738
Cars, 1972 .....	32,758	35,365	68,123
% change .....	56.6	3.0	28.8
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	119,611	50,340	169,951
Tons, 1972 .....	105,897	48,180	154,077
% change .....	13.0	4.5	10.3
Cars, 1973 .....	5,061	2,464	7,525
Cars, 1972 .....	4,288	2,315	6,603
% change .....	18.0	6.4	14.0
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	72,746,881	60,039,845	132,786,726
Tons, 1972 .....	60,088,340	53,641,729	113,730,069
% change .....	21.1	11.9	16.8
Cars, 1973 .....	1,322,360	979,021	2,301,381
Cars, 1972 .....	1,148,583	918,088	2,066,671
% change .....	15.1	6.6	11.4
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,477,103	1,337,741	4,814,844
Tons, 1972 .....	2,701,929	1,199,208	3,901,137
% change .....	28.7	11.6	23.4
Cars, 1973 .....	145,552	66,797	212,349
Cars, 1972 .....	119,064	57,889	176,953
% change .....	22.2	15.4	20.0

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

**Iron Ore, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian mines shipped 5.68 million tons of iron ore in June compared to 4.61 million tons a year earlier. This brought six-month output to 20.86 million tons from 17.52 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the June issue of *Iron Ore* (26-005, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons, (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Mr. W. Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

In June 1973, packers, dealers and tanners held 194,656 cattle hides, up from 188,394 a year earlier, and 101,086 calf and kip skins, down from 106,575. Cattle hide receipts increased to 169,031 from 147,579 and wettings decreased to 176,956 from 185,483. Production of upper leather decreased to 5.96 million square feet from 6.47 million in 1972.

For further information, order *Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather* (33-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact John Dornan, (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Honey, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Total stocks of honey held in Canada on June 30, 1973, amounted to 7.09 million pounds compared to 7.21 million pounds on the same date a year earlier.

For further information order the June issue of *Packs, Shipments and Stocks of Selected Canned Fruits and Vegetables* (32-011, 20¢/\$2), or contact



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### Publications Released

- Hospital Indicators, January-March 1973** (83-001, \$1/\$4)
- Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, May 1973** (61-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Airport Activity Statistics, 1972** (51-203, 75¢)
- Shipments of Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds, May 1973** (32-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Service Bulletin — Energy** (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 50, Refinery Production in Canada of Selected Petroleum Products, May 1973.



**Sales Financing, 1972 — Advance Information.**

	Paper Purchased during 1972 (\$'000)	Balances Outstanding December 31, 1972 (\$'000)
New passenger cars . . . . .	445,057	529,841
Used passenger cars . . . . .	178,601	204,305
Other consumer goods . . . . .	317,549	290,539
<b>Total consumer goods . . . . .</b>	<b>941,207</b>	<b>1,024,685</b>
New commercial vehicles . . . . .	576,397	607,223
Used commercial vehicles . . . . .	93,542	85,536
Other commercial goods . . . . .	406,396	510,972
<b>Total commercial good . . . . .</b>	<b>1,076,335</b>	<b>1,203,731</b>
<b>Total retail sales financing . . . . .</b>	<b>2,017,542</b>	<b>2,228,416</b>
Wholesale financing . . . . .	4,134,900	832,800
Lease and rental financing . . . . .	219,011	399,230

*All values shown exclude unearned finance charges*

Further information will be contained in *Sales Financing, 1972* (63-211, 50¢).

**Report on Livestock Surveys — Cattle, Sheep, Horses,  
June 1, 1973 — Advance Information.**

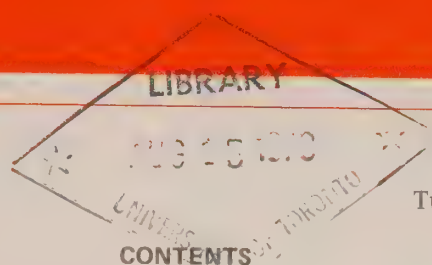
There were an estimated 14.1 million head of cattle and calves in Canada (excluding Newfoundland) on June 1, 1973, up 3% from 13.7 million a year earlier. The West reported an increase of 4% in all provinces, but in the East numbers remained unchanged. Milk cows were down 3% at 2.2 million but beef cows were up 77% at 4.0 million.

Sheep and lambs were down 1% to an estimated 832,500 and horses down 2% to 342,200.

For further information, order the June issue of *Report on Livestock Surveys — Cattle, Sheep, Horses*, (23-004, 25¢/50¢).

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<b>Steel Ingots, Week Ended August 4, 1973</b> — Advance Information .....	4

### Publications Released

- Consumer Credit, May 1973 (61-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Sales Financing, May 1973 (63-013, 20¢/\$2)
- Electric Power Statistics, May 1973 (57-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Primary Iron and Steel, May 1973 (41-001, 30¢/\$3)
- Contracted Acreages of Processing Vegetable Crops, 1973 (22-003, \$1 for the series)
- Mineral Wool, June 1973 (44-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, March 1973 (26-006, 20¢/\$2)
- Coal and Coke Statistics, May 1973 (45-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, June 1973 (32-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Fish and Fish Products, (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 52, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Service Bulletins — Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 51, Coal and Coke Statistics, May 1973;
- Selected Dairy By-Products (32-024, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 12, Production and Inventory of Process Cheese, June 1973;
- Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 54, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Quebec, June 1973; Advance Release of Fish Landings, June 1973; Vol. 2, No. 55, Newfoundland; Vol. 2, No. 56, Maritimes; Vol. 2, No. 53, British Columbia; Fish Freezings and Stocks, Vol. 2, No. 52, Ontario and Prairies, June 1973.
- Vinyl-asbestos Floor Tile (47-001, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 4, Floor Tiles, June 1973;
- Tobacco and Tobacco Products (32-022, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 8, Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, June 1973.

**Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, June 1973** — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.

Second quarter imports, seasonally adjusted, totalled \$5,537 million, almost unchanged from the first quarter but some 10% higher than the fourth quarter of 1972. With imports increasing faster than exports in the first quarter, the trade surplus narrowed to some \$320 million from \$560 million but the fairly strong gain in exports in the second quarter widened the trade surplus again to \$490 million.

Improvement in the balance was largely due to the surplus with overseas countries rebounding to \$300 million from near balance, which more than offset a drop of 40% in the surplus with the United States. Exports to overseas countries rose 7% but imports declined from the first quarter, while a 5% expansion in imports from the U.S. outweighed a small increase in exports there. On an unadjusted basis, the movement over the year of imports relative to exports was different. June imports at \$1,989 million were 18% higher than last year, while exports increased 12% to \$2,101 million. So the trade surplus dropped to \$112 million compared to \$205 million in June 1972. Imports from most areas rose — particularly in the case of the U.S., where they expanded 21% to \$1,429

million and accounted for 80% of the over-all rise. Imports of food, industrial machinery and automotive and related products increased sharply in June. Purchases of ores, concentrates, petroleum and coal products declined slightly.

In the first six months, exports and imports increased at the same relative rate of 22 %, reaching \$11.9 billion for exports and \$11.3 billion for imports. The merchandise trade balance went up to \$629 million in 1973 from \$515 million last year. Imports from all trading areas were higher with the exception of Japan. Deliveries of motor vehicles from that country declined some \$30 million in the first five months of 1973 despite an increase of 16% in unit values. Purchases of automotive products, industrial machinery, aircraft and food accounted for over half of the gain in all imports.

In 1973, the uninterrupted decline of the share in total imports of purchases from the U.S. was reversed. From a high of 74.9% in first half 1968, it dropped to 69.5% in the corresponding period of 1972 but turned up to almost 72% in the current year.

For further information order the June issues of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2), and *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2).

**Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, June 1973**

	Total Exports		Imports		Trade Balance		Percentage Change 1972 to 1973	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	Total Exports (%)	Imports (%)
	(\$ millions)							
Month of June								
United Kingdom . . . . .	135.2	113.4	84.0	88.2	51.2	25.2	- 16.1	5.0
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	62.0	54.9	67.6	71.6	- 5.6	- 16.7	- 11.5	5.9
United States . . . . .	1,297.4	1,476.5	1,182.2	1,428.7	115.2	47.8	13.8	20.9
Japan . . . . .	91.0	128.3	95.3	88.8	- 4.2	39.5	41.0	- 6.8
European Economic Community . . . . .	107.6	135.5	93.0	124.7	14.7	10.8	25.9	34.1
Latin America . . . . .	60.4	45.8	58.2	70.2	2.2	- 24.4	- 24.2	20.6
Other Countries . . . . .	130.7	147.0	99.3	116.8	31.4	30.2	12.5	17.6
<b>Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .</b>	<b>197.2</b>	<b>168.3</b>	<b>151.6</b>	<b>159.9</b>	<b>45.6</b>	<b>8.4</b>	<b>- 14.7</b>	<b>5.5</b>
<b>Total Others . . . . .</b>	<b>1,687.2</b>	<b>1,933.1</b>	<b>1,527.9</b>	<b>1,829.3</b>	<b>159.3</b>	<b>103.8</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>19.7</b>
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>1,884.4</b>	<b>2,101.4</b>	<b>1,679.5</b>	<b>1,989.2</b>	<b>204.9</b>	<b>112.2</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>18.4</b>
United Kingdom . . . . .	673.8	694.3	497.3	515.1	176.4	179.2	3.0	3.6
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	287.1	396.1	346.8	397.5	- 59.7	- 1.4	38.0	14.6
United States . . . . .	6,978.8	8,493.0	6,423.1	8,129.1	555.7	363.9	21.7	26.6
Japan . . . . .	428.6	752.7	535.2	521.5	- 106.6	231.2	75.6	- 2.6
European Economic Community . . . . .	532.6	598.8	543.0	660.8	- 10.4	- 62.0	12.4	21.7
Latin America . . . . .	301.4	274.8	322.1	404.3	- 20.7	- 129.5	- 8.8	25.5
Other Countries . . . . .	556.4	736.1	576.4	687.7	- 20.0	48.4	32.3	19.3
<b>Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .</b>	<b>961.0</b>	<b>1,090.4</b>	<b>844.2</b>	<b>912.8</b>	<b>116.8</b>	<b>177.6</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>8.1</b>
<b>Total Others . . . . .</b>	<b>8,797.7</b>	<b>10,855.4</b>	<b>8,400.0</b>	<b>10,403.5</b>	<b>397.7</b>	<b>451.9</b>	<b>23.4</b>	<b>23.9</b>
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>9,758.7</b>	<b>11,945.7</b>	<b>9,244.2</b>	<b>11,316.3</b>	<b>514.5</b>	<b>629.4</b>	<b>22.4</b>	<b>22.4</b>

*Exports and Import values for 1972 are preliminary estimates and may not add because of rounding.  
(tables continued on next page)*



**Imports of Selected Commodities**  
**Preliminary Figures for June, 1973**

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change	1972	1973	Change
			1972-1973			1972-1973
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Food . . . . .	59.0	73.4	24.4	116.1	146.4	26.1
Metals, in ores, concentrates scrap . . . . .	12.2	10.7	- 12.3	21.9	15.1	- 31.1
Crude petroleum . . . . .	—	—	—	52.9	62.0	17.2
Broad woven fabrics . . . . .	8.1	7.7	- 4.9	20.9	26.2	25.4
Chemicals, organic and inorganic . . . . .	16.3	22.7	39.3	23.6	31.6	33.9
Plastic materials and shapes . . . . .	20.5	23.5	14.6	23.3	27.1	16.3
Petroleum and coal products . . . . .	6.2	7.7	24.2	21.3	16.1	- 24.4
Iron and steel fabricated shapes . . . . .	22.3	28.9	29.6	49.4	50.9	3.0
Non-ferrous metals and alloys . . . . .	15.6	18.8	20.5	28.5	26.2	- 8.1
Industrial machinery . . . . .	130.9	147.7	12.8	166.4	190.7	14.6
Tractors and parts . . . . .	27.2	30.1	10.7	32.5	36.9	13.5
Passenger automobiles . . . . .	89.0	127.0	42.7	127.7	163.4	28.0
Trucks and other motor vehicles . . . . .	47.1	59.5	26.3	58.1	69.1	18.9
Motor vehicle engines, engine parts . . . . .	45.2	66.9	48.0	49.8	73.0	46.6
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	201.9	244.5	21.1	206.4	251.5	21.9
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	23.0	23.9	3.9	24.1	26.1	8.3
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	31.6	38.0	20.3	52.5	64.6	23.0
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	30.7	28.9	- 5.9	36.0	36.1	0.3
Apparel, footwear and accessories . . . . .	4.3	5.5	27.9	27.2	36.6	34.6
Books and other printed matter . . . . .	20.0	21.7	8.5	24.0	25.9	7.9
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	811.2	987.1	21.7	1,162.6	1,375.5	18.3
b) Total Canadian Imports . . . . .	1,182.2	1,428.7	20.9	1,679.5	1,989.2	18.4
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	68.6 %	69.1 %		69.2 %	69.1 %	

**Exports (including re-exports)**  
**Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months**

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
1972				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,650	3,313	276	1,061
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,995	3,477	367	1,151
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,767	3,324	306	1,137
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,564	3,807	378	1,379
1973				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,845	4,108	379	1,358
Second Quarter (preliminary) . . . . .	6,028	4,167	313	1,548
1972				
October . . . . .	1,841	1,216	142	483
November . . . . .	1,889	1,298	123	468
December . . . . .	1,834	1,293	113	428
1973				
January . . . . .	1,907	1,368	108	431
February . . . . .	1,952	1,371	116	465
March . . . . .	1,986	1,369	155	462
April . . . . .	2,043	1,357	120	566
May . . . . .	2,023	1,437	86	500
June (preliminary) . . . . .	1,962	1,373	107	482

**Imports**  
**Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months**

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
1972				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,441	2,966	248	1,227
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,595	3,164	244	1,187
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,624	3,193	200	1,231
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,003	3,549	258	1,196
1973				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,523	3,792	273	1,458
Second Quarter (preliminary) . . . . .	5,537	3,976	240	1,321
1972				
October . . . . .	1,655	1,143	93	419
November . . . . .	1,662	1,184	80	398
December . . . . .	1,686	1,222	85	379
1973				
January . . . . .	1,756	1,219	85	452
February . . . . .	1,872	1,271	94	507
March . . . . .	1,895	1,302	94	499
April . . . . .	1,737	1,254	69	414
May . . . . .	1,922	1,388	87	447
June (preliminary) . . . . .	1,878	1,334	84	460

### Farm Input Price Indexes, 2nd Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.

The farm input price index increased 3.9% in the second quarter of 1973, moving to 159.1 from 153.2 in the first quarter. This rise followed a 6.1% advance from the fourth quarter of 1972 to the first quarter of 1973. The eastern index moved to 163.8 from 155.8, an increase of 5.1%, while the western index advanced 2.3% to 153.7 from 150.2. The yearly increase since the second quarter of 1972 was 13.0% for Canada, 16.5% for the east and 9.0% for the west.

Livestock feed prices, which advanced 18.0% in the first quarter to account for 45% of the total index movement, rose by 10.7% in the latest quarter and accounted for 47% of the 3.9% rise in the index. Prices of feeder cattle rose 4.7% in the latest quarter compared to 15.3% in the first. Price increases for hired labour, building replacement, small tools and supplies, and machinery and motor vehicle operation also contributed to the rise in the total index.

For further information, order *Farm Input Price Indexes*, Second Quarter 1973 (62-004, 25¢/\$1), or contact Mr. R.T. Richards (613-992-6216), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

### Farm Input Price Indexes, Second Quarter 1973 (1961=100)

	Eastern Canada Quarter			Western Canada Quarter			Canada Quarter		
	2nd 1973	1st 1973	2nd 1972	2nd 1973	1st 1973	2nd 1972	2nd 1973	1st 1973	2nd 1972
<b>Total Farm Input<sup>P</sup></b>	<b>163.8</b>	<b>155.8</b>	<b>140.6</b>	<b>153.7</b>	<b>150.2</b>	<b>141.0</b>	<b>159.1</b>	<b>153.2</b>	<b>140.8</b>
Land and Farm buildings <sup>P</sup>	180.4	176.0	165.3	172.8	170.9	164.9	176.6	173.4	165.1
Farm machinery and motor vehicles	137.8	136.1	134.4	134.4	133.9	131.2	135.7	134.7	132.4
Hired Farm Labour	217.2	203.7	194.5	202.9	196.5	180.4	211.8	201.0	189.1
Other materials and services	157.3	146.4	122.0	156.0	147.6	127.4	156.9	146.8	123.8

P Preliminary figures.

### Steel Ingots, Week ended August 4, 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended August 4, totalled 252,839 tons, a decrease of 1.0% from the preceding week's total of 255,276 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 224,669 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 138.0 in the current week, 139.3 a week earlier and 122.6 one year ago.

# Statistics Canada

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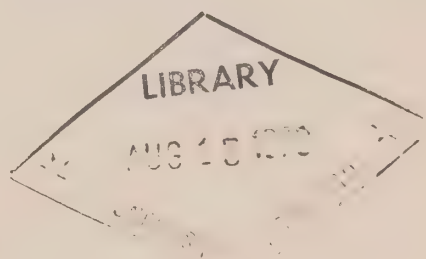
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### Other Publications Released

- Prices and Price Indexes, March 1973 (62-002, 40¢/\$4)
- Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, April 1973 (73-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Railway Operating Statistics, May 1973 (52-003, 20¢/\$2)
- Gas Utilities, May 1973 (55-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Nickel-copper Mines, 1971 (26-211, 50¢).





**Security Transactions with Non-residents, April 1973**  
(67-002, 20¢/\$2).

Transactions in outstanding Canadian and foreign securities between Canada and other countries resulted in a net capital outflow of \$6 million in April, the third consecutive month that net repurchases of Canadian securities more than offset net sales of foreign issues. In February the purchase balance was \$10 million and in March it was \$44 million.

The total value of international security trading continued to decline in 1973 from a high in January of \$624 million to \$432 million in the current month and appeared related to conditions in the market generally, where a substantial reduction in value and volume of securities traded occurred in major exchanges in both Canada and the United States. During April a net outflow of \$12 million to the U.S. more than offset a net inflow of \$6 million from all other countries, mainly in Europe.

In the first four months of 1973 transactions in all portfolio securities led to a purchase balance of \$39 million. Net outflows of \$103 million to the U.S. and \$4 million to the United Kingdom were partly offset by net inflows of \$31 million from continental Europe and \$37 million from all other countries.

**Oil Pipe Line Transport, April 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian oil pipe lines received 2.83 million barrels per day of crude oil, condensate, pentanes plus and refined petroleum products in April, 19.5% more than the 2.37 million received a year earlier. Domestic oils increased 25.8% to 2.40 million B/D and imported oils decreased 6.8% to 428,500 B/D.

For further information, order the April issue of *Oil Pipe Line Transport* (55-001, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin*, Vol. 7, No. 52 (57-002, \$3 a year).

**Broadcasting, 1972 — Advance Information.**

The radio and television broadcasting industry, including the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, registered an increase in revenues for 1972 in comparison to 1971. Radio broadcasting revenues reported by the privately-owned operations increased by 15.7%, \$145 million over \$126 million. Television broadcasting revenues reported by the privately-owned operations increased by 14.1%, \$132 million over \$116 million. The Canadian Broadcasting Corporation increased its revenues by 6.7%, \$38.7 million over \$36.3 million.

Further information will be contained in *Radio and Television Broadcasting*, 1972 (56-204, 50¢) and advance details can be obtained from P.T. Crosby (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

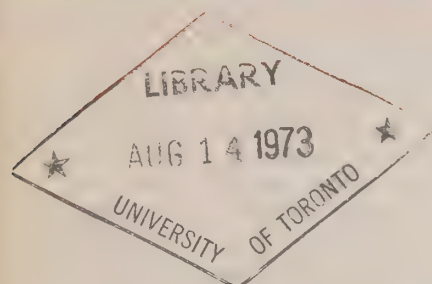
**Phonograph Records and Pre-Recorded Tapes, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers produced 3.68 million phonograph records in June, down from 4.29 million a year earlier. Production of pre-recorded tapes (8 track cartridges and cassettes only) increased to 882,075 from 743,946 for the same period.

For further information, order the June issue of service bulletin *Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes* (47-004, \$1 per year), Vol. 1, No. 6, or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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### Other Publications Released

**Labour Costs in Canada, Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities, 1970** (72-611, \$1.50)

**Wholesale Trade, May 1973** (63-008, \$1 per year)

**Vending Machine Operators, 1971** (63-213, 50¢)

**Salt, June 1973** (26-009, 10¢/\$1)

**Service Bulletins – Fish and Fish Products** (24-003, \$1 a year), Fish Freezings and Stocks, June 1973; Vol. 2, No. 57, Maritimes; Vol. 2, No. 58, British Columbia, Vol. 2, No. 59, Canada; Vol. 2, No. 60, Advance Release of Fish Landings, Quebec, June 1973;

**Electrical Products** (43-007, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 11, Factory Shipment of Unit Heaters, 1968-72.



**Consumer Price Movements, July 1973 (62-002, 40¢/\$4).**

The Consumer Price Index for Canada (1961=100) rose 0.9% to 151.0 in July from 149.7 in June. Although most major components moved up, the impetus behind the latest month's advance was largely attributable to increases in the food and housing elements, which went up 1.9% and 0.5%, respectively. From June to July, the level of prices for all-items other than food was 0.5% higher. The component for recreation, education and reading rose 2.0% and that for transportation increased 0.4%. The clothing index edged up 0.1%, while no change was recorded in the elements for tobacco and alcohol and for health and personal care. Between July 1972 and July 1973, the all-items index advanced 7.7%.

The food index rose 1.9% to 163.5 in July from 160.5 in June as the level of prices for food eaten away from home rose by 0.5% while that of food for home consumption advanced 2.2%. Higher prices for fresh produce, beef, pork, poultry and eggs were major contributors to the latest monthly advance. Fruit and vegetable prices registered a 5.9% rise, with fresh vegetables advancing by 11.8% and fresh fruit by 3.1%. Over the past 12 months, the indexes for fresh vegetables climbed 48% and fresh fruit 33%. The meat, poultry and fish index advanced 2.6% in the latest month, with retail price levels for beef and pork in early July being 3.0% and 2.3% higher, respectively, than a month earlier. Poultry prices rose 3.4% over the same period. In the 12 months since July 1972, beef prices rose, on average, by more than 21%, the retail price of pork climbed by almost 18%, and poultry quotations advanced nearly 29%. Between June and July, egg prices rose 4.2% to stand over 37% above their level of a year previous. The cereal and bakery products index increased 0.4% in the latest month, prices of dairy products edged up, on average, by 0.1% and the index for fats and oils rose 0.2%. In the 12 months since July 1972, the food index advanced 14.7% with the price of food consumed at home rising 15.6% and that for food away from home 10.4%.

The housing index advanced 0.5% to 152.8 in July from 152.1 in June. This increase, typical of the June to July movement of recent years, resulted from advances in both the shelter and household operation components. Within shelter, the home ownership element moved up 0.7% as a result of increases in the indexes for new houses, mortgage interest and owner repairs; rents rose 0.2%. Among items of household operation, electricity rates rose in some centres. Furniture prices advanced, on average, 0.4% following scattered price increases for livingroom and dining-room furniture. Other home furnishings recording advances were linen and draperies, floor coverings and

tableware. The index for household services rose 1.2% following increased telephone charges in Quebec and Ontario cities and higher wages for household help in many centres across the country. Prices of household supply items advanced, on average, 0.4%. In the 12 months to July 1973, the housing index rose 6.6%.

The clothing index edged up 0.1% to 138.2 in July from 138.1 in June. Footwear prices rose, on average, 0.3% as scattered increases were recorded for all items surveyed. The children's wear and the piece goods components both rose 0.2%. However, the indexes for women's and men's wear remained unchanged as price increases for some items were offset by reductions for others. Between July 1972 and July 1973, the clothing index rose 5.0%.

The transportation index rose 0.4% to 136.7 in July from 136.1 in June as increases were recorded in both the private and the public transportation components. Within the former, an advance of 0.8% in the automobile operation and maintenance index was mainly caused by increases in gasoline prices, notably in cities in Quebec and Ontario. New car quotations fell marginally. The increase in the public transportation element was almost entirely due to a rise in the train fares index. Between July 1972 and July 1973, the transportation index rose 2.3%.

In July 1973, the health and personal care index remained unchanged from its previous month's level of 156.3 and stood 4.8% above a year earlier. In the latest month, higher prices were recorded for razor blades and toothpaste but other items or personal care, including toilet soap and shaving cream, registered decreases.

The recreation, education and reading index advanced 2.0% to 146.9 in July from 144.0 in June, reflecting increases in the recreation and the reading components. Generally higher rates charged by hotels and motels were the main cause of the rise in the recreation index, while the reading component rose in response to higher newspaper subscription rates in some centres. In the 12 months ending July 1973, the recreation, education and reading index rose 5.4%.

In July 1973, the tobacco and alcohol index was unchanged from its June level of 136.4 and stood 2.7% above its level of July 1972.

Consumer price movements, reclassified by goods and services, offer another view of the incidence of price change. Between June and July, the total goods index advanced 0.9%, with the main impetus coming from non-durable goods which rose 1.3% mainly in response to higher food and gasoline prices. The indexes for both durable and semi-durable goods were 0.1% higher, the former mainly because of increased furniture and floor covering quotations and the latter in response to higher prices for clothing, linen and

(continued)



draperies. The services index rose 0.7% mainly in response to increased charges for shelter and domestic services. Between July 1972 and July 1973, the total goods index advanced 8.7% and that for services 6.3%.

For further information, order the July issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. I.H.D. Penpraze (613-992-8275), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Consumer Price Index and Main Components (1961=100)

	Component weight*	Index		Percent change		
		1973		July 73 from		
		July	June	July	June 1973	July 1972
All-items . . . . .	100	151.0	149.7	140.2	0.9	7.7
Food . . . . .	25	163.5	160.5	142.5	1.9	14.7
Food for home consumption . . . . .		160.2	156.8	138.6	2.2	15.6
Food away from home . . . . .		189.7	188.7	171.9	0.5	10.4
All-items excluding food . . . . .	75	146.4	145.7	139.2	0.5	5.2
Housing . . . . .	31	152.8	152.1	143.3	0.5	6.6
Shelter . . . . .		169.2	168.4	157.8	0.5	7.2
Household operation . . . . .		130.6	130.1	123.9	0.4	5.4
Clothing . . . . .	11	138.2	138.1	131.6	0.1	5.0
Transportation . . . . .	15	136.7	136.1	133.6	0.4	2.3
Private transportation . . . . .		129.5	129.0	125.7	0.4	3.0
Public transportation . . . . .		172.5	171.7	172.8	0.5	-0.2
Health and personal care . . . . .	5	156.3	156.3	149.1	—	4.8
Recreation, education and reading . . . . .	7	146.9	144.0	139.4	2.0	5.4
Tobacco and alcohol . . . . .	6	136.4	136.4	132.8	—	2.7
Tobacco products . . . . .		146.2	146.2	141.1	—	3.6
Alcoholic beverages . . . . .		129.8	129.8	127.2	—	2.0
Reclassified by Goods and Services**						
Goods . . . . .	66	143.0	141.7	131.6	0.9	8.7
Durable goods . . . . .	12	109.6	109.5	108.0	0.1	1.5
Semi-durable goods . . . . .	12	136.7	136.6	130.7	0.1	4.6
Non-durable goods . . . . .	42	153.6	151.6	138.1	1.3	11.2
Services . . . . .	34	168.1	166.9	158.1	0.7	6.3
Purchasing power of the 1961 consumer dollar . . . . .	—					
		0.66	0.67	0.71		
All-items Consumer Price Index converted to 1949=100 . . . . .						195.1

\* These rounded weights, based on 1967 expenditure patterns, are provided as a general guide to the relative importance of C.P.I. Major components from May 1973 forward, and replace 1957 weights in indexes prior to May 1973. The revised series is linked to its predecessor at April 1973. For revision details see *The Consumer Price Index for Canada (1961=100) (Revision Based on 1967 Expenditures)*, Catalogue 62-539, Price 75¢. \*\* The previous supplementary classification has been revised. Historical series relating to the revised classification replace the previously published supplementary indexes and are available, with explanatory notes, in *Retail Prices and Living Costs Service Bulletin Catalogue 62-005*, Vol. 2, No. 7, Price: \$2 per year. Note: For detail on these and other price statistics, see *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4).

**Summary of Imports, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

The External Trade Division reports that during May Canada's imports increased to a value of \$2,256 million from \$1,810 million a year earlier and \$1,378 million in the same month of 1971. Imports for the five months increased to \$9,328 million in 1973 from \$7,565 million in 1972 and \$6,095 million in 1971.

	May		January to May	
	1972	1973	1972	1973
	(\$ millions)			
<b>Selected Countries</b>				
United States . . . . .	1,245.5	1,644.3	5,240.9	6,700.9
Japan . . . . .	108.2	88.8	440.0	432.8
United Kingdom . . . . .	99.8	99.5	413.3	426.9
Germany, West . . . . .	53.9	52.7	199.4	235.0
Venezuela . . . . .	34.4	39.6	169.1	183.8
France . . . . .	23.7	30.8	100.0	124.0
Italy . . . . .	17.6	16.3	81.3	89.1
Australia . . . . .	19.9	21.0	68.4	80.4
Sweden . . . . .	13.8	15.2	59.0	71.1
Switzerland . . . . .	7.3	12.1	38.5	49.3
Netherlands . . . . .	7.5	10.1	35.2	46.7
Hong Kong . . . . .	7.5	9.1	40.1	40.0
Mexico . . . . .	7.1	9.2	26.6	38.7
<b>All Countries</b> . . . . .	<b>1,810.1</b>	<b>2,255.6</b>	<b>7,564.6</b>	<b>9,327.6</b>
<b>Selected Commodities</b>				
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	122.5	154.6	479.2	629.2
Coffee . . . . .	8.4	12.3	38.2	48.8
Sugar, raw . . . . .	9.7	9.6	35.3	34.3
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	155.9	200.1	605.6	747.1
Crude petroleum . . . . .	57.9	77.5	293.1	352.3
Coal . . . . .	23.1	25.1	41.3	40.3
Aluminum ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	9.2	11.8	32.0	36.4
Fabricated materials, inedible . . . . .	348.7	390.3	1,459.2	1,639.4
Fuel oil . . . . .	15.6	8.1	40.6	38.6
Organic chemicals . . . . .	16.9	20.8	69.5	87.7
Plate, sheet and strip, steel . . . . .	18.2	21.3	71.6	77.0
Plastics materials, not shaped . . . . .	14.5	17.2	64.0	77.4
End products, inedible . . . . .	1,155.1	1,482.0	4,922.7	6,200.9
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	217.7	254.8	984.8	1,155.6
Sedans, new . . . . .	136.3	144.3	540.1	677.1
Motor vehicle engines and parts . . . . .	54.9	71.7	227.1	332.7
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis . . . . .	44.8	60.5	178.5	258.2
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	37.3	136.6	122.7	280.9
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	40.2	41.6	190.5	201.9

**Imports by Stage of Fabrication**

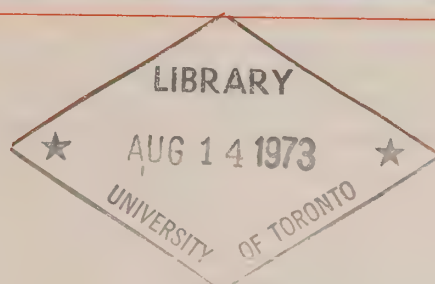
	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	(\$ millions)							
<b>All Countries</b>								
May . . . . .	1,810.1	2,255.6	226.1	287.1	371.0	418.8	1,213.0	1,549.7
January to May . . . . .	7,564.6	9,327.6	874.9	1,099.4	1,543.3	1,747.0	5,146.4	6,481.1
<b>United States</b>								
May . . . . .	1,245.5	1,644.3	109.4	134.1	218.9	270.9	917.2	1,239.3
January to May . . . . .	5,240.9	6,700.9	372.2	478.5	955.5	1,152.0	3,913.2	5,070.4

*Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.*

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2).

# Statistics Canada

## daily



Friday, August 10, 1973

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### Roads and Bridges

Statistics on general contractors primarily engaged in road and bridge building have been compiled in a publication available soon. For financial and operational data on the industry, which included 740 establishments across Canada with total revenue of \$1,242 million in 1971, order *The Highway, Roads, Street and Bridge Contracting Industry*, 1971 (64-206, 50¢), or contact Mr. G. Beauchamp or Mrs. L. Hunton (613-994-9795), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z6.

### Publications Released

**Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry**, May 1973 (61-005, 30¢/\$3)

**Imports by Commodities**, May 1973 (65-007, 75¢/\$7.50)

**Mental Health Statistics, Volume III**, 1971 (83-205, 75¢)

**Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries**, February 1973 (31-001, 40¢/\$4)

**Telegraphic Crop Report**, Prairie Provinces, Field Crop Reporting Series No. 14, 1973 (22-002, \$4 for the series)

**Motor Vehicle Shipments**, June 1973 (42-002, 10¢/\$1)

**Rigid Insulating Board**, (Wood Fibre and Mineral Products), June 1973 (36-002, 10¢/\$1)

**Sales of Pest Control Products by Canadian Registrants**, 1972 (46-212, 50¢)

**Service Bulletin – Merchandising and Services** (63-012, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 3, Statistics on Large Hotels, 1970.

### Foreign Long-Term Investment in Canada, 1969 – Advance Information.

This release contains estimates of foreign long-term investment in Canada up to the end of 1969 and represents an extension of the series published in *Canada's International Investment Position, 1926 to 1967* (67-202) released in December, 1971.

Canada's external liabilities in long-term forms rose \$3.7 billion during 1969 to reach \$41.7 billion by the end of the year, a growth rate of almost 10%. The vast bulk of this accumulated investment - some four-fifths - was owned by United States residents, both corporate and individual, while United Kingdom residents owned slightly less than one-tenth (\$3.9 billion) and residents of other countries \$4.8 billion, or slightly more than one-tenth.

#### Type of Investment

Direct investment (investments by non-residents in Canadian companies controlled in the investor's country of residence) continued to account for most of the increase, as this class of liabilities rose \$1,924 million to \$24,458 million, representing 52% of the total increase in Canada's long-term external liabilities. Capital flow data contained in the Canadian balance of payments estimates indicate that \$720 million of the increase came in the form of newly invested direct investment capital from parent companies abroad, the other \$1,204 million from investments of an essentially portfolio (non-

controlling) character emanating from the country of control, retained earnings in foreign-controlled enterprises accruing to the country of control, and other factors including revaluations, reclassifications, and similar accounting adjustments. A major shift occurred in the composition of U.S. direct investment, reflected in the contrary movements in investment in capital stock of Canadian companies and other corporation assets. The latter represent mainly the net assets in Canada of companies incorporated abroad.

Foreign portfolio investment rose to \$14,513 million from \$12,881 million at the end of 1968, and constituted some 35% of total foreign long-term investment in Canada. Reliance upon foreign capital markets as a source of funds by both governments and corporations in Canada increased greatly during 1969 and was largely responsible for the rise in importance of government debt as a component of over-all Canadian borrowing. At \$7,762 million, it advanced approximately two percentage points from 1967 and as a proportion of foreign long-term investment in Canada constituted almost 19% of the total by the end of 1969. Similarly, portfolio investment in corporate securities rose 11% to \$6,751 million at the end of the year, over twice as fast as the 5% increase registered in 1968. Investments in the capital stock of Canadian companies amounting to \$2,824 million comprised over two-fifths of these

(continued)

corporate investments and almost 7% of the total of foreign long-term funds invested in Canada. The growing importance of foreign portfolio financing was reflected both in the unusual growth in the Eurobond market at this time, on which governments drew heavily for funds, and in the high proportion (52%) of the net new supply of Canadian portfolio financing, including both debt and equities, sourced abroad.

Miscellaneous investment, comprising foreign investment in real estate, mortgages, private investment companies, assets administered for non-residents, etc., continued its steady advance to a level of \$2,697 million, some 6% of Canada's total long-term external liabilities. Most of the increase - some \$94 million out of a total of \$133 million - was by residents of countries other than the U.S. and the United Kingdom, bringing their total holdings to an estimated \$770 million. Holdings by residents of the U.S. amounted to \$1,762 million and those in the United Kingdom \$165 million.

### **Industrial Distribution**

Foreign investment in the capital-intensive manufacturing sector was, not surprisingly, greater than in any other single industry grouping. At \$11,659 million, foreign investment in manufacturing industries represented 28% of total foreign long-term investment in Canada, an increase of over \$1 billion during the year. Major components were the iron and products industry, including automobile manufacturers, which raised its share of foreign-owned capital by \$379 million to \$3,344 million, and the wood and paper products industry, with an increase of \$269 million to \$2,685 million. More dramatic, however, was the 14% increase in net foreign debt of the government sector, resulting to a large extent from increasing borrowing abroad by provincial authorities, and raising the government share of Canada's total long-term external liabilities by \$940 million to 19% of the total. Substantial increases were also recorded in the petroleum and natural gas industry, where foreign investment rose \$715 million to \$7,165 million, and in the financial industry where an advance of \$248 million to \$3,977 million occurred by the year's end. Foreign investment rose in all other broad industry groupings (mining and smelting, utilities, merchandising, other enterprises and miscellaneous investment) by a total of \$758 million or 7% to reach \$11,105 at the end of 1969.

In only three of these groupings did countries other than the U.S. contribute most of the gain -- municipal securities, mining and smelting and miscellaneous investment, where residents of the all other countries classification were predominant. Investments from the United Kingdom in Government of Canada issues climbed despite an over-all decline in foreign holdings of federal government issues.

(see tables on following pages)

### **Railway Transport, Part II, 1972 — Advance Information.**

Railways operating in Canada reported record high revenues of \$1,940.6 million in 1972, up 7.5% over the preceding 12 months. But total railway expenses more than kept pace with revenues, rising 8.5% to \$1,842.6 million. As a result, net revenues from operations (after taxes but before fixed charges) declined 8.8% to \$98.0 millions.

The 1972 increase in total operating revenues was primarily due to freight receipts, which rose 6.9% to \$1,688.1 million. Passenger revenues posted a gain for the second consecutive year, rising 7.3% to \$69.2 million. The average revenue earned by the railways for moving one ton of freight one mile increased slightly to 1.37 cents from 1.33 cents.

Spiralling expenses, while affecting most areas, showed the largest percentage increases in equipment rents, general expenses, transportation costs and equipment maintenance. Taxes were up 1.9% to \$103.8 million.

Total assets, which rose 3.2% during the year, stood at \$10,816.9 million at the close of 1972.

For further information order the 1972 edition of *Railway Transport, Part II* (52-208, 50¢), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

### **For-Hire Trucking, 1971 — Advance Information.**

Large for-hire motor carriers, with gross annual operating revenues over \$100,000, earned revenues of \$922.7 million during 1971, preliminary survey figures show. The carriers moved 69.5 million tons of cargo and ton-miles recorded during the year totalled 15,822 million.

For further information, contact Mr. S. Mozes (613-996-9274), Motor Carrier Statistics Section, Transport and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z7.

### **Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

Sawmills in British Columbia produced 912.7 million feet board measure of lumber and ties in May compared to 845.1 million a year earlier. January to May production increased to 4,453.2 million feet board measure from 4,081.2 million feet board measure for the same period last year.

For further information, order the May 1973 issue of *Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia* (35-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



Type of asset and nature of ownership	1967	1968	1969	1967	1968	1969	1967	1968	1969	1967	1968	1969
				Owned in United States	Owned in United Kingdom		All Other Countries			All Non-residents		
						(\$ millions)						
<b>Type of asset</b>												
Bonds and debentures:												
Government . . . . .	5,460	6,022	6,497	131	182	190	222	618	1,075	5,813	6,822	7,762
Railways . . . . .	203	185	206	258	260	260	90	75	73	551	539	539
Other corporations . . . . .	4,030	4,338	4,623	158	124	121	125	209	276	4,313	4,671	5,020
Sub-totals . . . . .	9,693	10,545	11,326	547	566	571	437	902	1,424	10,677	12,013	13,321
Capital stock of Canadian companies . . . . .	11,955	13,117	15,260	2,211	2,235	2,390	1,552	1,712	1,978	15,718	17,064	19,628
Other corporation assets . . . . .	4,792	5,137	4,683	627	727	736	457	474	603	5,876	6,338	6,022
Miscellaneous investment . . . . .	1,590	1,710	1,762	191	178	165	650	676	770	2,431	2,564	2,697
Total investment . . . . .	28,030	30,509	33,031	3,576	3,706	3,862	3,096	3,764	4,775	34,702	37,979	41,668
<b>Nature of ownership</b>												
<b>Direct investment (controlled in country of ownership):</b>												
Bonds and debentures:												
Railways . . . . .	1	1	1	2	1	1	79	130	145	3	2	2
Other corporations . . . . .	1,830	2,017	1,991	22	25	25	79	130	145	1,931	2,172	2,161
Sub-totals . . . . .	1,831	2,018	1,992	24	26	26	79	130	145	1,934	2,174	2,163
Capital stock of Canadian companies . . . . .	10,632	11,674	13,685	1,528	1,572	1,721	1,041	1,151	1,398	13,201	14,397	16,804
Other corporation assets* . . . . .	4,537	4,818	4,268	600	712	710	427	433	513	5,564	5,963	5,491
Total direct investment . . . . .	17,000	13,510	19,945	2,152	2,310	2,457	1,547	1,714	2,056	20,699	22,534	24,458
Government bonds . . . . .	5,460	6,022	6,497	131	182	190	222	618	1,075	5,813	6,822	7,762
<b>Other portfolio investment (not controlled in country of ownership):</b>												
Bonds and debentures:												
Railways:												
Controlled in Canada . . . . .	202	183	205	256	259	258	90	75	73	548	517	536
Controlled in Other Countries . . . . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Other corporations:												
Controlled in Canada . . . . .	1,890	2,003	2,132	9	11	20	21	63	87	1,920	2,077	2,239
Controlled in Other Countries . . . . .	310	318	500	127	88	77	25	16	44	462	422	621
Sub-totals . . . . .	2,402	2,505	2,837	392	358	355	136	154	204	2,930	3,017	3,396
Capital stock of Canadian companies:												
Companies controlled in Canada . . . . .	1,178	1,295	1,376	561	533	509	325	356	351	2,064	2,184	2,236
Companies controlled in Other Countries . . . . .	145	148	199	122	130	159	186	205	230	453	483	588
Other corporation assets** . . . . .	143	193	236	19	6	11	14	32	59	176	231	306
Companies controlled in Canada . . . . .	112	126	179	8	9	16	16	9	30	136	144	225
Companies controlled in Other Countries . . . . .												
Total other portfolio investment . . . . .	3,980	4,267	4,827	1,102	1,036	1,050	677	756	874	5,759	6,059	6,751
<b>Miscellaneous investment:</b>												
Real estate, mortgages, assets administered for non-residents, private investment companies, etc. . . . .	1,590	1,710	1,762	191	178	165	650	676	770	2,431	2,564	2,697
<b>SUMMARY</b>												
Direct investment . . . . .	17,000	18,510	19,945	2,152	2,310	2,457	1,547	1,814	2,050	20,699	22,534	24,458
Government bonds . . . . .	5,460	6,022	6,497	131	182	190	222	618	1,075	5,813	5,822	7,762
Other portfolio investment . . . . .	3,980	4,267	4,827	1,102	1,036	1,050	677	756	874	5,759	6,059	6,751
Other miscellaneous investment . . . . .	1,590	1,710	1,762	191	178	165	650	676	770	2,431	2,564	2,697
Total investment . . . . .	28,030	30,509	33,031	3,576	3,706	3,862	3,096	3,764	4,775	34,702	37,979	41,668

\* Includes net assets of unincorporated branches of foreign corporations and other long-term debt.

\*\* Consists of other long-term debt.

Friday, August 10, 1973



## Foreign Long-term Investment in Canada, Year Ends, 1967-69

by Type of Investment

Type of Investment	Owned in United States			Owned in United Kingdom		
	1967	1968	1969	1967	1968	1969
	(\$ millions)					
Government securities:						
Government of Canada . . . . .	395	446	419	12	23	35
Provincial . . . . .	3,672	4,151	4,664	90	132	130
Municipal . . . . .	1,393	1,425	1,414	29	27	25
Sub-totals . . . . .	5,460	6,022	6,497	131	182	190
Manufacturing:						
Vegetable products . . . . .	802	866	962	164	165	138
Animal products . . . . .	215	223	239	10	12	13
Textiles . . . . .	142	155	174	48	49	51
Wood and paper products . . . . .	1,994	2,037	2,198	235	223	257
Iron and products . . . . .	2,398	2,636	3,045	210	215	173
Non-ferrous metals . . . . .	1,317	1,371	1,405	194	128	120
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	262	283	307	37	43	62
Chemicals and allied products . . . . .	1,186	1,272	1,296	192	211	233
Miscellaneous manufactures . . . . .	165	186	232	5	4	4
Sub-totals . . . . .	8,481	9,029	9,858	1,095	1,050	1,051
Petroleum and natural gas . . . . .	4,905	5,296	5,859	554	549	556
Mining and smelting . . . . .	2,656	3,002	3,054	215	218	253
Utilities:						
Railways . . . . .	440	425	450	422	410	396
Other (excluding public enterprises) . . . . .	750	894	1,008	36	71	83
Sub-totals . . . . .	1,190	1,319	1,458	458	481	479
Merchandising . . . . .	1,007	1,121	1,277	308	323	350
Financial . . . . .	2,241	2,462	2,589	555	651	738
Other enterprises . . . . .	500	548	677	69	74	80
Miscellaneous investment . . . . .	1,590	1,710	1,762	191	178	165
Total investment . . . . .	28,030	30,509	33,031	3,576	3,706	3,862

	Owned in All Other Countries			Owned by All Non-residents		
	(\$ millions)					
Government securities:						
Government of Canada . . . . .	149	310	304	556	779	758
Provincial . . . . .	57	269	638	3,819	4,552	5,432
Municipal . . . . .	16	39	133	1,438	1,491	1,572
Sub-totals . . . . .	222	618	1,075	5,813	6,822	7,762
Manufacturing:						
Vegetable products . . . . .	23	32	63	989	1,063	1,163
Animal products . . . . .	14	14	21	239	249	273
Textiles . . . . .	5	6	12	195	210	237
Wood and paper products . . . . .	67	156	230	2,296	2,416	2,085
Iron and products . . . . .	118	114	126	2,726	2,965	3,344
Non-ferrous metals . . . . .	65	70	96	1,576	1,569	1,621
Non-mettalic minerals . . . . .	90	94	115	389	420	484
Chemicals and allied products . . . . .	58	61	83	1,436	1,544	1,612
Miscellaneous manufacturers . . . . .	1	5	4	171	195	240
Sub-totals . . . . .	441	552	750	10,017	10,631	11,659
Petroleum and natural gas . . . . .	550	605	750	6,009	6,450	7,165
Mining and smelting . . . . .	279	333	388	3,150	3,553	3,695
Utilities:						
Railways . . . . .	156	142	141	1,018	977	987
Other (excluding public enterprises) . . . . .	26	33	53	812	998	1,144
Sub-totals . . . . .	182	175	194	1,830	1,975	2,131
Merchandising . . . . .	117	138	135	1,432	1,582	1,762
Financial . . . . .	619	616	650	3,415	3,729	3,977
Other enterprises . . . . .	36	51	63	605	673	820
Miscellaneous investment . . . . .	650	676	770	2,431	2,564	2,697
Total investment . . . . .	3,096	3,764	4,775	34,702	37,979	41,668

## Prices and Price Indexes, August 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Aug. 2/73 This week	July 26/73 Week ago	July 5/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>187.3</b>	<b>189.2</b>	<b>177.1</b>
<b>Industrials-Totals</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>202.2</b>	<b>204.2</b>	<b>189.9</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	139.0	142.1	123.6
Foods . . . . .	10	149.2	148.1	150.4
Beverages . . . . .	7	262.5	259.2	247.7
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	156.0	141.8	138.5
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	139.4	139.4	128.1
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	380.2	379.4	363.5
Primary metals . . . . .	8	126.9	127.4	117.7
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	211.4	209.8	199.3
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	181.4	190.1	175.7
Petroleum . . . . .	7	328.3	338.7	314.3
Chemicals . . . . .	4	110.6	103.5	104.2
Construction . . . . .	4	153.1	143.6	139.0
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	158.1	160.5	158.8
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>142.0</b>	<b>144.9</b>	<b>141.5</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	146.1	152.1	149.0
Transportation . . . . .	4	340.4	349.1	326.5
Telephone . . . . .	3	83.1	84.0	84.6
Electric power . . . . .	3	107.9	106.1	108.6
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	151.1	157.8	152.8
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>179.5</b>	<b>179.3</b>	<b>166.0</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	211.2	210.9	193.9
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	130.1	130.1	123.3
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>143.8</b>	<b>148.0</b>	<b>138.3</b>
Golds . . . . .	6	182.5	189.7	185.8
Base metals . . . . .	16	123.9	126.4	113.5
Uraniums . . . . .	4	255.1	252.6	225.9
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	461.5	469.5	382.9

For further information, order the August issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Pulpwood and Wood Residue, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Roundwood production increased by 23.6% to 1.13 million cunits in June from 0.91 million a year earlier.

Consumption of roundwood and wood residue increased by 15.0% to 2.41 million cunits from 2.09 million and the closing inventory of these two products decreased by 8.8% to 7.43 million cunits from 8.15 million. Receipts of wood residue increased by 29.7% to 894,594 cunits from 689,580.

For further information, order the June 1973 issue of *Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics* (25-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. C. Sturton (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Second Forecast of Commercial Production of all Fruits, 1973 (Peaches and Grapes) — Advance Information.

Niagara District peach and grape crops were estimated August 3 to be 18% above the 1972 level.

For further information, order *Second Forecast of Commercial Production of all Fruits, 1973* (22-003, \$1 for the series), or contact Mr. G.O. Code (613-994-9994), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

### Sugar Sales, July 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian sugar refineries reported total sales of 227.17 million pounds of all types of sugar in July, 209.53 million pounds in domestic sales and 17.64 million pounds in export sales.

For further information, order the July issue of *Sugar Situation* (32-013, 10¢/\$1).

### Radio and Television Receiving Sets, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Manufacturers sold 45,447 Canadian-made colour television sets on the domestic market in June and 20,962 black-and-white sets. A year earlier, sales were 37,164 and 23,513.

For further information order the June issue of *Radio and Television Receiving Sets* (43-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Stoves and Ranges, June 1973 – Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers sales of stoves and ranges in June increased by 14% to 52,705 units from 46,369 units in June 1972. Closing inventory of these products increased by 31% to 96,367 units from 73,436 a year earlier.

For further information, order the June issue of *Stoves and Furnaces* (41-005, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Industrial Chemicals, June 1973 – Advance Information.**

Manufacturers produced 51.86 million pounds of polyethylene type synthetic resins in June, up from 48.03 million pounds a year earlier.

For further information order the June issue of *Specified Chemicals* (46-002, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



**Housing Starts and Completions, June 1973 — Advance Information.****Housing Starts and Completions in Centres of 10,000 Population & Over**

June 1973	Starts					Completions				
	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total
Newfoundland . . . . .	190	2	12	4	208	67	4	—	—	71
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	29	2	6	—	37	11	—	—	—	11
Nova Scotia . . . . .	327	6	35	251	619	131	4	—	242	377
New Brunswick . . . . .	329	18	—	139	486	106	38	33	128	305
Quebec . . . . .	1,604	174	56	2,416	4,250	1,613	196	88	1,798	3,695
Ontario . . . . .	3,173	783	1,575	3,806	9,337	2,429	702	407	3,029	6,567
Manitoba . . . . .	310	12	4	1,007	1,333	219	73	2	1,097	1,391
Saskatchewan . . . . .	253	6	—	—	259	128	10	16	94	248
Alberta . . . . .	1,135	70	9	635	1,849	727	50	123	206	1,106
British Columbia . . . . .	1,488	68	87	925	2,568	1,067	46	221	641	1,975
<b>Canada . . . . .</b>	<b>8,838</b>	<b>1,141</b>	<b>1,784</b>	<b>9,183</b>	<b>20,946</b>	<b>6,498</b>	<b>1,123</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>7,235</b>	<b>15,746</b>
<b>Metropolitan Areas</b>										
Calgary . . . . .	427	26	—	365	818	331	22	—	136	489
Chicoutimi-Jonquiere . . . . .	117	6	—	64	187	29	—	—	—	29
Edmonton . . . . .	516	32	9	79	636	343	20	90	50	503
Halifax . . . . .	247	6	35	218	506	114	2	—	242	358
Hamilton . . . . .	342	64	80	274	760	249	59	90	104	502
Hull . . . . .	138	2	—	86	226	69	—	—	523	592
Kitchener . . . . .	124	26	104	168	422	132	57	4	283	476
London . . . . .	210	10	79	147	446	146	20	25	581	772
Montreal . . . . .	634	132	56	1,811	2,633	875	143	87	1,040	2,145
Ottawa . . . . .	162	14	—	603	779	115	43	—	2	160
Quebec City . . . . .	244	18	—	106	368	262	36	—	46	344
Regina . . . . .	101	—	—	—	101	33	4	16	94	147
St. Catharines-Niagara . . . . .	232	14	194	147	587	169	40	8	76	293
Saint John . . . . .	106	6	—	—	112	37	2	20	12	71
St. John's . . . . .	154	2	12	4	172	58	4	—	—	62
Saskatoon . . . . .	82	6	—	—	88	42	4	—	—	46
Sudbury . . . . .	110	16	—	52	178	53	7	15	56	131
Thunder Bay . . . . .	96	8	—	95	199	24	20	—	44	88
Toronto . . . . .	717	499	964	1,692	3,872	880	389	211	1,110	2,590
Vancouver . . . . .	984	40	77	396	1,497	651	28	189	341	1,209
Victoria . . . . .	117	4	—	215	336	68	6	20	214	308
Windsor . . . . .	179	30	—	143	352	136	2	17	386	541
Winnipeg . . . . .	257	8	4	1,007	1,276	192	71	2	1,097	1,362
<b>Sub-Totals . . . . .</b>	<b>6,296</b>	<b>969</b>	<b>1,614</b>	<b>7,672</b>	<b>16,551</b>	<b>5,008</b>	<b>979</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>6,437</b>	<b>13,218</b>
Major Urban Areas . . . . .	1,056	84	118	904	2,162	763	106	71	260	1,200
Other Areas 10,000+. . . . .	1,486	88	52	607	2,233	727	38	25	538	1,328
<b>All Areas 10,000+ . . . . .</b>	<b>8,838</b>	<b>1,141</b>	<b>1,784</b>	<b>9,183</b>	<b>20,946</b>	<b>6,498</b>	<b>1,123</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>7,235</b>	<b>15,746</b>

For further information, order *Housing Starts and Completions June 1973* (64-002, \$3 a year, \$3.60 outside Canada).

**Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers had domestic sales of 34,668 automatic washing machines in June, up from 27,531 in the same month a year ago. Sales of conventional washers were 10,087 compared to 11,863 in June 1972.

Domestic sales of clothes dryers reached 25,541 compared to 18,370 a year earlier and gas dryer sales were 1,854 compared to 1,169.

For further information, order the June issue of *Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers* (43-002, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

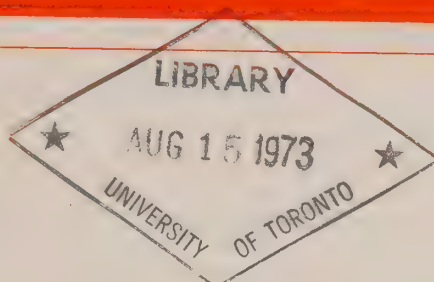
**Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian firms sold 59,573 refrigerators in Canada in June compared to 49,690 a year earlier, and month-end stocks totalled 110,869 units, up from 98,501. Domestic sales of home and farm freezers increased to 35,601 from 22,763 and month-end stocks decreased to 33,942 from 44,849.

For further information, order the June issue of *Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers* (43-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

**Canadian Balance of International Payments, Second Quarter**  
1973 – Advance Information.

### Publications Released

**Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, June 1973** (62-003, 10¢/\$1)  
**The Wheat Review, July 1973** (22-005, 30¢/\$3)  
**Railway Freight Traffic, Fourth Quarter 1972** (52-002, 75¢/\$3)  
**Music Competition Festivals, 1971** (81-558, 50¢)

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**Mineral Production, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

June production of silver increased to 3.50 million troy ounces from 3.19 million troy ounces in June 1972. This brought six-months output to 24.54 million ounces from 23.14 million a year earlier.

June production of refined lead decreased to 17,656 tons from 19,101 tons a year earlier. This brought the six-months output to 106,245 tons from 116,060 a year earlier.

June production of refined zinc increased to 48,048 tons from 46,561 tons a year earlier, bringing the six-months output to 296,084 tons from 252,235 a year earlier.

June production of primary copper increased to 67,733 tons from 52,635 tons in June 1972. This brought the six-months output to 431,259 tons from 360,663 a year earlier.

June production of primary nickel increased to 24,401 tons from 19,962 tons in June 1972, bringing the six-months output to 142,173 tons from 138,679 a year earlier.

Gold production increased to 169,139 troy ounces in June from 163,844 troy ounces a year earlier. Year-to-date production was 1,003,107 troy ounces compared to 1,054,570 last year.

For further information, order the June issues of *Silver, Lead and Zinc Production* (26-008, 10¢/\$1), *Copper and Nickel Production* (26-003, 10¢/\$1) and *Gold Production* (26-004, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies increased in May to 387,319,000 feet board measure from 340,856,000 feet board measure in May 1972.

Stocks on hand totalled 487,561,000 feet board measure.

For further information, order the May 1973 issue of *Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies* (35-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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**Production Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

June rubber production increased to 46.06 million pounds from 40.01 million in June 1972. Consumption of rubber increased to 52.36 million pounds compared to 51.04 million pounds for the 1972 month.

For further information, order the June issue of *Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber* (33-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Footwear Statistics, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

June production of footwear of all types decreased to 3.90 million pairs from 4.13 million in 1972. January through June production decreased to 22.30 million pairs in 1973 from 22.52 million in 1972.

For further information, order the June issue of *Footwear Statistics* (33-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Shipment of Foundation Garment, Quarter ended March 31, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Shipments of foundation garments increased to 439,209 dozen in the first quarter of 1973 from 433,836 dozen a year earlier.

For further information, order the March issue of *Foundation Garment Shipments*, (34-002, 25¢/\$1), Vol. 10, No. 1, or contact Mr. Larry Clarke (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

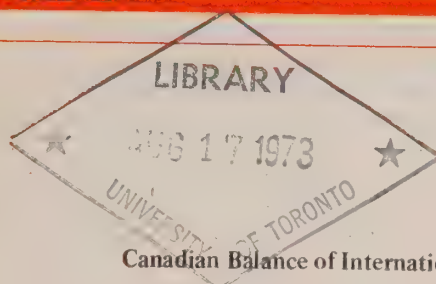
**Steel Ingots, Week ended August 11, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended August 11, totalled 256,428 tons, an increase of 1.4% from the preceding week's total of 252,839 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 226,550 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 140.0 in the current week, 138.0 a week earlier and 123.6 one year ago.



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### Publications Released

- The Electrical Contracting Industry, 1971 (64-205, 75¢)
- Restaurant Statistics, June 1973 (63-011, 10¢/\$1)
- Asphalt Roofing, June 1973 (45-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Report on Livestock Surveys, Pigs, June 1, 1973 (23-005, \$1 a year)
- Service Bulletins – Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 10, Railway Carloadings, June 1973:
- Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 8, Pack of Frozen Fruits and Vegetables as reported up to the end of June 1973

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**Canadian Balance of International Payments, Second Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.**

Advance estimates of the international payments balance for the second quarter of 1973 show a seasonally adjusted deficit of \$30 million, down \$263 million from the previous quarter. The reduced deficit came from an improvement in both the merchandise and non-merchandise balances. With merchandise exports increasing by about 2% to \$6,042 million and merchandise imports declining by about 1% to \$5,514 million, the trade surplus rose by 35% to \$528 million. Exports to the United States increased marginally and exports to the United Kingdom declined, but to the other countries sales increased by 14%.

Merchandise imports from the U.S. increased by about 5% but imports from the rest of the world declined by 10%. Seasonally adjusted commodity details for exports and imports are not yet available.

The deficit on non-merchandise transactions was \$558 million, about 18% lower than in the first quarter. Total non-merchandise receipts dropped slightly to \$1,427 million, but non-merchandise payments fell by about 6% to \$1,985 million. There were small increases in receipts on all the service items, which were more than offset by reductions in transfer receipts. On the other hand there were important reductions in travel expenditures abroad and in freight and shipping payments. Partially offsetting these decreases, however, were larger payments for interest arising mainly from provincial borrowings. A surplus of about \$50 million on transfers was maintained with reductions on both receipts and payments, the former due mainly to lower receipts of immigrants' funds and withholding tax and the latter due largely to lower official contributions.

Unadjusted for seasonal variations, the first quarter produced a deficit of \$167 million. Total receipts amounted to \$7,883 million, total payments to \$8,050 million. Merchandise exports were \$6,430 million and imports \$6,029 million, giving a trade surplus of \$401 million.

Principal commodities exported in this quarter were automotive products, lumber, crude petroleum, newsprint paper, wheat, woodpulp, iron ore, industrial machinery and fabricated iron and steel.

For imports, largest purchases were on automotive products, industrial machinery, crude petroleum, communication equipment, fabricated iron and steel, office machines including computers, and aircraft and parts.

On non-merchandise transactions there was a deficit of \$568 million made up of a deficit of \$646 million on services partly offset by a surplus of \$78 million on transfers.

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In current account transactions with the U.S., there was a deficit of \$347 million. A trade surplus of \$137 million was more than offset by a deficit of \$484 million on non-merchandise transactions. Merchandise exports amounted to \$4,514 million while imports were \$4,377 million. Non-merchandise receipts accounting for 15% of total receipts stood at \$808 million, while non-merchandise payments representing 23% of total payments were \$1,292 million. Largest items on service payments were "other services" (mainly business services) and interest and dividends.

Capital account transactions resulted in a net inflow of about \$60 million. Very preliminary indications suggest a net capital inflow in long-term forms of \$250 million, implying a net outflow of \$190 million in short-term forms. New issues sold abroad during the quarter amounted to approximately \$380 million with a continuation of relatively strong foreign currency borrowing in Europe. The level of retirements of Canadian securities held by non-residents increased significantly from the first quarter, due in part to the repayment of Government of Canada 6-3/4% DM250 million notes due June 1, 1973. In outstanding portfolio security transactions, net repurchases of Canadian securities appear to have been largely offset by net sales of outstanding foreign securities. Preliminary indications suggest a net capital outflow from trading in money market instruments.

The spot rate on the Canadian dollar was lower again during the quarter with the U.S. dollar trading on average at marginally higher rates, and with European currencies about 2-1/2% above levels following the February European float. The U.S. forward differential eased somewhat following a large forward discount in March ranging between 1.50 and 1.70, on an annual basis, for most of the quarter.

Net official monetary movements led to a decrease in Canada's reserves of \$107 million in the quarter.

Further information will be contained in the *Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments*, Second Quarter 1973 (67-001, 75¢/\$3), or contact Mr. D.J. Collins (613-996-2545), Balance of Payments Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.

(see table on page 3)

**Retail Trade, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Seasonally adjusted June retail sales increased 0.4% from the previous month to a total of \$3,126.7 million with increases registered in 10 of the 18 trade groups. General merchandise stores (8.4%) and women's clothing stores (7.9%) recorded the largest sales increases. Fuel dealers (-7.4%) and jewellery stores (-6.5%) registered the greatest declines. Newfoundland recorded the greatest provincial gain (9.3%) while Manitoba registered the largest provincial decline (-5.9%).

(continued)

## First Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments, Second Quarter 1973

	1971	1972	1972			1973	
			II	III	IV	I	II
			(\$ millions)				
Seasonally Adjusted							
Between Canada and All Countries:							
Merchandise exports <sup>1</sup>			5,026	4,856	5,542	5,933	6,042
Merchandise imports <sup>1</sup>			4,547	4,612	5,006	5,543	5,514
Balance on merchandise trade			479	244	536	390	528
Non-merchandise receipts <sup>2</sup>			1,293	1,342	1,383	1,433	1,427
Non-merchandise payments <sup>2</sup>			1,786	1,794	1,972	2,116	1,985
Balance on non-merchandise transactions			-493	-452	-589	-683	-558
Total receipts <sup>2</sup>			6,319	6,198	6,925	7,366	7,469
Total payments <sup>2</sup>			6,333	6,406	6,978	7,659	7,499
Current account balance			-14	-208	-53	-293	-30
Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variations							
Between Canada and All Countries:							
Merchandise exports <sup>1</sup>	17,929	20,068	5,390	4,555	5,713	5,629	6,430
Merchandise imports <sup>1</sup>	15,532	18,571	4,975	4,339	5,068	5,265	6,029
Balance on merchandise trade	2,397	1,497	415	216	645	364	401
Non-merchandise receipts <sup>2</sup>	5,192	5,287	1,321	1,649	1,311	1,134	1,453
Non-merchandise payments <sup>2</sup>	7,188	7,363	1,824	1,930	1,929	1,968	2,021
Balance on non-merchandise transactions	-1,996	-2,076	-503	-281	-618	-834	-568
Total receipts <sup>2</sup>	23,121	25,355	6,711	6,204	7,024	6,763	7,883
Total payments <sup>2</sup>	22,720	25,934	6,799	6,269	6,997	7,233	8,050
Current account balance	401	-579	-88	-65	27	-470	-167
Net capital movements, long and short-term <sup>3</sup>							
(excluding monetary items below)	376	795	410	68	-196	388	60
Allocation of Special Drawing Rights	119	117					
Net official monetary movements	896	333	322	3	-169	-82	-107
Between Canada and the United States							
Merchandise exports <sup>1</sup>	12,063	13,991	3,754	3,102	3,877	4,048	4,514
Merchandise imports <sup>1</sup>	10,871	12,791	3,459	2,892	3,553	3,745	4,377
Balance on merchandise trade	1,192	1,200	295	210	324	303	137
Non-merchandise receipts	3,111	3,018	750	1,035	685	588	808
Non-merchandise payments	4,496	4,544	1,130	1,154	1,194	1,256	1,292
Balance on non-merchandise transactions	-1,385	-1,526	-380	-119	-509	-668	-484
Total receipts	15,174	17,009	4,504	4,137	4,562	4,636	5,322
Total payments	15,367	17,335	4,589	4,046	4,747	5,001	5,669
Current account balance	-193	-326	-85	91	-185	-365	-347

1 Adjusted for valuation coverage and timing for Balance of Payments purposes.

2 Includes taxes withheld on service payments or income distributions to non-residents not distributed bilaterally amounting in the second quarter 1973 to \$64 million (seasonally adjusted) and \$76 million (not seasonally adjusted).

3 Includes balancing item.

Total retail trade, without seasonal adjustment, reached \$3,343.0 million, an increase of 11.8% from June 1972. Increases were registered in all trade groups. Sales increases ranged from a high of 18.7% for department stores to a low of 4.1% for men's clothing stores. All provinces registered increased sales with the largest increases in Prince Edward Island (17.3%) and British Columbia (16.0%).

For further information, order the June issue of *Retail Trade* (63-005, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-992-9896), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

#### Chain Store Sales and Stocks, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Chain store organizations in June reported a 14.7% increase in sales over the previous year to total \$1,304.2 million. All trades registered sales increases led by service stations and garages (37.8%) and drug stores (20.2%).

The value of stocks held on June 1 increased 14.3% from June 1972, reaching \$2,250.2 million. Fuel dealers recorded the largest stock decrease (-17.2%) while the greatest gain was registered by family clothing stores (32.1%).

For further information, order the June issue of *Chain Store Sales and Stocks* (63-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-992-9896), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

#### Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics, First Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.

Estimated profits (after taxes) for industrial corporations, not seasonally adjusted, were \$1.482 million for the first quarter of 1973, an increase of \$271 million or 22.4% from the first quarter of 1972.

Estimates of sales of \$33.7 billion for the same period show an increase of \$5 billion or 17.6% from the 1972 quarter. Assets increased by \$1,748 million (continued)



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or 1.7% over the previous quarter and by \$7,683 million or 7.7% from the revised first quarter of 1972.

For further information, order *Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics* (61-003, \$1/\$4), or contact Mr. J.D. Wilson (613-994-9622), Business Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z7.

### Weekly Railway Carloadings, July 31, 1973 – Advance Information.

Canadian railways loaded 5.5 million tons of freight during the 10 days ended July 31. This was an increase of 13.8% over July 1972 but a decline of 17.1% from June 1973. A strike in Quebec iron mines caused a drop in tonnage during the summer of 1972 while railway labour difficulties of a rotating nature in selected areas of Canada during the last week of July this year contributed to the downward trend from recent 1973 periods.

Year-to-date loadings totalled 138.3 million tons, up 16.6% from 1972. Western volume during the seven months rose 10.5% to 62.5 million tons while loadings east of the Lakehead increased 22.2% to 75.8 million tons.

For further information order the July issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2).

10-day period ending July 31	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973	3,076,867	2,454,083	5,530,950
Tons, 1972	1,966,405	2,894,630	4,861,035
% change	56.5	-15.2	13.8
Cars, 1973	50,804	40,112	90,916
Cars, 1972	39,019	49,263	88,282
% change	30.2	-18.6	3.0
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973	115,514	52,754	168,268
Tons, 1972	112,452	60,736	173,188
% change	2.7	-13.1	-2.8
Cars, 1973	4,318	2,530	6,848
Cars, 1972	4,731	2,930	7,661
% change	-8.7	-13.7	-10.6
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973	75,839,955	62,493,533	138,333,488**
Tons, 1972	62,054,745	56,536,359	118,591,104
% change	22.2	10.5	16.6
Cars, 1973	1,373,164	1,019,318	2,392,482
Cars, 1972	1,187,602	967,351	2,154,953
% change	15.6	5.4	11.0
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973	3,592,617	1,390,495	4,983,112
Tons, 1972	2,814,381	1,259,944	4,074,325
% change	27.7	10.4	22.3
Cars, 1973	149,870	69,327	219,197
Cars, 1972	123,395	60,819	184,214
% change	21.5	14.0	19.0

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect to prior periods.

### Farm Implement and Equipment Sales 1972 – Advance Information.

Sales of farm implements and equipment (including repair parts) for 1972 were valued at \$508 million, 26.1% above the 1971 figure of \$403 million. New machines sold increased 28.8% to \$420 million in 1972 from \$326 million in 1971 while repair parts at \$87.9 million were up 14.4% from 1971 sales of \$76.8 million.

Further information will be contained in *Farm Implement and Equipment Sales 1972* (63-203, 50¢) and advance details can be obtained from Merchandising and Services Division (613-996-5844) Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

### Fruit and Vegetable Preparations, second quarter 1973 – Advance Information.

Total factory sales of domestic jams, jellies and marmalades for the second quarter of 1973 amounted to 22.47 million pounds compared to 27.82 million for the same period of 1972.

For further information, order the June issue of *Fruit and Vegetable Preparations* (32-017, \$1 a year) Vol. 11 No. 2, or contact Mr. Walter Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Statistics Canada

## daily



Wednesday, August 15, 1973

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### Other Publications Released

- Housing Starts and Completions, June 1973 (64-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Railway Carloadings, June 1973 (52-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Air Carrier Operations in Canada, October-December 1972 (51-002, \$1/\$4)
- Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations, March 1973 (51-001, 30¢/\$3)
- Grain Milling Statistics, June 1973 (32-003, \$1 a year)
- Preliminary Report on the Production of Motor Vehicles, July 1973 (42-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Iron Ore, June 1973 (26-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Gypsum Products, June 1973 (44-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, June 1973 (33-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Pack, Shipments and Stocks of Selected Canned Fruits and Vegetables, June 1973 (32-011, 20¢/\$2)
- Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, July 1973 (41-002, 10¢/\$1)

(continued)

Asbestos, June 1973 (26-001, 10¢/\$1)

Cement, June 1973 (44-001, 10¢/\$1)

Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, June 1973 (43-001, 10¢/\$1)

Specified Chemicals, June 1973 (46-002, 10¢/\$1)

Oil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters, June 1973 (41-008, 10¢/\$1)

Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, June 1973 (41-006, 10¢/\$1)

Service Bulletins -- Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 6, Sanitaryware; Domestic and Farm Water Systems; Cemented Tungsten Carbide Blanks and Tools, June 1973

### The Labour Force, July 1973 -- Advance Information.

Employment advanced to an estimated 9.23 million in July from 9.11 million in June while unemployment dipped to 461,000 from 503,000. A year ago, employment stood at 8.83 million and unemployment at 543,000.

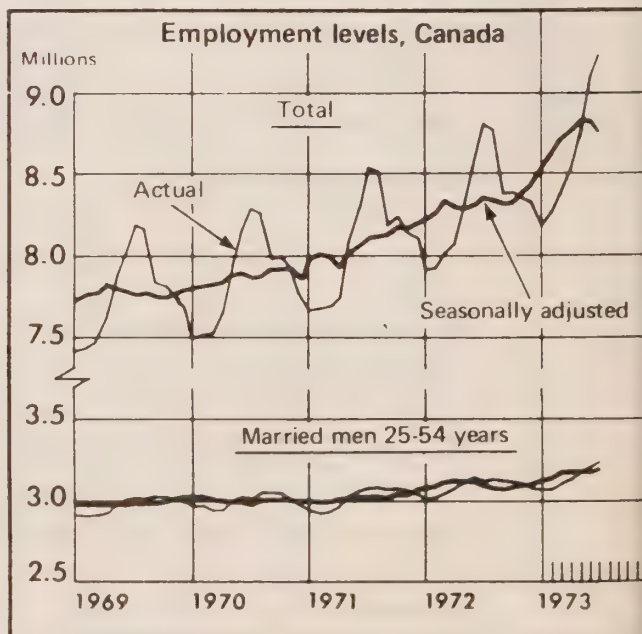
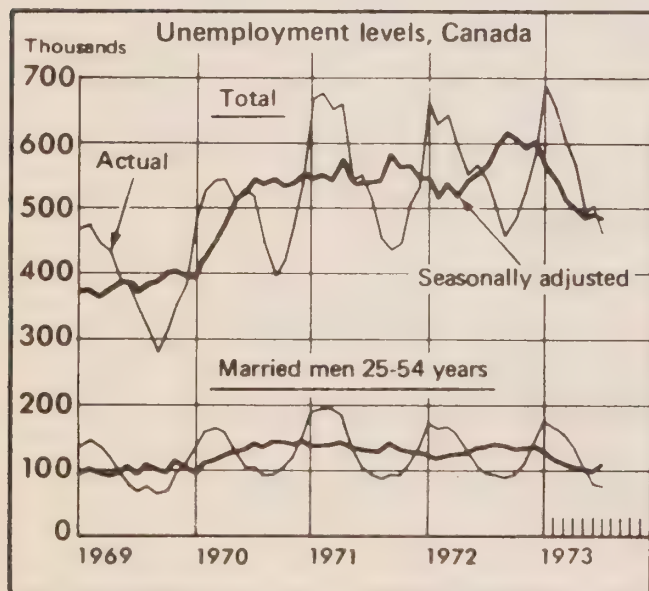
The total work force in July was 9.69 million compared to 9.61 million in the same month of 1972.

Seasonally adjusted, the unemployment rate dipped to 5.2% of the labour force from 5.3% in June. Regionally, it edged down to 9.0% in the Atlantic area from 9.3% in June, to 7.0% in Quebec from 7.4% and to 5.9% in British Columbia from 6.1%. It was 3.7% in Ontario compared with 3.6% in June and also 3.7% on the Prairies compared with 3.5% a month earlier.

By age groups, the level of unemployment for married men 25-54 increased slightly after declining for several months. There was a decrease in unemployment for persons 14-24, including many students working for the summer.

The participation rate, percentage of the population counted in the labour force, dipped on a seasonally adjusted basis to 57.2% from 57.9% in June. The decline came after nine months during which the rate either increased or remained unchanged. The rate for persons 14-24 decreased following a large June increase. The decline was evident in all regions but was least pronounced in British Columbia.

For further information, order the July issue of *The Labour Force* (71-001, 30¢/\$3).





**Summary of Exports June 1973 — Advance Information.**

The External Trade Division reports that the value of total exports increased to \$2,127 million in June 1973 from \$1,884 million a year earlier. January to June total exports rose to \$11,998 million in 1973 from \$9,759 million in 1972. Area and commodity detail are shown below for domestic exports only.

Domestic Exports				
	June		January to June	
	1972	1973	1973	1973
	\$ millions			
Selected Countries				
United States . . . . .	1,260.2	1,458.2	6,784.7	8,313.6
Japan . . . . .	90.9	130.2	426.6	752.5
United Kingdom . . . . .	134.1	115.8	664.8	702.0
Germany, West . . . . .	37.2	42.7	141.0	183.7
People's Republic of China . . . . .	27.0	34.3	83.2	181.5
Belgium and Luxembourg . . . . .	16.7	22.4	78.6	121.7
Italy . . . . .	18.3	27.0	91.8	106.8
Netherlands . . . . .	20.4	30.2	142.0	99.6
Australia . . . . .	16.3	16.5	81.0	90.3
India . . . . .	6.8	4.2	42.5	84.1
France . . . . .	12.8	14.9	70.5	80.6
Norway . . . . .	14.3	12.4	68.0	79.5
Venezuela . . . . .	20.8	3.5	81.0	46.1
All Countries . . . . .	1,838.4	2,084.5	9,523.9	11,748.9
Selected Commodities				
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	235.2	243.4	897.0	1,250.5
Wheat . . . . .	86.7	103.8	304.9	470.1
Whisky . . . . .	18.3	18.0	83.4	98.5
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	322.9	401.4	1,653.5	2,221.7
Crude petroleum . . . . .	85.2	119.5	490.0	703.1
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	48.3	68.4	138.2	192.4
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	26.3	15.1	173.4	190.8
Fabricated materials, inedible . . . . .	589.0	700.4	3,261.7	4,018.8
Newsprint paper . . . . .	100.1	111.5	575.4	659.7
Wood pulp, similar pulp . . . . .	72.7	87.6	409.0	495.0
Lumber . . . . .	99.1	152.8	536.7	822.4
Aluminum, including alloys . . . . .	36.4	28.1	210.6	188.7
Copper and alloys . . . . .	46.9	30.2	202.8	220.3
End products, inedible . . . . .	679.3	720.9	3,653.7	4,166.9
Passenger automobiles and chassis . . . . .	230.0	227.8	1,218.9	1,274.9
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	100.9	126.1	589.4	783.6
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis . . . . .	66.3	77.1	342.5	390.4
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	13.0	8.4	38.5	35.4
Motor vehicle engines and parts . . . . .	49.0	45.4	269.2	296.6
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	46.8	35.8	264.9	207.0
Re-exports . . . . .	46.0	42.0	234.9	248.6
Total Exports . . . . .	1,884.4	2,126.6	9,758.7	11,997.5

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

Domestic Exports by Stage of Fabrication								
	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	\$ millions							
All Countries								
June . . . . .	1,838.4	2,084.5	503.7	586.7	609.8	730.3	724.9	767.5
January to June . . . . .	9,523.9	11,748.9	2,297.1	3,154.4	3,354.5	4,167.1	3,872.2	4,427.4
United States								
June . . . . .	1,260.2	1,458.2	218.8	265.2	418.1	502.4	623.3	690.6
January to June . . . . .	6,784.7	8,313.6	1,121.9	1,457.5	2,344.9	2,954.3	3,317.9	3,901.8

Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.

## Prices and Price Indexes, August 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Aug. 9/73 This week	Aug. 2/73 Week ago	July 12/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>189.7</b>	<b>187.3</b>	<b>183.1</b>
<b>Industrials-Totals</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>206.3</b>	<b>202.2</b>	<b>196.9</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	143.0	139.0	133.9
Foods . . . . .	10	150.4	149.2	149.9
Beverages . . . . .	7	262.7	262.5	255.1
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	156.6	156.0	141.6
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	144.9	139.4	129.5
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	381.4	380.2	371.6
Primary metals . . . . .	8	129.3	126.9	120.2
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	216.7	211.4	208.7
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	178.0	181.4	177.5
Petroleum . . . . .	7	337.6	328.3	327.5
Chemicals . . . . .	4	112.4	110.6	102.5
Construction . . . . .	4	153.6	153.1	144.2
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	157.8	158.1	159.2
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>140.1</b>	<b>142.0</b>	<b>142.6</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	141.9	146.1	147.1
Transportation . . . . .	4	335.9	340.4	336.0
Telephone . . . . .	3	83.0	83.1	84.6
Electric power . . . . .	3	106.2	107.9	108.8
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	150.9	151.1	154.2
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>179.3</b>	<b>179.5</b>	<b>174.2</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	211.8	211.2	206.2
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	128.6	130.1	124.1
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>140.3</b>	<b>143.8</b>	<b>143.8</b>
Golds . . . . .	6	173.7	182.5	189.9
Base metals . . . . .	16	123.3	123.9	119.8
Uraniums . . . . .	4	257.0	255.1	240.8
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	468.7	461.5	413.1

For further information, order the August issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Seasonally adjusted manufacturers' shipments in June were estimated at \$5,358.2 million, 1.3% higher than the May estimate of \$5,237.6 million. Durable goods shipments, estimated at \$2,542.4 million, were practically unchanged from the May estimate of \$2,542.6 million, while estimated non-durable shipments at \$2,815.8 million were 2.6% above the May value of \$2,745.0 million.

New orders in June, estimated at \$5,450.0 million, were 1.4% lower than the May value of \$5,526.2 million. Durable goods new orders dropped 4.2% to \$2,664.4 million while new orders for non-durable goods increased 1.5% to \$2,785.6 million. Unfilled orders were estimated at \$6,218.9 million, 1.5% above the May estimate of \$6,127.1 million.

Total inventory owned was estimated at \$9,503.0 million, 1.0% higher than the May value of \$9,407.6

million. Total inventory held, estimated at \$9,970.4 million, increased 1.1% over the May value of \$9,863.9 million with increases of 1.5%, 0.9%, and 0.8% in raw materials, goods in process and finished products, respectively.

The ratio of total inventory owned to shipments was 0.78 in June, same as the value for May. The finished products to shipments ratio was 0.60 in June compared with 0.61 in May.

Unadjusted for seasonal variation, estimated June shipments at \$5,689.1 million were 0.9% higher than the May value of \$5,638.3 million. Shipments for the first six months of 1973 were estimated at \$31,703.1 million, 16.9% higher than the corresponding 1972 value of \$27,130.3 million.

For further information, order the June issue of *Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries* (31-001, 40¢/\$4).

(see tables on next page)

**Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in all Manufacturing Industries**  
(Based on 1971 Census of Manufactures Benchmarks)

	Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation			
	June 1973P	May 1973†	April 1973	June 1972
	(\$ millions)			
Shipments - Total . . . . .	5,689.1	5,638.3	5,248.4	4,926.8
New Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	5,750.1	5,798.2	5,358.3	4,975.5
- Non-durable . . . . .	2,873.1	2,860.6	2,684.2	2,542.7
- Durable . . . . .	2,877.0	2,937.6	2,674.1	2,432.7
Unfilled Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	6,202.7	6,141.7	5,981.8	5,033.3
- Non-durable . . . . .	958.9	966.2	964.0	826.3
- Durable . . . . .	5,243.8	5,175.5	5,017.8	4,207.0
Inventory Owned - Total . . . . .	9,454.1	9,409.5	9,385.6	8,624.7
Inventory Held - Total . . . . .	9,925.4	9,867.0	9,830.7	9,128.4
- Raw materials . . . . .	4,027.2	3,987.0	3,942.7	3,556.7
- Goods in process . . . . .	2,627.5	2,618.3	2,600.1	2,458.7
- Finished products . . . . .	3,270.7	3,261.7	3,287.6	3,112.9
	Adjusted for seasonal Variation			
Shipments - Total . . . . .	5,358.2	5,287.6	5,242.7	4,577.8
New Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	5,450.0	5,526.2	5,381.3	4,642.9
- Non-durable . . . . .	2,785.6	2,745.3	2,714.5	2,425.6
- Durable . . . . .	2,664.4	2,730.9	2,666.8	2,217.3
Unfilled Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	6,218.9	6,127.1	5,888.5	5,078.1
- Non-durable . . . . .	911.6	941.8	941.5	784.7
- Durable . . . . .	5,307.3	5,185.3	4,947.0	4,293.4
Inventory Owned - Total . . . . .	9,503.0	9,407.6	9,320.7	8,665.9
Inventory Held - Total . . . . .	9,970.4	9,863.9	9,771.5	9,165.6
- Raw materials . . . . .	4,122.5	4,063.5	3,985.2	3,647.0
- Goods in process . . . . .	2,619.6	2,596.7	2,573.5	2,448.6
- Finished products . . . . .	3,228.3	3,203.7	3,212.8	3,070.0
Ratio of Total Inventory Owned to Shipments . . . . .	1.78	1.78	1.78	1.89
Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments . . . . .	0.60	0.61	0.61	0.67

**Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin**

	Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation					
	June 1973P	May 1973†	% change	Jan.-June 1973P	Jan.-June 1972	% change
	(\$ millions)					
Newfoundland . . . . .	34.2	30.9	10.7	170.9	133.8	27.7
Nova Scotia . . . . .	100.4	97.0	3.5	536.1	448.1	19.6
New Brunswick . . . . .	96.3	90.2	6.8	504.4	432.5	16.6
Quebec . . . . .	1,417.6	1,402.9	1.0	8,040.7	7,143.9	12.6
Ontario . . . . .	3,026.0	3,014.8	0.4	16,947.9	14,514.3	16.8
Manitoba . . . . .	158.0	154.3	2.4	858.4	709.5	21.0
Saskatchewan . . . . .	66.3	68.3	-2.9	353.2	302.1	16.9
Alberta . . . . .	243.6	250.2	-2.6	1,329.5	1,102.2	20.6
British Columbia . . . . .	539.0	522.6	3.1	2,922.2	2,307.5	26.6
Canada* . . . . .	5,689.1	5,638.3	0.9	31,703.1	27,130.3	16.9

\* Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

P Preliminary figures.

† Revised figures.

**Cable Television, 1972 — Advance Information.**

The cable television industry reported revenue of \$82.4 million for 1972, up 23.8% from \$66.6 million in 1971.

Further information will be contained in *Cable Television, 1972* (56-205, 50¢) and advance details can be obtained from P.T. Crosby (613-996-9274) Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.



**Consumer Credit, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Selected credit holders reporting monthly showed \$12,864 million outstanding on their books at the end of June, 20.8% more than a year earlier.

Personal cash loans by chartered banks rose to \$8,249 million, up 27.5% from a year earlier; and life insurance companies' policy loans were up 3.3% to \$817 million, but personal cash loans made under the Small Loans Act fell 12.0% to \$351 million. In addition, sales finance and consumer loan companies held \$1,123 million balances of retail instalment sales' paper, an increase of 17.7%; and the \$1,354 million outstandings of personal cash loans represented an expansion of 16.9%.

The outstanding balances of other monthly reporters — Quebec savings banks, department stores and furniture, TV, radio, and household appliances stores, rose 10.0% to \$970 million, over the year.

Credit holders reporting quarterly — other retail stores, other credit card issuers, credit unions and caisses populaires and public utilities — reported outstanding balances of \$3,268 million for the first quarter, 11.2% more than a year earlier.

Total outstanding balances had reached \$15,160 million at the end of March 1973; a level 18.6% higher than that attained a year earlier.

For further information, order the June issue of *Consumer Credit* (61-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Bob Wright (613-992-7344), or telex 053-3585, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Shorn Wool Production, 1973 (23-204, 25¢).**

The 1973 Canadian wool clip is estimated at 3.21 million pounds, down from 3.45 million in 1972. Western production is estimated at 2 million pounds and the eastern clip at 1.21 million, both 7% below 1972 levels.

The number of sheep shorn is estimated at 412,000 head, down 6% from 1972, and average fleece weight is expected to be 7.8 pounds, down from 7.9 pounds.

# Statistics Canada

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### Publication Released

**Service Bulletin – Communications** (56-001, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 8, Monthly Telephone Statistics, June 1973

**To be Released on Friday, August 17, 1973 at 8:00 A.M.**

**Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products**, August 1, 1973 (32-009, 20¢/\$2)

**Dairy Factory Production**, July 1973 (32-002, 10¢/\$1)

**Canada's Foreign Trade First Half 1973 — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.**

In the first six months of 1973 Canada's exports, after seasonal adjustment, were \$11.9 billion, a gain of almost \$1.6 billion or more than 15% over the last half of 1972. At the same time imports increased more than \$1.4 billion or 15% to \$11.1 billion. The trade balance widened to \$865 million from some \$705 million in the July-December period of 1972.

Canadian exports to the United States in the first half of 1973 grew sharply by 16% to \$8.3 billion. This increase of some \$1.16 billion accounted for nearly three-fourths of the over-all gain. Sales to Japan rose about \$310 million and, apart from a small decline to Latin America, exports increased moderately to the United Kingdom, the old E.E.C. and remaining countries.

Most of the increase in imports, 72%, was from the U.S. Purchases from that country increased \$1.0 billion to nearly \$7.8 billion. Imports from the E.E.C. rose more than \$100 million; increases from the United Kingdom and Latin America exceeded \$50 million each; and imports from Japan rose \$20 million.

On an unadjusted basis, Canada's exports advanced 23% to \$12.0 billion in the first six months of 1973 from \$9.8 billion in the same months of 1972. About 69% of this gain was in trade with the U.S., with shipments increasing 23% to \$8.5 billion from \$7.0 billion. Trade with Japan added another 15%. Other areas, except Latin America, made smaller contributions to the increase. Canadian imports expanded 22% to \$11.3 billion from \$9.2 billion, with 82% of the increase originating with the U.S. The balance of the rise was distributed over other areas, except for a slight decline in imports from Japan.

Automotive and related products contributed almost \$350 million to the \$1.5 billion export increase to the U.S. Shipments of engines and parts accounted for over \$200 million. Exports of lumber rose \$245 million and crude petroleum \$213 million. Fairly large gains were recorded also in shipments of several other commodities: newsprint (up \$86 million), machinery (\$73 million), iron ore (\$37 million), steel materials (\$29 million), fish (\$24 million), and aircraft and parts (\$22 million). Among the commodities registering declines were nickel ores and metal, down some \$50 million, and aluminum and office machinery.

Imports from the U.S. increased 27% to \$8.1 billion, led by a sharp rise in purchases of automotive and related products, machinery and aircraft, as delivery of numerous large commercial aircraft took place in 1973. These groups of commodities accounted for about \$1 billion of the total \$1.7 billion increase.

Imports of food, industrial materials and communication equipment increased more moderately.

In trade with Japan, exports increased 76% to some \$750 million in 1973, making this country the second largest market for Canada's goods. Imports, on the other hand, dipped to \$522 million. The growth of Japanese demand has been concentrated on food and industrial materials. Exports of copper were higher by some \$80 million, and increases in the range of \$25 million to \$35 million were recorded each by wheat, oil seeds, coal and lumber. Price rises have also contributed to the enhanced values. For example, the average export value of wheat advanced 50% to about \$4.50 per cwt., of rapeseed, 35% to \$7.20 per cwt., and of hemlock lumber 65% to more than \$141 per MBF.

Deliveries of passenger cars from Japan declined some \$30 million in value in the first five months of 1973, despite an increase of 16% in average prices. There were, however, partially offsetting increases in imports of machinery, trucks and communication equipment.

Canada's trade with the United Kingdom was little changed from 1972, with exports increasing 3% to some \$695 million and imports at a slightly higher rate to \$515 million.

Exports to the original E.E.C. group of countries were 12% higher at about \$600 million, as shipments of iron and non-ferrous ores, asbestos, pulp (up to \$20 million), and copper increased. Grain exports were lower in 1973. Imports rose 22% to \$660 million, with generally small increases covering a broad range of commodities, including machinery, motor vehicles, fabrics and apparel.

Exports to Commonwealth and preferred countries, other than the United Kingdom, rose 30% to nearly \$400 million, largely on account of higher wheat shipments (in particular to India). Smaller increases were recorded for oil seeds, forestry products, fertilizers, motor vehicle parts and communication equipment.

Imports from the Commonwealth and preferred group were 15% higher at some \$400 million, with meat, sugar, and dairy products accounting for much of the rise, supplemented by a more moderate increase in crude petroleum. Imports of metal ores were lower.

Exports to all other countries increased 32% to some \$735 million. Grain shipments to the U.S.S.R. and People's Republic of China, higher both in volume and average price, as well as larger exports of such commodities as nickel ores and metal, oil seeds, asbestos, pulp, steel materials and communication equipment contributed to the export growth. Exports of copper ores and trucks, however, declined in the first half of 1973. Increased purchases of crude petroleum, food, fabrics, chemicals, machinery, communication equipment and apparel led to a 19% growth in imports to a level of about \$690 million.



For further information, see the June issue of *Exports by Commodities* (65-004, 75¢/\$7.50) and *Imports by Commodities* (65-007, 75¢/\$7.50), or

contact K. Runholm (613-996-0170), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z9.

#### Unadjusted Trade

	Jan.-June 1972		Jan.-June 1973		Change	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	(\$ millions)				(%)	(%)
United States . . . . .	6,979	6,423	8,517	8,129	22.0	26.6
United Kingdom . . . . .	674	497	710	515	5.3	3.6
Japan . . . . .	429	535	756	522	76.2	- 2.4
6 E.E.C. countries . . . . .	533	543	603	661	13.1	21.7
Latin America . . . . .	301	322	274	404	- 9.0	25.5
Other countries . . . . .	843	924	1,137	1,085	34.9	17.4
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>9,759</b>	<b>9,244</b>	<b>11,997</b>	<b>11,316</b>	<b>22.9</b>	<b>22.4</b>

#### Seasonally Adjusted Trade

	Jan.-June 1972		July-Dec. 1972		Jan.-June 1973	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	(\$ millions)					
United States . . . . .	6,790	6,130	7,131	6,742	8,297	7,768
United Kingdom . . . . .	643	492	684	458	709	513
Japan . . . . .	449	550	513	522	822	542
6 E.E.C. countries . . . . .	547	563	578	585	618	692
Latin America . . . . .	308	319	305	341	285	398
Other countries . . . . .	908	982	1,120	979	1,194	1,147
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>9,645</b>	<b>9,036</b>	<b>10,331</b>	<b>9,627</b>	<b>11,925</b>	<b>11,060</b>
<b>BALANCES:</b>						
United States . . . . .	660		389		529	
Other countries . . . . .	- 51		315		336	
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>609</b>		<b>704</b>		<b>865</b>	

#### Price Tag for Daily

Subscribers are reminded that a price, 10¢ a copy or \$25 a year, goes into effect for the *Daily* with the issue of Tuesday, September 4. Clip your address from the envelope in which you now receive this publication and send it, with cheque or money order payable to the Receiver-General for Canada, to: Publications Distribution, Room 1106, Main Building, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

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# Statistics Canada

## daily



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### Scheduled for Monday's Daily

Consumer Price Index for Regional Cities, July 1973 – Advance Information.

### Publications Released

Traffic Enforcement Statistics, 1971 (85-206, \$1.50)  
 Clay Products Manufacturers, 1971 (44-215, 50¢)  
 Canvas Products and Cotton and Jute bags Industries, 1971 (34-202, 50¢)  
 Ornamental and Architectural Metal Industry, 1971 (41-221, 50¢)  
 Manufacturers of Plastics and Synthetic Resins, 1971 (46-211, 50¢)  
 Breweries, 1971 (32-205, 50¢)  
 Ready-mix Concrete Manufacturers, 1971 (44-211, 50¢)

### Price Tag for Daily

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**Primary Iron and Steel (Net Shipments of Rolled Steel Products), June 1973 — Advance Information.****Summary of Net Shipments\* of Rolled Steel Products**

	Domestic	Shipments Export	Total
	net tons of 2,000 pounds		
Ingots and semi-finished shapes . . . . .	24,760	7,473	32,233
Rails . . . . .	19,340	16,200	35,540
Wire rods . . . . .	67,936	10,058	77,994
Structural shapes:			
Heavy . . . . .	49,922	4,358	54,280
Bar-sized shapes . . . . .	13,370	1,280	14,650
Concrete reinforcing bars . . . . .	71,044	1,619	72,663
Other hot rolled bars . . . . .	81,304	5,710	87,014
Tie plates and track material . . . . .	5,391	83	5,474
Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes . . . . .	91,732	14,195	105,927
Hot rolled sheets . . . . .	147,441	9,331	156,772
Hot rolled strip . . . . .	48,581	498	49,079
Cold finished bars . . . . .	8,109	311	8,420
Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold rolled other, coated . . . . .	159,932	10,414	170,346
Galvanized sheets . . . . .	90,510	7,683	98,193
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>879,372</b>	<b>89,213</b>	<b>968,585</b>

\* *Producer's shipments excluding producer's interchange.*

For further information, order the June issue of *Primary Iron and Steel* (41-001, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Report on Livestock Surveys (Cattle, Sheep and Horses), June 1, 1973 — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.**

Total cattle and calves in Canada\* at June 1 were estimated at 14.05 million head compared to 13.66 million at June 1, 1972. This is a record high for total cattle at this time of year. In the West numbers were up 4%, with increases reported in all provinces. In the East cattle numbers remained unchanged from a year ago.

Milk cows were estimated at 2.15 million, down 3% from June 1, 1972. In the West numbers were down 5%, with decreases reported in all provinces except British Columbia. In the East milk cows were down 2%. Dairy heifers were estimated to have increased 3%.

Beef cows were estimated at 3.95 million head compared to 3.68 million at June 1, 1972. Western and Eastern regions had increases of 8% and 6% respectively. All provinces had higher beef cow numbers. Beef heifers remained unchanged from a year ago. Western regions showed a decrease of 1% but Eastern regions had an increase of 3%.

Steers were estimated at 1.69 million, down from the 1972 estimate of 1.76 million head. This was the net result of an estimated 4% decrease in the West and 5% decrease in the East.

The December to May calf crop was estimated at 4.09 million compared to 3.90 million in the spring period of 1972, an increase of 5%. Births were estimated to be up 7% in the West and unchanged in the East.

Sheep and lamb numbers were estimated at 832,500 head, down 1% from 845,000 at June 1, 1972. There was a 1% decrease in the West and a 3% decrease in the East. Sheep one year and over decreased by 4% whereas lambs under a year old

remained unchanged.

This report includes tabulations of revised semi-annual estimates (June 1 and December 1) of cattle, sheep and horses on farms between the census years 1966 and 1971. Previously published estimates for the intercensal years were revised to conform with census benchmarks.

\* *Not including Newfoundland. The 1971 census count shows the following numbers of livestock on farms in that province: Cattle 7,138 (8,554 in 1966); sheep 9,384 (14,381); horses 629 (1,061).*

**Gas Utilities, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian consumers purchased 80.7 billion cubic feet of natural gas in June, up 20.3% from 67.1 billion a year earlier. Exports decreased to 79.0 billion cubic feet from 79.2 billion.

For further information, order the June issue of *Gas Utilities* (55-002, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin*, Vol. 7, No. 53 (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

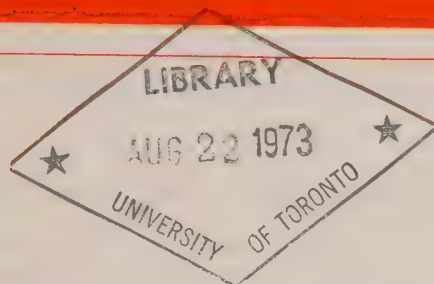
**Cigarettes, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Production of cigarettes for July 1973 amounted to 2.52 billion compared to 2.39 billion for the same period of 1972.

For further information, order the July issue of *Service Bulletin, Tobacco and Tobacco Products* (32-002, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 9, or contact W. Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Statistics Canada

## daily



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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, June 1973 – Advance Information

Farm Cash Receipts, January-June 1973

### Publications Released

#### Balance of Payments

A single publication describing Canada's international balance of payments situation for 1971 and with tables spanning the years 1966-71 now is available. It includes special features dealing with current and capital account movements between Canada and the United States associated with Canadian auto manufacturing, the reconciliation for 1970 of Canada-U.S. current account balance of payments statistics and notes on the definitions and contents of balance of payments accounts. Order the 1971 issue of *The Canadian Balance of International Payments* (67-201, \$1.50).

Population by Language Most Often Spoken at Home and by Official Language, 1971 Census (92-759, 50¢)

Juvenile Delinquents, 1971 (85-202, \$1)

Merchandising Inventories, May 1973 (63-014, 20¢/\$2)

First Forecast of the Commercial Production of all Fruits, 1973 (22-003, \$1 for the series)

(continued)





**Stone Products Manufacturers, 1971 (44-213, 50c.)**

**Miscellaneous Furniture and Fixtures Manufacturers, 1971 (35-213, 50c.)**

**Iron Castings and Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, June 1973 (41-004, 10c./\$1)**

**The Sugar Situation, June 1973 (32-013, 10c./\$1)**

**Service Bulletin – Road Transport (53-006, \$2 a year), Vol. 3, No. 5, Motor Carriers - Freight Quarterly, 1972**

**Consumer Price Index for Regional Cities, July 1973 – Advance Information.**

*Commencing with the May 1973 index, regional city consumer price indexes have incorporated the latest in a series of periodic updatings. A feature of the latest revision is the inclusion of revised weights to reflect 1967 family expenditure patterns (and within the food component, 1969 spending habits), replacing the 1957 weights used previously (1964 for Quebec City and Thunder Bay). Another innovation is the introduction of home-ownership costs (property taxes, mortgage interest, owner repairs, new houses and dwelling insurance) into the housing indexes. The tenancy component has been revised to include both rents and tenant repairs. The time reference base, 1961=100, remains unchanged. To maintain a continuous, long-term series, the revised indexes are linked to the previously published indexes for April 1973. Thus, the published indexes up to and including April 1973 remain the official measure of consumer prices to that month, and subsequent price movements are measured by the revised index.*

*A consumer price index for a particular regional city measures the movements in prices, faced by consumers, within the specified city. Thus, consumer price indexes for regional cities cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities. Inter-city price comparisons are available in Table 14 of the monthly Prices and Price Indexes.*

July consumer price indexes topped June levels in all regional cities and city combinations, with increases ranging from 0.5% in Edmonton-Calgary to 1.1% in Quebec, Montreal and Thunder Bay. Food indexes advanced in all cities, with increased quotations for most meat, poultry, fresh produce items, eggs, bakery and cereal products and restaurant meals. Housing components rose in all cities, chiefly in response to increased tenancy and home ownership costs and higher prices for furniture, floor coverings, linens and draperies. Increased telephone rates and higher wages for household help were also recorded in several centres. Recreation, education and reading components moved up in all cities mainly because of

higher hotel and motel rates. Transportation increased in 11 cities and city combinations in response to an increase in train fares and higher gasoline prices. Health and personal care components declined in eight cities as prices dipped for many toiletry items. Remaining indexes registered mixed movements.

**St. John's**

All-items: June to July 1973, up 0.9%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 7.6%.

The food index rose 2.8% in July. Prices were higher for meat, poultry, fresh produce and eggs. Some foods, including fresh milk, sugar processed fruit and tea, were lower in price. Housing increased 0.3% mainly because of higher tenancy and home ownership costs and increased prices for floor coverings, linens and draperies. The recreation education and reading index advanced 0.8% in response to increased rates for vacation lodgings. The tobacco and alcohol index moved up 0.2% due to higher prices for liquor for home consumption. Clothing declined 0.5%, reflecting lower prices for footwear, and women's and girls' dresses. The health and personal care component decreased 0.3% in response to lower prices for personal care supplies, notably toilet soap, toothpaste and deodorants. The transportation index was unchanged.

**Halifax**

All-items: June to July 1973, up 0.9%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 7.0%.

The food index advanced 2.3% in July. Quotations were higher for most meat, fresh produce, dairy products, eggs, sugar and restaurant meals. Housing rose 0.7% in response to higher prices for home ownership, tenancy and floor coverings and increased wages for household help. Clothing moved up 0.4% with higher prices for men's suits and sport coats, boys' outerwear and children's shoes. The recreation, education and reading component advanced 1.4% in response to higher hotel and motel rates. The transportation component edged up 0.2% because of an increase in train fares. Remaining components were virtually unchanged.

**Saint John**

All-items: June to July 1973, up 0.6%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 7.3%.

The food index rose 2.0% in July. Prices were higher for meat, fresh produce, eggs, processed fruit

(continued)



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and restaurant food. They were lower for bread, sugar, fats and oils. Housing moved up 0.3% in response to increased tenancy and home ownership costs and higher prices for furniture and floor coverings. The recreation, education and reading index advanced 1.3% chiefly because of increased hotel and motel rates. The health and personal care component declined 0.4% in response to lower prices for many toiletry items. Remaining indexes registered little or no movement.

#### Quebec City

All-items: June to July 1973, up 1.1%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 7.8%.

The food index increased 2.5% in July, mainly because of higher prices for meat, poultry, fresh fruit and vegetables, eggs and coffee. Housing moved up 0.5% in response to increased telephone rates and higher costs for tenancy and home ownership. Furniture, linens and draperies also were higher in price. An advance of 2.1% in the recreation, education and reading index was mainly due to increased hotel and motel rates and higher newspaper subscription rates. The transportation component rose 1.3% with higher prices for new cars, gasoline and motor oil and an increase in train fares. Clothing declined 0.3% because of lower prices for women's sports wear and lingerie and girls' coats, dresses and sweaters. The health and personal care component dipped 0.2% in response to lower toiletry prices. The tobacco and alcohol index was unchanged.

#### Montreal

All-items: June to July 1973, up 1.1%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 6.9%.

The food index rose 2.7% in the latest month. Prices were higher for meat, poultry, fresh produce, eggs, beverages and restaurant food. Housing moved up 0.6%, mainly in response to increased tenancy and home ownership costs, high telephone rates and increased prices for furniture and household cleaning supplies. A 1.8% advance in the recreation, education and reading index was mainly due to increased rates for vacation lodgings. Higher gasoline and motor oil prices and an increase in train fares contributed to a 0.4% rise in the transportation component. Remaining indexes were virtually unchanged.

#### Ottawa

All-items: June to July 1973, up 1.0%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 7.8%.

The food index advanced 1.8% in July with increased prices for meat, poultry, most fresh produce items and eggs. Lower prices were recorded for a variety of foods including margarine, oranges, onions, beverages and ice-cream. Housing rose 1.2% in response to increased tenancy and home ownership costs, higher telephone rates and increased wages for household help. An advance of 1.6% in the recreation, education and reading component was chiefly due to higher motel and hotel rates. An increase in

train fares and higher gasoline and motor oil prices contributed to a 0.2% rise in the transportation index. The health and personal care component decreased 0.6% in response to lower prices for most personal care supplies including hair preparations, toilet soap and toothpaste. Remaining indexes registered little or no movement.

#### Toronto

All-items: June to July 1973, up 0.7%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 6.6%.

The food index advanced 1.5% from the previous month. Prices rose for meat, fish, poultry, most fresh vegetables and eggs. Fresh fruit, lettuce and onions were lower. Housing rose 0.4% with increased tenancy and home ownership costs, higher telephone rates and increased prices for carpets, linens and draperies. An advance of 2.0% in the recreation, education and reading component was chiefly due to increased hotel and motel rates. Higher gasoline prices and an increase in train fares brought a 0.2% rise in the transportation component. The health and personal care index dipped 0.2% with lower prices for many personal care supplies. Remaining components were virtually unchanged.

#### Thunder Bay

All-items: June to July 1973, up 1.1%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 7.7%.

The food index advanced 2.3% in July in response to higher prices for meat, poultry, fresh produce, eggs, bakery and cereal products and for restaurant food. A rise of 0.6% in the housing index reflected increased tenancy and home ownership costs and higher wages for household help. The transportation component advanced 1.4% in response to higher prices for gasoline and new cars and an increase in train fares. Clothing moved up 0.3%. Prices were higher for men's footwear and women's lingerie and hosiery. The recreation, education and reading index increased 2.7% chiefly because of higher hotel and motel rates. Lower prices for some personal care supplies contributed to a 0.3% decline in the health and personal care component. The tobacco and alcohol index was unchanged.

#### Winnipeg

All-items: June to July 1973, up 0.9%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 6.8%.

The food index advanced 2.3% in July. Prices rose for beef and pork cuts, poultry, fresh produce, eggs, bakery and cereal products and restaurant meals. An increase of 1.8% in the recreation, education and reading component was mainly due to higher hotel and motel rates. Housing moved up 0.2% with increased home ownership costs and higher prices for tableware. Remaining indexes registered little or no movement.

(continued)

**Saskatoon-Regina**

All-items: June to July 1973, up 0.6%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 6.6%.

An increase of 1.7% in the food index during July was due mainly to higher prices for beef cuts, poultry, fresh produce, eggs, sugar and margarine. Prices eased for pork cuts, dairy and bakery products. Clothing moved up 0.4% with higher prices for men's and women's sportswear, women's and children's footwear and girls' hosiery. Increased rates for vacation lodgings contributed to a 1.2% advance in the recreation, education and reading index. Housing rose 0.2% mainly because of increased home ownership costs and higher prices for furniture, linens, draperies and household cleaning supplies. The transportation and the tobacco and alcohol components each moved up 0.2%, the former because of an increase in train fares and the latter in response to higher prices for liquor for home consumption. A decline of 0.2% in the health and personal care index reflected lower prices for many toiletries including shaving cream, toothpaste and deodorants.

**Edmonton-Calgary**

All-items: June to July 1973, up 0.5%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 6.5%.

Food prices rose 0.6% in July with prices higher for pork cuts, fresh vegetables, eggs, sugar and bakery and cereal products. Beef cuts, poultry and fresh and processed fruit prices edged lower. Housing moved up 0.4% in response to increased home ownership costs, higher prices for floor coverings and, in Calgary, increased wages for household help. Higher hotel and motel rates and increased Calgary newspaper subscription rates contributed to a 2.1% advance in the recreation, education and reading index. The transportation component rose 0.3% with an increase in train fares and higher gasoline prices. Remaining indexes registered little or no movement.

**Vancouver**

All items: June to July 1973, up 0.6%. July 1972 to July 1973, up 7.2%.

The food index rose 1.6% in July, mainly in response to higher quotations for beef and pork cuts, fresh produce, dairy products, eggs and increased prices for restaurant food. Prices were lower for processed vegetables, frozen food and canned meat. Housing increased 0.4% because of higher tenancy and home ownership costs and increased prices for furniture, linens, draperies and household cleaning supplies. The clothing index moved up 0.2% higher with prices for men's and women's shoes, men's sportswear, and cotton piece goods. Increased hotel and motel rates contributed to a 1.5% advance in the recreation, education and reading index. The transportation component rose 0.2% because of an increase in train fares and higher gasoline prices. Remaining indexes were unchanged.

For further information, order the July issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. I.D.H. Penpraze (613-992-5805), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

(see table on next page)

**Private and Public Investment in Canada, Outlook 1973, Mid-year Review — Advance Information.**

Intended capital expenditure by all sectors of the economy during 1973 now is estimated at \$24,763 million, 4% higher than the \$23,753 million estimated at the beginning of the year. If the latest estimate is reached, it would exceed the 1972 total of \$21,877 million by 13%.

The measurement is in current dollar terms. With allowances for price changes, the increase would be somewhat reduced.

Latest survey results indicate a 4% increase in the total value of new construction to \$15,644 million from the \$15,092 estimated at the start of the year. This would put spending 9% above the \$14,298 million for 1972. For new housing, the expectation is for spending to reach \$4,933 million, up 4% from the earlier estimate and from the \$4,736 million spent in 1972. Non-residential construction now is estimated at \$10,711 million, up 3% from the earlier forecast and 12% above last year.

Spending for machinery and equipment has a new estimate of \$9,119 million, up 5% from the earlier forecast of \$8,661 million and 20% higher than last year's \$7,579 million.

There were sharp upward revisions in the business sector. Latest indication for the business group, excluding housing, is spending of \$15,340 million, 5% higher than the \$14,606 million originally estimated and 19% above last year's \$12,876 million. The trade-finance-commercial sector led the way with vigorous programs of projected spending for hotels, office buildings and retail stores bumping the latest estimate 9% above the start of the year and 32% above 1972 levels.

In dollar terms, expanded plans by the manufacturing sector gave the major stimulus to the over-all rise in investment intentions. Manufacturing investment is expected to run 19% above the 1972 level, up 9% from last January. Strength was evident in many industries, especially oil refining, food and beverages, chemical products, rubber products, textiles, furniture and fixtures and non-metallic mineral products. There was little change for transportation, communication and public utilities but the first 1973 estimate already projected spending in this sector at 19% above 1972 levels.

The latest review also showed new strength for agriculture, forestry, iron and non-metal mining. Investment by iron mines remained below the 1972

(continued)



## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in both tables measure *within each city* the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.\*

	All items	Food	Housing**	Clothing	Transportation	Health and personal care	Recreation and reading	Tobacco and alcohol
	(1961=100)							
<b>St. John's</b>								
July 1973 index	140.5	153.0	128.9	140.2	127.8	152.2	122.3	162.1
June 1973 index	139.3	148.9	128.5	140.9	127.8	152.7	121.3	161.8
% change from June 1973	0.9	2.8	0.3	-0.5	-	-0.3	0.8	0.2
% change from July 1972	7.6	18.2	3.8	3.4	0.9	1.7	4.6	2.3
<b>Halifax</b>								
July 1973 index	140.7	162.0	128.3	135.2	129.6	154.9	149.4	134.7
June 1973 index	139.4	158.4	127.4	134.7	129.4	155.0	147.3	134.7
% change from June 1973	0.9	2.3	0.7	0.4	0.2	-0.1	1.4	-
% change from July 1972	7.0	16.7	3.6	3.4	3.5	2.9	6.3	2.0
<b>Saint John</b>								
July 1973 index	140.5	161.8	125.8	142.1	133.5	147.9	150.8	130.6
June 1973 index	139.6	158.7	125.4	142.2	133.4	148.5	148.8	130.6
% change from June 1973	0.6	2.0	0.3	-0.1	0.1	-0.4	1.3	-
% change from July 1972	7.3	16.7	3.5	4.8	1.9	5.3	6.8	2.8
<b>Montreal</b>								
July 1973 index	140.8	160.3	124.2	135.1	135.1	147.4	157.4	136.0
June 1973 index	139.2	156.1	123.5	134.9	134.6	147.2	154.6	136.0
% change from June 1973	1.1	2.7	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.1	1.8	-
% change from July 1972	6.9	16.2	2.7	4.3	1.8	3.0	5.1	2.9
<b>Ottawa</b>								
July 1973 index	146.7	161.2	135.0	144.7	139.0	159.8	152.1	144.9
June 1973 index	145.3	158.3	133.4	144.5	138.7	160.7	149.7	144.9
% change from June 1973	1.0	1.8	1.2	0.1	0.2	-0.6	1.6	-
% change from July 1972	7.8	14.2	5.1	7.6	4.4	5.5	7.6	1.8
<b>Toronto</b>								
July 1973 index	144.6	160.1	131.5	143.0	142.6	158.4	143.2	143.1
June 1973 index	143.6	157.7	131.0	142.8	142.3	158.7	140.4	143.1
% change from June 1973	0.7	1.5	0.4	0.1	0.2	-0.2	2.0	-
% change from July 1972	6.6	14.4	3.8	5.8	1.0	6.5	4.4	2.1
<b>Winnipeg</b>								
July 1973 index	142.2	158.5	125.0	145.9	138.2	168.4	146.2	138.2
June 1973 index	141.0	155.0	124.8	146.1	138.1	168.4	143.6	138.2
% change from June 1973	0.9	2.3	0.2	-0.1	0.1	-	1.8	-
% change from July 1972	6.8	15.9	3.6	5.1	0.9	5.8	5.6	1.9
<b>Saskatoon-Regina</b>								
July 1973 index	136.5	158.8	121.7	139.7	127.1	142.1	145.3	126.2
June 1973 index	135.7	156.2	121.5	139.2	126.9	142.4	143.6	125.6
% change from June 1973	0.6	1.7	0.2	0.4	0.2	-0.2	1.2	0.5
% change from July 1972	6.6	14.4	4.1	5.4	1.8	3.0	6.2	2.6
<b>Edmonton-Calgary</b>								
July 1973 index	141.8	159.9	128.5	139.0	135.2	159.4	148.8	133.6
June 1973 index	141.1	158.9	128.0	138.9	134.8	159.3	145.8	133.6
% change from June 1973	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	2.1	-
% change from July 1972	6.5	12.9	2.8	4.6	3.0	3.9	6.6	6.5
<b>Vancouver</b>								
July 1973 index	141.3	165.7	126.9	141.0	136.7	150.1	131.0	125.2
June 1973 index	140.4	163.1	126.4	140.7	136.4	150.1	129.1	125.2
% change from June 1973	0.6	1.6	0.4	0.2	0.2	-	1.5	-
% change from July 1972	7.2	16.0	3.7	4.9	4.2	5.0	3.6	2.1
	base 1969=100							
<b>Quebec City</b>								
July 1973 index	115.2	125.9	110.7	107.5	117.5	111.4	113.7	108.3
June 1973 index	113.9	122.8	110.1	107.8	116.0	111.6	111.4	108.3
% change from June 1973	1.1	2.5	0.5	-0.3	1.3	-0.2	2.1	-
% change from July 1972	7.8	17.7	3.1	6.2	4.4	3.6	4.2	2.6
<b>Thunder Bay</b>								
July 1973 index	115.5	127.3	111.6	106.4	114.0	118.9	115.3	107.8
June 1973 index	114.2	124.4	110.9	106.1	112.4	119.2	112.3	107.8
% change from June 1973	1.1	2.3	0.6	0.3	1.4	-0.3	2.7	-
% change from July 1972	7.7	16.1	6.1	4.8	3.6	4.8	4.6	1.8

\* For intercity indexes of retail price differentials refer to Table 14 of Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 40c./\$4).

\*\* Includes shelter and household operation. The shelter element of regional city housing indexes moves on the basis of changes in rents only, whereas in the Canada index this movement is derived from changes in both rents and home ownership costs.



level but the mid-year estimate was \$44 million higher than that of January. There was no change for petroleum and gas extraction but the January projection was for a 14% increase over 1972.

Capital outlays for social purposes remained about the same for institutional services but moved upward for government departments in the mid-year survey. Education spending showed further tightening, with expected totals lower by 33% for universities and 17% for other schools compared to 1972. But hospital construction edged up another 4% in the latest estimates, for an increase of 25% over last year. The estimate for government departments was up 2% over January for a 12% increase over 1972.

All provinces and territories had increased estimates at mid-year compared to January. Spending is forecast above 1972 levels for all except Newfoundland, where the estimate indicated a slight decline.

### Atlantic

Most industry groups forecast increased spending but small declines are expected in institutions and government groups. Primary industries show sustained strength regionally and new strength is evident for manufacturing with forecast spending up from January, changing an expected decrease to an increase over 1972 levels. Regional advances are expected in housing and the trade-finance-commercial group. Utilities are generally higher although the Newfoundland expectation is slightly below 1972.

### Quebec

Higher spending levels are expected for most industries, with the latest estimate of \$5,355 million up 5% from the earlier \$5,115 million and 15% from \$4,664 million in 1972. Utilities spending plans were pared by \$53 million from January but primary industries, mainly mining and agriculture, increased \$71 million. Higher outlays are planned for primary metals and non-metallic mineral groups and additional spending is forecast for trade-finance-commercial, housing, institutional and government sectors.

### Ontario

Total capital spending is estimated at \$9,181 million, up 4% from \$8,844 million in January and 11% from \$8,247 in 1972. Manufacturing and trade-finance-commercial sectors are up 7% from January. All manufacturing industries are higher except primary metals, down \$13 million. Housing, primary industries, institutional services, government and utilities sectors all forecast higher levels than 1972.

### Prairies

Most industry groups, except utilities and housing, held higher spending intentions than in January. Housing programs for Manitoba and Alberta were lower than expected in January. But Saskatchewan forecast increases over both the January expectation and 1972 levels. The trade-finance-commercial group showed strength in each province. Primary industry, institutional and government sectors all are expected to be well above last year.

### British Columbia

Higher spending is indicated for all industry groups with the mid-year estimate at \$3,193 million, up 5% from January and 11% over 1972. Utilities showed strength with planned expansion of transportation facilities. Manufacturing advanced 2% from the January estimate but, with more limited spending in the paper products group, is expected to run 9% or \$32 million below 1972. Outlays in the trade-finance-commercial group are estimated 24% above 1972. Housing, forecast for a marginal decline earlier, is expected to exceed 1972 dollar value.

### Yukon and Northwest Territories

Estimated capital expenditures in the territories moved up slightly in the mid-year survey to \$370 million, the bulk of the increase by primary industries, institutions and governments.

Estimates given represent current dollar spending plans reported by respondents at survey time. Actual spending depends on a variety of conditions outside or within the organizations making the decisions.

For further information, order *Private and Public Investment in Canada, Outlook 1973, Mid-year Review* (61-206, 35c.).

(see tables on following pages)

### Steel Ingots, Week ended August 18, 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended August 18, totalled 259,073 tons, an increase of 1.0% from the preceding week's total of 256,428 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 250,279 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 141.4 in the current week, 140.0 a week earlier and 136.6 one year ago.

**CAPITAL AND REPAIR EXPENDITURES**  
**Summary by Sectors, Canada, 1972 and 1973<sup>1,2</sup>**

(Millions of dollars)

Item No.			Capital expenditures			Repair expenditures			Capital and repair expenditures		
			Construction	Machinery and equipment	Sub-total	Construction	Machinery and equipment	Sub-total	Construction	Machinery and equipment	Total
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	Agriculture and fishing .....	1972	258	889	1,147	102	268	370	360	1,157	1,517
		1973	275	1,025	1,300	111	294	405	386	1,319	1,705
		1973	291	1,109	1,400	111	294	405	402	1,403	1,805
2	Forestry .....	1972	50	59	109	18	71	89	68	130	198
		1973	69	78	147	19	76	95	88	154	242
		1973	75	86	161	19	76	-95	94	162	256
3	Mining, quarrying and oil wells	1972	1,173	420	1,593	143	361	504	1,316	781	2,097
		1973	1,165	405	1,570	161	401	562	1,326	806	2,132
		1973	1,209	421	1,630	161	401	562	1,370	822	2,192
4	Manufacturing .....	1972	786	2,170	2,956	220	1,317	1,537	1,006	3,487	4,493
		1973	888	2,329	3,217	234	1,379	1,613	1,122	3,708	4,830
		1973	1,017	2,491	3,508	234	1,379	1,613	1,251	3,870	5,121
5	Utilities <sup>3</sup> .....	1972	2,389	1,865	4,254	431	968	1,399	2,820	2,833	5,653
		1973	2,737	2,300	5,037	479	1,047	1,526	3,216	3,347	6,563
		1973	2,681	2,360	5,041	479	1,047	1,526	3,160	3,407	6,567
6	Construction industry <sup>4</sup> .....	1972	15	285	300	7	240	247	22	525	547
		1973	15	280	295	7	235	242	22	515	537
		1973	15	280	295	7	235	242	22	515	537
7	Housing .....	1972	4,736	—	4,736	1,024	—	1,024	5,760	—	5,760
		1973	4,740	—	4,740	1,113	—	1,113	5,853	—	5,853
		1973	4,933	—	4,933	1,113	—	1,113	6,046	—	6,046
8	Trade — Wholesale and retail	1972	205	422	627	61	76	137	266	498	764
		1973	244	429	673	66	77	143	310	506	816
		1973	277	505	782	66	77	143	343	582	925
9	Finance, insurance and real estate	1972	736	112	848	47	15	62	783	127	910
		1973	918	137	1,055	51	16	67	969	153	1,122
		1973	1,004	138	1,142	51	16	67	1,055	154	1,209
10	Commercial services .....	1972	208	835	1,043	21	101	122	229	936	1,165
		1973	262	1,055	1,317	23	108	131	285	1,163	1,448
		1973	288	1,104	1,392	23	108	131	311	1,212	1,523
11	Institutional services .....	1972	1,016	210	1,226	131	35	166	1,147	245	1,392
		1973	884	210	1,094	136	36	172	1,020	246	1,266
		1973	874	216	1,090	136	36	172	1,010	252	1,262
12	Government departments .....	1972	2,726	312	3,038	525	94	619	3,251	406	3,657
		1973	2,895	413	3,308	565	107	672	3,460	520	3,980
		1973	2,980	409	3,389	565	107	672	3,545	516	4,061
13	Totals (Items 1 to 12) .....	1972	14,298	7,579	21,877	2,730	3,546	6,276	17,028	11,125	28,153
		1973	15,092	8,661	23,753	2,965	3,776	6,741	18,057	12,437	30,494
		1973	15,644	9,119	24,763	2,965	3,776	6,741	18,609	12,895	31,504

<sup>1</sup> Preliminary actual 1972, original intentions 1973, revised intentions 1973. Establishments included in the mid-year survey were not asked to re-examine their original estimates of non-capitalized repair expenditures. The totals for repairs are therefore as estimated in the original intentions published in Catalogue 61-205.

<sup>2</sup> A marginal adjustment is made in the estimates for the year 1972 to allow for a downward bias in the preliminary results indicated in past years.

<sup>3</sup> The outlays for the Ontario Water Resources Commission are included with provincial government departments beginning with the 1972 preliminary actual. These expenditures were previously included in other utilities (Table 4) and provincial government enterprises (Tables 7 and 8).

<sup>4</sup> Not surveyed for mid-year review.

**REFERENCE TABLES - PROVINCIAL TOTALS**  
**Summary of Provinces and Territories, 1972 and 1973<sup>1,2</sup>**

(Millions of dollars)

Item No.		Capital expenditures			Repair expenditures			Capital and repair expenditures			
		Construction	Machinery and equipment	Sub-total	Construction	Machinery and equipment	Sub-total	Construction	Machinery and equipment	Total	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
1	Newfoundland .....	1972	436	163	599	44	83	127	480	246	726
		1973	367	162	529	48	99	147	415	261	676
		1973	405	179	584	48	99	147	453	278	731
2	Prince Edward Island .....	1972	53	20	73	10	7	17	63	27	90
		1973	62	21	83	11	8	19	73	29	102
		1973	65	23	88	11	8	19	76	31	107
3	Nova Scotia .....	1972	376	209	585	85	88	173	461	297	758
		1973	453	247	700	90	92	182	543	339	882
		1973	506	270	776	90	92	182	596	362	958
4	New Brunswick .....	1972	302	179	481	72	76	148	374	255	629
		1973	342	194	536	75	78	153	417	272	689
		1973	356	210	566	75	78	153	431	288	719
5	Quebec .....	1972	3,028	1,636	4,664	605	752	1,357	3,633	2,388	6,021
		1973	3,253	1,862	5,115	652	786	1,438	3,905	2,648	6,553
		1973	3,364	1,991	5,355	652	786	1,438	4,016	2,777	6,793
6	Ontario .....	1972	5,247	3,000	8,247	986	1,410	2,396	6,233	4,410	10,643
		1973	5,382	3,462	8,844	1,078	1,495	2,573	6,460	4,957	11,417
		1973	5,585	3,596	9,181	1,078	1,495	2,573	6,663	5,091	11,754
7	Manitoba .....	1972	610	326	936	134	142	276	744	468	1,212
		1973	698	353	1,051	142	153	295	840	506	1,346
		1973	684	401	1,085	142	153	295	826	554	1,380
8	Saskatchewan .....	1972	426	379	805	152	169	321	578	548	1,126
		1973	454	418	872	166	176	342	620	594	1,214
		1973	492	397	889	166	176	342	658	573	1,231
9	Alberta .....	1972	1,652	687	2,339	315	272	587	1,967	959	2,926
		1973	1,829	818	2,647	343	293	636	2,172	1,111	3,283
		1973	1,792	884	2,676	343	293	636	2,135	1,177	3,312
10	British Columbia <sup>3</sup> .....	1972	1,945	938	2,883	316	527	843	2,261	1,465	3,726
		1973	1,976	1,054	3,030	343	577	920	2,319	1,631	3,950
		1973	2,108	1,085	3,193	343	577	920	2,451	1,662	4,113
11	Yukon and Northwest Territories	1972	223	42	265	11	20	31	234	62	296
		1973	276	70	346	17	19	36	293	89	382
		1973	287	83	370	17	19	36	304	102	406
12	Canada .....	1972	14,298	7,579	21,877	2,730	3,546	6,276	17,028	11,125	28,153
		1973	15,092	8,661	23,753	2,965	3,776	6,741	18,057	12,437	30,494
		1973	15,644	9,119	24,763	2,965	3,776	6,741	18,609	12,895	31,504

<sup>1</sup> Preliminary actual 1972, original intentions 1973, revised intentions 1973. Repair expenditures are not surveyed for mid-year review. See footnote 1, Table 1.

<sup>2</sup> Capital expenditures on machinery and equipment include an estimate for "capital items charged to operating expenses", in the manufacturing, utilities and trade totals.

<sup>3</sup> The totals for British Columbia no longer include the Yukon and Northwest Territories.



**Weekly Railway Carloadings, August 7, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Railways in Canada recorded loadings totalling 4.1 million tons of revenue freight in the first 7 days of August, 23.8% more than in the year-earlier period. All of the increase occurred east of the Lakehead where 79.1% more freight or 2.6 million tons were loaded as opposed to 1.4 million tons during the week of August 7, 1972. On the other hand, western tonnage dropped 17.4% to 1.6 million tons from 1.9 million. Considerable caution should be exercised in analysing these data since a strike at iron mines in Quebec from late June through August 1972 resulted in a sharp decline in eastern rail movements during that period. Also, rotating regional strikes throughout Canada which began July 26, 1973, and continued throughout the period under review has no doubt adversely influenced current national aggregates.

Year to date rail freight totalled 142.9 million tons, up 17.2% from a year ago. Eastern movements rose 24.2% to 78.8 million tons while those in the west increased 9.6% to 64.1 million tons.

For further information, order the August issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2).

7-day period ending August 7	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	2,553,179	1,577,382	4,130,561
Tons, 1972 .....	1,425,314	1,910,142	3,335,456
% change .....	79.1	-17.4	23.8
Cars, 1973 .....	39,069	25,114	64,183
Cars, 1972 .....	28,857	32,033	60,890
% change .....	35.4	-21.6	5.4
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	64,054	31,835	95,889
Tons, 1972 .....	68,314	43,680	111,994
% change .....	-6.2	-27.1	-14.4
Cars, 1973 .....	2,712	1,521	4,233
Cars, 1972 .....	3,314	2,060	5,374
% change .....	-18.2	-26.2	-21.2
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	78,843,187	64,070,915	142,914,102
Tons, 1972 .....	63,480,059	58,446,501	121,926,560
% change .....	24.2	9.6	17.2
Cars, 1973 .....	1,415,346	1,044,432	2,459,778
Cars, 1972 .....	1,216,459	999,384	2,215,843
% change .....	16.3	4.5	11.0
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,656,671	1,422,330	5,079,001
Tons, 1972 .....	2,882,695	1,303,624	4,186,319
% change .....	26.8	9.1	21.3
Cars, 1973 .....	152,582	70,848	223,430
Cars, 1972 .....	127,109	62,879	189,988
% change .....	20.0	12.7	17.6

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

### Price Tag for Daily

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# Statistics Canada

## daily



Tuesday, August 21, 1973

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### Other Publications

- Private and Public Investment in Canada, Outlook Mid-year Review 1973** (61-206, 35¢)
- Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, June 1973** (43-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Radio and Television Receiving Sets, June 1973** (43-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics, January-March 1973** (21-003, \$4)
- Fish Freezings and Stocks, June 1973** (24-001, 30¢/\$3)
- Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, August 1, 1973** (32-012, 30¢/\$3)
- Federal Government Employment, January-March 1973** (72-004, 50¢/\$2)
- Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, June 1973** (43-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins — Communications** (56-001, \$1 per year), Vol. 3, No. 6, Revenues and Expenses, and Employees of the Radio and Television Broadcasting Industry including the C.B.C.; and Employees of the Privately Owned Radio Broadcasting Industry, by Area and by Revenue Group; and Employees of the Privately Owned Television Broadcasting Industry, by Area and by Revenue Group, 1972;
- Law Enforcement, Judicial and Correctional Statistics** (85-001, free), Vol. 1, No. 1 and No. 2, First Edition;
- Electrical Products** (43-007, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 12, Electric Lamps, June 1973.





**Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, June 1973 – Advance Information.**

Initial and renewal claims for unemployment insurance were 154,000 in June, a decrease of 2% from the May total of 157,000 and 16% less than the 182,000 received in June 1972.

At the end of June, 739,000 claimants were registered for unemployment insurance benefit, a decline of 9% from the May count of 810,000 and 2% lower than the 753,000 claimants reported at June 30, 1972.

Benefit paid to claimants in June declined to \$136 million, 24% less than the \$179 million for May and a drop of 2% from the \$138 million for June 1972. Claimants received 2.03 million weeks of benefit in June, down 24% from the May total of 2.66 million and 11% less than the 2.29 million in June 1972. The average weekly payment dropped fractionally to \$67.38 from the previous month's average of \$67.70. It was 11% more than the year-earlier payment of \$60.83.

Province	Initial and Renewal Claims Received			Claimants* Reporting to District Offices			Benefit Paid** (\$000)		
	June 1973	May 1973	June 1972	June 29 1973	May 31 1973	June 30 1972	June 1973	May 1973	June 1972
Newfoundland . . . . .	4,402	4,170	4,552	35,277	39,317	27,029	6,176	9,019	4,656
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	619	647	567	4,797	6,370	3,837	740	1,263	539
Nova Scotia . . . . .	5,764	6,384	6,461	31,918	35,839	29,676	5,197	7,077	4,584
New Brunswick . . . . .	4,853	4,579	4,981	35,152	40,716	29,128	5,880	8,686	4,928
Quebec . . . . .	47,530	47,726	57,105	221,969	244,301	232,187	40,675	58,184	43,145
Ontario . . . . .	55,431	55,319	64,006	231,103	246,361	245,458	44,608	51,422	45,238
Manitoba . . . . .	5,138	5,528	5,665	24,513	28,093	25,009	4,214	6,218	4,457
Saskatchewan . . . . .	3,017	3,462	3,957	18,032	21,950	18,333	3,358	5,306	3,175
Alberta . . . . .	8,860	10,000	10,477	40,409	45,550	42,687	6,809	9,611	8,222
British Columbia . . . . .	17,580	18,757	24,051	93,878	99,565	97,745	18,850	23,028	20,117
Yukon Territory . . . . .	145	139	108	954	1,064	847	227	278	208
Northwest Territories . . . . .	116	175	125	848	930	512	181	212	90
Outside Canada . . . . .	45	50	59	253	265	180	45	49	33
Adjustments*** . . . . .							1,371	1,558	1,133
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>153,500</b>	<b>156,936</b>	<b>182,114</b>	<b>739,103</b>	<b>810,321</b>	<b>752,628</b>	<b>135,588</b>	<b>178,793</b>	<b>138,258</b>

Province	Week Paid			Average Weekly Payment		
	June 1973	May 1973	June 1972	June 1973	May 1973	June 1972
(\$ millions)						
Newfoundland . . . . .	99,698	141,664	84,352	61.94	63.66	55.20
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	14,242	23,993	11,858	51.94	52.63	45.41
Nova Scotia . . . . .	85,559	117,110	89,659	60.75	60.43	51.12
New Brunswick . . . . .	99,792	146,364	91,156	58.92	59.34	54.07
Quebec . . . . .	601,456	847,415	705,155	67.63	68.66	61.19
Ontario . . . . .	652,957	749,280	737,467	68.32	68.63	61.34
Manitoba . . . . .	63,644	93,518	79,980	66.21	66.49	55.73
Saskatchewan . . . . .	51,410	81,442	56,213	65.32	65.15	56.48
Alberta . . . . .	95,964	135,760	131,667	70.95	70.79	62.44
British Columbia . . . . .	262,060	320,647	299,141	71.93	71.82	67.25
Yukon Territory . . . . .	2,932	3,595	2,871	77.43	77.35	72.29
Northwest Territories . . . . .	2,328	2,743	1,388	77.56	77.21	64.90
Outside Canada . . . . .	553	633	471	81.57	76.83	70.38
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>2,032,595</b>	<b>2,664,164</b>	<b>2,291,378</b>	<b>67.38</b>	<b>67.70</b>	<b>60.83</b>

\* These figures are overstated by 20% to 25% in terms of active files. If a claimant does not report due to becoming re-employed, a period of 5 weeks is allowed to elapse before his claim is transferred to the inactive file.

\*\* May not add to "Canada" totals due to rounding.

\*\*\* Cancelled warrants and collection of overpayments.

For further information, order the June 1973 issue of *Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act* (73-001, 20¢) or contact Mr. George Fincham (613-992-7461), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

## Building Permits, June 1973 — Advance Information,

June	Total number of dwelling units	Value of residential and non-residential construction				Total
		Residential	Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental	
				(\$'000)		
Newfoundland . . . . .	210	3,978	—	706	145	4,829
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	16	292	—	52	—	344
Nova Scotia . . . . .	822	13,353	610	2,436	342	16,741
New Brunswick . . . . .	553	7,665	1,281	3,414	534	12,894
Quebec . . . . .	5,110	76,947	17,705	20,468	14,650	129,770
Ontario . . . . .	11,406	213,684	32,423	82,284	19,873	348,264
Manitoba . . . . .	919	13,503	536	3,300	2,000	19,339
Saskatchewan . . . . .	567	10,941	226	6,258	2,175	19,600
Alberta . . . . .	2,002	34,986	17,682	24,271	4,604	81,543
British Columbia . . . . .	1,370	26,781	2,670	11,774	1,709	42,934
Yukon . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northwest Territories . . . . .	12	359	6	967	—	1,332
Canada — Unadjusted . . . . .	22,987	402,489	73,139	155,930	46,032	677,590
Canada — Adjusted . . . . .	—	315,064	56,820	126,490	36,157	534,531
Metropolitan Areas . . . . .	14,416	250,681	42,889	120,340	22,053	435,963
Calgary . . . . .	685	9,710	558	15,474	3,118	28,860
Chicoutimi-Jonquiere . . . . .	198	3,427	99	256	102	3,884
Edmonton . . . . .	729	13,623	815	5,984	677	21,099
Halifax . . . . .	476	8,115	88	2,126	71	10,400
Hamilton . . . . .	1,082	16,748	487	4,509	1,343	23,087
Hull . . . . .	1,094	14,936	—	480	—	15,416
Kitchener . . . . .	525	8,429	968	493	66	9,956
London . . . . .	249	5,017	651	2,909	585	9,162
Montreal . . . . .	1,575	23,791	13,121	11,338	5,036	53,286
Ottawa . . . . .	1,993	30,209	340	11,140	1,438	43,127
Quebec . . . . .	283	5,288	35	1,021	87	6,431
Regina . . . . .	256	5,389	100	1,071	1,629	8,189
St. Catharines-Niagara . . . . .	417	7,955	393	3,707	121	12,176
Saint John . . . . .	70	1,380	56	893	5	2,334
St. John's . . . . .	140	2,612	—	583	50	3,245
Saskatoon . . . . .	142	2,310	111	1,607	79	4,107
Sudbury . . . . .	69	1,944	206	3,680	—	5,830
Thunder Bay . . . . .	212	4,552	876	5,892	1	11,321
Toronto . . . . .	2,882	60,394	20,716	39,433	5,126	125,669
Vancouver . . . . .	313	7,212	1,840	4,160	574	13,786
Victoria . . . . .	146	3,248	12	199	16	3,475
Windsor . . . . .	113	3,713	981	1,183	695	6,572
Winnipeg . . . . .	767	10,679	436	2,202	1,234	14,551

Preliminary figures.

For further information order *Building Permits*, June 1973 (64-001, 30¢/\$3).

## Telecommunications, 1972 — Advance Information.

Telecommunications carriers in the form of cable and telegraph companies in 1972 reported operating revenues of \$163 million, an increase of \$17 million over 1971. Operating expenses increased by \$8 million over 1971 to \$115 million in 1972.

Further information will be contained in *Telecommunications Statistics*, 1972 (56-201, 50¢), or contact P.T. Crosby (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

## Department Store Sales and Stocks, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Department store sales were \$358.5 million during June 1973, an increase of 18.7% from \$302.1 million in June 1972.

Sales increased in all departments with the largest increases recorded in plumbing, heating and building materials (45.9%); lamps, pictures, mirrors and all other home furnishings (38.1%); and major appliances (32.4%). All provinces reported increased sales over June 1972.

The selling value of stocks held was \$992.6 million, an increase of 13.9% over June 1972. Inventories increased in 36 of the 39 departments with the largest registered by lamps, pictures, mirrors and all other home furnishings, up 38.5%. Millinery showed the largest inventory decrease, down 16.1%.

For further information, order the June issue of *Department Store Sales and Stocks* (63-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-992-9896), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Electric and Gas Meter Registrations, 1972 — Advance Information.**

Total electric meter registrations reached 7.43 million at the end of 1972 compared with 7.27 million a year earlier, an increase of 2.2%.

Gas meter registrations increased to 2.10 million in 1972 from 2.01 million in 1971, with meters for natural gas accounting for 99% of the total.

For further information order the 1972 issue of *Electric and Gas Meter Registrations* (57-201, 50¢) or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, April 1973 — Advance Information.**

Crude petroleum production for April amounted to 1.95 million B/D, up 27.7% from 1.53 million B/D in April 1972.

Natural gas production for the same period averaged 9,650,182 Mcf./D, an increase of 11.4% from 8,658,829 Mcf./D in the previous year.

For further information, order the April issue of *Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production* (57-002, \$3 a year), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Tobacco and Tobacco Products, Quarter ended June 30, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Stocks of unmanufactured tobacco (domestic and imported) held on June 30 amounted to 183 million pounds compared to 206 million pounds for the same period of 1972.

For further information order the June quarter issue of *Tobacco and Tobacco Products Statistics* (32-014, 50¢/\$2), or contact Walter Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Price Tag for Daily**

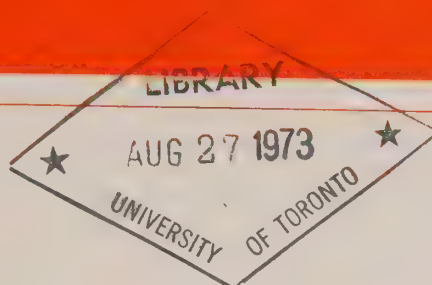
Subscribers are reminded that a price, 10¢ a copy or \$25 a year, goes into effect for the *Daily* with the issue of Tuesday, September 4. Clip your address from the envelope in which you now receive this publication and send it, with cheque or money order payable to the Receiver-General for Canada, to: Publications Distribution, Room 1106, Main Building, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

For specific issues, rather than a yearly subscription, cite the catalogue number and date, e.g.: Daily (11-001), September 4, 1973.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



Wednesday, August 22, 1973

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### Publications Released

- New Motor Vehicle Sales, June 1973 (63-007, 20¢/\$2)
- Field Crop Reporting Series, Stocks of Canadian Grain, July 31, 1973 (22-002, \$4)
- Livestock and Animal Products Statistics, 1972 (23-203, \$1)
- Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, August 1973 (32-009, 20¢/\$2)
- Dairy Factory Production, July 1973 (32-002, \$1 per year)
- Silver, Lead and Zinc Production, June 1973 (26-008, 10¢/\$1)
- Production of Canada's Leading Minerals, June 1973 (26-007, 10¢/\$1)
- Gold Production, June 1973 (26-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Sales of Paints, Varnishes and Lacquers, June 1973 (46-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, March 1973 (66-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Service Bulletins — Road Transport (53-006, \$2 per year), Vol. 3, No. 6, Quarterly Refrigerated Storage Report, First Quarter 1973.
- Aviation Statistics (51-004, \$3 per year), Vol. 5, No. 32A, Preliminary, Aircraft Movement Statistics, May 1973; Vol. 5, No. 34, International Air Charter Statistics Passenger Origin and Destination, April 1973.
- Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 per year), Vol. 8, No. 52, Oil Pipe Line Supply and Disposition, April 1973.

**Real Domestic Product (RDP and the Index of Industrial Production) – June and Second Quarter 1973 – Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.**

**Second Quarter**

The economy as measured by Real Domestic Product continued to grow in the second quarter following the strong increases in the final quarter of 1972 and the first quarter of 1973. RDP rose by 1.0% in the second quarter compared with 3.3% in the first. The index of industrial production showed a similar pattern. Major features of the economy in the second quarter included rising food prices and declining manufacturing and sales of food products, some decline in production of consumer durable goods, slight declines in several construction-oriented industries, increased energy consumption and advances in mining and paper production.

Production of most of the food manufacturing industries fell in the second quarter, as did food stores output. Many of the production declines were accompanied by rising prices at the manufacturing and consumers levels. Distilleries output increased sharply due to increased export demand.

Demand for consumer goods provided much of the economic strength in 1972 and early 1973. Output of major appliance manufacturers levelled off in the second quarter following a strong first quarter. Freezer sales showed a particularly sharp increase in the first half of 1973 compared with the same period last year, probably associated with food price increases. Production of household radios and TV declined. Sales of furniture, TV, radio and appliance stores increased strongly in the first two quarters of 1973. Motor vehicle production and sales fell slightly but still remained at high levels. Production of motor vehicle manufacturers in the second quarter was 12% above the second quarter 1972, compared with 17% for the United States, where production increased slightly in the second quarter.

Energy production continued to increase during the first half of 1973 but at more moderate rates than in 1972. Exports continued to be an important factor in these industries. Growth in electric power production was 0.6% in each of the first two quarters compared to an annual rate of almost 10% in 1972. Exports of electric power were about 70% higher in the first half of 1973 than the same period of 1972. Gas distribution increased in the second quarter following a decrease in the first. Petroleum and coal products output increased by more than 4% in each of the first two quarters of the year. Exports of light fuel oil, gasoline and heavy fuel oil all registered large

increases in the first half of this year compared with 1972.

Pulp and paper output increased gradually through 1972 and gained even more momentum in 1973. Canadian newsprint mills increased their utilization of capacity dramatically from 1972. U.S. mills reached almost full capacity in 1971 and there was little change in over-all capacity in 1972. As a result, Canadian exports of newsprint to the U.S. increased in 1972 and have continued to increase in 1973.

Construction output increased in the second quarter although at a slightly slower pace than in the first. Residential construction increased in the second quarter while non-residential construction declined, a reversal of the first quarter movements. Many construction-oriented industries showed decreases in the second quarter but production levels for these industries remained high. Production of the wood industries tapered off slightly following substantial increases in the fourth quarter 1972 and the first quarter of this year.

Some other construction-oriented industries also show the same patterns of a strong first quarter followed by some weakness in the second quarter – for example, non-metallic mineral products manufacturers and asphalt roofing manufacturers.

Mining output increased in the second quarter. Mineral fuels and non-metallic mining led the advance.

**June**

Real domestic product in June increased by 0.3% from May. The index of industrial production increased by 1.1%. Strength in June came from two components of the index – manufacturing and utilities – and to a lesser extent from transportation, construction, and some service industries.

Manufacturing growth was distributed about equally between durables and non-durables. In non-durables pulp and paper mills and industrial chemicals registered the most significant gains. Increases in output of automobile manufacturers and a number of electrical products industries were mainly responsible for the increase in durables manufacturing.

In utilities both electric power and gas distribution increased strongly in June.

Transportation output increased. The major movements in the month were an increase in output of rail transport and a decline in air transport due to a strike.

(see tables on following pages)



## Indexes of Real Domestic Product

(1961=100)

(Seasonally adjusted)

	1973				Change %	1973		
	1961 percentage weight	April	May	June		I Q	II Q	Change %
<b>Real Domestic Product</b> . . . . .	<b>100.000</b>	<b>197.7</b>	<b>197.6</b>	<b>198.2</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>195.9</b>	<b>197.9</b>	<b>1.0</b>
Agriculture . . . . .	4.525	145.3	150.3	142.4	-5.3	150.3	146.0	-2.8
Forestry . . . . .	1.231	169.8	166.4	153.0	-8.1	170.1	163.1	-4.2
Fishing and trapping . . . . .	0.259	100.9	73.9	91.5	23.9	100.2	88.7	-11.4
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	215.9	213.5	213.4	—	204.8	214.3	4.6
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	208.9	208.7	210.6	0.9	208.6	209.4	0.4
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	181.9	182.8	184.6	1.0	179.5	183.1	2.0
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	243.0	241.5	243.6	0.9	245.5	242.7	-1.2
Construction . . . . .	5.803	171.2	177.0	179.5	1.4	170.6	175.9	3.1
Transportation, storage and communication . . . . .	9.910	218.9	216.1	217.5	0.6	214.2	217.5	1.5
Transportation . . . . .	6.873	227.0	223.5	225.9	1.1	221.4	225.5	1.8
Air transport . . . . .	0.463	498.8	503.8	483.1	-4.1	487.9	495.2	1.5
Railway transport . . . . .	2.859	216.7	208.1	216.0	3.8	213.8	213.6	-0.1
Bus transport, interurban and rural . . . . .	0.096	205.9	203.1	209.3	3.1	202.7	206.1	1.7
Urban transit systems . . . . .	0.303	115.1	117.2	116.1	-0.9	115.0	116.1	1.0
Pipeline transport . . . . .	0.451	397.7	388.1	387.2	-0.2	366.5	391.0	6.7
Storage . . . . .	0.299	140.7	123.4	112.9	-8.5	138.8	125.7	-9.5
Grain elevators . . . . .	0.211	130.0	107.4	93.4	-13.0	130.0	110.3	-15.2
Communication . . . . .	2.738	207.1	207.8	207.9	0.1	204.5	207.6	1.5
Electric power, gas and water utilities . . . . .	2.908	240.9	241.1	250.4	3.9	238.7	244.1	2.3
Trade . . . . .	12.973	195.1	194.3	192.6	-0.9	194.0	194.0	—
Wholesale trade . . . . .	4.906	211.8	213.7	208.0	-2.7	210.4	211.2	0.4
Wholesale merchants . . . . .	3.491	228.2	229.5	219.7	-4.3	226.5	225.8	-0.3
Retail trade . . . . .	8.067	184.9	182.5	183.3	0.4	184.1	183.6	-0.3
Food stores . . . . .	1.552	148.6	149.0	149.9	0.6	151.2	149.2	-1.4
Department stores . . . . .	1.161	208.5	207.7	217.6	4.8	208.7	211.3	1.2
General stores . . . . .	0.239	96.0	97.7	99.0	1.3	101.0	97.6	-3.4
Variety stores . . . . .	0.301	249.4	239.8	252.7	5.4	247.8	247.3	-0.2
Motor vehicle dealers . . . . .	0.926	257.6	233.0	226.6	-2.7	245.2	239.1	-2.5
Clothing stores . . . . .	0.507	164.1	160.7	167.2	4.0	170.9	164.0	-4.0
Shoe stores . . . . .	0.119	141.5	131.0	137.5	5.0	145.3	136.7	-5.9
Hardware stores . . . . .	0.167	133.1	126.6	130.0	2.7	127.2	129.9	2.1
Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores . . . . .	0.345	175.7	165.5	164.2	-0.8	161.5	168.5	4.3
Drug stores . . . . .	0.343	196.6	199.7	203.5	1.9	195.6	199.9	2.2
Finance, insurance and real estate . . . . .	11.831	205.2	205.3	206.5	0.6	202.0	205.7	1.8
Community, business and personal service industries . . . . .	13.821	201.6	201.7	202.4	0.3	200.5	201.9	0.7
Education and related services . . . . .	3.450	242.1	240.6	240.6	—	241.9	241.1	-0.3
Health and welfare services . . . . .	3.476	196.3	196.5	196.8	0.1	195.1	196.5	0.7
Motion picture and recreational services . . . . .	0.400	196.4	202.6	201.3	-0.6	195.6	200.1	2.3
Services to business management . . . . .	1.616	225.3	225.8	227.0	0.5	223.5	226.0	1.1
Personal services . . . . .	3.766	153.6	153.5	156.0	1.6	152.2	154.4	1.4
Hotels, restaurants and taverns . . . . .	2.212	171.5	171.3	175.5	2.5	170.0	172.8	1.7
Public administration and defence . . . . .	7.232	149.2	148.5	148.0	-0.3	145.9	148.6	1.8
<b>Special industry groupings</b>								
Real Domestic Product less agriculture . . . . .	95.475	200.2	199.9	200.8	0.5	198.1	200.3	1.1
Goods-producing industries . . . . .	44.233	198.5	199.2	200.2	0.5	197.5	199.3	0.9
Goods-producing industries less agriculture . . . . .	39.708	204.6	204.8	206.7	0.9	202.9	205.4	1.2
Service-producing industries . . . . .	55.767	197.1	196.4	196.6	0.1	194.7	196.7	1.1
Commercial industries . . . . .	85.478	201.7	201.7	202.4	0.3	199.8	201.9	1.0
Commercial industries less agriculture . . . . .	80.953	204.8	204.6	205.7	0.6	202.6	205.0	1.2
Non-commercial industries . . . . .	14.522	174.7	173.9	173.6	-0.2	173.0	174.1	0.6
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32.415	212.7	212.3	214.6	1.1	210.8	213.2	1.2



## Indexes of Industrial Production

(1961=100)

(Seasonally Adjusted)

	1961 percentage weight	1973				1973		
		Apr.	May	June	% Change	Q I	Q II	% Change
<b>Index of Industrial Production</b> . . . . .	<b>32.415</b>	<b>212.7</b>	<b>212.3</b>	<b>214.6</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>210.8</b>	<b>213.2</b>	<b>1.2</b>
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	215.9	213.4	213.4	—	204.8	214.3	4.6
Metal mines . . . . .	2.484	160.5	160.4	159.9	-0.3	159.9	160.3	0.2
Mineral fuels . . . . .	1.281	345.6	336.4	339.2	0.8	311.8	340.4	9.2
Non-metal mines except coal mines . . . . .	0.377	232.4	232.7	231.7	-0.4	218.0	232.3	6.6
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	208.9	208.7	210.6	0.9	208.6	209.4	0.4
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	181.9	182.8	184.6	1.0	179.5	183.1	2.0
Foods and beverages . . . . .	3.605	164.0	166.5	165.3	-0.7	167.8	165.3	-1.5
Tobacco products industries . . . . .	0.220	141.4	142.4	142.0	-0.3	146.6	141.9	-3.2
Rubber industries . . . . .	0.419	226.8	227.4	235.3	3.5	220.2	229.8	4.4
Leather industries . . . . .	0.308	89.4	97.5	96.7	-0.8	89.3	94.6	5.9
Textile industries . . . . .	0.919	222.2	228.4	234.3	2.6	221.9	228.3	2.9
Knitting mills . . . . .	0.218	204.8	210.5	208.3	-1.0	209.5	207.9	-0.8
Clothing industries . . . . .	0.862	138.5	142.2	139.0	-2.3	138.7	139.9	0.8
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	2.701	168.3	162.5	166.8	2.6	159.2	165.9	4.2
Printing, publishing and allied industries . . . . .	1.346	152.5	153.6	155.2	1.0	147.2	153.8	4.5
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	0.737	199.1	202.3	202.7	0.2	193.3	201.4	4.2
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	1.751	238.6	239.0	244.9	2.5	232.2	240.9	3.7
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	0.847	232.1	234.3	233.9	-0.2	232.6	233.4	0.3
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	243.0	241.5	243.6	0.9	245.5	242.7	-1.2
Wood industries . . . . .	1.114	210.3	207.8	211.1	1.6	212.8	209.7	-1.5
Furniture and fixtures industries . . . . .	0.450	219.0	223.1	222.4	-0.3	220.5	221.5	0.5
Primary metal industries . . . . .	2.207	189.0	193.4	190.8	-1.3	192.2	191.1	-0.6
Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) . . . . .	1.835	217.0	223.0	220.3	-1.2	219.0	220.1	0.5
Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) . . . . .	0.981	235.4	243.5	243.1	-0.2	233.0	240.7	3.3
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1.981	373.8	372.4	382.3	2.7	382.9	376.2	-1.7
Electrical products industries . . . . .	1.560	251.5	225.0	231.9	3.1	249.1	236.1	-5.2
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	0.882	185.7	185.1	185.4	0.2	187.3	185.4	-1.0
Electric Power, Gas and Water . . . . .	2.908	240.9	241.1	250.4	3.9	238.7	244.1	2.3

Farm Cash Receipts, January-June 1973 — (21-001,  
20¢/\$2)

Preliminary estimates indicated that during the January-June period of 1973, farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland totalled \$2,826.2 million compared to \$2,292.9 million during the same period of 1972. These estimates included cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops, net cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada, and supplementary payments to dairy producers. No deduction was made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

Total Cash Receipts from Farming Operations  
January-June

	1973	1972
	(\$ millions)	
Prince Edward Island	38.8	21.1
Nova Scotia . . . . .	39.0	30.5
New Brunswick . . . . .	51.2	28.5
Quebec . . . . .	394.7	350.1
Ontario . . . . .	878.1	707.7
Manitoba . . . . .	233.5	185.7
Saskatchewan . . . . .	557.9	472.9
Alberta . . . . .	520.8	399.1
British Columbia . . . . .	112.2	97.3
<b>Canada . . . . .</b>	<b>2,826.2</b>	<b>2,292.9</b>

## Prices and Price Indexes, August 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Aug. 16/73  This week	Aug. 9/73  Week ago	July 19/73  Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>186.7</b>	<b>189.7</b>	<b>186.5</b>
<b>Industrials-Totals</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>203.1</b>	<b>206.3</b>	<b>201.2</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	138.9	143.0	136.8
Foods . . . . .	10	150.2	150.4	149.2
Beverages . . . . .	7	258.6	262.7	258.5
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	151.4	156.6	141.3
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	143.4	144.9	135.3
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	374.3	381.4	384.5
Primary metals . . . . .	8	125.5	129.3	123.3
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	217.1	216.7	211.7
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	181.2	178.0	180.2
Petroleum . . . . .	7	334.6	337.6	336.3
Chemicals . . . . .	4	111.4	112.4	104.7
Construction . . . . .	4	151.8	153.6	141.1
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	154.1	157.8	156.0
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>138.5</b>	<b>140.1</b>	<b>143.7</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	139.0	141.9	149.6
Transportation . . . . .	4	330.3	335.9	342.6
Telephone . . . . .	3	83.0	83.0	84.3
Electric power . . . . .	3	106.9	106.2	107.4
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	145.9	150.9	155.7
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>175.1</b>	<b>179.3</b>	<b>176.0</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	206.0	211.8	207.4
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	127.1	128.6	127.1
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>136.0</b>	<b>140.3</b>	<b>142.4</b>
Golds . . . . .	6	168.6	173.7	183.3
Base metals . . . . .	16	119.4	123.3	121.3
Uraniums . . . . .	4	247.2	257.0	251.4
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	463.6	468.7	442.1

For further information, order the August issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Refined Petroleum Products, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian refineries produced 48.99 million barrels of refined petroleum products in June, 12% more than

June 1972.

For further information order the June issue of *Refined Petroleum Products* (45-004, 30¢/\$3), or contact I. Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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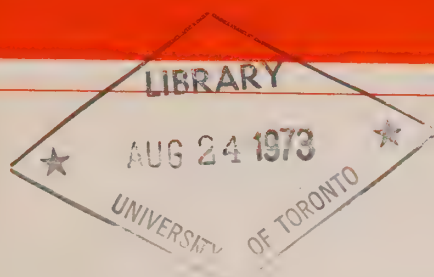
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# Statistics Canada

## daily



Thursday, August 23, 1973

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### Publications Released

- Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, May 1973 (73-001, 20¢/\$2)
- United States Vehicles Entering Canada, June 1973 (66-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Building Permits, May 1973 (64-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Report on Livestock Surveys Cattle, Sheep, Horses, June 1, 1973 (23-004, 50¢)
- Soaps and Synthetic Detergents, June 1973 (46-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Oil Pipe Line Transport, April 1973 (55-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Copper and Nickel Production, June 1973 (26-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, June 1973 (25-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Selected Meat and Meat Preparations, June 1973 (32-020, 10¢/\$1)
- Distilled Beverage Spirits and Industrial Ethyl Alcohol, June 1973 (32-021, 10¢/\$1)
- Foundation Garment Shipments, First Quarter 1973 (34-002, 25¢/\$1)
- Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, August 1, 1973 (32-010, 20¢/\$2)
- Service Bulletin — Phonograph Records and Pre-Recorded Tapes (47-004, \$1 per year), Vol. 1, No. 6, Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-Recorded Tapes in Canada, June 1973



**Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports,**  
July 1973 — Published only in Statistics Canada  
Daily and Weekly.

July exports, after seasonal adjustment, reached \$2,068 million compared with a monthly average for the second quarter of some \$2,020 million. Shipments to the United States were higher than June by \$72 million and those to overseas countries by \$10 million.

Unadjusted exports at \$2,042 million were \$588 million, or 40%, greater than in July 1972. Shipments to the U.S. increased \$385 million to \$1,347 million and exports to Japan more than doubled to \$177 million. Exports to the old EEC rose \$53 million from the low level of July 1972, and shipments to all other areas increased more moderately.

Shipments of automotive and related products, crude petroleum, lumber and other forest products accounted for some 75% of the increase in exports to the U.S. Exports of wheat, oil seeds, copper ores and metal, coal and pulp were higher to overseas destinations. Shipments of nickel ores declined.

In 1973 to date, total exports increased \$2.8 billion to over \$14 billion, with the U.S. accounting for \$1.9 billion or 68% of the growth and Japan for a further \$430 million. Shipments to the EEC rose about \$124 million and increases in the range of \$170 million and \$180 million each were recorded to Commonwealth and preferred countries and remaining countries.

More than \$460 million or a third of the export rise to the U.S. was in automotive and related products. Lumber and crude petroleum deliveries to this market gained by \$275 million and \$250 million, respectively. Less substantial but important increases took place in shipments of fish, iron ore, pulp, newsprint, machinery and equipment. Exports of nickel ores and metal, aluminum and office machines were lower.

Clearances of wheat to overseas countries rose \$200 million. Exports were higher in the first seven months of 1973 for a variety of commodities, including oil seeds (up \$78 million), copper ores (\$104 million), copper metal (\$25 million), coal (\$49 million), lumber (\$57 million), pulp (\$57 million) and communication equipment (\$34 million).

For further information, order the July issue of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

Exports (including re-exports)				
Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months				
	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
1972				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,650	3,313	276	1,061
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,995	3,477	367	1,151
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,767	3,324	306	1,137
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,564	3,807	378	1,379
1973				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,872	4,113	393	1,366
Second Quarter . . . . .	6,053	4,184	316	1,553
1972				
October . . . . .	1,841	1,216	142	483
November . . . . .	1,889	1,298	123	468
December . . . . .	1,834	1,293	113	428
1973				
January . . . . .	1,915	1,371	109	435
February . . . . .	1,957	1,371	119	467
March . . . . .	2,000	1,371	165	464
April . . . . .	2,044	1,358	120	566
May . . . . .	2,023	1,437	86	500
June . . . . .	1,986	1,389	110	487
July (preliminary) . . . . .	2,068	1,461	61	546

**Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports, July 1973**  
(Domestic Exports plus Re-exports)

	Value		Change 1972-1973 (%)
	1972	1973	
	(\$ millions)		
Month of July			
United Kingdom . . . . .	100.7	112.6	11.8
Other Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	45.1	63.3	40.4
United States . . . . .	961.9	1,347.2	40.1
Japan . . . . .	73.7	176.7	139.8
European Economic Community* . . . . .	82.1	135.4	64.9
Latin America . . . . .	52.8	51.3	-2.8
Other Countries . . . . .	137.9	155.8	13.0
Total Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	145.7	175.9	20.7
Total Others . . . . .	1,308.5	1,866.4	42.6
Grand Total . . . . .	1,454.2	2,042.3	40.4

(tables continued on next page)

## January-July

United Kingdom . . . . .	774.4	823.1	6.3
Other Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	332.1	461.9	39.1
United States . . . . .	7,940.7	9,864.0	24.2
Japan . . . . .	502.3	932.8	85.7
European Economic Community* . . . . .	614.7	738.9	20.2
Latin America . . . . .	354.3	324.9	-8.3
Other Countries . . . . .	694.3	894.1	28.8
Total Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	1,106.7	1,285.0	16.1
Total Others . . . . .	10,106.2	12,754.7	26.2
Grand Total . . . . .	11,212.9	14,039.8	25.2

\* Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973.

Figures may not add because of rounding.

## Domestic Exports of Selected Commodities

Preliminary Figures for July, 1973

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change	1972	1973	Change
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Fish, excluding shellfish . . . . .	16.1	22.3	38.5	20.2	26.4	30.7
Barley . . . . .	1.5	0.6	-60.0	33.3	33.6	0.9
Wheat . . . . .	—	—	—	73.4	106.6	45.2
Whisky . . . . .	12.9	9.3	-27.9	13.6	9.9	-27.2
Tobacco . . . . .	0.1	0.1	—	3.3	0.9	-72.7
Oil seeds . . . . .	0.3	0.4	33.3	15.7	39.3	150.3
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	28.0	31.6	12.9	38.7	50.2	29.7
Copper in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	1.4	2.2	57.1	23.0	53.5	132.6
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	1.3	0.3	-76.9	47.2	12.9	-72.7
Zinc in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	0.9	2.3	155.6	7.3	17.9	145.2
Coal . . . . .	—	—	—	4.9	19.4	295.9
Crude petroleum . . . . .	79.1	116.3	47.0	79.1	116.3	47.0
Natural gas . . . . .	24.1	27.5	14.1	24.1	27.5	14.1
Asbestos, unmanufactured . . . . .	6.7	6.7	—	21.1	21.9	3.8
Lumber . . . . .	73.0	103.1	41.2	81.9	127.8	56.0
Wood pulp and similar pulp . . . . .	32.8	48.6	48.2	61.8	91.8	48.5
Newsprint paper . . . . .	73.5	93.5	27.2	90.2	107.6	19.3
Fertilizers and fertilizer materials . . . . .	7.0	9.7	38.6	11.7	18.2	55.6
Iron and steel, including alloys . . . . .	22.5	31.1	38.2	30.7	38.2	24.4
Aluminum including alloys . . . . .	19.5	15.0	-23.1	26.4	28.5	8.0
Copper and alloys . . . . .	8.3	19.8	138.6	18.9	50.7	168.3
Nickel and alloys . . . . .	17.5	23.7	35.4	23.9	32.8	37.2
Metal Fabricated basic products . . . . .	7.5	10.1	34.7	11.2	12.5	11.6
Industrial machinery . . . . .	23.4	35.3	50.9	36.6	47.1	28.7
Agricultural machinery and tractors . . . . .	15.7	23.4	49.0	16.8	25.8	53.6
Passenger automobiles and chassis . . . . .	108.6	161.0	48.3	113.0	162.0	43.4
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	49.4	66.0	33.6	59.9	68.7	14.7
Motor vehicle engines and engine parts . . . . .	25.5	34.1	33.7	25.7	35.0	36.2
Other motor vehicle parts* . . . . .	66.2	101.8	53.8	72.2	108.1	49.7
Aircraft, engines and parts . . . . .	24.7	30.8	24.7	33.7	43.1	27.9
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	9.8	16.4	67.3	14.0	25.4	81.4
Office machines and equipment . . . . .	10.8	10.6	-1.9	13.7	16.3	19.0
Apparel and accessories . . . . .	6.5	9.6	47.7	8.3	12.2	47.0
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	774.9	1,063.2	37.2	1,155.2	1,588.2	37.5
b) Total Domestic Exports . . . . .	932.0	1,300.2	39.5	1,417.6	1,985.5	40.1
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	83.1%	81.8%		81.5%	80.0%	
* (Re-exports of mainly parts) . . . . .	3.3	6.5	97.0	3.6	8.0	122.2

## Wholesale Trade, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Sales by wholesale merchants for June were estimated at \$2,952 million, an 18.7% increase over the same month last year.

In the consumer goods trades one of the most significant sales change was registered by the groceries and food specialties component, showing an increase

of 10.3% over June last year. In the industrial goods trades there was an increase of 20.3% in the transportation equipment and supplies category.

Wholesale inventories were valued at \$4,400 million, up 16.5% over June of last year.

For further details, order the June issue of *Wholesale Trade* (63-008, 10¢/\$1).



**Railway Transport Part V, 1972 — Advance Information.**

Railways in Canada carried a total of 237.9 million tons of revenue freight in 1972, up 0.6% or 1.5 million tons over the previous year. This small gain during a period of relatively higher business activity was due mainly to strikes at Quebec iron mines during the summer and a resulting drop of nearly 10 million tons of iron ore rail shipments.

Domestic loadings of freight (excluding traffic received from United States rail connections) rose by less than 0.5% while receipts from U.S. railways were up 2.9%. An increased volume of bituminous coal which moved from U.S. to U.S. points was a contributing factor in the latter gain.

Of the seven major commodity groups under which some 320 classes of freight are recorded, special types of traffic showed the largest gain in total carryings, rising 25.0%. Container and trailer piggy-back traffic accounted for most of this increase.

Non-carload movements and non-edible end products both rose by 7.3%.

Rail carryings of food, feed, beverages and tobacco were up 6.8%, the volume of live animals rose 6.6% and inedible fabricated materials showed a moderate rise of 4.9%.

Only inedible crude materials, under which iron ore is classified, were down from the previous year. This group showed a decline of 5.5% from 1971.

For further information order the 1972 edition of *Railway Transport Part V* (52-211, \$1.50), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

**Electric Power Statistics, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

In June net generation rose 11.4% to 20,430,139 thousand kwh. from 18,333,735 thousand kwh. in June 1972. There were increases in net generation in most provinces but decreases in New Brunswick (-4.8%) and Quebec (-2.7%).

The largest increases were 93.2% in Newfoundland and 45.9% in British Columbia. Hydro generation increased 6.3% while thermal production increased 32.2%.

For further information, order the June issue of *Electric Power Statistics*, (57-001, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Miscellaneous Food Preparations (Tea and Coffee),**

Quarter ended June 30, 1973 — Advance Information.

In the quarter ended June 1973, production of roasted coffee decreased to 23.76 million pounds from 26.08 million a year earlier. Production of instant coffee decreased to 5.8 million pounds from 6.2 million pounds and 10.92 million pounds of tea were produced compared to 12.93 million pounds last year.

For further information, order the quarterly issue of *Miscellaneous Food Preparations* (32-018, 25¢/\$1), or contact Mr. Walter Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

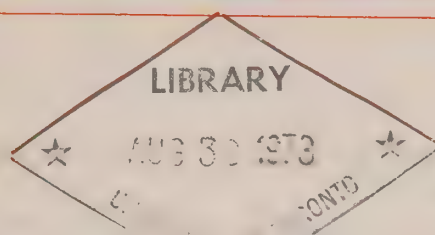
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- The Mechanical Contracting Industry, 1971 (64-204, 75¢)
- Chain Store Sales and Stocks, June 1973 (63-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Products Made from Canadian Clays, June 1973 (44-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Refined Petroleum Products, April 1973 (45-004, 30¢/\$3)
- Stone Quarries, 1971 (26-217, 50¢)
- Electric Power Statistics, Volume III, 1972 (57-206, \$1.50)
- Federal Government Finance, 1971 (68-211, 75¢)
- Particle Board, June 1973 (36-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Fruit and Vegetable Preparations, Quarter Ended June 30, 1973 (32-017, 25¢/\$1)
- Stoves and Furnaces, June 1973 (41-005, 20¢/\$2)
- Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, June 1973 (33-003, 20¢/\$2)
- Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, May 1973 (35-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Service Bulletins — Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 6, Oil Filters and Cartridges, June 1973;
- Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 6, Oil Filters and Cartridges, June 1973;
- Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 61, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Newfoundland, July 1973.

### Quarterly Report on Job Vacancies, Second Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.

In the second quarter of 1973 there were 79,000 full-time job vacancies in Canada, an increase of some 19% from the previous quarter and 71% from the second quarter of last year.

All economic regions showed increases in full-time job vacancies in both quarter-to-quarter and year-to-year comparisons. The largest increases from the previous quarter occurred in Ontario (up 4,500) and the Pacific region (up 3,900). In the year-to-year comparison Ontario (up 10,900) and Quebec (up 9,300) accounted for 62% of the over-all year-to-year increase of 32,800.

Vacancies from all major occupational groups were up on a year-to-year basis. In the white-collar group up (10,300), clerical and related occupations accounted for nearly 40% of the increase. In the blue-collar group (up 22,700), service occupations (up 5,400) and product fabricating, assembling and repairing occupations (up 4,700) accounted for 45% of the increase.

All industrial sectors participated in the year-to-year increase. Nearly three-quarters of the increase in the goods-producing group (up 16,600) originated in the manufacturing sector. The largest contributor to the increase in the service-producing group was the community, business and personal services sector (up 9,100) followed by the trade sector (up 3,900).

For further information, order *Quarterly Report on Job Vacancies, Second Quarter 1973* (71-002, 75¢/\$3), or contact J.A. Boucek (613-992-2006), Job Vacancy Survey Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Current Full-time Job Vacancies in Canada and Regions

	1973		1972
	Q II	Q I	Q II
Canada . . . . .	79,000	66,500	46,200
Atlantic . . . . .	5,500	4,600	3,800
Quebec . . . . .	20,300	18,900	11,000
Ontario . . . . .	29,300	24,800	18,400
Prairie . . . . .	13,200	11,400	8,700
Pacific . . . . .	10,600	6,700	4,300

### Coal and Coke Statistics, June 1973 -- Advance Information.

June coal production jumped 20.1% to 1.79 million tons from 1.50 million tons a year earlier. Imports dropped to 2.17 million tons from 2.45 million. Industrial consumers used 1.07 million tons of coal (up 70,685 tons) and 492,769 tons of coke, (up 38,116 tons).

For further information, order the June 1973 issue of *Coal and Coke Statistics* (45-002, 30¢/\$3) or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Current Full-time Job Vacancies by Selected Occupations

	1973		1972
	Q II	Q I	Q II
All Occupations . . . . .	79,000	66,500	46,200
White-collar . . . . .	30,400	27,500	20,100
Managerial, administrative and related occupations . . . . .	3,000	2,700	1,700
Occupations in natural sciences, engineering and mathematics . . . . .	3,600	3,500	1,400
Occupations in social sciences, teaching and related . . . . .	1,800	1,000	1,100
Occupations in medicine and health . . . . .	4,000	2,900	2,600
Clerical and related occupations . . . . .	11,100	10,300	7,100
Sales occupations . . . . .	6,600	6,700	6,000
Other . . . . .	300	500	300
Blue-collar . . . . .	48,700	39,000	26,000
Service occupations . . . . .	10,800	7,800	5,400
Forestry and logging occupations . . . . .	3,000	2,200	1,300
Mining and quarrying, including oil and gas field occupations . . . . .	1,000	900	500
Processing occupations . . . . .	4,000	3,000	2,400
Machining and related occupations . . . . .	5,100	4,700	1,800
Product fabricating, assembling and repairing occupations . . . . .	12,600	11,600	7,900
Construction trades occupations . . . . .	5,300	3,100	2,400
Transport equipment operating occupations . . . . .	2,400	2,300	1,800
Materials handling and related occupations . . . . .	2,600	1,900	1,500
Other . . . . .	1,900	1,500	1,100

(see table on next page)



## Current Full-time Job Vacancies by Selected Industries

	1973		1972
	Q II	Q I	Q II
<b>All Industries</b> . . . . .	<b>79,000</b>	<b>66,500</b>	<b>46,200</b>
Goods-producing . . . . .	32,500	27,500	15,900
Forestry mines quarries and oil wells . . . . .	2,500	2,700	1,300
Manufacturing . . . . .	24,300	22,100	12,200
Construction . . . . .	5,600	2,700	2,400
Service-producing . . . . .	46,500	38,900	30,100
Transportation, communication and other utilities . . . . .	4,200	3,300	2,300
Trade . . . . .	12,000	11,800	9,100
Finance, insurance and real estate . . . . .	4,400	4,400	4,200
Community, business and personal services . . . . .	20,800	14,900	11,700
Public administration and defence . . . . .	5,100	4,500	2,800

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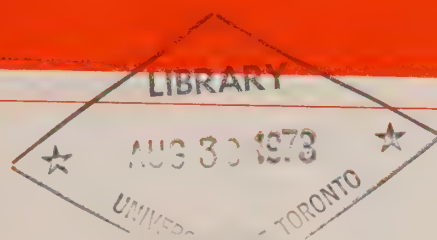
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### Publications Released

- Population, Official Language and Language Most Often Spoken at Home, 1971 Census of Canada (92-726, \$1.50)
- Trade of Canada, Summary of Foreign Trade, May 1973 (65-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Farm Input Price Indexes, Second Quarter 1973 (62-004, 25¢/\$1)
- Acreage, Production and Farm Value of Commercial Vegetables, 1972 (22-003, \$1 for the series)
- Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, August 1973 (32-012, 20¢/\$2)
- Service Bulletins — Education Division (81-001, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 7, Educational Staff in Vocational Schools, 1970-71;
- Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 53, Sales of Natural Gas, June 1973;
- Road Transport (53-006, \$2 a year), Vol. 3, No. 7, The Motor Vehicle, Part III, Registrations, 1972;
- Tobacco and Tobacco Products (32-022, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 10, Tobacco Stocks, June 30, 1973;
- Electrical Products (43-007, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 13, Domestic Water Tank Heaters, June 1973;
- Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 6, Heating Boilers and Radiators, June 1973.



**Labour Income, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Total labour income, adjusted for seasonal variations, was estimated at \$5,258.9 million in June, an increase of 0.2% or \$12.3 million from May. Wages and salaries in the goods-producing industries advanced by 0.8%. Those in the service-producing industries declined by 0.2%.

During the second quarter of 1973, total labour income advanced by 2.2% compared to a gain of 3.5%

in the first quarter. Wages and salaries in the goods-producing industries increased by 2.1% and those in the service-producing industries by 2.3%.

Further details will be published in the June issue of *Estimates of Labour Income* (72-005,304/\$3) and additional information is available on request to Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8067) Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

**Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income**

Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

	(\$ millions)			
	Apr.P 73	MayP 73	June <sup>f</sup> 73	June 72
<b>Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation</b>				
Agriculture . . . . .	28.5	34.2	40.7	38.5
Forestry . . . . .	44.5	57.1	67.2	46.1
Mining . . . . .	111.5	117.1	121.6	106.1
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,245.2	1,270.5	1,307.1	1,150.4
Construction . . . . .	337.8	371.6	396.9	365.1
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	548.4	548.9	556.7	499.9
Trade . . . . .	681.1	691.1	704.0	628.1
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	265.6	267.3	269.9	243.9
Service . . . . .	1,185.7	1,202.5	1,215.7	1,110.8
Public Administration and Defence* . . . . .	402.9	418.7	431.7	381.7
Total Wages & Salaries** . . . . .	4,855.0	4,984.7	5,120.0	4,577.9
Supplementary Labour Income . . . . .	312.9	315.4	321.2	279.1
Total Labour Income** . . . . .	5,167.9	5,300.0	5,441.1	4,857.0
<b>Adjusted for Seasonal Variation</b>				
Agriculture . . . . .	34.3	34.4	34.4	32.6
Forestry . . . . .	60.8	62.5	61.0	41.6
Mining . . . . .	114.0	117.5	119.2	103.9
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,261.8	1,267.2	1,279.3	1,124.1
Construction . . . . .	367.7	362.4	365.2	335.0
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	560.9	547.8	542.3	486.7
Trade . . . . .	686.9	690.3	690.3	616.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	264.3	264.3	264.8	239.2
Service . . . . .	1,162.3	1,172.5	1,178.0	1,076.6
Public Administration and Defence* . . . . .	412.0	422.9	418.1	369.5
Total Wages & Salaries** . . . . .	4,931.6	4,946.4	4,957.9	4,430.3
Supplementary Labour Income . . . . .	297.9	300.2	301.0	261.6
Total Labour Income** . . . . .	5,229.4	5,246.6	5,258.9	4,691.9

*f First Estimates*

*p Preliminary figures*

*r Revised figures*

\* Excludes military pay and allowances

\*\* Includes fishing and trapping.

**Employment, Earnings and Hours, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

The first estimate of the seasonally-adjusted industrial composite index of employment (1961=100) for Canada showed a decline of 0.2% in June compared to May. Increases in mining, manufacturing and finance, insurance and real estate were more than offset by declines in the remaining industry divisions. Regionally, declines were recorded in Quebec and the Prairies, while Ontario and British Columbia had employment gains and the Atlantic region showed no change over the month.

Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence.

All statistics are based on returns received from employers having 20 or more employees in any month of the year.

Seasonally-adjusted, average weekly earnings rose 1.7% in June at the Canada industrial composite level. Gains were recorded in all industry divisions and in all regions.

Among the industry divisions for which data on hourly rated wage-earners are tabulated, both average weekly hours and average hourly earnings increased in June in mining, manufacturing and construction.

**Preliminary Data, May 1973**

Seasonally-adjusted, preliminary data for May indicated a decline of 0.1% in the index of employment for the Canada industries composite. The most substantial changes over the month were increases in construction (2.4%) and mining (4.2%) and the

(continued on page 4)

## Advance Employment, Earnings and Hours Data, June 1973

Industry Division and Area		Employment Index Numbers									
		Unadjusted for seasonal variations					Seasonally-adjusted				
		June 1973 <sup>f</sup>	May 1973P	April 1973P	March 1973 <sup>r</sup>	June 1972	May 1972	June 1973 <sup>f</sup>	May 1973P	April 1973P	March 1973 <sup>r</sup>
		1961=100									
Industry Division:											
Forestry		96.2	82.7	64.0	70.0	76.1	71.6	81.7	89.5	97.1	95.7
Mining		116.2	111.9	106.6	109.9	111.3	111.8	112.8	111.8	107.3	110.9
Manufacturing		131.8	129.5	127.7	126.2	125.1	124.6	129.0	128.8	129.4	128.2
Durables		144.6	142.6	142.0	140.3	134.5	135.8	141.7	141.6	142.6	141.3
Non-durables		121.5	118.8	116.1	114.8	117.5	115.4	118.6	119.1	118.8	117.7
Construction		117.7	110.7	100.7	93.4	119.2	110.2	110.4	111.1	108.5	106.1
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities		122.8	120.4	117.3	116.0	118.7	115.6	119.7	120.0	119.8	120.2
Trade		153.6	152.9	151.8	150.0	146.4	145.9	153.3	154.0	154.1	153.3
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate		154.6	153.3	152.5	153.3	150.0	148.5	153.3	153.1	153.4	153.7
Service		210.8	207.3	199.1	195.9	201.6	195.6	203.5	205.7	203.1	202.7
Industrial Composite		138.3	135.6	132.3	130.8	132.3	130.3	135.0	135.3	135.5	134.7
Industrial Composite:											
Atlantic Region		131.4	124.9	118.1	116.5	129.9	122.0	125.8	125.8	125.5	125.1
Newfoundland		138.7	129.9	119.6	117.5	134.3	127.3	128.4	133.0	130.3	128.4
Prince Edward Island		149.7	143.3	128.5	124.3	151.7	140.5	138.6	143.6	146.3	147.0
Nova Scotia		123.0	118.8	116.5	115.6	125.0	117.8	119.3	119.6	120.2	121.7
New Brunswick		135.0	127.4	118.2	116.4	130.8	122.0	128.5	127.4	127.6	125.6
Quebec		127.3	124.8	122.0	120.7	122.5	119.7	124.4	124.8	125.7	125.4
Ontario		142.9	140.6	137.9	136.1	137.3	135.4	140.2	140.1	139.8	139.0
Prairie Region		136.4	134.2	130.1	128.8	132.7	130.0	133.0	134.2	134.7	133.1
Manitoba		122.0	120.3	117.6	116.2	120.6	119.2	119.5	120.4	120.9	119.9
Saskatchewan		123.5	120.9	115.9	113.8	120.3	118.9	119.3	120.0	119.6	119.5
Alberta		153.8	151.2	146.4	145.7	147.9	143.5	149.8	151.3	151.8	150.1
British Columbia		160.2	157.2	153.9	152.0	140.2	146.0	157.9	156.9	156.8	155.4
Yukon		172.0	168.1	155.6	151.1	177.7	170.8	158.8	159.4	158.6	158.4
Northwest Territories		160.5	156.1	134.8	133.5	165.8	157.0	149.7	154.2	145.3	148.9
Canada		138.3	135.6	132.3	130.8	132.3	130.3	135.0	135.3	135.5	134.7
Average Weekly Earnings											
Industry Division and Area		Unadjusted for seasonal variations					Seasonally-adjusted				
		June 1973 <sup>f</sup>	May 1973P	April 1973P	March 1973 <sup>r</sup>	June 1972	May 1972	June 1973 <sup>f</sup>	May 1973P	April 1973P	March 1973 <sup>r</sup>
		dollars									
Industry Division:											
Forestry		197.63	194.62	195.78	201.88	154.77	161.62	209.38	204.18	184.72	191.77
Mining		209.69	207.42	207.91	206.85	186.98	186.60	212.32	207.84	206.16	203.02
Manufacturing		168.91	166.27	165.04	165.32	155.96	154.19	168.05	165.33	163.86	164.14
Durables		182.28	178.77	176.84	177.55	167.68	165.52	180.98	178.04	176.26	176.86
Non-durables		156.00	154.11	153.33	153.17	145.04	143.33	155.50	153.19	151.99	151.80
Construction		227.88	221.39	217.92	225.79	206.59	203.40	230.04	219.11	215.95	223.42
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities		180.46	178.58	177.83	174.41	167.59	166.59	180.80	178.78	178.10	174.48
Trade		128.69	126.02	125.29	123.17	119.35	116.91	126.66	125.35	124.54	123.06
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate		155.28	153.16	151.70	152.19	141.80	139.75	154.49	152.05	150.47	151.77
Service		116.51	114.39	113.82	112.66	106.44	106.71	116.27	114.21	113.10	111.90
Industrial Composite		162.04	159.07	157.67	157.09	149.10	147.38	161.28	158.63	156.93	157.14
Industrial Composite:											
Atlantic Region		136.80	134.17	132.92	133.20	123.95	122.59	137.79	135.09	131.24	129.79
Newfoundland		148.60	145.97	144.04	140.35	132.41	131.15	149.90	146.44	143.25	136.53
Prince Edward Island		114.17	109.39	108.02	109.94	98.92	99.44	116.17	109.27	104.77	106.50
Nova Scotia		136.00	133.41	131.16	131.92	121.37	121.27	136.41	133.16	129.98	129.08
New Brunswick		132.05	129.71	130.13	132.29	123.88	120.75	133.77	132.10	128.41	129.68
Quebec		154.05	152.19	150.04	149.88	143.31	142.38	153.74	151.51	149.82	150.05
Ontario		168.19	164.58	163.75	163.19	155.16	152.76	166.76	163.46	162.97	163.58
Prairie Region		154.28	151.68	150.21	149.21	143.07	140.23	152.99	151.56	150.09	148.60
Manitoba		146.42	143.13	142.78	141.82	136.29	133.57	144.74	143.09	142.67	141.55
Saskatchewan		142.00	140.38	139.28	137.94	133.30	131.90	141.03	139.60	139.24	138.41
Alberta		163.54	161.09	158.75	157.71	150.94	147.67	162.99	161.75	159.13	156.78
British Columbia		182.32	178.01	175.41	173.83	163.17	161.70	181.81	178.19	174.74	173.48
Yukon		222.07	213.06	214.54	206.90	190.29	190.19	213.30	209.42	214.84	207.36
Northwest Territories		196.57	180.20	188.00	182.89	195.61	194.30	196.92	184.93	188.81	177.01
Canada		162.04	159.07	157.67	157.09	149.10	147.38	161.28	158.63	156.93	157.14
Average Weekly Hours											
Industry Division and Area		Unadjusted for seasonal variations					Seasonally-adjusted				
		June 73 <sup>f</sup>	May 73P	Apr. 73P	Mar. 73 <sup>r</sup>	June 72	May 72	June 73 <sup>f</sup>	May 73P	Apr. 73P	Mar. 73 <sup>r</sup>
		number					number				
		(\$)					(\$)				
Industry Division:											
Mining including milling		41.0	40.6	40.6	40.9	40.3	40.1	4.76	4.76	4.74	4.71
Manufacturing		40.0	39.8	39.6	40.2	40.3	39.8	3.86	3.82	3.79	3.76
Durables		40.9	40.5	40.3	40.9	40.9	40.3	4.17	4.12	4.07	4.04
Non-durables		39.0	39.1	38.9	39.4	39.7	39.2	3.53	3.49	3.49	3.44
Construction		40.3	39.0	38.1	40.0	40.9	39.9	5.62	5.61	5.66	5.61
Building		37.7	36.8	36.8	38.9	38.6	37.6	5.88	5.81	5.77	5.77
Engineering		45.1	43.1	41.0	42.9	45.1	44.2	5.22	5.28	5.41	5.25
Manufacturing:											
Atlantic Region		39.3	39.6	40.1	40.3	40.0	39.0	3.13	3.12	3.17	3.18
Quebec		40.0	40.3	39.8	40.6	40.8	40.5	3.37	3.31	3.29	3.25
Ontario		40.5	40.1	40.1	40.5	40.5	39.9	4.07	4.04	3.99	3.97
Prairie Region		39.5	38.8	38.5	38.7	38.9	38.7	3.82	3.78	3.75	3.66
British Columbia		37.7	37.6	37.1	38.1	37.7	37.4	4.97	4.83	4.82	4.71

f-first estimate based on a limited number of returns p-preliminary figures r-revised figures



Monday, August 27, 1973

decline in forestry (7.8%). The 0.5% decline in manufacturing employment largely reflected industrial disputes in the durables component. Among the provinces, the month-over-month changes in employment ranged from a decline of 1.8% in Prince Edward Island to a 2.1% increase in Newfoundland.

Average weekly earnings rose 1.1% at the Canada composite level to \$158.63 in May. All industry Divisions and all provinces contributed to this over-all advance.

Both average weekly hours and average hourly earnings increased in May in mining, manufacturing and construction. The increased hours in manufacturing were mainly in Quebec and British Columbia, while the increased hourly earnings mainly reflected gains in Ontario and British Columbia.

Over the year, employment at the Canada composite level rose 4.1%. Among the industry divisions, only mining (0.1%) and construction (0.5%) failed to record substantial increases. Average weekly earnings in May were up 7.9% on a year-over-year basis, with increases ranging from 7.2% in transportation, communication and other utilities and service to 20.4% in forestry. Average weekly hours, compared with May 1972, showed an increase in mining, no change in manufacturing and a decline in construction. Average hourly earnings showed increases of 8.8% in manufacturing, 11.7% in mining and 12.2% in construction.

Detailed information for April and May will be published in the June 1973 issue of *Employment, Earnings and Hours* (72-002, 40¢/\$4), and is also available from Mr. R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

#### **Railway Carloadings, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Railways in Canada loaded 346,533 freight cars in July, up 17.2% from the same month in 1972. Goods carried totalled 21.2 million tons, up 31.3%. Interchanges between Canadian carriers, which would result in a duplication of traffic, and non-carload movements are excluded from the data. The number of cars received from United States connections was down 5.1% from July 1972 but related tonnages rose by the same amount.

Notable commodity tonnage increases included iron ore, up 346.4%, sand, gravel and crushed stone, up 51.7%, woodpulp, up 38.0%, and sulphur, up 35.8%. Wheat and other grains combined dropped 27.4%. The large increase in iron ore movements was due to the 1972 summer strike in Quebec iron mines which cut loadings during the period.

In the seven months ended July 31, carloadings increased 11.2% and relative tonnage was up 17.0% over 1972 levels. Commodity tonnage gains included

sand, gravel and crushed stone, up 54.1%, iron ore, up 47.3%, sulphur, up 43.8%, and container-on-flatcar traffic, up 43.2%. Grain tonnage declined 21.1%.

For further information, order the July 1973 issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

#### **Production and Shipments of Plastic Bottles, Quarter Ended June 30, 1973 — Advance Information.**

There were 108.88 million plastic bottles produced during the quarter ended in June, an increase from 97.08 million in the same quarter of 1972. Shipments of plastic bottles (excluding intra-company transfers) amounted to 76.05 million compared to 69.02 million in 1972. The shipments were valued at \$5.12 million in 1973 and \$4.76 million in 1972.

For further information, order the June 1973 issue of *Service Bulletin Rubber and Plastic Industries* (47-002, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 6, or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### **Vinyl-asbestos Floor Tile, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers produced 2,026 tons or 4.32 million square feet of vinyl-asbestos floor tile in July compared to 4,129 tons or 8.38 million square feet in July 1972.

For further information, order the July issue of *Service Bulletin Miscellaneous Industries* (47-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 5, or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### **Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Sawmills in British Columbia produced 907.5 million feet board measure of lumber and ties in June compared to 729.7 million a year earlier. January to June production increased to 5,361.2 million feet board measure from 4,810.9 million feet board measure for the same period last year.

For further information, order the June 1973 issue of *Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia* (35-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



**Cigars, July 1973 – Advance Information.**

Production of cigars for July amounted to 36.8 million compared to 33.6 million for the same month of 1972.

For further information, order July 1973 issue of *Service Bulletin Tobacco and Tobacco Products* (32-022, \$1 a year) Vol. 2, No. 9, or contact W. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Steel Ingots, Week ended August 25, 1973 – Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended August 25, totalled 274,472 tons, an increase of 5.9% from the preceding week's total of 259,073 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 252,049 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 148.0 in the current week, 141.4 a week earlier and 137.6 one year ago.

**Price Tag for Daily**

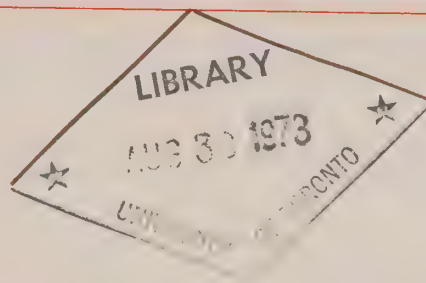
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# Statistics Canada

## daily



Tuesday, August 28, 1973

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### Other Publications Released

- Estimate of Labour Income, April 1973 (72-005, 30¢/\$3)
- The Labour Force, July 1973 (71-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Exports by Commodities, June 1973 (65-004, 75¢/\$7.50)
- Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, May 1973 (35-003, 20¢/\$2)



Gross National Product - Second Quarter 1973 - Advance Information

The Canadian economy maintained its high level of activity in the second quarter of 1973 following very high rates of growth in the fourth quarter of 1972 and the first quarter of 1973. Although preliminary estimates indicate that overall growth slowed in the second quarter, an exceptionally large gain was recorded in housing construction, while corporation profits and non-residential investment continued to grow at above-average rates. Farm income also increased very sharply. Exports of goods and services rose more slowly in the second quarter, but imports declined, resulting in an improvement in the balance of trade of somewhat more than one billion dollars at annual rates. The moderation, after two quarters of unsustainable growth, was also reflected by an increase of only 1% in the Index of Real Domestic Product and a slower rate of advance in employment. As in the first quarter, the second quarter was characterized by strong inflationary pressures, particularly evident in food and raw material prices.

Gross National Product at market prices reached a level of \$116 billion, seasonally adjusted at annual rates, an increase of \$3.3 billion or 3.0% following a rise of 4.5% in the revised first quarter. The increase mainly reflected continued price increases; the overall implicit price index rose by 2.0% compared with 1.8% in the first quarter and 0.7% in the fourth quarter of 1972. Thus, in volume terms the rate of expansion in the economy moderated to 0.9% after an increase of 2.7% in the first quarter.

The United States economy also grew more slowly in the second quarter; in real terms the growth was 0.6%, with prices rising by about 1.7%. The patterns of growth in the two countries showed some dissimilarities. Inventory accumulation was a source of strength in the United States but of weakness in Canada, while business fixed investment was relatively much stronger in this country. On the other hand, consumer outlays, especially on automobiles, slowed in both countries.

Final domestic demand (which excludes change in inventories) rose by 3.0% in the second quarter compared with an increase of 4.4% in the first, and the slower rate of growth was marked by sharp changes in expenditure patterns. The slowdown in spending on consumer goods and services was most notable in durable goods, entirely because of a decline in spending on new and used automobiles. Residential investment which had declined slightly for two quarters jumped an astounding 19.3% in the second quarter, to account for one third of the growth in total Gross National Expenditure. Imports of goods and services declined by \$412 million at annual rates, or 1.4%, following a rise of \$2.6 billion, or 9.5%, in the first quarter of the year. Business investment in plant and equipment grew more slowly in the second quarter but remained in line with the level of investment intentions which have been revised upward from 12% to 18% for the year as a whole. Measured in constant dollars, final domestic demand rose by 1.6%.

Consumer expenditure on goods and services advanced by 2.7%, a deceleration from the very strong rate of advance registered in the two previous quarters. Outlays both on goods and services showed smaller rates of growth. Within the goods category spending on non-durables was the major contributor to the increase.

Expenditure on durables rose by 2.1% after a near record advance of 10.9% in the previous quarter. The low rate was due to a 6% decline in expenditure on new and used cars, after a gain of nearly 17% in the previous quarter. In most other durable goods categories, spending continued to grow very strongly. Expenditure on semi-durable goods increased by 3.5%, down from the 5.2% rise in the previous quarter. Expenditure on non-durables increased by 4.4%, the strongest advance since the first quarter of 1972. Food outlays rose by nearly 5.5%.

Consumer expenditure on services increased by 1.2%, well below the 2.8% rise registered in the previous quarter. The decline was entirely due to a decline in net expenditure abroad.<sup>1</sup> Excluding these, expenditure on services rose by 2.3% in the second quarter as against 2.2% in the first. Within services, rents increased by more than 2% while expenditure on household services and purchased transportation each increased by 3%.

In the capital sector, new residential construction rose by 19.3% to a level of \$6,604 million. All types of residences contributed to this very strong increase. Construction of single dwellings rose at a strongly accelerated rate, with the proportion of starts rising significantly. At the same time there was renewed strength in the construction of apartments and other multiple dwelling units, following declines in the previous two quarters. Total starts stood at 284,000 units, an increase of more than 8% from an already high level of 262,000 units in the first quarter. Business investment in plant and equipment continued to expand, rising by a further 5.9% after an exceptionally strong advance of 7.1% in the first quarter. Non-residential construction rose by 4.7% and machinery and equipment expenditures by 6.9%.

Accumulation of non-farm business inventories fell off sharply to \$248 million compared to the previous quarter's accumulation of \$1,460 million. Declines in the rate of investment were widespread throughout the manufacturing, wholesale and retail trade industries.

Manufacturers' inventories continued to accumulate, but at a much lower rate. Within non-durables all groups, with the exception of petroleum, showed increases. Among durables, there was a notable increase in the stocks of the strike-affected electrical goods manufacturers and a substantial liquidation in the stocks of primary metal industries. In wholesale and retail trade, stocks of durable goods declined sharply, while stocks of non-durable goods rose at about the same rate as in the previous quarter.

Since the book value of non-farm business inventories was rising strongly in the second quarter, the inventory valuation adjustment, which is intended to remove from income the gains resulting from the turnover of goods at rising prices, has remained at a very high level.

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<sup>1</sup> Net expenditure abroad consists of entries to adjust consumer expenditure on a domestic basis (i.e., what is purchased in Canada) to a national basis (i.e., what is purchased by Canadian residents).



Tuesday, August 28, 1973

In the external sector, the decline of \$1,008 million in the deficit on goods and services, from \$1,420 million in the first quarter to \$412 million in the second, resulted from a 2.1% increase in exports of goods and services and a fall of 1.4% in imports of goods and services. There was an increase of \$588 million in the merchandise surplus and a decrease of \$420 million in the deficit in non-merchandise transactions, centered in the travel, freight and shipping accounts.

Merchandise exports to Japan and the countries of the European Economic Community rose strongly while exports to the United States rose more slowly. On a commodity basis, there were increased exports of wheat, crude petroleum, lumber and wood pulp while exports of automobiles and parts, newsprint and chemicals declined. Data for merchandise imports by commodity and country are not yet available.

On the income side, most components displayed slower rates of increase in the second quarter than in the first quarter.

Labour income, the largest component, advanced by 2.2%, compared with an increase of 3.5% in the previous quarter. Part of the deceleration reflected the larger retro-active payments made in the first quarter combined with more time lost in industrial disputes in the second quarter than in the first. Wages and salaries in the goods-producing industries rose by 2.1% compared with an increase of 2.3% in the service-producing industries. In the former, wages and salaries in the manufacturing industry, up by 2.8%, was the largest contributor while in the service-producing industries, the major gains occurred in the transportation, communication and other utilities and the trade industries.

Preliminary estimates indicate that corporation profits continued to grow, up 4.8%, a much more moderate rate of increase than the 13% in the first quarter. In the first six months of this year corporation profits were 30% above the same period in 1972.

In contrast with other factor incomes, accrued net income of farm operators from farm production rose more sharply in the second quarter than in the first quarter, 31.4% and 25.6%, respectively. A large part of the increase reflected the sharply rising prices of both livestock and grains and large subsidy payments for wheat.

The rate of increase in personal income in the second quarter, 3.5%, was somewhat below the first quarter rate, although government transfer payments to persons rose sharply, reflecting the increase in the basic old age security pension from \$82.88 to \$100 per month. However, personal disposable income rose by 6.3%, the largest increase in many years. This was largely a reflection of the irregular movements in the pattern of income tax refunds which were unusually high in the second quarter. The sharp rise in the ratio of personal saving to personal disposable income, from 5.3% to 8.5%, appears to be associated with these unusual movements in income taxes.

Price acceleration continued in the second quarter, as the implicit price index for Gross National Expenditure rose 2.0% compared with 1.8% in the first quarter, the largest rate of quarterly price increase since 1956. Export prices rose by 4.4% reflecting higher world prices for food and raw materials. Import prices rose by 2.6% after a 3.4% increase in the first quarter. All other price indexes accelerated, with the exception of that for government current expenditure on goods and services which remained level.



Personal expenditure prices rose by 1.5% in the quarter. The increase in the price index for durable goods of 1.6% followed two successive quarterly declines. Prices of automobiles were the major cause of this pattern, rising by 1.3% after declines in the previous quarters, when the impact of specification changes such as mandatory safety and pollution devices more than offset the increase in selling prices. (The acceleration in durable goods prices was largely due to a sizeable weight shift from automobiles, where sales declined, to other durable goods. Because automobiles have a lower deflator than most other durable goods, the effect was to raise the implicit price index of the group as a whole). Non-durable goods prices were up by 2.3% after a rise of 3.0% in the first quarter. Food prices rose by nearly 4%, similar to the first quarter advance. Prices of other non-durable goods, notably alcohol, tobacco and electricity, rose only slightly after sharp increases in the first quarter. Price increases were widespread throughout semi-durable goods where the total index rose 1.4% after a rise of 1% in the first quarter.

The overall deflator for business gross fixed capital formation rose by 2.4%, compared with 1.5% in the first quarter. The rise was centered in construction prices, up by 2.9% compared with an increase of 2.0% in the first quarter as machinery and equipment prices rose just over 1% in both quarters. Building materials prices, especially lumber, contributed strongly to the acceleration.

For further information, order the second quarter issue of National Income and Expenditure Accounts (13-001, 75¢/\$3).

(see tables on following pages)

#### **Canadian Direct Investment Abroad, 1970 — Advance Information.**

The total book value of Canadian long-term direct investment abroad in subsidiaries, controlled companies, affiliates and branches at the end of 1970 amounted to \$6,064 million, an increase of \$976 million over the previous year.

The principal reason for the largest-ever annual increase in Canadian direct investment abroad was inclusion of Brascan Limited's foreign investments in Canadian direct investment abroad. Previously, the equity of Canadian residents in Brascan had been shown as portfolio investment abroad in Canada's international investment position statistics, since its investments were all principally located abroad and it had the special status of a foreign business corporation. With the change in recent years in its investment strategy to establish sizeable diversified investments in Canada and the relinquishment of its tax status as a foreign business corporation in 1970, however, it became appropriate to change its statistical treatment. This change by itself does not lead to any change in Canada's net international indebtedness. The effect is to include in Canada's assets the whole

amount of Brascan investment abroad instead of that portion of its equity in investment abroad accruing to Canadian shareholders only. However, the increase in assets abroad is offset on the liabilities side by an increase in non-resident equity in Canadian assets abroad, resulting in no change in Canada's net international indebtedness.

The United States maintained its dominant position, accounting for more than 50% of Canada's direct investment abroad in 1970. Direct investment in South and Central America, which had been declining fractionally each year since 1967, increased by \$590 million, mainly as a result of the reclassification of Brascan. Direct investment in the United Kingdom declined fractionally to \$586 million. While there were increases in Canadian direct investments in the Netherlands, Belgium and Luxembourg, declines were registered in France, Italy and West Germany leading, on balance, to about a 5% growth in Canadian direct investment in the European Economic Community. In Europe as a whole, Canadian direct investment gained by 2% in contrast to the nearly 11% growth in 1969. Investment in Africa, Asia and

(continued)

A1. National Income and Gross National Product, by Quarters, 1972-1973  
Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates  
(\$ millions)

	1972				1973					
	I	II	III	IV	Year	I	II	III	IV	Year
1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income.	54,828	55,856	57,224	59,488	56,849	61,564	62,940			
2. Military pay and allowances .....	948	956	948	980	958	1,000	1,020			
3. Corporation profits before taxes(1) ...	10,232	10,696	10,728	11,688	10,836	13,232	13,864			
4. Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents(2).	-868	-856	-756	-1,016	-874	-1,100	-1,104			
5. Interest, and miscellaneous investment income(3).	4,016	4,116	4,308	4,200	4,160	4,812	4,504			
6. Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production(4).	1,372	1,824	1,588	1,936	1,680	2,432	3,196			
7. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent(5).	5,900	6,064	6,216	6,284	6,116	6,544	6,744			
8. Inventory valuation adjustment(6) .....	-1,248	-576	-1,004	-1,256	-1,021	-1,756	-1,968			
9. NET NATIONAL INCOME AT FACTOR COST ....	75,180	78,080	79,252	82,304	78,704	86,728	89,196			
10. Indirect taxes less subsidies .....	13,564	13,288	13,760	14,232	13,711	14,744	14,632			
11. Capital consumption allowances and Miscellaneous valuation adjustments.	11,200	11,520	11,676	11,964	11,590	12,140	12,572			
12. Residual error of estimate .....	-664	-412	-620	-696	-598	-948	-408			
13. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES	99,280	102,476	104,068	107,804	103,407	112,664	115,992			
14. (Gross national product at market prices excluding accrued net income of farm operators).	(97,908)	(100,652)	(102,480)	(105,868)	(101,727)	(110,232)	(112,796)			

(1) Excludes profits of government business enterprises.

(2) Includes the withholding tax applicable to this item.

(3) Includes profits (net of losses) of government business enterprises and other government investment income.

(4) Includes an arbitrary smoothing of crop production, and standard seasonal adjustment for withdrawals of grain from farm stocks and for the change in farm-held livestock and other inventories. Because of the arbitrary element, too precise an interpretation should not be given the seasonally adjusted figures of accrued net income of farm operators.

(5) Includes net income of independent professional practitioners.

(6) See footnote 4, of Table B1.

Bl. Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1972-1973  
Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates  
(\$ millions)

	1972				1973			
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
	Year				Year			
1. Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services.	57,792	59,524	60,856	62,936	60,277	65,968	67,732	
2. Government current expenditure on goods and services(1).	19,632	19,752	20,752	21,984	20,530	22,384	22,448	
3. Gross fixed capital formation	21,628	22,340	22,688	22,596	22,313	23,672	25,828	
4. Government(2)	3,836	4,000	4,036	3,928	3,950	4,080	4,340	
5. Residential construction	24	16	28	28	24	24	20	
6. Non-residential construction	3,372	3,532	3,556	3,436	3,474	3,540	3,812	
7. Machinery and equipment	440	452	452	464	452	516	508	
8. Business(3)	17,792	18,340	18,652	18,668	18,363	19,592	21,488	
9. Residential construction	4,880	5,308	5,676	5,544	5,352	5,536	6,604	
10. Non-residential construction	6,088	6,136	6,128	6,140	6,123	6,568	6,876	
11. Machinery and equipment	6,824	6,896	6,848	6,984	6,888	7,488	8,008	
12. Value of physical change in inventories	1,036	716	136	96	496	1,108	-12	
13. Government	20	28	4	12	16	-24	-60	
14. Business								
14. Non-farm(4)	1,040	736	616	664	764	1,460	248	
15. Farm and grain in commercial channels(5).	-24	-48	-484	-580	-284	-328	-200	
16. Exports of goods and services	22,780	24,412	24,012	26,784	24,497	28,468	29,064	
17. Deduct: Imports of goods and services	-24,248	-24,684	-25,000	-27,288	-25,305	-29,888	-29,476	
18. Residual error of estimate	660	416	624	696	599	952	408	
19. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE AT MARKET PRICES.	99,280	102,476	104,068	107,804	103,407	112,664	115,992	
Detail of farm inventories and GIOC:								
Value of grain crop production	1,420	1,420	1,420	1,424	1,421	1,992	1,992	
Depletions of farm stocks of grain	-1,368	-1,700	-1,588	-2,220	-1,719	-1,884	-1,884	
Change in other farm-held inventories	52	112	16	16	49	-184	128	
Grain in commercial channels	-128	120	-332	200	-35	-252	-436	

(1) Includes defence expenditures. Details are shown in line 45, Table 16 of the forthcoming publication "National Income and Expenditure Accounts, First Quarter 1973" (Cat. No. 13-001).

(2) Includes outlay on new durable assets such as building and highway construction by governments, other than government business enterprises. Excludes defence construction and equipment which are defined as current expenditure.

(3) Includes capital expenditures by private and government business enterprises, private non-commercial institutions and outlays on new residential construction by individuals. Capital expenditure is defined to include all transfer costs on the sales and purchases of the existing land and buildings.

(4) The book value of inventories is deflated to remove the effect of price changes and the derived "physical" change is then valued at average prices of the current period to obtain the value of physical change. The difference between this value of physical change and the change in book value is called the inventory valuation adjustment. (See line 8, Table A1.)

(5) In the seasonally adjusted series, the value of grain crop production in each quarter is taken as one-fourth of the estimated value of crop production for the year as a whole (see footnote 4, Table A1). All other items in the farm inventories series are seasonally adjusted by standard techniques.



C1. Gross National Expenditure in Constant (1961) Dollars, by Quarters, 1972-1973(1)  
Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates  
(\$ millions)

	1972				1973					
	I	II	III	IV	Year	I	II	III	IV	Year
1. Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services.	43,588	44,584	45,120	46,216	44,877	47,876	48,404			
2. Government current expenditure on goods and services.	11,060	11,072	11,360	11,812	11,326	11,688	11,720			
3. Gross fixed capital formation .....	15,016	15,328	15,308	15,084	15,184	15,576	16,612			
4. Government .....	2,632	2,716	2,684	2,600	2,658	2,668	2,784			
5. Residential construction .....	16	12	16	16	15	16	12			
6. Non-residential construction .....	2,248	2,328	2,292	2,196	2,266	2,232	2,360			
7. Machinery and equipment .....	368	376	376	388	377	420	412			
8. Business .....	12,384	12,612	12,624	12,484	12,526	12,908	13,828			
9. Residential construction .....	3,228	3,432	3,588	3,428	3,419	3,364	3,908			
10. Non-residential construction .....	3,988	3,984	3,896	3,852	3,930	4,032	4,100			
11. Machinery and equipment .....	5,168	5,196	5,140	5,204	5,177	5,512	5,820			
12. Value of physical change in inventories	804	356	-56	496	400	916	--			
13. Government .....	24	16	-4	16	13	-16	-48			
Business										
14. Non-farm .....	1,048	568	600	712	732	1,264	192			
15. Farm and grain in commercial channels.	-268	-228	-652	-232	-345	-332	-144			
16. Exports of goods and services .....	18,288	19,404	19,156	20,840	19,422	21,452	20,968			
17. Deduct: Imports of goods and services .	-19,092	-19,592	-19,720	-21,256	-19,915	-22,504	-21,636			
18. Residual error of estimate .....	480	300	444	488	428	640	268			
19. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE IN CONSTANT (1961) DOLLARS.	70,144	71,452	71,612	73,680	71,722	75,644	76,336			

(1) The implicit price deflators of the seasonally unadjusted components of Gross National Expenditure, derived by dividing the value figures in current dollars by the constant dollar figures, are not suitable as indicators of quarter-to-quarter price change. This is because they are currently weighted and therefore are affected by compositional shifts which occur within the unadjusted components of Gross National Expenditure, on a quarter-to-quarter basis. Quarter-to-quarter movements in the implicit price deflators based on seasonally adjusted data are less subject to the problem of shifting weights and may be used as a measure of price change.

Australasia accounted for less than 10% of total Canadian direct investment abroad. Direct investment in developing countries constituted nearly 25% of the total at the end of 1970 compared with about 17% in 1969. The principal reason for this increase was, again, the inclusion of Brascan.

Direct investment in manufacturing at \$3,207 million continued to be the largest single industrial component of Canadian direct investment abroad, representing 53% of the total. The increase over the year was \$159 million or about 5%, somewhat lower than the growth rate of the few years previous to 1970. Due to the inclusion of Brascan, direct investment in foreign utilities more than doubled, rising by \$640 in 1970 to \$1,225 million. This represented almost two-thirds of the over-all increase in Canadian

direct investment abroad in 1970 and brought investment in the utilities group to 20% of the total from about 12% in 1969. Canadian direct investment abroad in pipelines, included with utilities in previous publications, is now classified to the mining and petroleum industry and revisions for the years prior to 1968 will be published soon. Direct investment in mining and petroleum repeated the gains of 1968 and 1969 with an increase of nearly 10%. Investment in merchandising continued to be relatively static at \$278 million.

Further information will be contained in *Canada's International Investment Position, 1968-71* (67-202, \$2), or contact Mr. C.F.J. Richards (613-996-2545), Balance of Payments Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.

**Canadian Direct Investment Abroad by Industry and Location,  
Year Ends 1968-1970**

Industry and Location	1968	1969 (\$ millions)	1970
<b>Located in United States:</b>			
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,536*	1,733	1,860
Merchandising . . . . .	138	138	144
Mining and Petroleum . . . . .	243*	321	381
Utilities . . . . .	428*	439	469
Other . . . . .	201	225	273
Total . . . . .	2,546	2,856	3,127
<b>Located in United Kingdom:</b>			
Manufacturing . . . . .	459	484	479
Merchandising . . . . .	67	50	39
Mining and Petroleum . . . . .	9	12	13
Utilities . . . . .	7	12	13
Other . . . . .	28	37	42
Total . . . . .	570	595	586
<b>Located in Other Commonwealth Countries:</b>			
Manufacturing . . . . .	214	232	256
Merchandising . . . . .	43	60	64
Mining and Petroleum . . . . .	209	172	167
Utilities . . . . .	68	79	105
Other . . . . .	166	182	199
Total . . . . .	700	725	791
<b>Located in All Other Countries:</b>			
Manufacturing . . . . .	535	599	612
Merchandising . . . . .	19	28	31
Mining and Petroleum . . . . .	135	176	186
Utilities . . . . .	66	55	638*
Other . . . . .	46	54	93
Total . . . . .	801	912	1,560
<b>Located in All Countries:</b>			
Manufacturing . . . . .	2,744*	3,048	3,207
Merchandising . . . . .	267	276	278
Mining and Petroleum . . . . .	596*	681	747
Utilities . . . . .	569*	585	1,225*
Other . . . . .	441	498	607
Total . . . . .	4,617	5,088	6,064

† revised

\* discontinuity

(see table on next page)

**Canadian Direct Investment Abroad by Location of Investment,  
Year Ends 1968-1970**

Location	1968	1969 <sup>r</sup> (\$ millions)	1970
<b>North America (including Caribbean):</b>			
United States . . . . .	2,546	2,856	3,127
Mexico . . . . .	35	40	45
Bahamas . . . . .	144	152	151
Bermuda . . . . .	95	103	136
Jamaica . . . . .			109
Other . . . . .	204	184	67
Sub-total . . . . .	3,024	3,335	3,635
South and Central America . . . . .	232	230	820*
<b>Europe:</b>			
United Kingdom . . . . .	570	595	586
<b>European Economic Community:</b>			
Belgium and Luxembourg . . . . .	19	32	40
France . . . . .	72	90	82
Italy . . . . .	37	54	53
Netherlands . . . . .	28	31	52
West Germany . . . . .	71	83	77
Sub-total . . . . .	227	290	304
Ireland . . . . .	30	37	43
Switzerland . . . . .	18	23	21
Other . . . . .	106	112	121
Sub-total . . . . .	951	1,057	1,075
<b>Africa:</b>			
Republic of South Africa . . . . .	58	65	73
Other . . . . .	48	40	61
Sub-total . . . . .	106	105	134
<b>Asia:</b>			
Japan . . . . .	x	47	48
Other . . . . .	x	69	86
Sub-total . . . . .	87	116	134
<b>Australasia:</b>			
Australia . . . . .	195	221	246
Other . . . . .	22	24	20
Sub-total . . . . .	217	245	266
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>4,617</b>	<b>5,088</b>	<b>6,064*</b>
Developed Countries . . . . .	3,773	4,226	4,551
Developing Countries . . . . .	844	862	1,513*

<sup>r</sup> revised

\* discontinuity

x confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

### Railway Transport, Part I, 1972 — Advance Information.

Railways in Canada operated a total of 44,025 miles of first main track at the close of 1972. This reflected a decline of 128 miles from the preceding year but an increase of 857 miles over 1968. Nearly all of the added mileage during the five-year period occurred in Alberta, British Columbia and the Northwest Territories.

Railway investment in road and equipment property stood at \$8.59 billion at the end of 1972, up from \$7.87 billion at December 31, 1968. In 1972 net investments amounted to \$124.2 million, most of which represented investments in roadway property. Railway operating revenues rose by 26.9% during the 1968-1972 period, while expenses increased 30.1%. Resulting net revenues from operations were up only 4.9%. Net income, after taking into account income from outside sources, taxes, fixed charges and

other deductions amounted to \$59.2 million, 28.4% above that of 1968.

The average weight of a carload of freight rose to 51.15 tons in 1972, an increase of 20.4% over the years since 1968. Average gross tons per train continued an upward trend, rising to 3,655 tons in 1972 from 3,224 tons five years earlier. The average length of haul for all railways as a system was 521 miles, up from 439 miles in 1968.

Railway revenue freight carried totalled 237.9 million tons in 1972, an increase of 9.9% over 1968. The average revenue received per ton rose to 7.32 cents compared to 6.13 cents. There were 186,541 freight cars in railway service at the close of 1972, a decrease of 0.9% since 1968. Although the number of cars declined, the average carrying capacity continued to gain annually resulting in an advance of 3.8 tons between 1968 and 1972.

(continued)



Train accidents numbered 1,963 in 1972, down 102 from the preceding year and only slightly above the 1,911 reported in 1968. Persons killed as a result of these accidents totalled 226 in the later year, 211 in 1971 and 215 three years earlier.

For further information, order the 1972 edition of *Railway Transport, Part I* (52-207, 50¢), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

#### Weekly Railway Carloadings, August 14, 1973 — Advance Information.

Railway revenue freight loaded during the week ended August 14 totalled 3.8 million tons, up 11.7% from a year earlier. Cars loaded during the same period, however, were down 7.8%. The heavier loading of freight cars resulted mainly from increased iron ore shipments in Quebec during the current seven days. The volume of freight moved in the west dropped 26.6% to 1.4 million tons, but loadings east of the Lakehead were up sharply by 58.0% to 2.4 million tons. Eastern loadings a year earlier were reduced by strikes at iron mines in Quebec and Labrador, while rotating railway strikes that began in

July have similarly affected loadings to some extent in both divisions of the country this summer.

Year-to-date loadings totalled 146.7 million tons, up 17.0% over the first 8-1/2 months of 1972. Western loadings increased 8.4% to 65.4 million tons while cumulative loadings east of the Lakehead rose 25.0% to 81.3 million tons. Total cars loaded were up 10.5% with the west registering an increase of 3.4% and the east up 16.4%.

For further information, contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

#### Production of Eggs, July 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian egg production increased by 1.2% to 38.7 million dozen in July 1973 from 38.2 million a year earlier. The average number of layers was up 1.8% to 24.9 million from 24.4 million while the number of eggs per 100 layers decreased 0.6% to 1,866 from 1,877. Farm price of eggs sold for market was up 51.9% to 51.5¢ per dozen compared with 33.9¢ per dozen.

For further information, order the July issue of *Production of Eggs* (23-003, 10¢/\$1).

7-day period ending August 14	East	West	Canada
Total Carload Traffic: 1973	2,421,382	1,362,445	3,783,827
Tons, 1972	1,532,500	1,855,693	3,388,193
% change	58.0	-26.6	11.7
Cars, 1973	36,120	21,843	57,963
Cars, 1972	30,850	32,047	62,897
% change	17.1	-31.8	-7.8
Piggyback traffic*:			
Tons, 1973	66,171	28,965	95,136
Tons, 1972	67,414	40,272	107,686
% change	-1.8	-28.1	-11.7
Cars, 1973	2,572	1,384	3,956
Cars, 1972	3,071	2,011	5,082
% change	-16.2	-31.2	-22.2
Year-to-date			
Total Carload Traffic:			
Tons, 1973	81,264,569	65,388,700	146,653,269**
Tons, 1972	65,012,559	60,302,194	125,314,753
% change	25.0	8.4	17.0
Cars, 1973	1,451,466	1,066,275	2,517,741
Cars, 1972	1,247,309	1,031,431	2,278,740
% change	16.4	3.4	10.5
Piggyback traffic*:			
Tons, 1973	3,725,397	1,445,914	5,171,311**
Tons, 1972	2,950,109	1,343,896	4,294,005
% change	26.3	7.6	20.4
Cars, 1973	155,222	72,128	227,350**
Cars, 1972	130,180	64,890	195,070
% change	19.2	11.2	16.5

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect of prior periods.

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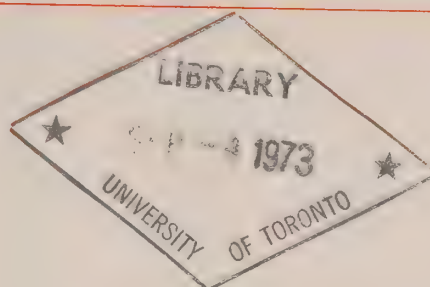
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# Statistics Canada

## daily



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### Other Publications Released

- Canadian Statistical Review, August 1973 (11-003, 50¢/\$5)
- Consumer Credit, June 1973 (61-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Retail Trade, June 1973 (63-005, 30¢/\$3)
- Summary of Imports, May 1973 (65-005, 20¢/\$2)
- Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, June 1973 (43-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Breweries, June 1973 (32-019, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins — Water Transport (54-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 2, Tonnage of Cargo Loaded and Unloaded at Canadian Ports, 1971-72;
- Retail Prices and Living Costs (62-005, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 10, Family Expenditures on Shelter and Household Durables, 1971;
- Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 per year), Vol. 2, No. 6, Builders and Shelf Hardware, June 1973;
- Selected Dairy by-Products (32-024, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 13, Production and Inventory of Instant Dry Skim Milk Powder, July 1973.



## Prices and Price Indexes, August 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Aug. 23/73 This week	Aug. 16/73 Week ago	July 26/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>185.7</b>	<b>186.7</b>	<b>189.2</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>201.5</b>	<b>203.1</b>	<b>204.2</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	136.4	138.9	142.1
Foods . . . . .	10	147.7	150.2	148.1
Beverages . . . . .	7	257.1	258.6	259.2
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	149.9	151.4	141.8
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	139.6	143.4	139.4
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	363.1	374.3	379.4
Primary metals . . . . .	8	125.6	125.5	127.4
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	216.6	217.1	209.8
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	182.4	181.2	190.1
Petroleum . . . . .	7	337.4	334.6	338.7
Chemicals . . . . .	4	109.2	111.4	103.5
Construction . . . . .	4	153.8	151.8	143.6
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	149.4	154.1	160.5
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>136.6</b>	<b>138.5</b>	<b>144.9</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	137.5	139.0	152.1
Transportation . . . . .	4	322.5	330.3	349.1
Telephone . . . . .	3	83.5	83.0	84.0
Electric power . . . . .	3	104.1	106.9	106.1
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	144.7	145.9	157.8
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>178.5</b>	<b>175.1</b>	<b>179.3</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	212.2	206.0	210.9
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	125.2	127.1	130.1
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>133.0</b>	<b>136.0</b>	<b>148.0</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	164.1	168.6	189.7
Base metals . . . . .	16	117.1	119.4	126.4
Uranium . . . . .	4	244.3	247.2	252.6
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	455.9	463.6	469.5

For further information, order the August issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Department Store Sales by Regions, July 1973 (64-004, \$1 a year).

During July 1973, department store sales rose in Canada by 14.6% over the corresponding month last year, with regional increases as follows: Atlantic Provinces, 18.1%; Quebec, 15.7%; Ontario 11.1%; Manitoba, 12.2%; Saskatchewan, 19.3%; Alberta 15.4% and British Columbia, 20.3%.

#### Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies increased in June to 375.37 million feet board

measure from 354.90 million feet board measure in June 1972.

Stocks on hand at the end of June totalled 446.02 million feet board measure.

For further information, order the June issue of

*Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies* (35-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

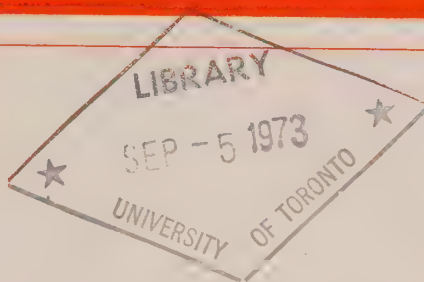
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### Publications Released

- Footwear Statistics, June 1973 (33-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Bread and Other Bakery Products, Quarter ended June 30, 1973 (32-015, 25¢/\$1)
- Manufacturers of Miscellaneous Electrical Products, 1971 (43-210, 50¢)
- Veneer and Plywood Mills, 1971 (35-206, 50¢)
- Service Bulletins — Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 55, Preliminary Electric Energy Statistics, June 1973;
- Aviation Statistics (51-004, \$3 a year), Vol. 5, No. 26, Canada-USA Scheduled Air Passenger Origin & Destination, 1971-72; Vol. 5, No. 36, Civil Aviation, April 1973.

**Salt, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian shipments of salt and salt content of brine in July decreased to 197,380 tons from 268,254 in July 1972. This brought the year-to-date output to 3.00 million tons from 2.96 million tons in 1972.

For further information, order the July issue of *Salt* (26-009, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Asbestos, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Producers' shipments of asbestos increased to 149,191 tons in July from 133,896 tons in July 1972. This brought year-to-date shipments to 1.05 million tons from 928,676 in 1972.

For further information, order the July issue of *Asbestos* (26-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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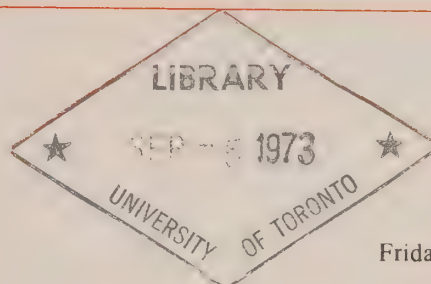
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### Other Publications Released

Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, June 1973 (61-001, 10¢/\$2)

Concrete Products, June 1973 (44-002, 10¢/\$1)

Miscellaneous Food Preparations, Quarter Ended June 30, 1973 (32-018, 25¢/\$1)

Service Bulletins — Vinyl-asbestos Floor Tile (47-001, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 5, Floor Tiles, July 1973;

Selected Dairy By-Products (32-024, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 14, Production and Inventory of Process Cheese, July 1973.

**Summary of Imports, June 1973 - Advance Information.**

The External Trade Division reports that June imports increased to a value of \$1,981 million from \$1,680 million a year earlier and \$1,438 million in the same month of 1971. Imports for the six months increased to \$11,318 million in 1973 from \$9,244 million in 1972 and \$7,533 million in 1971.

	June		January through June	
	1972	1973	1972	1973
	(\$ millions)			
Selected Countries				
United States	1,182.2	1,419.6	6,423.1	8,125.0
Japan	95.3	89.6	535.2	522.8
United Kingdom	84.0	88.8	497.3	515.8
Germany, West	43.2	59.1	242.5	194.3
Venezuela	35.0	41.8	204.1	225.6
France	19.8	27.3	119.8	151.3
Italy	14.5	22.1	95.8	111.2
Australia	18.9	14.4	87.3	94.7
Sweden	12.8	14.1	71.8	85.2
Switzerland	9.0	8.5	47.5	57.8
Netherlands	7.1	9.0	42.4	56.0
Hong Kong	8.7	9.8	48.8	49.9
Mexico	5.0	8.2	31.6	47.2
All Countries	1,679.5	1,981.3	9,244.2	11,317.6
Selected Commodities				
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco	128.5	165.5	607.7	796.9
Coffee	7.5	11.2	45.7	59.9
Sugar, raw	8.7	16.4	44.0	52.7
Crude materials, inedible	138.3	154.9	743.9	902.2
Crude petroleum	52.9	62.0	346.0	414.3
Coal	21.1	21.4	62.3	61.7
Aluminium ores, concentrates and scrap	5.9	5.7	37.9	42.1
Fabricated materials, inedible	325.6	355.0	1,784.8	1,996.6
Fuel oil	14.9	9.7	55.5	48.5
Organic chemicals	15.9	18.3	85.5	106.6
Plate sheet and strip, steel	17.8	16.5	89.4	93.5
Plastics materials, not shaped	13.7	16.2	77.8	93.6
End products, inedible	1,066.2	1,276.0	5,988.9	7,480.9
Motor vehicle parts, except engines	206.4	251.6	1,191.2	1,407.2
Sedans, new	110.2	140.9	650.3	818.0
Motor vehicle engines and parts	49.8	73.0	276.9	405.9
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis	38.9	44.0	217.4	302.2
Aircraft and parts	24.1	24.1	146.8	305.1
Office machines, including computers	36.0	36.3	226.5	238.2

**Imports by Stage of Fabrication**

	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	(\$ millions)							
All Countries								
June . . . . .	1,679.5	1,981.3	212.3	248.6	346.3	392.7	1,121.0	1,340.0
January to June . . . . .	9,244.2	11,317.6	1,087.2	1,348.2	1,889.6	2,144.0	6,267.4	7,825.4
United States								
June . . . . .	1,182.2	1,419.6	111.3	135.9	210.0	249.0	860.9	1,034.7
January to June . . . . .	6,423.1	8,125.0	483.5	614.5	1,165.5	1,401.6	4,774.1	6,109.0

Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2).

**Murder Statistics, 1972 - Advance Information.**

Figures show that 478 persons were murdered in 1972. This was an increase of 52 over the 1971 total but the Bluebird Cafe fire in Montreal accounted for 37 of the victims in the 1972 total.

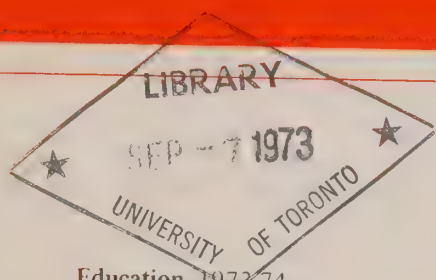
Three policemen and one custodial officer were among the 1972 victims compared to three policemen

in 1971. The murder rate per 100,000 population increased to 2.19 in 1972 from 1.96 in 1971.

For further information, order *Murder Statistics 1972* (85-209, 75¢), or contact Ms. T. Bleszynski (613-994-5553), Judicial Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z5.

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### Other Publications Released

- Fisheries Statistics Prince Edward Island, 1972 (24-203, 50¢)
- Shipments of Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds, June 1973 (32-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Monthly Review of Canadian Fisheries Statistics, June 1973 (24-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Primary Iron and Steel, June 1973 (41-001, 30¢/\$3)
- Abrasives Manufacturers, 1971 (44-202, 50¢)
- Scientific and Professional Equipment Industries, 1971 (47-206, 50¢)
- Fluid Milk Sales, June 1973 (23-002, \$1 a year)
- Hardware, Tool and Cutlery Manufacturers, 1971 (41-208, 50¢)
- Hardboard, July 1973 (36-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, July 1973 (32-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins - Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), Advance Release of Fish Landings, July 1973; Vol. 2, No. 62, Newfoundland; Vol. 2, No. 63, British Columbia, Vol. 2 No. 65, Maritimes; Vol. 2 No. 67, Quebec; Vol. 2, No. 64, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Ontario and Prairies;
- Tobacco and Tobacco Products (32-022, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 9, Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, July 1973.



**Education, 1973-74.**

The number of full-time students registering at universities this fall is expected to be down 4,500 from 1972. Total full-time enrolment for the 1973-74 academic year is projected at 317,780 compared to 322,274 last year.

These estimates continue a trend that became apparent in 1972-73. Figures then showed, for the first time in 20 years, a drop in the absolute number of university enrolments.

The lower birthrate of the mid-1960s has become most apparent in the lower grades of elementary school, where 6.4% fewer students are enrolled for the coming academic year than were on the lists last September. The decline in both elementary and secondary school enrolments is to about 5.7 million for 1973-74 from 5.8 million a year earlier.

Although university enrolment dropped in 1972-73, almost 7.0% more teachers were employed and the total education bill came to about \$9.0 billion, up 8.4% from the previous year. In 1973-74, total education costs are expected to reach \$9.5 billion, up 6.5% from the previous year. For every full-time student in the education system, cost in 1973-74 is expected to be \$1,527, up 7.5% from \$1,421 the previous year.

For further information, order *Advance Statistics of Education*, 1973-74 (81-220, 75¢)

**The Dairy Review, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

The preliminary estimate of milk produced in July is 1,682,000,000 pounds, which is 6.1% below production in the corresponding month last year. This would make the total estimate of production during the first seven months of the year 9,965,000,000 pounds or 5.6% below production in the January-July period a year ago.

For further information, order the July 1973 issue of *The Dairy Review* (32-001, 10c./\$1).

**Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian mills shipped 221,443 M sq. ft. (3/8" basis) of softwood plywood for the month of June 1973. This compares with 184,216 M sq. ft. (3/8" basis) shipped in June 1972.

Shipments of hardwood plywood amounted to 31,158 M sq. ft. surface measure for June 1973. An increase of 20.2% over the same month in 1972.

For further information, order the June issue of *Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods* (35-001, 20¢/\$2); or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

In July 1973, packers, dealers and tanners held 211,250 cattle hides, down from 230,762 a year earlier and 102,204 calf and kip skins, a decrease from 122,043. Cattle hide receipts increased to 138,003 from 134,998 and wettings increased to 105,988 from 101,400. Production of upper leather decreased to 3,105,161 square feet from 3,450,883 in 1972.

For further information, order *Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather* (33-001, 10¢/\$1) or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Steel Ingots, Week ended September 1, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended September 1, totalled 273,056 tons, an decrease of 0.5% from the preceding week's total of 274,472 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 245,347 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 149.0 in the current week, 149.8 a week earlier and 133.9 one year ago.

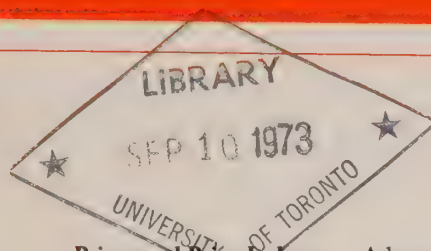
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### Corporate Links

The ownership links that tie together many corporations operating in Canada are often complex. All major corporations are required by federal law to report on their business operations and Statistics Canada has compiled a definitive reference work, *Inter-corporate Ownership*, that shows the "family tree" of virtually every business with assets of more than \$250,000. Copies of the 1,053-page volume based on 1969 information, setting out all the ownership links and showing whether the business is controlled in Canada or abroad, are still available. Price is \$10.50. Order *Inter-corporate Ownership (61-512)* from Publications Distribution, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

### Publications Released

- Hospital Statistics, Vol. VII, Hospital Indicators, 1971 (83-216, \$1.50)
- Summary of Exports, June 1973 (65-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Sales Financing, June 1973 (63-013, 20¢/\$2)
- Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, January 1 to June 30, 1973 (63-009, \$1 a year)
- Railway Transport, Part III, Equipment, Track and Fuel Statistics, 1972 (52-209, 50¢)
- Department Store Sales by Regions, July 1973 (63-004, \$1 a year)
- Manufacturers of Soap and Cleaning Compounds, 1971 (46-214, 50¢)
- Automobile Fabric Accessories Industry, 1971 (34-222, 50¢)
- Concrete Products Manufacturers, 1971 (44-205, 50¢)

(continued)

Biscuit Manufacturers, 1971 (32-202, 50¢)

Household Furniture Manufacturers, 1971 (35-211, 50¢)

Wool Yarn and Cloth Mills, 1971 (34-209, 50¢)

Miscellaneous Wood Industries, 1971 (35-208, 50¢)

Service Bulletins — Road Transport (53-006, \$2 per year), Vol. 3, No. 8, Motor Carriers — Freight Quarterly, 1972;

Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 per year), Vol. 3, No. 11, Railway Carloadings, July 1973; Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 per year), Vol. 8, No. 54, Preliminary Report on Coal Production and Landed Imports of Coal, by Province, July 1973; Electric and Gas Meter Registrations, 1972; Salient Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Statistics, April 1973; No. 56, Refinery Production in Canada of Selected Petroleum Products, June 1973; No. 57, Coal and Coke Statistics, June 1973.

### Prices and Price Indexes, July 1973 — Advance Information.

#### Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing (1961=100)

The industry selling price index for manufacturing rose 1.2% in July to 142.7 from the June index level of 141.0. It was 12.0% higher than the July 1972 index of 127.4. Of the 101 industry indexes included in the total, 56 were higher, 12 declined and 33 were unchanged.

In terms of relative contribution to the over-all change in the total manufacturing index the more notable changes were increases recorded in the foods and beverages group, particularly in the slaughtering and meat packing industries, up 4.0%, and feed manufacturers, up 7.1%. Increases also occurred in the primary metals group, largely reflecting higher prices registered in smelting and refining industries. Price increases recorded in the pulp and paper mills industry were mainly responsible for advances in paper and allied products group. Declines were relatively insignificant with the exception of the wood products group, where lower prices were reported in the sawmills and planing mills industry.

#### Industry Selling Price Indexes June to July Changes in Industry Indexes

	July/June Number of Industries			Major Group Indexes		
	In- creases	De- creases	Un- changed	June 1973	May 1973	June 1972
All industries . . . . .	56	12	33	142.7	141.0	127.4
Foods and beverages industries . . . . .	13	2	8	164.9	161.1	137.5
Tobacco and tobacco products industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Rubber products industries . . . . .	—	1	1	110.1	110.5	110.6
Leather industries . . . . .	3	—	—	164.2	163.0	145.1
Textile industries . . . . .	3	—	6	119.4	117.4	107.1
Knitting mills industries . . . . .	1	—	1	107.9	104.8	99.9
Clothing industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Wood industries . . . . .	2	4	—	210.5	217.4	172.2
Furniture and fixture industries . . . . .	3	—	—	140.9	140.0	131.2
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	5	—	1	131.4	127.5	119.8
Primary metal industries . . . . .	6	—	1	157.4	153.4	133.1
Metal fabricating industries . . . . .	3	—	1	*	*	*
Machinery industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1	—	2	*	*	*
Electrical products industries . . . . .	2	2	3	*	*	*
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	5	—	4	141.0	140.6	134.1
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	1	—	1	129.5	128.0	115.6
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	4	2	1	109.1	108.4	104.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	1	1	3	*	*	*

\* Indexes not available at this level of aggregation.

(continued)



**General Wholesale Price Index (1935-39=100)**

The general wholesale price index rose 2.3% in July to 375.2 from the June index of 366.8, an advance of 21.9 points from the July 1972 index of 307.9. Seven major group indexes were higher while one declined.

The animal products group index rose 4.1% in July to 456.2 from the June index of 438.3 on higher prices for livestock, fresh meats, cured meats, leather, boots and shoes, hides and skins and eggs. An advance of 3.7% to 349.1 from 336.5 in the vegetable products group index reflected price increases for grains, milled cereal foods, vegetable oils and their products, livestock and poultry feeds, potatoes and rubber and its products. Higher prices for tin, silver, copper and solder brought a rise of 3.6% to 327.2 from 315.9 in the non-ferrous metals group index. The textile products group index moved 2.1% higher

to 332.0 from 325.3 on higher prices for cotton yarns, cotton knit goods, silk and nylon thread and yarns, raw wool and raw cotton. An increase of 2.0% to 262.0 from 256.9 occurred in the chemical products group index on price increases for coal tar, paint and paint materials and soap and detergents. Fractionally higher prices were recorded in the iron products group, the index up to 356.9 from 353.0, and in the non-metallic mineral group, up to 251.2 from 249.6. The wood products group index declined 0.2% to 502.8 from 503.6.

The general wholesale index, which advanced 21.9% from July 1972, contains relatively few final product price indexes for commodities, such as consumer durable goods, whose prices have changed little during the year. The industry selling price index for manufacturing, which advanced 12.0% during the same period, does include such products.

Wholesale Price Indexes  
(1935-39=100)

	July* 1973	June* 1973	July 1972	June 1972	Change	
					July/73 June/73	July/72 July/72
					(%)	
General Wholesale Index . . . . .	375.2	366.8 <sup>r</sup>	307.9	306.4	2.3	21.9
Vegetable products . . . . .	349.1	336.5 <sup>r</sup>	241.3	240.2	3.7	44.7
Animal products . . . . .	456.2	438.3 <sup>r</sup>	377.5	372.7	4.1	20.8
Textile products . . . . .	332.0	325.3	278.6	277.7	2.1	19.2
Wood products . . . . .	502.8	503.6 <sup>r</sup>	429.4	425.9	-0.2	17.1
Iron products . . . . .	356.9	353.0	323.3	323.2	1.1	10.4
Non-ferrous metals . . . . .	327.2	315.9 <sup>r</sup>	258.5	259.1	3.6	26.6
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	251.2	249.6 <sup>r</sup>	234.6	235.4	0.6	7.1
Chemical products . . . . .	262.0	256.9 <sup>r</sup>	246.7	246.6	2.0	6.2
Iron and non-ferrous metals (excluding gold) . . . . .	406.5	397.2 <sup>r</sup>	347.3	347.9	2.3	17.0
Raw and partly manufactured goods . . . . .	380.8	375.8 <sup>r</sup>	330.4	329.1	1.3	15.3
Fully and chiefly manufactured goods . . . . .						

*These indexes are preliminary*

For further information, order the July issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4).

**Preliminary Statement of Canada Trade, July 1973 —**  
Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.

Seasonally adjusted imports in July reached \$1,947 million, an increase of \$77 million or 4% over June. Imports from the United States reached \$1,382 million, accounting for almost three-fourths of the over-all increase. With total exports expanding \$86 million, or more than 4%, Canada's trade surplus widened \$9 million to \$125 million.

The course of imports in the three most recent months suggests a resumption in import growth following a tendency to level off in the earlier months of 1973. Purchases from the U.S. have risen fairly steadily throughout the year and in more recent months imports from overseas countries, notably Western Europe, recovered from declines recorded earlier. Imports from Japan, which had been fairly

stable since early 1972, showed signs of weakening in the second quarter.

Unadjusted imports for July 1973 rose 32% over the year to \$1,882 million, again with three-fourths of the increase from the U.S. No year-to-year growth was recorded for Japan but imports from overseas countries increased. Automotive and related products accounted for some \$125 million, or roughly 35%, of the import rise from the U.S. Imports of U.S. food increased \$30 million and industrial machinery \$37 million. Purchases of crude petroleum from overseas countries rose \$30 million and other more moderate increases took place in imports of food, industrial machinery, communication equipment and apparel.

Cumulatively, Canadian imports rose \$2,534 million or 24% to \$13,199 million in the first seven months of 1973. Some 80% of this increase was from the U.S., with imports from this country reaching

(continued)

\$9,409 million. The remainder was distributed over overseas countries except for a small decline in purchases from Japan. The rise in imports from the U.S. was concentrated in automotive and related products. But important increases were also recorded in food, steel materials, machinery, tractors, aircraft and communication equipment.

Imports from overseas countries were significantly higher for food, petroleum, machinery, communication equipment and apparel. But purchases of passenger automobiles declined close to \$40 million in the first seven months of 1973.

For further information order the July issues of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2) and *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2).

### Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, July, 1973

	Total Exports		Imports		Trade Balance		Percentage Change 1972 to 1973	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	Total Exports (%)	Imports (%)
	(\$ millions)							
<b>Month of July</b>								
United Kingdom . . . . .	100.7	112.6	75.4	92.7	25.2	19.9	11.8	22.9
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	45.1	63.3	72.3	73.7	-27.2	-10.4	40.4	1.9
United States . . . . .	961.9	1,347.2	937.6	1,284.5	24.2	62.7	40.1	37.0
Japan . . . . .	73.7	176.7	82.7	82.3	-9.0	94.4	139.8	-0.5
European Economic Community* . . . . .	82.1	135.4	103.1	126.4	-21.0	9.0	64.9	22.6
Latin America . . . . .	52.8	51.3	53.1	64.5	-0.3	-13.2	-2.8	21.5
Other Countries . . . . .	137.9	155.8	96.6	157.6	41.3	-1.8	13.0	63.1
Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	145.7	175.9	147.8	166.5	-2.1	9.4	20.7	12.7
Total Others . . . . .	1,308.5	1,866.4	1,273.2	1,715.4	35.3	151.0	42.6	34.7
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>1,454.2</b>	<b>2,042.3</b>	<b>1,420.9</b>	<b>1,881.9</b>	<b>33.2</b>	<b>160.4</b>	<b>40.4</b>	<b>32.4</b>
<b>January-July</b>								
United Kingdom . . . . .	774.4	823.1	572.8	608.5	201.6	214.6	6.3	6.2
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	332.1	461.9	419.1	474.1	-87.0	-12.2	39.1	13.1
United States . . . . .	7,940.7	9,864.0	7,360.7	9,409.1	580.0	454.9	24.2	27.8
Japan . . . . .	502.3	932.8	618.0	605.1	-115.6	327.7	85.7	-2.1
European Economic Community* . . . . .	614.7	738.9	646.1	789.4	-31.4	-50.5	20.2	22.2
Latin America . . . . .	354.3	324.9	375.2	468.9	-20.9	-144.0	-8.3	25.0
Other Countries . . . . .	694.3	894.1	673.0	843.9	21.3	50.2	28.8	25.4
Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	1,106.7	1,285.0	992.0	1,082.6	114.7	202.4	16.1	9.1
Total Others . . . . .	10,106.2	12,754.7	9,673.1	12,116.4	433.1	638.3	26.2	25.3
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>11,212.9</b>	<b>14,039.8</b>	<b>10,665.1</b>	<b>13,199.0</b>	<b>547.8</b>	<b>-840.8</b>	<b>25.2</b>	<b>23.8</b>

\* Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973.

Export and Import values for 1973 are preliminary estimates and may not add because of rounding.

### Exports (including re-exports) Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
<b>1972</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,650	3,313	276	1,061
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,995	3,477	367	1,151
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,767	3,324	306	1,137
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,564	3,807	378	1,379
<b>1973</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,872	4,113	393	1,366
Second Quarter . . . . .	6,053	4,184	316	1,553
<b>1973</b>				
January . . . . .	1,915	1,371	109	435
February . . . . .	1,957	1,371	119	467
March . . . . .	2,000	1,371	165	464
April . . . . .	2,044	1,358	120	566
May . . . . .	2,023	1,437	86	500
June . . . . .	1,986	1,389	110	487
July (preliminary) . . . . .	2,072	1,461	108	503

### Imports Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
<b>1972</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,441	2,966	248	1,227
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,595	3,164	244	1,187
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,624	3,193	200	1,231
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,003	3,549	258	1,196
<b>1973</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,529	3,793	273	1,463
Second Quarter . . . . .	5,543	3,974	240	1,329
<b>1973</b>				
January . . . . .	1,759	1,220	85	454
February . . . . .	1,872	1,271	94	507
March . . . . .	1,899	1,302	95	502
April . . . . .	1,746	1,257	69	420
May . . . . .	1,927	1,391	87	449
June . . . . .	1,870	1,326	84	460
July (preliminary) . . . . .	1,947	1,382	85	480

(continued)

**Canadian Imports of Selected Commodities**  
**Preliminary Figures for July, 1973**

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change	1972	1973	Change
	(\$ millions)		1972-1973 (%)	(\$ millions)		1972-1973 (%)
Food . . . . .	49.7	79.3	59.6	105.6	142.8	35.2
Metals, in ores, concentrates scrap . . . . .	12.9	19.6	51.9	22.7	34.1	50.2
Crude petroleum . . . . .	—	0.1	—	53.6	83.7	56.2
Broad woven fabrics . . . . .	6.2	8.0	29.0	22.1	27.1	22.6
Chemicals, organic and inorganic . . . . .	15.5	17.3	11.6	24.4	24.1	-1.2
Plastic materials and shapes . . . . .	17.7	23.4	32.2	21.1	27.5	30.3
Petroleum and coal products . . . . .	5.4	7.1	31.5	17.6	15.0	-14.8
Iron and steel fabricated shapes . . . . .	20.1	28.7	42.8	42.7	55.7	30.4
Non-ferrous metals and alloys . . . . .	13.1	17.9	36.6	21.2	28.0	32.1
Industrial machinery . . . . .	116.5	153.5	31.8	153.0	199.1	30.1
Tractors and parts . . . . .	24.4	28.8	18.0	30.1	34.4	14.3
Passenger automobiles . . . . .	48.3	100.8	108.7	77.8	131.2	68.6
Trucks and other motor vehicles . . . . .	41.5	59.9	44.3	49.8	65.5	31.5
Motor vehicle engines, engine parts . . . . .	34.2	51.7	51.2	39.6	55.3	39.6
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	133.5	170.6	27.8	137.7	175.1	27.2
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	17.2	22.2	29.1	18.4	25.6	39.1
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	28.2	40.9	45.0	49.0	69.6	42.0
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	26.6	31.7	19.2	33.3	38.6	15.9
Apparel, footwear and accessories . . . . .	4.5	6.4	42.2	33.8	45.9	35.8
Books and other printed matter . . . . .	17.5	23.0	31.4	21.3	27.8	30.5
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	633.0	891.0	40.8	974.7	1,306.3	34.0
b) Total Canadian Imports . . . . .	937.6	1,284.5	37.0	1,420.9	1,881.9	32.4
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	67.5%	69.4%		68.6%	69.4%	

**Weekly Railway Carloadings, August 21, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Railway revenue freight loaded during the week ended August 21 totalled 3.4 million tons, down 10.3% from the preceding week but up 1.3% over the earlier year. Cars loaded in the seven days declined 9.6% from the week of the 14th and 17.5% from the 1972 period.

Western loadings during the third week of August totalled 1.5 million tons, a drop 15.7%, while loadings east of the Lakehead continued above year-earlier levels, increasing 20.3% to 1.9 million tons.

Eastern loadings a year ago were reduced due to strikes at iron mines in Quebec and Labrador, while this year's data as a whole had been affected by rotating labour difficulties in selective regions.

Cumulative rail movements to August 21 increased 16.6% from the corresponding 1972 period to 150.0 million tons. Eastern volume rose 24.9% to 83.2 million tons, while loadings in the western region were up 7.7% to 66.9 million tons.

For further information, contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

7-day period ending August 14	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 . . . . .	1,901,769	1,491,006	3,392,775
Tons, 1972 . . . . .	1,580,403	1,769,309	3,349,712
% change . . . . .	20.3	-15.7	1.3
Cars, 1973 . . . . .	28,293	24,099	52,392
Cars, 1972 . . . . .	32,793	30,734	63,527
% change . . . . .	-13.7	-21.6	-17.5
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 . . . . .	41,987	28,398	70,385
Tons, 1972 . . . . .	73,563	39,184	112,747
% change . . . . .	-42.9	-27.5	-37.6
Cars, 1973 . . . . .	1,636	1,387	3,023
Cars, 1972 . . . . .	3,621	1,951	5,572
% change . . . . .	-54.8	-28.9	-45.7

(table continued on next page)



## Year-to-date

## Total Carload Traffic:

Tons, 1973	83,166,338	66,879,706	150,046,044
Tons, 1972	66,592,962	62,071,503	128,664,465
% change	24.9	7.7	16.6
Cars, 1973	1,479,759	1,090,374	2,570,133
Cars, 1972	1,280,102	1,062,165	2,342,267
% change	15.6	2.7	9.7
Piggyback traffic*:			
Tons, 1973	3,767,384	1,474,312	5,241,696
Tons, 1972	3,023,672	1,383,080	4,406,752
% change	24.6	6.6	18.9
Cars, 1973	156,858	73,515	230,373
Cars, 1972	133,801	66,841	200,642
% change	17.2	10.0	14.8

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

## Housing Starts and Completions, August 1973 -- Advance Information.

## Dwelling Starts and Completions in Centres of 10,000 Population &amp; Over

July 1973	Starts					Completions				
	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total
Newfoundland	215	4	—	—	219	97	—	—	—	97
Prince Edward Island	26	—	—	—	26	19	—	—	12	31
Nova Scotia	81	18	3	17	119	55	30	36	24	145
New Brunswick	256	42	35	201	534	108	16	81	203	408
Quebec	1,196	204	87	2,119	3,606	1,376	144	272	1,476	3,268
Ontario	3,325	624	1,953	5,764	11,666	2,286	703	339	4,974	8,302
Manitoba	526	49	—	791	1,366	179	28	5	135	347
Saskatchewan	373	—	—	114	487	196	4	9	27	236
Alberta	811	58	104	529	1,502	716	46	173	899	1,834
British Columbia	1,740	106	30	1,016	2,892	1,215	56	26	628	1,925
Canada	8,549	1,105	2,212	10,551	22,417	6,247	1,027	941	8,378	16,593
Metropolitan Areas										
Calgary	301	8	20	159	488	355	20	20	31	426
Chicoutimi-Jonquiere	41	—	—	—	41	110	—	—	—	110
Edmonton	381	40	84	165	670	243	12	153	852	1,260
Halifax	46	2	—	17	65	28	—	—	24	52
Hamilton	374	18	66	543	1,001	191	45	56	431	723
Hull	79	4	22	12	117	50	12	8	82	152
Kitchener	182	52	103	456	793	160	57	2	330	549
London	199	2	18	140	359	162	2	25	—	189
Montreal	449	150	65	1,432	2,096	572	94	120	762	1,548
Ottawa	155	48	578	756	1,537	113	33	—	738	884
Quebec City	211	16	—	205	432	234	20	—	340	594
Regina	107	—	—	—	107	66	—	9	—	75
St. Catharines-Niagara	231	28	128	164	551	169	34	29	135	367
Saint John	81	12	—	89	182	48	—	28	192	268
St. John's	166	4	—	—	170	83	—	—	—	83
Saskatoon	159	—	—	—	159	70	—	—	3	73
Sudbury	47	4	11	142	204	40	—	—	75	115
Thunder Bay	95	4	—	56	155	36	12	—	27	75
Toronto	885	202	679	3,120	4,886	729	412	192	2,891	4,224
Vancouver	838	48	15	748	1,649	691	14	8	193	906
Victoria	139	2	15	101	257	68	6	6	273	353
Windsor	96	14	—	16	126	87	52	16	30	185
Winnipeg	517	49	—	791	1,357	172	28	5	131	336
Sub-Totals	5,779	707	1,804	9,112	17,402	4,477	853	677	7,540	13,547
Major Urban Areas	1,295	282	370	671	2,618	885	112	244	360	1,601
Other Areas 10,000+	1,475	116	38	768	2,397	885	62	20	478	1,445
All Areas 10,000+	8,549	1,105	2,212	10,551	22,417	6,247	1,027	941	8,378	16,593

For further information, order *Housing Starts and Completions* July, 1973 (64-002, \$3 a year, \$3.60 outside Canada).

Franchising in Canada's Food Serving Industry, 1971  
— Advance Information.

A 1971 pilot survey of franchised food-serving businesses in Canada indicated total sales and receipts of \$203.5 million. This was approximately 16% of

Canada's total estimated restaurant sales for that year.

For further information, order *Franchising in Canada's Food-Serving Industry, 1971* (63-522, 50¢), or contact Mr. E. Yablonski, (613-992-3754), Merchandising & Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

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### Publications Released

- Statistical Report on Operation of Unemployment Insurance Act, June 1973 (73-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Building Permits, June 1973 (64-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Railway Carloadings, July 1973 (52-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Production of Eggs and Poultry, July 1973 (23-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Wholesale Trade, June 1973 (63-008, \$1 a year)
- Department Store Sales and Stocks, June 1973 (63-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Gas Utilities, June 1973 (55-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Refined Petroleum Products, May 1973 (45-004, 30¢/\$3)
- Fish Products Industry, 1971 (32-216, 50¢)
- Quarterly Shipments of Flush Type Doors, 2nd Quarter (35-004, 25¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins — Retail Prices and Living Costs (62-005, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 11, Index of Selected Tax Changes;
- Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 66, British Columbia; Vol. 2, No. 68, Quebec; Vol. 2, No. 69, Maritimes, July 1973;
- Rubber and Plastics Products Industries (47-002, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 8, Production and Shipments of Plastic Bottles, 2nd Quarter 1973.

### Firearms

The Judicial Division has completed a statistical compilation on criminal use of firearms during 1972. Figures are included, for example, on the number of murders in which firearms were used. Information can be obtained by contacting Ms. T. Bleszynski (613-994-5553), Judicial Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z5.

## Prices and Price Indexes, August 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Aug. 30/73 This week	Aug. 23/73 Week ago	Aug. 2/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>186.8</b>	<b>185.7</b>	<b>187.3</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>203.3</b>	<b>201.5</b>	<b>202.2</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	136.9	136.4	139.0
Foods . . . . .	10	148.1	147.7	149.2
Beverages . . . . .	7	258.1	257.1	262.5
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	148.2	149.9	156.0
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	139.2	139.6	139.4
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	350.7	363.1	380.2
Primary metals . . . . .	8	126.1	125.6	126.9
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	216.2	216.6	211.4
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	182.2	182.4	181.4
Petroleum . . . . .	7	348.5	337.4	328.3
Chemicals . . . . .	4	109.7	109.2	110.6
Construction . . . . .	4	155.4	153.8	153.1
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	150.9	149.4	158.1
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>136.0</b>	<b>136.6</b>	<b>142.0</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	139.1	137.5	146.1
Transportation . . . . .	4	316.9	322.5	340.4
Telephone . . . . .	3	83.2	83.5	83.1
Electric power . . . . .	3	103.9	104.1	107.9
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	144.3	144.7	151.1
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>178.6</b>	<b>178.5</b>	<b>179.5</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	212.7	212.2	211.2
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	124.5	125.2	130.1
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>132.4</b>	<b>133.0</b>	<b>143.8</b>
Golds . . . . .	6	162.7	164.1	182.5
Base metals . . . . .	16	117.0	117.1	123.9
Uraniums . . . . .	4	244.6	244.3	255.1
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	461.5	455.9	461.5

For further information, order the August issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Railway Operating Statistics, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Six major railways in Canada reported revenues totalling \$174.6 million in June, 10.1% higher than those of the corresponding 1972 month. Railway expenses more than kept pace, however, rising 11.2% to \$167.4 million. As a result, net income for the month at \$7.2 million represented a decline of 11.0% from June 1972.

Revenue freight ton-miles were up 7.7% in June to 11,518.6 million. Passenger miles were down 3.0% from previous year levels with both commuter and non-commuter traffic registering declines.

During the first six months of 1973, rail revenues climbed 13.8% to \$1,021.3 million, expenses increased 12.7% to \$970.9 million and net income rose 39.9% to \$50.4 million.

In the same period ton-miles jumped 10.8% while passenger miles dropped by 10.2%.

For further information, order the June issue of *Railway Operating Statistics* (52-003, 10¢/\$3), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communication Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

### Iron Ore, July 1973 — Advance Information.

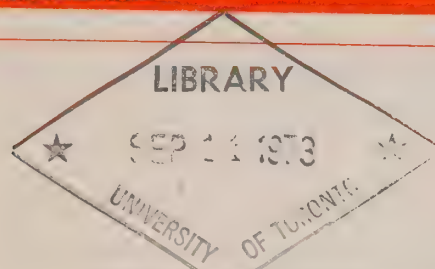
Canadian mines shipped 6.00 million tons of iron ore in July compared to 4.29 million tons a year earlier. This brought year-to-date output to 26.86 million tons from 21.81 million tons a year earlier.

For further information, order the July issue of *Iron Ore* (26-005, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



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### Publications Released

- Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, March 1973 (31-001, 40¢/\$4).
- Asbestos, July 1973 (26-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Cement, July 1973 (44-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1971 (47-205, 75¢)
- Imports by Commodities, June 1973 (65-007, 75¢/\$7.50)
- Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, July 1973 (62-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Production of Maple Products, 1973 (22-204, 25¢)
- Industrial Corporations, 4th Quarter 1972 (61-003, \$1/\$4)
- Service Bulletins — Retail Prices and Living Costs (62-005, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 8, Canadian Inter-City Retail Price Comparisons (Tobacco and Alcohol), May 1973;
- Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 7, Sanitaryware, July 1973;
- Aviation Statistics Centre (51-004, \$3 per year), Vol. 5, No. 35, Aircraft Movement Statistics, June 1973.

### Correction

A minus sign inadvertently crept into the report in the *Daily* Wednesday, September 5, on the Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade for July. It appeared in front of the total of \$840.8 million for Canada's trade balance for the first seven months of 1973, converting what should have been a positive balance to a deficit.

**Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, January to June 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canada's international travel industry showed a healthy increase in the first six months of 1973 but Canadians continued to spend more abroad than tourists brought into the country.

Preliminary estimates for the first half of the year show Canadian receipts of \$467 million from international travel, up 15.9% from the same period last year. But spending by Canadians abroad reached an estimated \$836 million, setting a deficit of \$369 million on the international travel account, up from \$296 million for the same time period of last year. The travel deficit with the United States rose \$54 million and that with other countries rose \$19 million.

Canada's travel earnings in the six-month period showed \$365 million from U.S. visitors and \$102 million from other countries. Estimates of Canadian spending abroad showed a total of \$555 million in the U.S. and \$281 million in other countries.

For further information, order *Travel Between Canada and Other Countries*, January to June 1973 (66-201, \$1).

**New Motor Vehicle Sales, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

July sales of new motor vehicles reached 89,496 units up 9.9% from a year earlier. This included 56,550 passenger cars (up 19%) and 15,315 commercial vehicles (up 6.9%) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 15,850 passenger cars (down 12.1%) and 1,781 commercial vehicles (up 11%) manufactured overseas.

Total sales value increased 18.2% to \$384.0 million. Canadian and U.S. produced passenger cars sold for \$226.8 million (up 22.8%) and commercial vehicles for \$95.7 million (up 17.6%). Sales of passenger cars from overseas increased 2.6% to \$55.058 million but sales of commercial vehicles increased 22% to \$6.360 million. Included in total commercial vehicles sold were 175 units of coaches and buses valued at \$3.1 million.

For the first six months of this year total sales reached 765,665 units with an accumulated value of \$3,291.9 million. This represented an increase of 29.3% in value over sales for the corresponding period last year.

For further information, order the July issue of *New Motor Vehicle Sales* (63-007, 20¢/\$2), or contact Michael Kwilecki (613-992-7344), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian firms sold 53,993 refrigerators in Canada in July compared to 50,816 a year earlier and month-end stocks totalled 102,299 units, an increase from 81,588. Domestic sales of home and farm freezers increased to 37,703 from 26,021, and month-end stocks decreased to 15,059 from 36,018.

For further information, order the July issue of *Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers* (43-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers domestic sales of automatic washing machines were 31,128 units in July, up from 25,916 a year ago. Conventional washing machine sales were 10,313 units compared to 9,762 a year ago.

Canadian sales of electric clothes dryers were 24,120 units compared to 20,426 units a year earlier. Gas dryer sales on the domestic market were 1,204 units compared to 900 a year ago.

For further information, order the July 1973 issue of *Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers* (43-002, 20¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

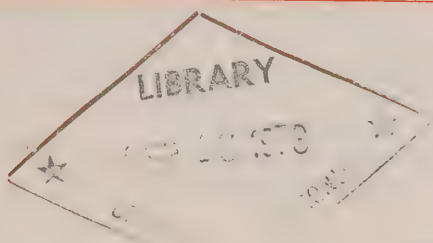
**Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers produced 3.69 million phonograph records in July 1973, down from 3.77 million a year earlier. Production of pre-recorded tapes (8 track cartridges and cassettes only) increased to 636,514 from 624,710 for the same period.

For further information, order the July issue of *Service Bulletin of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes* (47-004, \$1 per year), Vol. 1, No. 7, or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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### Publications Released

- Fall Enrolment in Universities and Colleges, 1971-72 (81-204, \$1.50)
- Air Carrier Financial Statements, 1972 (51-206, 75¢)
- Quarterly Report on Job Vacancies, First Quarter 1973 (71-002, 75¢/\$3)
- Restaurant Statistics, July 1973 (63-011, 10¢/\$1)
- The Sugar Situation, July 1973 (32-013, 10¢/\$1)
- Salt, July 1973 (26-009, 10¢/\$1)
- Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, June 1973 (35-003, 20¢/\$2)
- Tobacco and Tobacco Products Statistics, June 1973 (32-014, 50¢/\$2.00)
- Rubber Products Industries, June 1971 (33-206, 50¢)
- Service Bulletins — Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 70, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Canada, July 1973;



Monday, September 10, 1973

# Security Transactions with Non-residents, May 1973 (67-002, 20¢/\$2).

Trading in outstanding securities between Canada and other countries during May resulted in a net capital inflow of \$30 million following a net outflow of \$6 million in the previous month. Net sales of foreign securities in May more than offset net repurchases of Canadian issues. The total value of international trading at \$426 million was not greatly changed from the previous month when the total turnover was \$6 million higher. This was the fifth successive month in which international market activity declined. In May, net sales to the United States produced a capital inflow of \$41 million while net purchases from Europe, including the United Kingdom, and from all other countries resulted in outflows of \$7 million and \$4 million respectively.

The net result from trading in outstanding Canadian securities with non-residents of Canada during May was an outflow of \$21 million which consisted of net repurchases of \$23 million of equities and net sales of \$2 million of debt issues.

Transactions in outstanding foreign securities resulted in a net capital inflow of \$51 million, mainly the result of transactions in U.S. securities, and consisted of net sales of just over \$53 million of equities and net purchases of just under \$3 million of debt issues.

In the first five months of 1973, trading in all outstanding securities resulted in a purchase balance amounting to \$9 million made up of net repurchases of \$84 million of Canadian securities and net sales of \$75 million of foreign securities. Transactions in

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equities with the U.S. were mainly responsible for this result as Canadians repurchased on balance \$114 million of Canadian stocks and had net sales of \$72 million of U.S. stocks. Geographically, net outflows of \$62 million to the U.S. and \$8 million to the United Kingdom more than offset net inflows of \$28 million from continental Europe and \$33 million from all other countries.

## Police Administration Statistics, 1972 — Advance Information.

There were 53,532 full-time personnel employed by police forces in Canada at the end of 1972, up 5.8% from 50,592 the previous year. The number of policemen in this total rose 4.3% to 43,762 in 1972 from 41,940 in 1971. The number of cadets decreased to 546 from 565.

For further information, order *Police Administration Statistics*, 1972 (85-204, \$1).

## Steel Ingots, Week ended September 8, 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended September 8, totalled 259,364 tons, a decrease of 5.0% from the preceding week's total of 273,056 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 228,628 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 141.6 in the current week, 149.0 a week earlier and 124.8 one year ago.

## Wholesale Price Indexes (1935-39=100), July 1973 — Correction.

A line of tabular material was dropped from the General Wholesale Index table carried in the *Daily Wednesday*, September 5. A corrected version of the table follows.

Wholesale Price Indexes  
(1935-35=100)

	July* 1973	June* 1973	July 1972	June 1972	Change	
					July/73 June/73	July/73 July/72
						(%)
General Wholesale Index . . . . .	375.2	366.8 <sup>†</sup>	307.9	306.4	2.3	21.9
Vegetable products . . . . .	349.1	336.5 <sup>†</sup>	241.3	240.2	3.7	44.7
Animal products . . . . .	456.2	438.3 <sup>†</sup>	377.5	372.7	4.1	20.8
Textile products . . . . .	332.0	325.3	278.6	277.7	2.1	19.2
Wood products . . . . .	502.8	503.6 <sup>†</sup>	429.4	425.9	-0.2	17.1
Iron products . . . . .	356.9	353.0	323.3	323.2	1.1	10.4
Non-ferrous metals . . . . .	327.2	315.9 <sup>†</sup>	258.5	259.1	3.6	26.6
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	251.2	249.6 <sup>†</sup>	234.6	235.4	0.6	7.1
Chemical products . . . . .	262.0	256.9 <sup>†</sup>	246.7	246.6	2.0	6.2
Iron and non-ferrous metals (excluding gold) . . . . .	406.5	397.2 <sup>†</sup>	347.3	347.9	2.3	17.0
Raw and partly manufactured goods . . . . .	365.2	351.0	268.6	266.2	4.0	36.0
Fully and chiefly manufactured goods . . . . .	380.8	375.8 <sup>†</sup>	330.4	329.1	1.3	15.3

*These indexes are preliminary*

For further information, order the July issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4).

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### Other Publications Released

Crime Statistics, Police 1971 (85-205, \$1.50)

Tuition and Living Accommodation Costs at Canadian Degree-Granting Universities and Colleges, 1973-1974 (81-219, 25¢)

Employment, Earnings and Hours, April 1973 (72-002, 40¢/\$4)

Electric Power Statistics, June 1973 (57-001, 20¢/\$2)

Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, April-May 1973 (66-001, 40¢/\$4)

Service Bulletins – Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 58, Energy Supply and Demand in Canada, 1970-71.

### Population by School Attendance and Level of Schooling, 1971 (92-764, 50¢)

Statistics Canada released today population counts for the 1971 census showing distributions according to school attendance (attending full time or not in the school year leading up to June 1971), and level of schooling, for Canada, the provinces, census divisions and incorporated cities and towns of 10,000 population and over.

Almost 720,000 persons reported possession of a university degree in 1971 compared with 352,000 in 1961, an increase to 4.7% from 2.9% of persons in Canada 15 years and over.

Further information is published in *Population by School Attendance and Level of Schooling, 1971 Census* (92-764, 50¢) and may be obtained by contacting Census User Enquiry Service, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T7.





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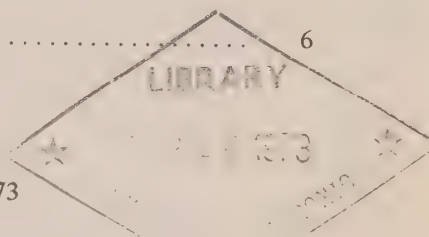
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### Publications Released

- Population by Period of Immigration, 1971 Census (92-761, 50¢)
- Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, June 1973 (61-005, 30¢/\$3)
- Merchandising Inventories, June 1973 (63-014, 20¢/\$2)
- The Dairy Review, July 1973 (23-001, 20¢/\$2)

(continued)

**August Forecast of Production of Principal Field Crops, Canada, 1973, Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 17 (22-002, \$4 for the series)**

**Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, April 1973 (26-006, 20¢/\$2)**

**Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, July 1973 (43-005, 10¢/\$1)**

**Asphalt Roofing, July 1973 (45-001, 10¢/\$1)**

**Electric Power Statistics, Vol. 1, 1972 Actual, 1973-1977 Forecast (57-204, 75¢)**

**Silver-cobalt Mines and Silver-lead-zinc Mines, 1971 (26-216, 50¢)**

**Gypsum Products, July 1973 (44-003, 10¢/\$1)**

**Mineral Wool, July 1973 (44-004, 10¢/\$1)**

**Oil Burners and Oil-fired Hot Water Heaters, July 1973 (41-008, 10¢/\$1)**

**Iron Ore, July 1973 (26-005, 10¢/\$1)**

**Service Bulletins – Water Transport (54-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 3, Cargo Loaded and Unloaded in Coastwise Shipping by Vessels of Foreign Registry, 1972;**

**Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 per year), Vol. 2, No. 7, Domestic and Farm Water Systems, July 1973;**

**Electrical Products (43-007, \$1), Vol. 2, No. 14, Factory Shipments of Electric Motors and Parts, 1972.**

**The Labour Force, August 1973 – Advance Information.**

Estimated employment edged up to 9.24 million in August from 9.23 million in July and unemployment dipped to 433,000 from 461,000. A year ago, employment was 8.77 million and unemployment 503,000.

The total work force was estimated at 9.67 million in August compared to 9.69 million in July and 9.27 million in August 1972.

Seasonally adjusted, employment was estimated at 8.80 million compared to 8.75 million in July and unemployment at 514,000, up from 483,000 in July. This gave an adjusted unemployment rate of 5.5% in August, up from 5.2% in July. The adjusted rate for persons age 14-24 rose to 9.7% in August from 9.0% in July but it was noted that seasonal patterns for August have been changing for young workers in recent years and interpretation of these figures is difficult.

Regionally, the adjusted unemployment rate rose in Quebec, Ontario and the Prairies but decreased in the Atlantic area and British Columbia. Quebec's August rate rose to 7.4% from 7.0% in July, Ontario's to 4.1% from 3.7% and the Prairie rate to 4.6% from 3.7%. The Atlantic rate dipped to 8.2% from 9.0% and the British Columbia rate to 5.6% from 5.9%.

The participation rate, percentage of the population counted in the work force, increased to 57.6% from 57.2% in July. The increase took place among persons 14-24 and women 25 and over.

For further information, order the August issue of *The Labour Force* (71-001, 30¢/\$3).

(see graphs on page 3)

**Retail Trade, July 1973 – Advance Information.**

Seasonally adjusted retail sales increased 3.5% in July to \$3,235.2 million. Fifteen of the eighteen trade groups reported increases, led by motor vehicle dealers (up 10.7%) and mens clothing stores (10.3%). General merchandise stores (down 0.2%), women's clothing stores (0.4%) and fuel dealers (2.3%) registered the only declines in sales. Saskatchewan recorded the greatest provincial gain (12.2%) while Newfoundland registered the largest provincial decline (3.8%).

Total retail trade, without seasonal adjustment, reached \$3,107.8 million, up 11.8% from July 1972. Increases were registered in all trade groups, ranging from a high of 18.7% for motor vehicle dealers to a low of 2.6% for variety stores. All provinces recorded increased sales with the largest increases in Manitoba (15.8%) and Newfoundland (15.7%).

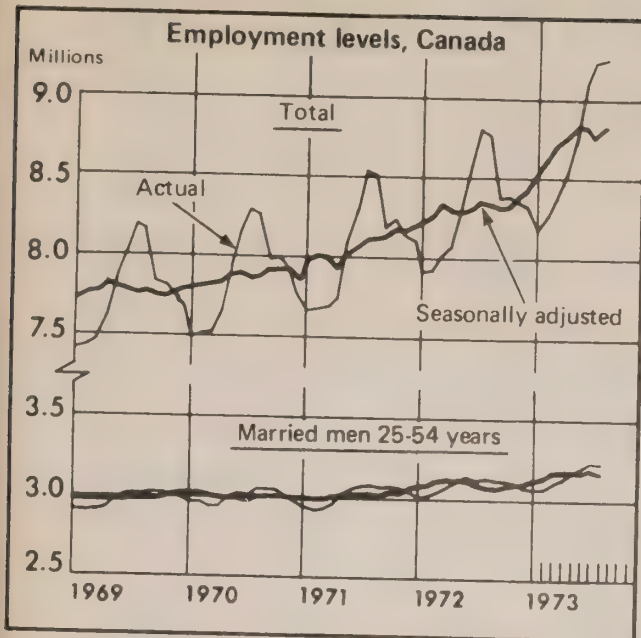
For further information, order the June issue of *Retail Trade* (63-005, 30¢/\$3) or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-992-9896). Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Consumer Credit, July 1973 – Advance Information.**

Selected credit holders reporting monthly showed \$12,929 million outstanding on their books at the end of July, 20.0% more than a year earlier.

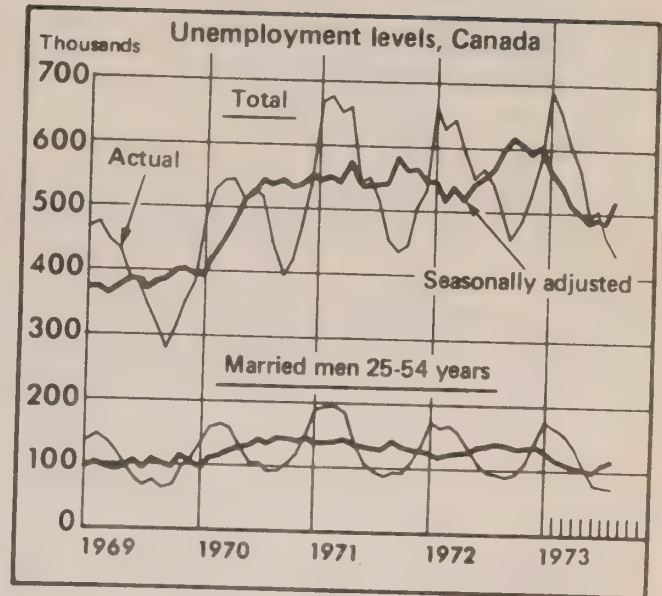
Personal cash loans by chartered banks rose to \$8,300 million, up 26.5% from a year earlier; and life insurance companies' policy loans were up 3.3% to \$819 million, but personal cash loans made under the Small Loans Act fell 11.9% to \$349 million. In addition, sales finance and consumer loan companies held \$1,105 million balances of retail instalment sales' paper, an increase of 13.3%; and the \$1,383 million outstandings of personal cash loans represented an expansion of 18.2%.

(continued)



The outstanding balances of other monthly reporters — Quebec savings banks, department stores and furniture, TV, radio, and household appliances stores — rose 10.9% to \$973 million, over the year.

Credit holders reporting quarterly — other retail stores, other credit card issuers, credit unions and caisses populaires and public utilities — reported outstanding balances of \$3,376 million for the first quarter, 14.8% more than a year earlier.



Total outstanding balances had reached \$16,213 million at the end of June 1973; a level 19.3% higher than that attained a year earlier.

For further information, order the July issue of *Consumer Credit* (61-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Bob Wright (613-992-7344), or telex 053-3585, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Prices and Price Indexes, September 1973 — Advance Information.

#### Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Sept. 6/73 This week	Aug. 30/73 Week ago	Aug. 9/73 Month ago
1961=100				
Investors Index-Total . . . . .	114	188.3	186.8	189.7
Industrials-Total . . . . .	80	204.9	203.3	206.3
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	138.2	136.9	143.0
Foods . . . . .	10	147.3	148.1	150.4
Beverages . . . . .	7	256.1	258.1	262.7
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	152.5	148.2	156.6
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	146.1	139.2	144.9
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	359.1	350.7	381.4
Primary metals . . . . .	8	126.3	126.1	129.3
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	218.0	216.2	216.7
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	178.8	182.2	178.0
Petroleum . . . . .	7	350.9	348.5	337.6
Chemicals . . . . .	4	110.8	109.7	112.4
Construction . . . . .	4	151.5	155.4	153.6
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	148.8	150.9	157.8
Utilities-Total . . . . .	20	138.1	136.0	140.1
Pipeline . . . . .	5	139.7	139.1	141.9
Transportation . . . . .	4	325.6	316.9	335.9
Telephone . . . . .	3	82.9	83.2	83.0
Electric power . . . . .	3	106.3	103.9	106.2
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	148.6	144.3	150.9

(table continued on page 4)



Finance-Total . . . . .	14	178.6	178.6	179.3
Banks . . . . .	6	212.4	212.7	211.8
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	125.1	124.5	128.6
Mining Index Total . . . . .	22	132.4	132.4	140.3
Golds . . . . .	6	164.4	162.7	173.7
Base metals . . . . .	16	116.0	117.0	123.3
Uraniums . . . . .	4	238.3	244.6	257.0
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	455.7	461.5	468.7

For further information, order the September issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Prices and Price Indexes (Building Construction Input Price Indexes), July 1973 — Advance Information.

### Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes

(1971=100)

	July 1973	June 1973	July 1972	Change July/73 June/73 (%)	July/73 July/72
<b>Canada, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>122.6</b>	<b>122.9</b>	<b>110.9</b>	<b>- 0.2</b>	<b>10.6</b>
Materials . . . . .	123.4	124.4	110.5	- 0.8	11.7
Labour . . . . .	121.1	120.3	111.5	0.7	8.6
<b>Atlantic Provinces, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>126.1</b>	<b>126.3</b>	<b>112.5</b>	<b>- 0.2</b>	<b>12.1</b>
Materials . . . . .	125.4	126.4	110.5	- 0.8	13.5
Labour . . . . .	127.1	126.1	116.0	0.8	9.6
<b>Quebec, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>124.3</b>	<b>124.7</b>	<b>111.5</b>	<b>- 0.3</b>	<b>11.5</b>
Materials . . . . .	126.6	127.2	113.3	- 0.5	11.7
Labour . . . . .	119.9	119.9	108.0	-	11.0
<b>Ontario, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>122.1</b>	<b>122.5</b>	<b>111.0</b>	<b>- 0.3</b>	<b>10.0</b>
Materials . . . . .	122.7	123.5	109.8	- 0.6	11.7
Labour . . . . .	121.1	120.7	113.1	- 0.3	7.1
<b>Prairie Provinces, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>121.9</b>	<b>122.0</b>	<b>110.0</b>	<b>- 0.1</b>	<b>10.8</b>
Materials . . . . .	121.5	122.3	109.6	- 0.7	10.9
Labour . . . . .	122.7	121.4	111.0	1.1	10.5
<b>British Columbia, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>120.3</b>	<b>121.0</b>	<b>109.5</b>	<b>- 0.6</b>	<b>9.9</b>
Materials . . . . .	121.8	124.2	109.7	- 1.9	11.0
Labour . . . . .	117.5	115.3	109.0	1.9	7.8
<b>General Contractors, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>130.5</b>	<b>132.4</b>	<b>114.6</b>	<b>- 1.4</b>	<b>13.9</b>
Materials . . . . .	131.9	134.3	115.1	- 1.8	14.6
Labour . . . . .	122.3	121.1	111.7	1.0	9.5
<b>Sub-trade Contractors, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>116.8</b>	<b>116.1</b>	<b>108.1</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>8.0</b>
Materials . . . . .	112.7	111.9	104.7	0.7	7.6
Labour . . . . .	120.8	120.2	111.4	0.5	8.4

### Non-Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes

(1961=100)

<b>Total Index</b> . . . . .	<b>196.9</b>	<b>196.9</b>	<b>184.3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6.8</b>
Materials . . . . .	157.0	156.9	142.6	0.1	10.1
Steel and Metal Work . . . . .	151.8	151.3	139.3	0.3	9.0
Plumbing, Heating and Other Equipment . . . . .	154.2	153.5	145.9	0.5	5.7
Electrical Equipment . . . . .	115.9	115.9	109.0	-	6.3
Concrete Products . . . . .	150.1	146.9	140.2	2.2	7.1
Lumber and Lumber Products . . . . .	249.9	258.8	194.2	- 3.4	28.7
Other . . . . .	145.6	144.2	136.2	1.0	6.9
Labour . . . . .	245.9	245.9	235.5	-	4.4

For further information, order the July issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. P. Du Brûle (613-996-2565), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

**Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, January to June 1973.**

The following tables amplify information on international travel summarized in the *Daily Friday*, September 7.

**International Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, Second Quarter 1973**

	Non-Resident Travellers (000's)			Returning Canadian Travellers (000's)		
	U.S.A.	Other Countries	Total	U.S.A.	Other Countries	Total
January . . . . .	1,482	27	1,509	1,889	124	2,013
February . . . . .	1,469	28	1,497	1,755	92	1,847
March . . . . .	1,823	37	1,860	2,331	155	2,486
First Quarter . . . . .	4,774	92	4,866	5,975	371	6,346
April . . . . .	2,280	65	2,345	2,584	107	2,691
May . . . . .	2,946	92	3,038	2,593	95	2,688
June . . . . .	4,307	140	4,447	2,806	95	2,901
Second Quarter . . . . .	9,533	297	9,830	7,983	297	8,280
Six Months . . . . .	14,307	389	14,696	13,958	668	14,626

**Receipts and Payments on International Travel, 1972-1973**

	1972 <sup>r</sup>				Year	1973 <sup>p</sup>	
	QI	QII	QIII	QIV		QI	QII
<b>United States</b>							
Receipts . . . . .	87	241	543	152	1,023	96	269
Payments . . . . .	229	235	300	155	919	277	278
Balance . . . . .	- 142	6	243	- 3	104	- 181	- 9
<b>All Other Countries</b>							
Receipts . . . . .	18	57	88	44	207	26	76
Payments . . . . .	104	131	209	101	545	142	139
Balance . . . . .	- 86	- 74	- 121	- 57	- 338	- 116	- 63
<b>Total All Countries</b>							
Receipts . . . . .	105	298	631	196	1,230	122	345
Payments . . . . .	333	366	509	256	1,464	419	417
Balance . . . . .	- 228	- 68	122	- 60	- 234	- 297	- 72

*r* - Subject to revision.

*p* - Preliminary figures.

**Net Shipments of Rolled Steel Products, July 1973 - Advance Information.****Summary of Net Shipments\* of Rolled Steel Products**

	Shipments		Total
	Domestic	Export	
	net tons of 2,000 pounds		
Ingots and semi-finished shapes . . . . .	18,954	1,131	20,085
Rails . . . . .	16,077	7,497	23,574
Wire rods . . . . .	59,451	6,141	65,592
Structural shapes:			
Heavy . . . . .	43,016	2,811	45,827
Bar-sized shapes . . . . .	11,686	696	12,382
Concrete reinforcing bars . . . . .	63,147	1,305	64,452
Other hot rolled bars . . . . .	72,017	5,708	77,725
Tie plates and track material . . . . .	5,964	73	6,037
Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes) . . . . .	88,723	13,898	102,621
Hot rolled sheets . . . . .	135,276	9,174	144,450
Hot rolled strip . . . . .	67,054	387	67,441
Cold finished bars . . . . .	6,387	138	6,525
Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold rolled other, coated . . . . .	134,857	12,201	147,058
Galvanized sheets . . . . .	59,853	4,000	63,853
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>782,462</b>	<b>65,160</b>	<b>847,622</b>

\* Producer's shipments excluding producer's interchange.

For further information, order the July issue of *Primary Iron and Steel* (41-001, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Wednesday, September 12, 1973

**Mineral Production, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Gold production decreased to 148,376 troy ounces in July 1973 from 169,107 troy ounces a year earlier. This brought the year-to-date to 1,151,483 troy ounces from 1,223,677 troy ounces reported last year.

Production of silver decreased to 3.66 million troy ounces from 3.79 million in July 1972. This brought the seven months output to 28.21 million from 26.9 million a year earlier.

Production of refined lead increased to 17,164 tons from 7,261 tons a year earlier, bringing the year-to-date output to 123,409 tons from 123,321.

Production of refined zinc increased to 50,073 tons from 33,317 tons a year earlier. This brought the seven months output to 346,157 tons from 285,552.

Primary copper production decreased to 76,576 tons from 82,966 tons in July 1972. This brought the seven months output to 515,043 tons from 443,629.

Production of primary nickel decreased to 18,170 tons from 19,962 tons in July 1972, bringing the seven months output to 160,343 tons from 158,641 tons.

For further information, order the July issue of *Gold Production* (26-004, 10¢/\$1); *Silver, Lead and Zinc Production* (26-008, \$1); *Copper and Nickel Production* (26-003, 10¢/\$1); or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Electric Power Statistics, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

In July 1973 net generation rose 15.2% to 20.7 billion kwh. from 18.0 billion kwh. in July 1972. There were increases in net generation in 10 regions but decreases of 4.1% in Quebec and 0.3% in Yukon. The largest increases were 117.4% in Newfoundland and 53.5% in British Columbia. Hydro generation increased 7.3% while thermal production increased 47.1%.

For further information, order the July issue of *Electrical Power Statistics*, (57-001, 20¢/\$2) or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin*, (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021) Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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**Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

July production of rubber increased to 44.83 million pounds from 36.90 million pounds in July 1972. July consumption of rubber increased to 37.98 million pounds compared to 35.65 million pounds last year.

For further information, order the July issue of *Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber* (33-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Particle Board, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian firms produced 31.5 million square feet (5/8" basis) of particle board in July 1973, up 86.9% from 16.8 million (5/8" basis) one year earlier.

For further information, order the July 1973 issue of *Particle Board* (36-003, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Canada Greenhouse Industry, 1972 — Advance Information.**

Canadian commercial greenhouses operated 24.9 million square feet under glass in 1972, up from 24.0 million the year previous, and 10.7 million square feet under plastic, up from 8.2 million.

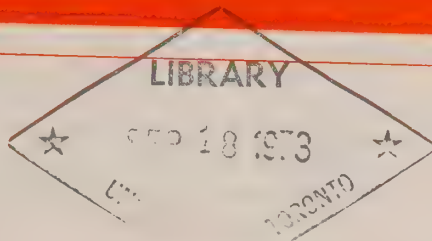
Total sales of greenhouse cucumbers increased to 2.0 million dozen from 1.9 million with farm value increasing to \$3.6 million from \$3.4 million. Sales of greenhouse tomatoes for 1972 increased to 30.0 million pounds from 27.6 million a year earlier with a corresponding increase in farm value to \$9.2 million from \$8.4 million.

Further information, including analyses of selective data, will be contained in *Greenhouse Industry, 1972* (22-202, 50¢), and advance detail may be obtained from Mr. G.O. Code (613-994-9994), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



Thursday, September 13, 1973

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### Other Publications Released

- Summary of Foreign Trade, June 1973 (65-001, 10¢/\$1)
- The Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada, March 31, 1972 (63-202, 50¢)
- Interprovincial Movement of Children in Canada, 1972-1973 (81-216, 25¢)
- Service Bulletin — Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 59, Electricity Bills for Domestic Commercial and Small Power Service, 1972.

**Consumer Price Movements, August 1973 (62-001, 10¢/\$1).**

Spurred by a 3.2% surge in food prices, the Consumer Price Index (1961=100) advanced 1.3% in August to 153.0 from 151.0 in July. Nearly two-thirds of the advance was due to increased food prices.

Price levels for all items other than food rose 0.5% in the latest month, mainly because of increases of 1.5% in the transportation index and 0.5% in the housing index. The health and personal care index rose 0.8% and the clothing and tobacco and alcohol indexes each advanced 0.1%. There was no change in the index for recreation, education and reading.

In the latest 12 months, the all-items index has increased 8.3%.

The 3.2% jump in the food index put it at 168.7 in August compared to 163.5 in July. Cost of food consumed at home increased 3.2%, that for food in restaurants increased 2.7%.

Sharply increased meat, poultry and egg prices at the beginning of August were major contributors to the considerably larger-than-usual rise in the latest month's index. But all other main elements, except fresh produce, also moved up. Led by a one-month rise of 15.4% in the retail price of pork, the meat, fish and poultry index climbed 7.9% between July and August and stood 28.3% above its level of 12 months earlier. Beef prices advanced 5.3% in the latest month were up 26.5% from August 1972. Poultry prices climbed 7.6% from July to August and nearly 40% over the year. Canned salmon and tuna quotations were about 6% higher in the latest month, registering increases of 15% and 31%, respectively, since a year earlier. In the latest month, eggs increased in price by 13.4% to register their sharpest rise in five consecutive months of advance. The fresh fruit index levelled off in August and fresh vegetable prices, which normally decline at this time of year, averaged nearly 8% lower than a month earlier though they were still 37% higher than in August 1972. A cereal and bakery products index rise of 1.4% in the latest month was due mainly to a 1.8% increase in bread prices by early August, before the major impact at the retail level of higher wheat prices. The dairy products index rose 0.5% as all component items, except butter, moved up in price. Other notable price increases from July to August included a general rise in prepared and partially prepared dishes and snacks which, like meals consumed away from home, accelerated their advance in response to higher ingredient costs. In the 12 months to August 1973, the Food index moved up 15.8% with the price of food consumed at home rising 16.2% and that for restaurant food 13.2%.

The housing index rose 0.5% to 153.6 in August from 152.8 in July with increases of 0.4% and 0.7% in the shelter and household operation components,

respectively. The home ownership element moved up 0.6% and rents edged up 0.2%. Increased fuel oil prices in many cities contributed to the rise in the household operation component. Although furniture prices remained unchanged on balance, other home furnishing items recording advances were floor coverings, linen and draperies and tableware. The index for household services rose 0.6% following higher insurance rates on household effects and the price of household supplies advanced, on average, 0.3%. Between August 1972 and August 1973, the housing index advanced 6.8%.

The clothing index edged up 0.1% to 138.4 in August from 138.2 in July. Price levels of women's and children's wear rose 0.5% and 0.4%, respectively, but there was a decline of 0.5% for men's wear due mainly to sale prices on some outer wear items in a number of cities. Footwear and piece goods prices rose, on average, 0.1% and 0.2%, respectively. In the 12 months since August 1972, the clothing index advanced 5.4%.

The transportation index increased 1.5% to 138.7 in August from 136.7 in July, mainly as the result of a 3.0% advance in automobile operation and maintenance costs. Widespread increases were recorded in gasoline prices which climbed, on average, 3.5% in the latest month and 8.5% since May. The advances were most marked in Quebec and eastern Ontario. Automobile insurance rates moved up 5.8% as increases were registered in most cities surveyed. The public transportation component edged up 0.2% mainly in response to increased taxi fares in some cities. In the year ending August 1973, the transportation index rose 3.3%.

The health and personal care index rose 0.8% to 157.5 in August from 156.3 in July as a result of a 1.3% rise in the personal care component. Personal care services advanced 2.5% because of increases in men's haircut and women's hairdressing charges in a number of centres, while quotations for toiletry items rose 0.2%. Scattered decreases in the price of some pharmaceutical products moved the health care index down 0.1%. In the latest 12 months, the health and personal care index advanced 5.0%.

The recreation, education and reading index was unchanged from its July level of 146.9 as a decline in the recreation element was offset by an advance in the education component. Within recreation, lower prices in a number of centres for camera film (including processing) and some decline in football admission charges more than offset generally higher charges for theatre admissions. The advance in the education component was caused by increased driving lesson fees in Vancouver. In the 12 months ending August 1973, the recreation, education and reading index rose 4.6%.

(continued)



The tobacco and alcohol index edged up 0.1% to 136.5 in August from 136.4 in July as a result of small increases in the components for tobacco products and alcoholic beverages. In the last 12 months, the tobacco and alcohol index rose 2.7%.

Consumer price movements, reclassified by goods and services, offer another view of the incidence of price change. Between July and August, the total goods index advanced 1.6%, with the main impetus

coming from non-durable goods which rose 2.4% mainly in response to higher food, gasoline and fuel oil prices. The indexes for both durable and semi-durable goods were 0.1% higher. The services index rose 0.7% mainly in response to increased charges for shelter, transportation and personal care services. Between August 1972 and August 1973, the total goods index advanced 10.2% and that for services 6.4%.

Consumer Price Index and Main Components (1961=100)

	Component weight*	Index		Change		
		1973	1972	August 1973 from	July 1972	
		August	July	August 1973	July 1972	
All-items . . . . .	100	153.0	151.0	141.3	1.3	8.3
Food . . . . .	25	168.7	163.5	145.7	3.2	15.8
Food for home consumption . . . . .		165.3	160.2	142.2	3.2	16.2
Food away from home . . . . .		194.9	189.7	172.2	2.7	13.2
All-items excluding food . . . . .	75	147.2	146.4	139.6	0.5	5.4
Housing . . . . .	31	153.6	152.8	143.8	0.5	6.8
Shelter . . . . .		169.9	169.2	158.6	0.4	7.1
Household operation . . . . .		131.5	130.6	124.0	0.7	6.0
Clothing . . . . .	11	138.4	138.2	131.3	0.1	5.4
Transportation . . . . .	15	138.7	136.7	134.3	1.5	3.3
Private transportation . . . . .		131.8	129.5	126.5	1.8	4.2
Public transportation . . . . .		172.8	172.5	173.0	0.2	-0.1
Health and personal care . . . . .	5	157.5	156.3	150.0	0.8	5.0
Recreation, education and reading . . . . .	7	146.9	146.9	140.5	—	4.6
Tobacco and alcohol . . . . .	6	136.5	136.4	132.9	0.1	2.7
Tobacco products . . . . .		146.3	146.2	141.3	0.1	3.5
Alcoholic beverages . . . . .		129.9	129.8	127.2	0.1	2.1
Reclassified by Goods and Services**						
Goods . . . . .	66	145.3	143.0	131.9	1.6	10.2
Durable goods . . . . .	12	109.7	109.6	108.0	0.1	1.6
Semi-durable goods . . . . .	12	136.8	136.7	130.5	0.1	4.8
Non-durable goods . . . . .	42	157.3	153.6	138.6	2.4	13.5
Services . . . . .	34	169.2	168.1	159.0	0.7	6.4
Purchasing power of the 1961 consumer dollar . . . . .	—	0.65	0.66	0.71		

All-items Consumer Price Index converted to 1949=100 . . . . . 197.7

\* These rounded weights, based on 1967 expenditure patterns, are provided as a general guide to the relative importance of C.P.I. major components from May 1973 forward, and replace 1957 weights in indexes prior to May 1973. The revised series is linked to its predecessor at April 1973. For revision details see *The consumer Price Index for Canada (1961=100) (Revision Based on 1967 Expenditures)*, Catalogue 62-539, Price 75¢.

\*\* The previous supplementary classification has been revised. Historical series relating to the revised classification replace the previously published supplementary indexes and are available with explanatory notes, in *Retail Prices and Living Costs Service Bulletin Catalogue 62-005, Vol. 2, No. 7, Price: \$2 per year.*

Note: For detail on these and other price statistics, see *Prices and Price Indexes (monthly) Catalogue 62-002.*

Price 40¢ a copy, \$4 per year.

#### Real Domestic Product (Index of Industrial Production), July 1973 — Advance Information.

The index of industrial production decreased marginally in July. Manufacturing output increased slightly, utilities output rose sharply and mining output fell.

For further details, order the July issue of *Indexes of Real Domestic Product* (61-005, 30¢/\$3) or contact R.W. Collins (613-992-9751), Industry Products Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

(see table on page 4)

#### Cable Television, 1972 — Advance Information.

Total operating revenue of the cable television industry jumped 23.9% in 1972 to \$82.4 million from \$66.6 million in 1971. Net profit before taxes increased to \$16.8 million from \$12.1 million in 1971.

Revenue from individual subscribers amounted to \$71.7 million, 87.0% of all revenue, in 1972. Total expenses and deductions increased 20.4% to \$65.6 million from \$54.5 million.

For further information, order the 1972 issue of *Cable Television* (56-205, 50¢).



## Indexes of Industrial Production

(1961=100)  
(Seasonally adjusted)

		April	May	June	July	
	1961 percentage weight	1973				% Change
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32.415	212.7	212.4	215.1	214.8	-0.1
Mines (including milling), quarrier and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	215.4	212.8	212.2	203.7	-4.0
Metal mines . . . . .	2.484	160.5	160.4	161.0	156.3	-2.9
Mineral fuels . . . . .	1.281	341.7	331.8	330.6	309.5	-6.4
Non-metal mines except coal mines . . . . .	0.377	239.6	240.5	239.0	233.5	-2.3
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	209.0	208.9	211.5	211.9	0.2
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	182.0	183.3	185.2	185.4	0.1
Foods and beverages . . . . .	3.605	163.8	166.4	165.0	168.2	1.9
Tobacco products industries . . . . .	0.220	141.4	142.4	142.0	130.5	-8.1
Rubber industries . . . . .	0.419	226.8	227.4	235.3	230.7	-2.0
Leather industries . . . . .	0.308	90.3	98.1	96.9	92.6	-4.4
Textile industries . . . . .	0.919	222.6	228.5	235.8	229.8	-2.5
Knitting mills . . . . .	0.218	210.6	210.5	208.5	206.4	-1.0
Clothing industries . . . . .	0.862	138.4	143.4	139.9	139.8	-0.1
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	2.701	168.3	162.5	167.0	167.4	0.2
Printing, publishing and allied industries . . . . .	1.346	152.5	153.6	154.8	149.5	-3.4
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	0.737	199.1	202.3	202.3	201.1	-0.6
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	1.751	238.6	239.2	247.3	252.7	2.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	0.847	231.8	240.3	239.2	238.3	-0.4
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	243.2	241.4	244.8	245.4	0.2
Wood industries . . . . .	1.114	209.8	208.4	212.0	198.6	-6.3
Furniture and fixtures industries . . . . .	0.450	218.8	220.3	220.2	217.3	-1.3
Primary metal industries . . . . .	2.207	189.0	193.4	190.9	193.4	1.3
Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) . . . . .	1.835	217.2	222.1	218.7	219.4	0.3
Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) . . . . .	0.981	236.1	244.1	249.1	246.7	-0.1
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1.981	374.2	372.4	381.2	387.0	1.5
Electrical products industries . . . . .	1.560	251.9	225.6	239.3	243.0	1.5
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	0.882	185.3	184.8	186.2	187.5	0.7
Electric Power, Gas and Water . . . . .	2.908	240.9	241.3	250.4	257.3	2.8

**Stoves and Ranges, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers sales of stoves and ranges in July increased 10.4% to 45,338 units from 41,066 units in July 1972.

Closing inventory of these products increased 42.0% to 90,865 units from 64,088 a year earlier.

For further information, order the July issue of *Stoves and Furnaces* (41-005, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Shipment of Foundation Garments, Quarter ended June 30, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Shipments of foundation garments decreased to 511,490 dozen in the second quarter of 1973 from 516,099 dozen a year earlier.

For further information, order the June issue of *Foundation Garment Shipments* (34-002, 25¢/\$1), Vol. 10, No. 2, or contact Larry Clarke (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Sugar Sales, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian sugar refineries reported total sales of 233 million pounds of all types of sugar in August, 229 million pounds in domestic sales and 4.2 million pounds in export sales.

For further information, order the August issue of *The Sugar Situation* (32-013, 10¢/\$1).

**Weekly Railway Carloadings, August 31, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Railways in Canada loaded 39,835 cars and 2.9 million tons of revenue freight during the strike-depressed 10 days ended August 31, drops of 58% and 43.9%, respectively, from the corresponding 1972 period. The nation-wide shutdown of railway operations, which continued throughout the latter eight days of August, directly affected six of the 25 reporting carriers, including Canadian National and Canadian Pacific.

Western loadings at 787,668 tons fell 70.9% while loadings east of the Lakehead declined 14.3% to 2.1 million tons. This regional anomaly results from the fact that of the 19 railway lines only indirectly affected by the strike, 14 operate in the Eastern Division. In addition, eastern loadings of a year ago were considerably reduced due to strikes at iron mines in Quebec and Labrador.

Cumulative rail loadings in the first eight months of 1973 amounted to 152.9 million tons, up 14.3% from the earlier year. Of this total the east accounted for 85.3 million tons, an increase of 23.5%, and the west 67.7 million tons, an increase of 4.5% over 1972.

For further information, contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

10-day period ending August 31	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic: 1973</b> .....	2,110,425	787,668	2,898,093
Tons, 1972 .....	2,462,575	2,707,137	5,169,712
% change .....	-14.3	-70.9	-43.9
Cars, 1973 .....	26,009	13,826	39,835
Cars, 1972 .....	48,503	46,243	94,746
% change .....	-46.4	-70.1	-58.0
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	20,778	25,677	46,455
Tons, 1972 .....	131,229	59,845	191,074
% change .....	-84.2	-57.1	-75.7
Cars, 1973 .....	852	1,162	2,014
Cars, 1972 .....	5,902	2,897	8,799
% change .....	-85.6	-59.9	-77.1
<b>Year-to-Date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	85,276,763	67,667,374	152,944,137
Tons, 1972 .....	69,055,537	64,778,640	133,834,177
% change .....	23.5	4.5	14.3
Cars, 1973 .....	1,505,768	1,104,200	2,609,968
Cars, 1972 .....	1,328,605	1,108,408	2,437,013
% change .....	13.3	-0.4	7.1
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,788,162	1,499,989	5,288,151
Tons, 1972 .....	3,154,901	1,442,925	4,597,826
% change .....	20.1	4.0	15.0
Cars, 1973 .....	157,710	74,677	232,387
Cars, 1972 .....	139,703	69,738	209,441
% change .....	12.9	7.1	11.0

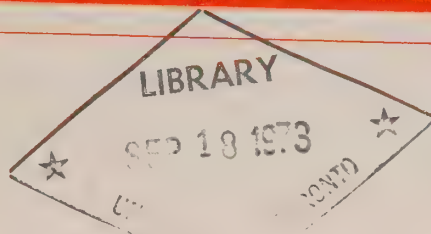
\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.





# Statistics Canada

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### Publications Released

- Prices and Price Indexes, April 1973 (62-002, 40¢/\$4)
- Contract Drilling for Petroleum and Other Contract Drilling, 1971 (26-207, 50¢)
- Coal and Coke Statistics, June 1973 (45-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Miscellaneous Leather Products Manufacturers, 1971 (33-205, 50¢)
- Plastics Fabricating Industry, 1971 (47-208, 50¢)
- Carpet, Mat and Rug Industry, 1971 (34-221, 50¢)
- Miscellaneous Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1971 (44-210, 50¢)
- Flour and Breakfast Cereal Products Industry, 1971 (32-228, 50¢)
- Confectionery Manufacturers, 1971 (32-213, 50¢)
- Bakeries, 1971 (32-203, 50¢)
- Leather Glove Factories, 1971 (33-204, 50¢)
- Biscuits and Confectionery, Quarter Ended June 30, 1973 (32-016, 25¢/\$1)
- Wineries, 1971 (32-207, 50¢)
- Field Crop Reporting Series, 1973 (22-002, \$4)
- Service Bulletin – Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes (47-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 7, Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada, July 1973.

**Railway Freight Traffic, 1972 — Advance Information.**

Railways in Canada carried 237.3 million tons of revenue freight in 1972, an increase of 1.5 million tons over 1971. Increases in grain, lumber and piggyback traffic were sufficient to offset a sharp decline in iron ore movements, resulting from strikes at iron mines in Quebec and Labrador, to produce the slight gain of 0.6% in total volume shipped by rail.

A breakdown by major commodity groups shows that only crude materials were handled in lesser volume during 1972.

Live animals, with an increased movement of 6.6%, reversed the downward trend of recent years with cattle mainly responsible for the 1972 gain.

Rail shipments of food, feed and beverages rose 6.8% with significant increases being registered in loadings of wheat and barley.

Fabricated materials were up 4.9% due in part to gains recorded in movements of lumber, potash, fertilizers and refined gases.

End products rose 7.2% and special types of traffic such as piggyback shipments, mixed carloads and pool car freight increased by 25.0%. Non-carload movements were up 7.3%.

Crude materials, mainly because of the decline in iron ore traffic, declined 5.5% from 1971. Pulpwood chips, gypsum and bituminous coal showed increases over the preceding year.

On a geographic basis declines in rail traffic occurred only in Newfoundland (29.2%) and Quebec (10.0%), again reflecting the effects of the iron mine strikes during the summer. Regional traffic gains were as follows: Manitoba 21.3%; British Columbia 12.2%; Prince Edward Island 8.6%; Saskatchewan 7.6%; Yukon and Northwest Territories 7.2%; Alberta 7.0%; New Brunswick 5.7%; Ontario 3.8%; Nova Scotia 1.2%.

For further information order the 1972 issue of *Railway Freight Traffic* (52-205, \$2), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

**Pulpwood and Wood Residue, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Roundwood production increased 15.9% to 1.59 million cunits in July from 1.37 million cunits a year earlier.

Consumption of roundwood and wood residue increased 14.0% to 2.18 million cunits from 1.91 million cunits and the closing inventory of these two products decreased 7.6% to 7.52 million cunits from 8.14 million. Receipts of wood residue increased 42.0% to 764,680 cunits from 538,195.

For further information, order the July 1973 issue of *Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics* (25-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. C. Sturton (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Industrial Chemicals, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Manufacturers produced 44.62 million pounds of polyethylene type synthetic resins in July, up from 35.85 million pounds a year earlier.

For further information order the July issue of *Specified Chemicals* (46-002, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Road and Street Mileage and Expenditures, 1971 — Advance Information.**

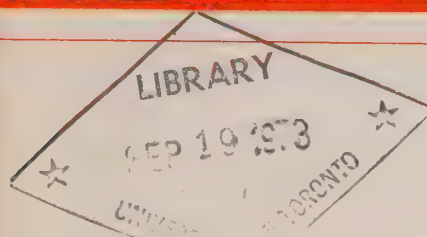
Total mileage of all public roads in Canada at the end of 1971 came to 518,318 miles, 0.6% greater than the 1970 total. Of this total 118,624 miles were paved roads, an increase of 4.6% from the 1970 figure.

Total expenditures on these roads came to \$2,535 million in fiscal 1971, up 16.4% from \$2,178 million in the previous year. Provincial expenditures made up the bulk of these totals, rising 22.3% in 1971 to \$1,632 million.

For further information, order *Road and Street Mileage and Expenditure, 1971*, (53-201, 50¢).

# Statistics Canada

## daily



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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

**Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, July 1973** — Advance Information

### Publications Released

**National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Second Quarter 1973** (13-001, 75c./\$3)

**Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills of East the Rockies, June 1973** (35-002, 20c./\$2)

**Canadian Statistical Review Tape, September** (\$150)

**Service Bulletins — Construction Price Statistics** (62-006, \$3 a year), Vol. 2, No. 10, Basic Union Wage Rate Indexes, 1962 to 1972



**Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports,**  
August 1973 — Published only in Statistics Canada  
Daily and Weekly.

Seasonally adjusted August exports declined to \$1,849 million from \$2,107 million in July. Preliminary commodity information suggests that the railway strike had a sharp impact on the reduced shipments to the United States, which explain entirely the over-all decrease. Shipments to overseas countries, on the other hand, recorded a small increase of \$42 million.

The trend of exports, measured by averages of the latest three months, showed divergent movement. Exports to the European community six continued their steady increase. As for Japan and the United Kingdom, there was no noticeable change in trend.

On a year-to-year basis, unadjusted exports showed a substantial increase of 14% to \$1,731 million. But shipments to the U.S. were only up by

about 6%, largely accounted for by sales of crude petroleum and natural gas. Some four-fifths of a gain of \$156 million in exports to overseas countries was in wheat, up \$79 million, lumber and pulp, copper ore and oil seeds.

On a year-to-date basis, unadjusted exports were still well ahead of the level for the same period in 1972 (24%), with two-thirds of the rise in trade with the U.S. Shipments to Japan contributed almost one-sixth of the over-all increase.

Exports of automotive products, crude petroleum, lumber, pulp and newsprint to the U.S. were higher by \$1,144 million, or 57% of the rise. Deliveries of wheat, copper, oil seeds, lumber and pulp to overseas countries continued to predominate among commodities showing gains. Together, they accounted for some \$650 million, or 60% of the increase in the exports to overseas destinations.

For further information, order the August issue of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

**Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports, August 1973.**  
(Domestic Exports plus Re-exports)

	Value		Change
	1972	1973	1972-1973
	(\$ millions)		(%)
<b>Month of August</b>			
United Kingdom . . . . .	91.3	121.2	32.7
Other Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	54.8	65.8	20.1
United States . . . . .	1,002.0	1,059.9	5.8
Japan . . . . .	105.0	133.7	27.3
European Economic Community* . . . . .	90.5	125.6	38.8
Latin America . . . . .	47.1	69.0	46.5
Other Countries . . . . .	127.2	156.2	22.8
Total Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	146.1	187.0	28.0
Total Others . . . . .	1,371.7	1,544.3	12.6
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>1,517.8</b>	<b>1,731.3</b>	<b>14.1</b>
<b>January-August</b>			
United Kingdom . . . . .	865.7	957.6	10.6
Other Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	387.0	525.5	35.8
United States . . . . .	8,942.7	10,934.8	22.3
Japan . . . . .	607.3	1,073.3	76.7
European Economic Community* . . . . .	705.2	870.5	23.4
Latin America . . . . .	401.4	395.0	-1.6
Other Countries . . . . .	821.5	1,050.8	27.9
Total Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	1,252.8	1,483.0	18.4
Total Others . . . . .	11,477.9	14,324.3	24.8
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>12,730.7</b>	<b>15,807.3</b>	<b>24.2</b>

Figures may not add because of rounding.

\* Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973.

(tables continued on next page)

**Chain Store Sales and Stocks, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Chain store organizations reported July sales of \$1,172.0 million, up 14.1% from July 1972. All trade groups showed sales increases, led by men's clothing stores, up 38.2%, and service stations and garages, up 36.0%.

Value of stocks held by chain stores on July 1 was \$2,151.2 million, up 14.9% from July 1972. The greatest gain was registered by hardware stores, up 32.7%. Stocks of fuel dealers showed the greatest decline, down 7.0%.

For further information, order the July issue of *Chain Store Sales and Stocks* (63-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-992-9896), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Domestic Exports of Selected Commodities**  
Preliminary Figures for August 1973

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change 1972-1973	1972	1973	Change 1972-1973
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Fish, excluding shellfish . . . . .	19.7	24.2	22.8	23.4	33.7	44.0
Barley . . . . .	0.4	0.3	-25.0	25.9	20.3	-21.6
Wheat . . . . .		0.8	—	94.1	172.9	83.7
Whisky . . . . .	14.0	9.0	-35.7	14.6	9.5	-34.9
Tobacco . . . . .	0.2	0.1	-50.0	0.9	0.9	
Oil seeds . . . . .	0.4	0.3	-25.0	22.5	29.9	32.9
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	33.6	35.6	6.0	37.4	55.9	49.5
Copper in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	1.5	4.2	180.0	33.8	40.0	18.3
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	0.6	0.1	-8.33	19.4	10.6	-45.4
Zinc in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	0.9	0.4	-55.6	9.4	12.2	29.8
Coal . . . . .	—	—	—	17.7	10.3	-41.8
Crude Petroleum . . . . .	82.6	116.1	40.6	82.6	116.1	40.6
Natural gas . . . . .	23.6	30.6	29.7	23.6	30.6	29.7
Asbestos, unmanufactured . . . . .	7.3	5.4	-26.0	19.3	19.6	1.6
Lumber . . . . .	92.2	84.5	-8.4	103.3	111.7	8.1
Wood pulp and similar pulp . . . . .	40.2	37.1	-7.7	69.2	76.8	11.0
Newsprint paper . . . . .	79.5	73.2	-7.9	100.5	96.2	-4.3
Fertilizers and fertilizer materials . . . . .	11.6	10.5	-9.5	16.9	15.0	-11.2
Iron and steel, including alloys . . . . .	20.1	23.1	14.9	32.2	28.5	-11.5
Aluminum including alloys . . . . .	18.4	11.8	-35.9	27.3	23.5	-13.9
Copper and alloys . . . . .	15.2	13.5	-11.2	37.4	37.6	0.5
Nickel and alloys . . . . .	4.0	8.2	105.0	7.4	16.6	124.3
Metal fabricated basic products . . . . .	7.6	9.9	30.3	12.4	11.9	-4.0
Industrial machinery . . . . .	21.1	25.0	18.5	33.1	35.0	5.7
Agricultural machinery and tractors . . . . .	16.1	17.0	5.6	17.6	18.8	6.8
Passenger automobiles and chassis . . . . .	73.3	56.5	-22.9	73.6	57.9	-21.3
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	46.3	40.0	-13.6	49.2	45.4	-7.7
Motor vehicle engines and engine parts . . . . .	38.4	29.6	-22.9	38.5	29.8	-22.6
Other motor vehicle parts* . . . . .	80.4	82.0	2.0	83.4	86.7	4.0
Aircraft, engines and parts . . . . .	28.7	13.5	-53.0	35.2	19.4	-44.9
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	9.5	10.4	9.5	15.4	17.1	11.0
Office machines and equipment . . . . .	9.0	9.1	1.1	11.8	13.9	17.8
Apparel and accessories . . . . .	8.2	9.3	13.4	10.1	11.6	14.9
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	804.3	791.4	-1.6	1,198.9	1,315.7	9.7
b) Total Domestic Exports . . . . .	972.1	1,023.2	5.3	1,483.0	1,684.0	13.6
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	82.7%	77.3%		80.8%	78.1%	
* (Re-exports of mainly parts) . . . . .	4.2	5.6	33.3	4.5	8.3	84.4

**Exports (including re-exports)**  
Seasonally Adjusted

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
1972				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,650	3,313	276	1,061
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,995	3,477	367	1,151
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,767	3,324	306	1,137
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,564	3,807	378	1,379
1973				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,872	4,113	393	1,366
Second Quarter . . . . .	6,053	4,184	316	1,553
1973				
January . . . . .	1,915	1,371	109	435
February . . . . .	1,957	1,371	119	467
March . . . . .	2,000	1,371	165	464
April . . . . .	2,044	1,358	120	566
May . . . . .	2,023	1,437	86	500
June . . . . .	1,986	1,389	110	487
July . . . . .	2,107	1,472	121	514
August (preliminary) . . . . .	1,849	1,172	127	550

**Dairy Factory Production, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Production of creamery butter fell 13.5% in August to 28.11 million pounds from 32.49 million pounds in August 1972. Cheddar cheese production decreased 9.4% to 17.03 million pounds from 18.80 million and production of ice cream mix rose by 0.6% to 3.53 million gallons from 3.50 million gallons.

For further information, order the August issue of *Dairy Factory Production* (32-002, 10¢/\$1).

**Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, September 1, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Cold storage holdings of creamery butter at September 1, 1973 totalled 44.83 million pounds compared to last year's total of 56.39 million pounds. Stocks of cheddar cheese were 72.94 million pounds compared to 82.49 million pounds last year. Stocks

(continued)

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of skim milk powder decreased 30.7% to 103.98 million pounds and evaporated whole milk fell 26.6% to 32.35 million pounds from last year's totals.

For further information, order the September issue of *Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products* (32-009, 20¢/\$2).

**Footwear Statistics, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

July production of footwear of all types decreased to 2.49 million pairs from 2.64 million in 1972. Production for the year to date decreased to 24.85 million pairs from 25.15 million in 1972.

For further information, order the July issue of *Footwear Statistics* (33-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

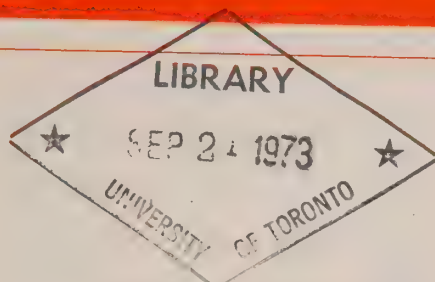
**Steel Ingots, Week ended September 15, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended September 15, totalled 267,323 tons, an increase of 3.1%, from the preceding week's total of 259,364 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 237,905 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 146.0 in the current week, 141.6 a week earlier and 129.8 one year ago.



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## daily



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### Publications Released

- Estimates of Labour Income, May 1973 (72-005, 20¢/\$2)
- Second Forecast of the Commercial Production of All Fruits, 1973 (22-003, \$1 for the series)
- Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, July 1973 (33-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Rigid Insulating Board, July 1973 (36-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, July 1973 (43-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Iron Castings and Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, July 1973 (41-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, July 1973 (43-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Equipment, Quarter ended June 30, 1973 (43-006, 25¢/\$1)
- Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, July 1973 (25-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins – Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 7, Heating Boilers and Radiators, July 1973;
- Electrical Products (43-007, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 15, Electric Lamps, July 1973; Vol. 2, No. 16, Factory Shipments of Transformers, 1972.

**Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Initial and renewal claims for unemployment insurance were 179,000 in July, an increase of 16% from the June total of 154,000 but 8% less than the 194,000 received in July 1972.

At the end of July, 733,000 claimants were registered for unemployment insurance benefit, a decline of 1% from the June count of 739,000 and 4% lower than the 762,000 claimants reported at July 31, 1972.

Benefit paid to claimants in July rose to \$145 million, 7% more than the \$136 million for June and a 14% increase from the \$127 million for July 1972. Claimants received 2.14 million weeks of benefit in July, up 5% from the June total of 2.03 million and 1% more than the 2.11 million in July 1972. The average weekly payment advanced 1% to \$68.33 from the previous month's average of \$67.38. It was 13% more than the year-earlier payment of \$60.70.

Province	Initial and Renewal Claims Received			Claimants* Reporting to District Offices			Benefit Paid** (\$000)		
	July 1973	June 1973	July 1972	July 31 1973	June 29 1973	July 31 1972	July 1973	June 1973	July 1972
Newfoundland . . . . .	4,443	4,402	3,786	31,933	35,277	24,708	6,260	6,176	4,081
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	772	619	753	4,140	4,797	3,372	753	740	495
Nova Scotia . . . . .	6,433	5,764	6,588	32,328	31,918	29,791	5,773	5,197	4,712
New Brunswick . . . . .	5,762	4,853	5,233	33,090	35,152	27,128	6,150	5,880	4,447
Quebec . . . . .	50,189	47,530	53,961	219,352	221,969	230,777	45,436	40,675	37,843
Ontario . . . . .	68,697	55,431	77,374	239,507	231,103	261,316	47,217	44,608	42,929
Manitoba . . . . .	6,163	5,138	7,109	23,878	24,513	25,608	4,232	4,214	4,008
Saskatchewan . . . . .	3,885	3,017	4,100	16,770	18,032	17,948	3,094	3,358	2,803
Alberta . . . . .	10,797	8,860	11,505	39,024	40,409	43,794	6,615	6,809	7,388
British Columbia . . . . .	21,134	17,580	23,661	91,537	93,878	96,174	20,140	18,850	19,061
Yukon Territory . . . . .	171	145	149	862	954	759	220	227	165
Northwest Territories . . . . .	148	116	115	798	848	487	184	181	67
Outside Canada . . . . .	64	45	61	253	253	161	51	45	34
Adjustments*** . . . . .							1,047	1,371	879
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>178,658</b>	<b>153,500</b>	<b>194,395</b>	<b>733,472</b>	<b>739,103</b>	<b>762,033</b>	<b>145,079</b>	<b>135,588</b>	<b>127,154</b>

Province	Weeks Paid			Average Weekly Payment		
	July 1973	June 1973	July 1972	July 1973	June 1973	July 1972
						(\$)
Newfoundland . . . . .	99,220	99,698	74,545	63.09	61.94	54.74
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	14,169	14,242	10,565	53.15	51.94	46.84
Nova Scotia . . . . .	90,929	85,559	89,622	63.49	60.75	52.57
New Brunswick . . . . .	102,390	99,792	81,237	60.06	58.92	54.74
Quebec . . . . .	667,538	601,456	631,558	68.07	67.63	59.92
Ontario . . . . .	679,876	652,957	700,108	69.45	68.32	61.32
Manitoba . . . . .	61,907	63,644	69,841	68.37	66.21	57.39
Saskatchewan . . . . .	46,169	51,410	47,876	67.02	65.32	58.54
Alberta . . . . .	91,364	95,964	116,399	72.41	70.95	63.47
British Columbia . . . . .	279,044	262,060	283,684	72.17	71.93	67.19
Yukon Territory . . . . .	2,806	2,932	2,350	78.35	77.43	70.24
Northwest Territories . . . . .	2,353	2,328	1,016	78.35	77.56	66.00
Outside Canada . . . . .	657	553	465	77.03	81.57	72.49
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>2,138,422</b>	<b>2,032,595</b>	<b>2,109,266</b>	<b>68.33</b>	<b>67.38</b>	<b>60.70</b>

\* These figures are overstated by 20% to 25% in terms of active files. If a claimant does not report due to becoming re-employed, a period of 5 weeks is allowed to elapse before his claim is transferred to the inactive file.

\*\* May not add to "Canada" totals due to rounding.

\*\*\* Cancelled warrants and collection of overpayments.

For further information, order the July 1973 issue of *Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act* (73-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. George Fincham (613-992-7461), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

**Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Seasonally adjusted manufacturers shipments in July were estimated at \$5,517.7 million, 3.4% higher than the June estimate of \$5,338.5 million. Durable goods shipments, estimated at \$2,628.2 million, were 4.0% higher than the June value of \$2,527.8 million.

Non-durable goods shipments increased 2.8% to \$2,889.5 million in July compared to \$2,810.7 million in June.

New orders in July, estimated at \$5,674.6 million, rose 4.3% from \$5,441.6 million in June. Durable goods new orders increased 4.3% to \$2,757.7 million (continued on page 4)

**Summary of Exports July 1973 — Advance Information.**

The External Trade Division reports that the value of total exports increased to \$2,079 million in July 1973 from \$1,454 million a year earlier. January to July total exports rose to \$14,076 million in 1973 from \$11,213 million in 1972. Area and commodity detail are shown below for domestic exports only.

	Domestic Exports		July	January to July	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	
	\$ millions				
Selected Countries					
United States . . . . .	932.0	1,316.1	7,716.7	9,629.6	
Japan . . . . .	73.5	183.3	500.1	935.8	
United Kingdom . . . . .	99.9	124.2	764.7	826.3	
Germany, West . . . . .	24.9	53.0	165.9	236.7	
People's Republic of China . . . . .	17.0	14.6	100.3	196.1	
Belgium and Luxembourg . . . . .	14.3	17.4	92.9	139.1	
Italy . . . . .	12.5	29.4	104.3	136.2	
Netherlands . . . . .	18.4	20.3	160.4	119.9	
Australia . . . . .	8.5	16.2	89.5	106.5	
France . . . . .	14.5	19.4	80.9	100.0	
Norway . . . . .	23.2	18.3	91.2	97.9	
India . . . . .	5.3	3.8	47.8	87.9	
Venezuela . . . . .	12.9	5.1	93.9	51.2	
All Countries . . . . .	1,417.6	2,025.8	10,941.5	13,774.8	
Selected Commodities					
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	191.5	251.7	1,088.5	1,502.3	
Wheat . . . . .	73.4	106.8	378.3	576.9	
Whisky . . . . .	13.6	12.2	96.9	110.7	
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	294.5	445.0	1,948.0	2,666.7	
Crude petroleum . . . . .	79.1	116.2	569.1	819.4	
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	38.7	50.1	176.9	242.5	
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	47.2	35.3	220.6	226.1	
Fabricated materials, inedible . . . . .	468.1	676.9	3,729.7	4,695.8	
Newsprint paper . . . . .	90.2	104.9	665.6	764.6	
Wood pulp, similar pulp . . . . .	61.8	91.7	470.7	586.7	
Lumber . . . . .	81.9	128.7	618.6	951.1	
Aluminum, including alloys . . . . .	26.4	28.7	237.0	217.5	
Copper and alloys . . . . .	18.9	51.2	221.7	271.5	
End products, inedible . . . . .	453.3	635.7	4,107.0	4,802.5	
Passenger automobiles and chassis . . . . .	113.0	162.0	1,331.8	1,436.9	
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	72.2	114.4	661.7	898.1	
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis . . . . .	48.7	58.2	391.2	448.5	
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	11.2	10.6	49.7	46.0	
Motor vehicle engines and parts . . . . .	25.7	35.9	294.8	332.5	
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	33.7	43.1	298.6	250.1	
Re-exports . . . . .	36.6	52.7	271.4	301.2	
Total Exports . . . . .	1,454.2	2,078.5	11,212.9	14,076.0	

**Domestic Exports by Stage of Fabrication**

	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	\$ millions							
All Countries								
July . . . . .	1,417.6	2,025.8	441.5	635.7	484.2	712.7	491.8	677.4
January to July . . . . .	10,941.5	13,774.8	2,738.4	3,790.1	3,838.8	4,879.9	4,364.3	5,104.8
United States								
July . . . . .	932.0	1,316.1	182.8	249.7	340.9	482.3	408.3	584.1
January to July . . . . .	7,716.7	9,629.6	1,304.6	1,707.2	2,685.8	3,436.6	3,726.3	4,485.9

Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).



Tuesday, September 18, 1973

while non-durable new orders rose 4.2% to \$2,916.9 million. Unfilled orders in July were estimated at \$6,387.1 million, 2.5% higher than the June estimate of \$6,230.2 million.

Total inventory owned was estimated at \$9,640.1 million, 0.6% higher than the June estimate of \$9,580.0 million. Total inventory held, estimated at \$10,124.8 million, was 0.9% higher than the June estimate of \$10,035.7 million, with increases of 0.7% and 2.2% in raw materials and goods in process and a marginal increase in finished products.

The ratio of total inventory owned to shipments was 1.75 in July compared to the June ratio of 1.79. The finished products to shipments ratio was 0.59 in July, down from the June ratio of 0.61.

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Unadjusted for seasonal variation, the preliminary estimate of manufacturers shipments in July was \$5,068.4 million, 10.6% below the June value of \$5,667.0 million. Shipments for the first seven months of 1973 were estimated at \$36,749.3 million, 17.8% higher than the same period in 1972.

For further information order the July 1973 issue of *Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries* (31-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

(see table on page 5)

## Prices and Price Indexes, September 1973 — Advance Information.

### Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Sept. 13/73 This week	Sept. 6/73 Week ago	Aug. 16/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>187.0</b>	<b>188.3</b>	<b>186.7</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>203.6</b>	<b>204.9</b>	<b>203.1</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	136.6	138.2	138.9
Foods . . . . .	10	145.2	147.3	150.2
Beverages . . . . .	7	256.9	256.1	258.6
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	149.3	152.5	151.4
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	149.5	146.1	143.4
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	364.9	359.1	374.3
Primary metals . . . . .	8	122.9	126.3	125.5
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	212.2	218.0	217.1
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	170.6	178.8	181.2
Petroleum . . . . .	7	348.9	350.9	334.6
Chemicals . . . . .	4	109.0	110.8	111.4
Construction . . . . .	4	149.9	151.5	151.8
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	149.5	148.8	154.1
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>135.9</b>	<b>138.1</b>	<b>138.5</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	134.9	139.7	139.0
Transportation . . . . .	4	316.6	325.6	330.3
Telephone . . . . .	3	81.6	82.9	83.0
Electric power . . . . .	3	109.8	106.3	106.9
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	145.5	148.6	145.9
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>178.3</b>	<b>178.6</b>	<b>175.1</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	212.0	212.4	206.0
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	125.2	125.1	127.1
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>129.6</b>	<b>132.4</b>	<b>136.0</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	156.0	164.4	168.6
Base metals . . . . .	16	116.3	116.0	119.4
Uraniums . . . . .	4	240.3	238.3	247.2
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	464.5	455.7	463.6

For further information, order the September issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in all Manufacturing Industries**  
(Based on 1970 Census of Manufactures Benchmarks)

	Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation			
	July 1973P	June 1973 <sup>r</sup>	May 1973	July 1972
	(\$ millions)			
<b>Shipments - Total</b> . . . . .	<b>5,068.4</b>	<b>5,667.0</b>	<b>5,638.3</b>	<b>4,061.3</b>
New Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	5,258.8	5,738.1	5,798.2	4,119.2
- Non-durable . . . . .	2,739.1	2,885.8	2,860.6	2,199.2
- Durable . . . . .	2,519.7	2,852.4	2,937.6	1,920.0
Unfilled Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	6,403.2	6,212.9	6,141.7	5,091.2
- Non-durable . . . . .	978.3	977.0	966.2	807.4
- Durable . . . . .	5,424.9	5,235.9	5,175.5	4,283.8
Inventory Owned - Total . . . . .	9,485.0	9,530.2	9,409.5	8,573.8
Inventory Held - Total . . . . .	9,980.6	9,990.0	9,867.0	9,074.5
- Raw materials . . . . .	4,132.2	4,037.8	3,987.0	3,638.7
- Goods in process . . . . .	2,651.2	2,656.2	2,618.3	2,402.9
- Finished products . . . . .	3,197.1	3,296.0	3,261.7	3,032.9
	<b>Adjusted for seasonal Variation</b>			
<b>Shipments - Total</b> . . . . .	<b>5,517.7</b>	<b>5,338.5</b>	<b>5,287.6</b>	<b>4,466.9</b>
New Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	5,674.6	5,441.6	5,526.2	4,497.3
- Non-durable . . . . .	2,916.9	2,798.3	2,745.3	2,373.4
- Durable . . . . .	2,757.7	2,643.3	2,780.9	2,123.9
Unfilled Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	6,387.1	6,230.2	6,127.1	5,108.5
- Non-durable . . . . .	956.8	929.4	941.8	786.7
- Durable . . . . .	5,430.3	5,300.8	5,185.3	4,321.8
Inventory Owned - Total . . . . .	9,640.1	9,580.0	9,407.6	8,712.8
Inventory Held - Total . . . . .	10,124.8	10,035.7	9,863.9	9,203.9
- Raw materials . . . . .	4,161.9	4,132.6	4,063.5	3,672.0
- Goods in process . . . . .	2,707.2	2,648.1	2,596.7	2,450.7
- Finished products . . . . .	3,255.7	3,255.0	3,203.7	3,081.2
Ratio of Total Inventory Owned to Shipments . . . . .	1.75	1.79	1.78	1.95
Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments . . . . .	0.59	0.61	0.61	0.69

**Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin**

	Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation					
	July 1973P	June 1973 <sup>r</sup>	% change	Jan.-July 1973P	Jan.-July 1972	% change
	(\$ millions)					
Newfoundland . . . . .	32.8	31.8	3.1	201.1	161.3	24.7
Nova Scotia . . . . .	91.6	102.7	- 10.8	629.9	522.2	20.6
New Brunswick . . . . .	91.3	98.6	- 7.4	598.0	508.4	17.6
Quebec . . . . .	1,334.0	1,416.5	- 5.8	9,373.5	8,239.2	13.8
Ontario . . . . .	2,557.4	3,011.1	- 15.1	19,490.4	16,599.5	17.4
Manitoba . . . . .	155.7	159.2	- 2.2	1,015.2	830.6	22.2
Saskatchewan . . . . .	70.8	67.0	5.7	424.8	355.6	19.5
Alberta . . . . .	236.3	241.5	- 2.2	1,563.6	1,299.4	20.3
British Columbia . . . . .	491.1	530.9	- 7.5	3,405.2	2,631.3	29.4
Canada* . . . . .	<b>5,068.4</b>	<b>5,667.0</b>	<b>- 10.6</b>	<b>36,749.3</b>	<b>31,191.6</b>	<b>17.8</b>

\* Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

p Preliminary figures.

r Revised figures.

**Department Store Sales and Stocks, July 1973 —**  
Advance Information.

Department store sales were \$311.2 million during July, an increase of 14.8% from \$271.2 million in July 1972.

Sales increased in all but five departments, with the largest increases in jewellery(33.9%), furniture (31.8%) and floor coverings(25.9%). All provinces reported increased sales over July 1972.

The selling value of stocks held was \$1,019.7 million, an increase of 16.2% over July 1972. Inventories increased in 35 of the 39 departments with the largest increase registered by furniture, up 45.2%. Boy's clothing and furnishings showed the largest inventory decrease, down 3.8%.

For further information, order the July 1973 issue of *Department Store Sales and Stocks* (63-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-992-9896), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Gas Utilities, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian consumers purchased 74.4 billion cubic feet of natural gas in July, up 17.9% from 63.1 billion a year earlier. Exports rose to 79.4 billion cubic feet from 77.7 billion.

For further information, order the July issue of *Gas Utilities* (55-002, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin*, Vol. 8, No. 64, (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Cigarettes, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

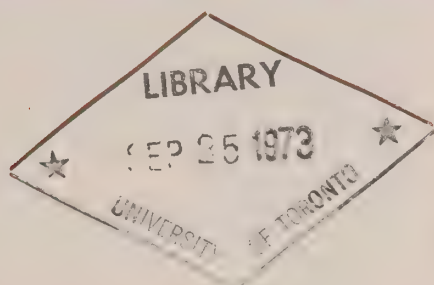
Production of cigarettes for August amounted to 4.25 billion compared to 3.83 billion for the same month of 1972.

For further information, order the August 1973 issue of *Service Bulletin Tobacco and Tobacco Products* (32-022, \$1 a year) Vol. 2, No. 10, or contact W. Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



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### Publications Released

- The Wheat Review, August 1973 (22-005, 30¢/\$3)
- Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, June 1973 (35-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Soapstone and Talc Mines, 1972 (26-218, 50¢)
- Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, July 1973 (41-006, 10¢/\$1)
- Particle Board, July 1973 (36-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Breweries, July 1973 (32-019, 10¢/\$1)
- Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1971 (36-203, 50¢)
- Service Bulletin — Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 12, Railway Operating Statistics, June 1973.

### Real Domestic Product, July 1973 — Advance Information.

Canada's seasonally adjusted index of real domestic product increased by 0.4% in July. The index of industrial production (the combination of the mining, manufacturing and utilities component of RDP) declined marginally by 0.1%. The pattern of RDP for 1973 was two strong increases in January and February followed by very low growth in the following four months and an increase in July roughly equal to long-term average growth rates. Several factors in the current month were export controls on gasoline and heating oil (effective mid-June), United States controls on exports of soybeans and cotton seed (effective June 27), a rotating rail strike, and a U.S. freeze on food prices beginning in mid-June which was removed in mid-July except for beef.

During 1973, trade and manufacturing have been particularly significant in shaping the month-to-month movements in RDP. In July, trade again led the advance but manufacturing increased only slightly. The other major advances in the month were in agriculture and utilities. Mining and transportation output decreased.

Both wholesale and retail trade output rose. In wholesale trade most of the increase came in automotive parts and accessories and industrial and transportation equipment and supplies. For retail trade, motor vehicle dealers output increased strongly following decreases in May and June. Food store price increases exceeded 2% for both June and July.

Both durables and non-durables manufacturing output increased slightly. In the industry components, decreases were widespread in non-durable goods while in durables increases were common. Within non-durables, several food industries increased in July following little growth or decreases since February. In the beverage industries both breweries and soft drink output increased. For the chemical industries the July increase continues a trend which began with February. It is notable that pulp and paper output increased slightly in July in spite of

several strikes as utilisation of capacity increased at other mills and several mills changed to a seven-day week. Most components of the textiles and clothing industries decreased in July. A reported shortage of cotton may have had some impact on cotton yarn and cloth mills and perhaps in increased output of synthetic textiles for most of 1973. A decrease was registered in July by synthetic textile manufacturers. In durables, notable movements were a decrease in the wood industries, probably related to reduced housing activity in the U.S., and an increase in the output of motor vehicle manufactures.

Mining output decreased due to reduced production of copper, coal, petroleum and natural gas. The rail strike could have been a factor in several of the mining decreases.

The decrease in total transportation output was due to the strike-caused decline in rail transportation.

For further information, order the July issue of *Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry* (61-005, 30¢/\$3).

(table on next page)

### Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, September 1, 1973 — Advance Information.

Total frozen meat in cold storage at the opening of the first business day of September amounted to 74.90 million pounds compared to 85.70 million pounds in August and 86.60 million pounds a year earlier.

For further information, order the September issue of *Stocks of Frozen Meat Products* (32-012, 30¢/\$3).

### Radio and Television Receiving Sets, July 1973 — Advance Information.

Manufacturers sold 33,173 Canadian-made colour television sets on the domestic market in July and 18,075 black-and-white sets. A year earlier, sales were 32,494 and 18,523.

For further information, order the July issue of *Radio and Television Receiving Sets* (43-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Indexes of Real Domestic Product**  
(1961=100)  
(Seasonally adjusted)

		1973				
	1961 percent- age weight	Apr.	May	June	July	%
<b>Real Domestic Product</b> . . . . .	<b>100.000</b>	<b>197.4</b>	<b>197.6</b>	<b>197.9</b>	<b>198.7</b>	<b>0.4</b>
Agriculture . . . . .	4.525	138.7	144.4	130.9	135.1	3.2
Forestry . . . . .	1.231	169.8	166.4	153.0	161.0	5.2
Fishing and trapping . . . . .	0.259	100.9	73.9	88.8	99.1	11.6
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	215.4	212.8	212.2	203.7	-4.0
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	209.0	208.9	211.5	211.9	0.2
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	181.9	183.3	185.3	185.4	0.1
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	243.1	241.4	244.8	245.4	0.2
Construction . . . . .	5.803	171.2	177.0	178.4	179.5	0.6
Transportation, storage and communication . . . . .	9.910	219.0	216.6	216.6	215.7	-0.4
Transportation . . . . .	6.873	227.1	224.0	224.6	222.9	-0.8
Air transport . . . . .	0.463	498.8	503.8	483.1	498.3	3.1
Railway transport . . . . .	2.859	216.7	208.2	212.0	205.1	-3.3
Bus transport, interurban and rural . . . . .	0.096	205.9	203.1	209.3	202.8	-3.1
Urban transit systems . . . . .	0.303	115.1	117.2	116.1	117.3	1.0
Pipeline transport . . . . .	0.451	397.7	388.1	387.2	386.7	-0.1
Storage . . . . .	0.299	140.7	123.4	113.3	113.0	-0.3
Grain elevators . . . . .	0.211	130.0	107.4	93.4	91.8	-1.7
Communication . . . . .	2.738	207.1	208.0	207.9	208.9	0.5
Electric power, gas and water utilities . . . . .	2.908	240.9	241.2	250.4	257.3	2.8
Trade . . . . .	12.973	194.9	194.1	192.6	196.3	1.9
Wholesale trade . . . . .	4.906	211.7	213.3	207.8	211.5	1.8
Wholesale merchants . . . . .	3.491	228.0	229.1	219.4	223.5	1.9
Retail trade . . . . .	8.067	184.7	182.5	183.3	187.1	2.1
Food stores . . . . .	1.552	148.6	149.0	149.9	150.6	0.5
Department stores . . . . .	1.161	208.1	207.7	217.4	218.2	0.4
General stores . . . . .	0.239	96.0	97.7	99.0	100.4	1.4
Variety stores . . . . .	0.301	249.4	239.8	252.5	249.5	-1.2
Motor vehicle dealers . . . . .	0.926	257.6	233.2	226.6	246.3	8.7
Clothing stores . . . . .	0.507	164.1	160.7	167.2	170.7	2.1
Shoe stores . . . . .	0.119	141.5	131.0	137.5	139.5	1.5
Hardware stores . . . . .	0.167	133.1	126.6	130.0	135.7	4.4
Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores . . . . .	0.345	175.7	165.3	164.2	166.2	1.2
Drug stores . . . . .	0.343	196.6	199.4	203.2	205.2	1.0
Finance, insurance and real estate . . . . .	11.831	205.1	205.6	207.4	208.1	0.4
Community, business and personal service industries . . . . .	13.821	201.1	201.9	202.5	202.8	0.1
Education and related services . . . . .	3.450	241.9	240.3	239.7	240.5	0.3
Health and welfare services . . . . .	3.476	196.3	196.6	197.1	197.2	0.1
Motion picture and recreational services . . . . .	0.400	195.6	195.5	196.7	192.6	-2.1
Services to business management . . . . .	1.616	221.8	227.1	225.2	225.3	-
Personal services . . . . .	3.766	153.5	154.6	157.5	156.8	-0.5
Hotels, restaurants and taverns . . . . .	2.212	171.4	172.8	177.9	176.6	-0.7
Public administration and defence . . . . .	7.232	149.6	149.4	148.9	149.5	0.5
<b>Special industry groupings</b>						
Real Domestic Product less agriculture . . . . .	95.475	200.2	200.1	201.0	201.7	0.3
Goods-producing industries . . . . .	44.233	197.9	198.7	199.2	199.8	0.3
Goods-producing industries less agriculture . . . . .	39.708	204.6	204.9	207.0	207.2	0.1
Service-producing industries . . . . .	55.767	197.0	196.7	196.8	197.8	0.5
Commercial industries . . . . .	85.478	201.2	201.5	201.9	202.8	0.4
Commercial industries less agriculture . . . . .	80.953	204.7	204.7	205.9	206.6	0.3
Non-commercial industries . . . . .	14.522	174.9	174.4	174.2	174.6	0.3
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32.415	212.7	212.4	215.1	214.8	-0.1





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### Publications Released

- Population by Religious Denomination, 1971 Census (92-763, 50¢)
- Exports by Countries, January-March 1973 (65-003, \$1/\$4)
- Summary of Imports, June 1973 (65-005, 20¢/\$2)
- Housing Starts and Completions, July 1973 (64-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Chain Store Sales and Stocks, July 1973 (63-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Placer Gold Mines, Gold Quartz Mines and Copper-Gold-Silver Mines, 1971 (26-209, 50¢)
- Service Bulletin — Aviation (51-004, \$3 a year), Vol. 5, No. 37, Aircraft Movement Statistics, July 1973.

**Wholesale Trade, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Sales by wholesale merchants for July were estimated at \$2,844 million, a 22.9% increase from July of last year.

In the consumer goods trades the most significant sales change from July 1972 was registered by the groceries and food specialties component with an increase of 13.2%. In the industrial goods trades one of the most notable items was an increase of 37.7% in the farm machinery category.

Wholesale inventories were valued at \$4,483 million, an increase of 17.6% over July of last year.

For further details, order the July issue of *Wholesale Trade* (63-008, 10¢/\$1).

**Net Sales of Refined Petroleum Products, July 1973**

— Advance Information.

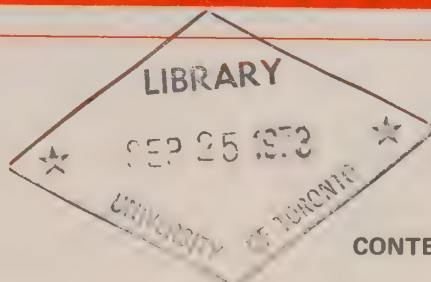
Preliminary data for July indicates that net sales of all refined petroleum products amounted to 46.44 million barrels, a gain of 16% over last year.

For further information, order the July issue of *Refined Petroleum Products* (45-004, 30¢/\$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



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### Publications Released

- Exports by Commodities, July 1973 (65-004, 75¢/\$7.50)
- Grain Milling Statistics, July 1973 (32-003, \$1 a year)
- Production of Canada's Leading Minerals, July 1973 (26-007, 10¢/\$1)
- Silver, Lead and Zinc Production, July 1973 (26-008, 10¢/\$1)
- Copper and Nickel Production, July 1973 (26-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Preliminary Report on the Production of Motor Vehicles, August 1973 (42-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, August 1973 (41-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins — Construction Price Statistics (62-006, \$3 a year), Basic Union Wage Rate Indexes, 1962 to 1972;
- Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 60, Preliminary Electric Energy Statistics, July 1973;
- Miscellaneous Industries (47-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 8, Shipments of Candles, 1972.

**Weekly Railway Carloadings, September 7, 1973 — Advance Information.**

During the week ended September 7 Canadian railway operations, as measured by freight carloadings, showed signs of recovery from the effects of the national rail strike which began August 23 and officially ended September 2. It is difficult to assess the degree of recovery, however, as eastern loadings for 1972 were much reduced due to strikes at Quebec and Labrador iron mines which lowered eastern division rail traffic from mid-June through September 13.

In the current week, railways loaded a total of 62,429 cars and 4.0 million tons of revenue freight. This represented overall increases of 0.2% and 17.8% respectively. Eastern carloadings rose 36.8% to 44,413 and tonnages, influenced by heavier iron ore shipments, were up 74.9% to 2.9 million. Traffic west of the Lakehead, on the other hand, recorded a 39.6% decline in cars to 18,016 and a decrease of 36.9% in tons to 1.1 million.

Cumulative rail tonnage totalled 156.9 million, a 14.4% increase for the year to date. Of this total the east accounted for 88.1 million tons (an increase of 24.6%) and the west 68.8 million tons (an increase of 3.4%).

For further information contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

7-day period ending September 7	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	2,906,587	1,091,471	3,998,058
Tons, 1972 .....	1,662,205	1,730,293	3,392,498
% change .....	74.9	-36.9	17.8
Cars, 1973 .....	44,413	18,016	62,429
Cars, 1972 .....	32,460	29,847	62,307
% change .....	36.8	-39.6	0.2
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	74,656	23,093	97,749
Tons, 1972 .....	70,997	38,833	109,830
% change .....	5.2	-40.5	-11.0
Cars, 1973 .....	2,959	1,035	3,994
Cars, 1972 .....	3,339	1,802	5,141
% change .....	-11.4	-42.6	-22.3
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	88,135,537	68,799,473	156,935,010**
Tons, 1972 .....	70,717,742	66,508,933	137,226,675
% change .....	24.6	3.4	14.4
Cars, 1973 .....	1,550,268	1,122,216	2,672,484**
Cars, 1972 .....	1,361,065	1,138,255	2,499,320
% change .....	13.9	-1.4	6.9
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,862,818	1,523,082	5,385,900
Tons, 1972 .....	3,225,898	1,481,308	4,707,206
% change .....	19.7	2.8	14.4
Cars, 1973 .....	160,669	75,712	236,381
Cars, 1972 .....	143,042	71,510	214,552
% change .....	12.3	5.9	10.2

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect of prior periods.

### **Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Sawmills in British Columbia produced 757.7 million feet board measure of lumber and ties in July compared to 555.9 million in July 1972. January to July production increased to 6,118.9 million feet board measure from 5,366.8 million feet board measure for the same period last year.

For further information, order the July issue of *Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia* (35-003, 20¢/\$2), or

contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### **Construction Machinery and Equipment Sales, 1972 — Advance Information.**

The value of new machinery and equipment entering the market to end-users amounted to \$811.4 million in 1972, an increase of 2.3% over 1971. Sales of used machinery and equipment were valued at \$129.8 million in 1972 while rental revenue for all types of machinery amounted to \$81.1 million.

Friday, September 21, 1973

Further information will be contained in the 1972 issue of *Construction Machinery and Equipment Sales* (63-220, 50¢) and advance details can be obtained from Merchandising and Services Division (613-996-5844), Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, September 1, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Stocks of fruit, frozen and in preservatives, in storages and factories on September 1, 1973 totalled 55.29 million pounds compared with last year's total of 51.40 million pounds. Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in brine, totalled 90.12 million pounds (80.61 million pounds in 1972).

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For further information, order the September issue of *Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables* (32-010, 20¢/\$2).

**Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers produced 4,676 tons or 10.02 million square feet of vinyl-asbestos floor tile in August compared to 8,428 tons or 18.22 million square feet in August 1972.

For further information, order the August issue of *Service Bulletin Miscellaneous Industries* (47-003, \$1), Vol. 1, No. 6, or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.





# Statistics Canada

## daily



Monday, September 24, 1973

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### Other Publications Released

- Vital Statistics, April-June 1973 (84-001, 25¢/\$1)
- Monthly Review of Canadian Fisheries Statistics, July 1973 (24-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Fish Freezings and Stocks, July 1973 (24-001, 30¢/\$3)
- Gold Production, July 1973 (26-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Products Made from Canadian Clays, July 1973 (44-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Leaf Tobacco Acreage, Production and Value, 1972 (22-205, 25¢)
- Foundation Garment Shipments, Quarter Ended June 30, 1973 (34-002, 25¢/\$1)
- Motor Vehicle Shipments, July 1973 (42-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Distilled Beverage Spirits and Industrial Ethyl Alcohol, July 1973 (32-021, 10¢/\$1)
- Specified Chemicals, July 1973 (46-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, July 1973 (43-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Concrete Products, July 1973 (44-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins – Construction Price Statistics (62-006, \$3 a year), Vol. 2, No. 11, Price Indexes of Machinery and Equipment, June 1973;

(continued)

**Energy** (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 63, Salient Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Statistics, May 1973; Vol. 8, No. 64, Oil Pipe Line Mileage in Service, 1972;

**Fish and Fish Products** (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 71, Advance Release of Fish Landings, May 1973; Vol. 2, No. 72, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Newfoundland, August 1973;

**Fabricated Metal Products** (41-009, \$2 per year), Vol. 2, No. 7, Builders and Shelf Hardware, July 1973; Cemented Tungsten Carbide Blanks and Tools, July 1973; Oil Filters and Cartridges, July 1973;

**Fruit and Vegetable Preservation** (32-023, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 9, 1973 Pack of Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, July 1973;

#### Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities, August 1973 – Advance Information.

*Commencing with the May 1973 index, regional city consumer price indexes have incorporated the latest in a series of periodic updatings. A feature of the latest revision is the inclusion of revised weights to reflect 1967 family expenditure patterns (and within the food component, 1969 spending habits), replacing the 1957 weights used previously (1964 for Quebec City and Thunder Bay). Another innovation is the introduction of home ownership costs (property taxes, mortgage interest, owner repairs, new houses and dwelling insurance) into the housing indexes. The tenancy component has been revised to include both rents and tenant repairs. The time reference base, 1961=100, remains unchanged. To maintain a continuous, long-term series, the revised indexes are linked to the previously published indexes for April 1973. Thus, the published indexes up to and including April 1973 remain the official measure of consumer prices to that month, and subsequent price movements are measured by the revised index.*

*A consumer price index for a particular regional city measures the movements in prices, faced by consumers, within the specified city. Thus, consumer price indexes for regional cities cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities. Inter-city price comparisons are available in Table 14 of the monthly Prices and Price Indexes.*

Consumer price indexes rose in all regional cities and city combinations in August with increases ranging from 1.0% in Saskatoon-Regina to 1.9% in St. John's Nfld. Food indexes advanced in all cities with higher prices for meat, fish and poultry, eggs, bakery and cereal products, processed fruit and vegetables and restaurant meals. But fresh produce items were lower in price in many cities. Housing components rose in all cities, mainly in response to increased home ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil, furniture, cleaning supplies and household effects insurance. Clothing increased in 10 cities and city

combinations chiefly because of higher prices for footwear, women's sports wear, men's hosiery and children's school and sports wear. Men's outerwear was lower in price in most cities. Transportation rose in all cities with prices up for gasoline and automobile insurance. Taxi fares were also higher in some cities. Health and personal care components increased in 11 cities and city combinations in response to higher men's haircut and women's hairdressing charges and increased prices for non-prescribed medicines and personal care supplies. Recreation, education and reading indexes rose in 10 cities and city combinations, reflecting increased cinema admission charges. Tobacco and alcohol components registered mixed movements.

#### St. John's

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.9%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 8.2%.

The food index advanced 2.6% in August. Prices were higher for meat, poultry, fresh produce, most bakery and cereal products, eggs, sugar and soft drinks. The transportation component rose 4.1% with higher prices for gasoline and motor oil and increased automobile insurance rates. Housing moved up 1.3% mainly because of increased rents and home ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil and household cleaning supplies. Clothing rose 0.3% with prices up for women's dresses, men's pyjamas and girls' coats. Increased cinema admission charges and higher prices for camera film (including processing) contributed to a 0.7% advance in the recreation, education and reading component. The health and personal care index moved up 0.4% as prices advanced for toilet soap, cosmetics and toothpaste. The tobacco and alcohol component was unchanged.

#### Halifax

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.1%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 7.3%.

The food index advanced 2.5% in August. Prices rose for most meat and fresh vegetables, poultry, fresh milk, eggs, beverages and restaurant food. Lower prices were recorded for bread, fresh fruit, lettuce, cabbage and turnips. The transportation component rose 1.9% in response to higher prices for gasoline and motor oil and increased automobile insurance rates. A 0.9% increase in the housing index

(continued)



reflected higher rents and home ownership costs plus increased prices for fuel oil, diningroom furniture, and household effects insurance. The recreation, education and reading component moved up 0.3% because of higher movie admission charges. Lower prices for footwear, women's suits, dresses and hosiery, most items of men's apparel and girls' dresses contributed to a 2.4% decrease in the clothing index. The health and personal care component declined 0.3% with lower prices for prescriptions and some personal care supplies including toothpaste, razor blades and cleansing tissues. The tobacco and alcohol index was unchanged.

#### **Saint John**

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.6%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 7.8%.

The food index increased 2.7% in the month. Prices climbed for beef and pork products, poultry, most fresh produce items, eggs, bakery and cereal products and restaurant meals. The transportation component advanced 3.3% with prices up for gasoline, motor oil and automobile insurance and increased taxi fares. Housing increased 1.0% chiefly because of increases in rents and home ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil, furniture, carpets and household supplies. Increased prices for pharmaceuticals, toiletries and women's hairdressing contributed to a 0.5% rise in the health and personal care index. The recreation, education and reading component moved up 0.4% in response to increased cinema admission rates. The tobacco and alcohol index rose 0.3% because of higher prices for liquor for home consumption and cigarette tobacco. The clothing component edged up 0.1%.

#### **Quebec City**

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.4%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 8.4%.

The food index advanced 2.4% in August chiefly in response to higher prices for meat, poultry, most fresh vegetables, eggs, bakery, cereal products and restaurant meals. Prices eased for fresh fruit and some fresh vegetables. The housing and the clothing indexes each rose 0.7%, the former chiefly in response to increased home ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil and carpets, the latter because of increased prices for women's slacks and lingerie, men's suits and socks, girls' sweaters and boys' sports wear. Higher prices for gasoline and increased automobile insurance rates contributed to a 2.7% advance in the transportation component. The recreation, education and reading index declined 0.4% in response to reduced cinema admission rates and lower prices for camera film (including processing). Remaining components were virtually unchanged.

#### **Montreal**

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.3%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 7.5%.

The food index advanced 2.7% in the month. Prices rose for meat, poultry, eggs, sugar, breakfast cereals, ice cream and cheddar cheese. Lower quotations were registered for most fresh fruit and vegetables. Restaurant meals were also higher in price. A 2.5% increase in the transportation component reflected higher prices for gasoline and increased automobile insurance rates. Housing moved up 0.9% mainly in response to increased home ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil and household effects insurance. A decline of 1.1% in the recreation, education and reading index was due to reduced admission rates to movies and sporting events and lower prices for camera film (including processing). Remaining components registered little or no movement.

#### **Ottawa**

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.5%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 8.4%.

The food index rose 2.7% in August mainly because of increased prices for meat, poultry, eggs, convenience foods, fats and oils, and restaurant meals. Most fresh vegetables and processed fruit were lower in price. Transportation advanced 4.2% in response to higher prices for gasoline, automobile insurance and taxi fares. Higher home ownership costs and increased prices for fuel oil, household effects insurance and household cleaning supplies contributed to a 0.5% rise in the housing component. An increase of 1.0% in the recreation, education and reading index was due to higher admission rates for movies and sporting events. The health and personal care component rose 0.6% with increased women's hairdressing charges and higher prices for many toiletries. Clothing edged up 0.2% as higher prices for footwear and men's wear outweighed lower prices for many items of women's and children's apparel. The tobacco and alcohol index was virtually unchanged.

#### **Toronto**

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.1%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 7.6%.

The food index advanced 2.9% in the month with higher quotations for meat, fish, poultry, fresh fruit, eggs, frozen foods and restaurant meals. A rise of 0.5% in the housing index was mainly due to increased rents, higher home ownership costs and increased prices for fuel oil, domestic gas, furniture and household effects insurance. Higher charges for men's haircuts and women's hairdressing and increased prices for non-prescribed medicines contributed to a 1.8% advance in the health and personal care component. Transportation rose 0.8% with

(continued)

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higher prices for gasoline and motor oil and increased automobile insurance rates. Remaining components registered little or no movement.

#### Thunder Bay

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.8%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 8.5%.

The food index advanced 4.9% in August mainly in response to higher quotations for meat, fish and poultry, many fresh produce items, bakery and cereal products, eggs, tea and coffee. A 2.5% rise in transportation was due to higher gasoline prices and increased automobile insurance rates. Housing moved up 0.3% mainly because of increased home ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil, household supplies and household effects insurance. An increase of 0.5% in the health and personal care component reflected higher prices for non-prescribed medicines and toiletries. The recreation, education and reading index moved up 0.3% with increased cinema admission rates and higher prices for camera film (including processing). Remaining components were virtually unchanged.

#### Winnipeg

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.1%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 7.3%.

The food index increased 3.8% in August. Prices were up for meat, fish and poultry, eggs, fresh fruit, processed fruit and vegetables, convenience foods and soft drinks. Housing rose 0.5% mainly in response to increased home ownership costs and higher prices for electricity, fuel oil, furniture and household effects insurance. An increase of 0.4% in the clothing index was chiefly due to higher prices for women's hosiery and accessories, due men's shoes, outerwear and socks, and children's sport wear. Remaining components were virtually unchanged.

#### Saskatoon-Regina

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.0%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 6.7%.

An advance of 2.7% in the food index in August was mainly due to higher quotations for meat, poultry, eggs, processed fruit and vegetables, convenience foods, and increased prices for restaurant meals. Prices edged down for fresh fruit and vegetables. Housing moved up 0.3% in response to higher prices for furniture, cleaning supplies and household effects insurance. The indexes for transportation and for health and personal care each rose 0.4%, the former because of higher gasoline prices and the latter in response to increased charges for men's haircuts and higher prices for pharmaceuticals and some toiletries. The tobacco and alcohol component edged up 0.2% because of higher prices for cigarettes and cigarette tobacco. Remaining indexes were virtually unchanged.

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#### Edmonton-Calgary

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.2%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 7.4%.

The food index advanced 4.4% in the month. Prices were higher for meat, poultry, dairy products, bakery and cereal products, eggs, fresh produce, processed fruit and restaurant meals. Housing moved up 0.3% in response to increased home ownership costs and higher prices for furniture, cleaning supplies and household effects insurance. Higher gasoline prices and increased Calgary taxi fares contributed to a 0.3% rise in transportation. The recreation, education and reading index rose 0.4% with increased admission charges to cinemas and sporting events. Higher prices for liquor and wine for home consumption contributed to a 0.2% rise in the tobacco and alcohol index. Remaining components were virtually unchanged.

#### Vancouver

All-items: July to August 1973, up 1.1%; August 1972 to August 1973, up 7.4%.

The food index increased 2.4% in August with higher prices for meat, fish and poultry, eggs, dairy products, processed fruit, frozen foods and restaurant meals. Fresh produce items were lower in price. Housing rose 0.3% mainly because of increased rents and home ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil, tableware and household effects insurance. Increased prices for women's dresses and slacks, men's shoes, outerwear and socks and many items of children's wear contributed to a 0.5% rise in the clothing index. An advance of 1.5% in the health and personal care component was due to increased men's haircut and women's hairdressing charges and higher prices for prescriptions, toilet soap, toothpaste and cleansing tissues. The recreation, education and reading index rose 0.6% with increased motion picture admission rates and higher charges for driving lessons. Transportation edged up 0.2% because of higher prices for gasoline and motor oil. The tobacco and alcohol index rose 0.3% due to increased prices for cigarettes and cigarette tobacco.

For further information, order the August issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact I.D.H. Penpraze (613-992-5805), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

(see table on page 5)

#### Estimates of Labour Income, July 1973 — Advance Information.

Total labour income, adjusted for seasonal variations, was estimated at \$5,294.8 million in July, an increase of 0.2% or \$11.0 million from the preceding month. Wages and salaries in the goods-producing industries declined by 0.2% while those in the service-producing industries advanced by 0.5%.

(continued on page 6)



## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in both tables measure *within each city* the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities. \*

	All items	Food	Housing	Clothing	Transportation	Health and personal care	Recreation, education & reading	Tobacco and alcohol
	(1961=100)							
<b>St. John's</b>								
August 1973 index	143.1	157.0	130.6	140.6	133.0	152.8	123.2	162.1
July 1973 index	140.5	153.0	128.9	140.2	127.8	152.2	122.3	162.1
% change from July 1973	1.9	2.6	1.3	0.3	4.1	0.4	0.7	-
% change from August 1972	8.2	16.9	5.2	3.2	5.1	1.3	5.4	2.3
<b>Halifax</b>								
August 1973 index	142.2	166.1	129.4	132.0	132.1	154.4	149.9	134.7
July 1973 index	140.7	162.0	128.3	135.2	129.6	154.9	149.4	134.7
% change from July 1973	1.1	2.5	0.9	-2.4	1.9	-0.3	0.3	-
% change from August 1972	7.3	15.8	4.3	4.3	5.0	2.1	5.7	2.0
<b>Saint John</b>								
August 1973 index	142.7	166.1	127.0	142.3	137.9	148.7	151.4	131.0
July 1973 index	140.5	161.8	125.8	142.1	133.5	147.9	150.8	130.6
% change from July 1973	1.6	2.7	1.0	0.1	3.3	0.5	0.4	0.3
% change from August 1972	7.8	15.9	4.4	5.0	4.8	5.3	4.9	3.0
<b>Montreal</b>								
August 1973 index	142.6	164.6	125.3	134.9	131.5	147.6	155.7	136.0
July 1973 index	140.8	160.3	124.2	135.1	135.1	147.4	157.4	136.0
% change from July 1973	1.3	2.7	0.9	-0.1	2.5	0.1	-1.1	-
% change from August 1972	7.5	17.3	3.6	3.7	4.2	2.4	3.7	3.0
<b>Ottawa</b>								
August 1973 index	148.9	165.5	135.7	145.0	144.8	160.8	153.6	145.0
July 1973 index	146.7	161.2	135.0	144.7	139.0	159.8	152.1	144.9
% change from July 1973	1.5	2.7	0.5	0.2	4.2	0.6	1.0	0.1
% change from August 1972	8.4	15.3	5.3	8.1	7.0	5.5	4.8	1.9
<b>Toronto</b>								
August 1973 index	146.2	164.7	132.1	143.1	143.8	161.3	143.5	143.1
July 1973 index	144.6	160.1	131.5	143.0	142.6	158.4	143.2	143.1
% change from July 1973	1.1	2.9	0.5	0.1	0.8	1.8	0.2	-
% change from August 1972	7.6	17.1	4.3	7.1	0.9	7.7	4.3	1.9
<b>Winnipeg</b>								
August 1973 index	143.8	164.5	125.6	146.5	138.4	168.8	146.3	138.0
July 1973 index	142.2	158.5	125.0	145.9	138.2	168.4	146.2	138.2
% change from July 1973	1.1	3.8	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	-0.1
% change from August 1972	7.3	17.6	4.0	5.9	1.0	6.1	5.0	1.8
<b>Saskatoon-Regina</b>								
August 1973 index	137.8	163.1	122.1	139.9	127.6	142.7	145.4	126.5
July 1973 index	136.5	158.8	121.7	139.7	127.1	142.1	145.3	126.2
% change from July 1973	1.0	2.7	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.2
% change from August 1972	6.7	14.5	4.3	5.3	2.2	3.0	4.6	2.8
<b>Edmonton-Calgary</b>								
August 1973 index	143.5	167.0	128.9	139.2	135.6	159.6	149.4	133.9
July 1973 index	141.8	159.9	128.5	139.0	135.2	159.4	148.8	133.6
% change from July 1973	1.2	4.4	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.2
% change from August 1972	7.4	16.8	3.0	4.6	3.4	3.8	6.0	6.8
<b>Vancouver</b>								
August 1973 index	142.8	169.7	127.3	141.7	137.0	152.3	131.8	125.6
July 1973 index	141.3	165.7	126.9	141.0	136.7	150.1	131.0	125.2
% change from July 1973	1.1	2.4	0.3	0.5	0.2	1.5	0.6	0.3
% change from August 1972	7.4	17.4	3.8	5.1	2.3	5.3	2.7	2.4
	(1969=100)							
<b>Quebec City</b>								
August 1973 index	116.8	128.9	111.5	108.3	120.7	111.5	113.2	108.3
July 1973 index	115.2	125.9	110.7	107.5	117.5	111.4	113.7	108.3
% change from July 1973	1.4	2.4	0.7	0.7	2.7	0.1	-0.4	-
% change from August 1972	8.4	17.2	3.8	7.1	7.2	3.0	3.9	2.6
<b>Thunder Bay</b>								
August 1973 index	117.6	123.6	111.9	106.5	116.9	119.5	115.7	107.8
July 1973 index	115.5	121.3	111.6	106.4	114.0	118.9	115.3	107.8
% change from July 1973	1.8	1.9	0.3	0.1	2.5	0.5	0.3	-
% change from August 1972	8.5	18.4	6.1	4.2	5.0	5.4	5.1	1.9

\* For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Table 13 of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002.404/\$4)



Unadjusted for seasonal variations, the July estimate of \$5,312.8 million represented an increase of 12.4% from the same month of 1972.

Further details will be published in the July issue of *Estimates of Labour Income* (72-005, 30¢/\$3) and additional information can be obtained on request to Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8067) Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

### Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income

Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

	MayP'73	JuneP'73	July <sup>f</sup> '73	July '72
Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation (\$ millions)				
Agriculture . . . . .	34.2	40.7	47.5	45.2
Forestry . . . . .	57.1	67.5	69.2	47.8
Mining . . . . .	116.5	122.3	121.6	103.2
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,272.3	1,317.7	1,278.4	1,126.6
Construction . . . . .	369.6	389.7	402.7	381.5
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	551.7	559.8	561.5	503.0
Trade . . . . .	693.9	710.8	704.1	616.0
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	268.5	270.1	271.0	244.2
Service . . . . .	1,195.6	1,214.5	1,099.0	999.8
Public Administration and Defence* . . . . .	430.4	442.7	443.7	387.1
Total Wages & Salaries** . . . . .	4,995.4	5,144.1	5,009.6	4,464.6
Supplementary Labour Income . . . . .	316.1	322.1	303.3	262.6
<b>Total Labour Income** . . . . .</b>	<b>5,311.5</b>	<b>5,466.2</b>	<b>5,312.8</b>	<b>4,727.2</b>
Adjusted for Seasonal Variation				
Agriculture . . . . .	34.4	34.4	34.5	32.7
Forestry . . . . .	62.5	61.3	59.9	41.0
Mining . . . . .	117.0	119.9	120.2	101.8
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,269.0	1,289.7	1,283.2	1,131.0
Construction . . . . .	360.4	358.6	361.8	341.9
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	550.6	545.2	543.4	486.4
Trade . . . . .	693.0	697.0	704.0	616.3
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate . . . . .	265.5	265.0	266.2	239.7
Service . . . . .	1,166.0	1,177.0	1,187.2	1,080.2
Public Administration and Defence* . . . . .	434.8	428.6	426.7	372.5
Total Wages & Salaries** . . . . .	4,957.8	4,982.0	4,992.1	4,448.4
Supplementary Labour Income . . . . .	300.9	301.8	302.7	262.4
<b>Total Labour Income** . . . . .</b>	<b>5,258.7</b>	<b>5,283.8</b>	<b>5,294.8</b>	<b>4,710.9</b>

(f) First estimates

(p) Preliminary figures

\* Excludes military pay and allowances

\*\* Includes fishing and trapping.

### Railway Freight Traffic, First Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.

Railways in Canada handled a total of 60.1 million tons of revenue freight during the first three months of 1973, an increase of 8.0 million tons or 15.3% over the 52.1 million tons carried in the corresponding 1972 quarter.

Gains were recorded in movements of each of the seven major commodity groups with increases ranging from 10.6% for live animals to 33.5% for non-carload shipments.

Rail freight loadings in Canada totalled 53.4 million tons, up 14.8% over the first quarter of 1972. In Prince Edward Island loadings rose sharply, a gain of 45.3%. British Columbia recorded 31.1% more rail loadings, New Brunswick 17.3%, Alberta 15.8%,

Quebec 15.4%, Nova Scotia 14.0%, Newfoundland 13.6%, Saskatchewan 13.1%, Ontario 8.6%, Manitoba 6.2% and the Yukon and Northwest Territories combined 0.3%.

For further information order the first quarter issue of *Freight Traffic* (52-002, 75¢/\$3), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

### Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, May 1973 — Advance Information.

Crude petroleum production for May amounted to 1.87 million B/D, up 23.0% from 1.5 million B/D in May 1972.

(continued)

Natural gas production for the same period averaged 8,796,926 Mcf/D, an increase of 8.4% from 8,115,980 Mcf/D in the previous year.

For further information, order the May issue of *Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production* (26-006, 20¢/\$2) or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), Vol. 8, No. 63, or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Refined Petroleum Products, July 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian refineries produced 55.77 million barrels of refined petroleum products in July, 12.5% more than a year earlier.

For further information, order the July issue of *Refined Petroleum Products* (45-004, 30¢/\$3), or *Energy Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), Vol. 8, No. 69, or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Farm Cash Receipts, January-July 1973 (21-001, 20¢/\$2).

Preliminary estimates indicate that during the January-July period of 1973 farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland totalled \$3,470.4 million compared to \$2,755.5 million in the same period of 1972.

The estimates include cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops, net cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada, and supplementary payments to dairy producers. No deduction was made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

#### Total Cash Receipts from Farming Operations

January-July

(\$ millions)

	1973	1972
Prince Edward Island	42.8	24.4
Nova Scotia . . . . .	46.7	37.6
New Brunswick . . .	57.0	33.7
Quebec . . . . .	482.2	427.4
Ontario . . . . .	1,026.6	832.0
Manitoba . . . . .	289.9	223.5
Saskatchewan . . . .	761.3	585.1
Alberta . . . . .	621.8	472.8
British Columbia . .	142.1	119.0
<b>Canada . . . . .</b>	<b>3,470.4</b>	<b>2,755.5</b>

#### Steel Ingots, Week ended September 22, 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended September 22, totalled 281,173 tons, an increase of 5.2% from the preceding week's total of 267,323 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 232,661 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 153.5 in the current week, 146.0 a week earlier and 127.0 one year ago.

#### Coal and Coke Statistics, July 1973 — Advance Information.

July coal production increased 32.9% to 1.56 million tons from 1.17 million tons a year earlier. Imports decreased to 1.52 million tons from 2.13 million tons. Industrial consumers used 1.29 million tons of coal (up 147,212 tons) and 477,199 tons of coke, (up 17,827 tons).

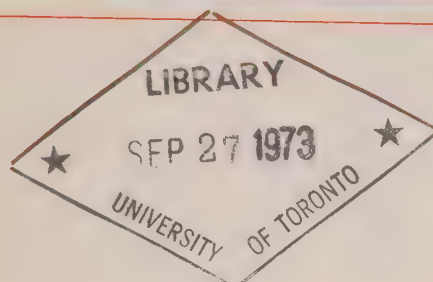
For further information, order the July issue of *Coal and Coke Statistics* (45-002, 30¢/\$3) or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.





# Statistics Canada

## daily



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### Publications Released

- Electric and Gas Meter Registrations, 1972 (57-201, 75¢)
- Miscellaneous Textile Industries, 1971 (34-210, 50¢)

**Oil Pipe Line Transport, May 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian oil pipe lines received 2.68 million barrels per day of crude oil, condensate, pentanes plus and refined petroleum products in May, 19.3% more than the 2.24 million B/D received a year earlier. Domestic oils increased 21.6% to 2.26 million B/D and imported oils 8.3% to 417,600 B/D.

For further information, order the May issue of *Oil Pipe Line Transport* (55-001, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 70, or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021) Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Garment Shipments, First Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.**

Total shipments of men's and boys' shirts (all materials) during the first quarter of 1973 amounted to 482,229 dozen compared to 504,780 dozen for the same period of 1972.

For further information, order the March 1973 issue of *Garment Shipments* (34-001, 25¢/\$1), or contact Larry Clarke (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Oils and Fats, June 1973 — Advance Information.**

	Manufacturers' Sales		Shortening*		Salad Oils	
	Margarine 1972	1973	1972 ('000 pounds)	1973	1972	1973
Retail sales (20 lbs. or less) . . . . .	13,586	15,939	2,045	2,172	4,032	4,515
Commercial sales (21-450 lbs.) . . . . .	442	2,066	13,174	13,677	1,801	1,595
Bulk sales to packagers or bottlers . . . . .	6,599	9,197	1,911	1,707	2,650	2,975
Bulk sales to other than packagers or bottlers . . . . .	—	—	12,348	13,229	3,243	4,289

\* Includes baking and frying oils and fats.

For further information, order the June issue of *Oils and Fats* (32-006, 20¢/\$2), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

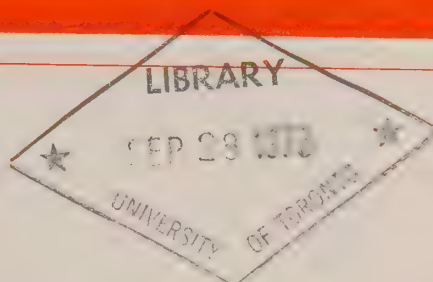
**Fluid Milk Sales, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Sales of standard, special and two per cent milk rose by 3% in July over July 1972, reaching 141,324 quarts. Sales of cereal, table, whipping and sour cream fell by 1% to 5,990,000 quarts.

For further information, order the July issue of *Fluid Milk Sales* (23-002, 10¢/\$1).

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### Publications Released

- Canadian Statistical Review, September 1973 (11-003, 50¢/\$5)
- Imports by Countries, January-June 1973 (65-006, \$1/\$4)
- Estimated Population of Canada by Province at June 1, 1973 (91-201, 25¢)
- Railway Operating Statistics, June 1973 (52-003, 20¢/\$2)
- New Motor Vehicle Sales, July 1973 (63-007, 20¢/\$2)
- Consumer Credit, July 1973 (61-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Preliminary Bulletin – 1972 Annual Census of Manufactures (32-222-p, \$3.50 for series), Cane and Beet Sugar Processors.
- Service Bulletin – Communications (56-001, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 9, Cable Television 1972.



### Foreign Direct Investment in Canada, 1970 — Advance Information.

This release contains estimates of the stock of direct investment capital employed in Canada up to the end of 1970 and represents an extension of the series published in *Canada's International Investment Position*, 1926 to 1967 (67-202), and supplementary information contained in the *Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments*, First Quarter 1972, and the *Statistics Canada Daily* for July 31, 1973. Direct investment is the largest single component of Canada's over-all liabilities to non-residents and covers long-term capital attributable to the country of control used in Canada by foreign-controlled enterprises.

### Geographical Distribution

Long-term foreign direct investment in Canada at the end of 1970 increased to \$26,485 million, up \$2,061 million over the previous year. In absolute terms, this represented a record annual increase and the rate of growth at 8.4% equalled that of the previous year.

At the end of 1970, direct investment of United States residents amounted to \$21,509 million for 81.2% of the direct investment total, a small relative decline from the previous year. Direct investment of United Kingdom residents rose \$79 million to \$2,505 million but its relative share declined to 9.5% of the total. Continuing the pattern of steady growth in recent years, direct investment from all other countries increased by one percentage point to 9.3% or \$2,471 million of the total in 1970 from \$2,039 million or 8.3% in 1969.

In this latter group, European countries continued to hold a predominant position, accounting for 81% of the total in 1970. Their relative share has, however, declined in recent years. Between 1967 and 1970 the share held by these countries in direct

investment attributable to the "all other countries" category fell by five percentage points. The European Economic Community's share fell 11 percentage points to 58%, while residents of the Republic of South Africa and Japan have emerged as significant direct investors in Canada.

The Netherlands continued in its position as the largest investor country after the U.S. and United Kingdom. France was in fourth place slightly behind the Netherlands.

### Industrial Distribution

There were only very marginal changes during 1970 in the allocation of direct investment among the various industries. Manufacturing, at 41% of the total, continued as the single most important industrial group for foreign direct investment, accounting for nearly two-fifths of the increase. Petroleum and natural gas accounted for the second largest portion of the increase, to maintain its position at around 25% of the total. Direct investment in the mining and smelting industry represented approximately one-eighth of the total by the end of 1970 while all other industrial groups comprised about one-fifth of total direct investment.

Nearly three-fourths of the rise in direct investment in manufacturing came from U.S. investors, the remainder being mainly investments by South Africa, Sweden, France, West Germany, other European countries and Japan. About three-quarters of the increase in direct investment in petroleum and natural gas and over two-thirds of the increase in mining and smelting was by U.S. investors. The U.S. figured prominently in increases in merchandising, financial and other enterprises.

Further information will be contained in *Canada's International Investment Position*, 1968-70 (67-202), or contact R. Purdue (613-996-2545), Balance of Payments Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.

Foreign Direct Investment in Canada, Year Ends 1967-70, Classification by Area of Ownership

	1967	1968	1969 <sup>r</sup>	1970
	(\$ millions)			
<b>Area</b>				
<b>North America (including Caribbean):</b>				
United States . . . . .	17,000	18,510	19,959	21,509
Bahamas . . . . .	57	65	68	84
Bermuda . . . . .	20	23	29	29
Mexico . . . . .	4	4	5	5
Netherlands Antilles . . . . .	5	6	6	7
Other . . . . .	1	2	1	1
Sub-totals . . . . .	17,087	18,610	20,068	21,635
<b>South and Central America:</b>				
Panama . . . . .	21	22	16	17
Venezuela . . . . .	4	3	3	3
Other . . . . .	1	2	4	5
Sub-totals . . . . .	26	27	23	25

(table continued on page 3)

Europe:				
United Kingdom	2,152	2,310	2,426	2,505
European Economic Community:				
Belgium and Luxembourg	237	228	232	261
France	260	328	394	434
Italy	76	53	61	68
Netherlands	337	344	410	448
West Germany	158	153	181	215
Sub-totals	1,068	1,106	1,278	1,426
Denmark	16	15	12	14
Norway	2	3	4	5
Sweden	40	54	68	126
Switzerland	197	230	296	328
Austria	1	1	1	3
Ireland	10	6	6	6
Other	32	36	36	84
Sub-totals	3,485	3,757	4,127	4,497
Africa	46	48	98	180
Asia:				
Japan	34	62	70	103
Hong Kong	13	15	18	20
Other	5	5	5	6
Sub-totals	47	82	93	129
Australasia:				
Australia	3	4	6	12
Other	5	6	9	7
Sub-totals	8	10	15	19
Totals	20,699	22,534	24,424	26,485
Developed Countries-totals	20,571	22,379	24,266	26,307
Developing Countries-totals	127	153	157	177
Centrally Planned Economies-totals	1	2	1	1

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## Foreign Direct Investment(\*) in Canada, Year Ends, 1968-70, Classification by Industry Group

	1968	1969 <sup>r</sup>	1970	1968	1969 <sup>r</sup>	1970
	(\$ millions)					
Industry Group	Owned in United States			Owned in United Kingdom		
Manufacturing:						
Vegetable products	781	868	917	157	130	132
Animal products	214	230	233	11	13	7
Textiles	133	149	157	47	49	55
Wood and paper products	1,435	1,500	1,658	173	176	170
Iron and products	2,469	2,881	3,025	200	153	146
Non-ferrous metals	1,338	1,398	1,503	44	48	52
Non-metallic minerals	225	250	247	32	48	45
Chemicals and allied products	1,203	1,227	1,285	206	225	232
Miscellaneous manufacturers	177	197	228	4	4	3
Sub-totals	7,975	8,700	9,253	874	846	842
Petroleum and natural gas	4,615	4,968	5,321	471	470	536
Mining and smelting	2,669	2,754	2,884	136	154	154
Utilities	359	347	367	56	56	52
Merchandising	964	1,105	1,293	317	338	297
Financial	1,479	1,523	1,744	386	487	545
Other enterprises	449	562	647	70	75	79
Totals	18,510	19,959	21,509	2,310	2,426	2,505
	Owned in All Other Countries			Owned by All Non-residents		
Manufacturing:						
Vegetable products	20	41	91	958	1,039	1,140
Animal products	7	19	20	232	262	260
Textiles	3	7	10	183	205	222
Wood and paper products	86	132	231	1,694	1,808	2,059
Iron and products	46	57	77	2,715	3,091	3,248
Non-ferrous metals	45	46	56	1,427	1,492	1,611
Non-metallic minerals	93	113	129	350	411	421
Chemical and allied products	53	78	163	1,462	1,530	1,620
Miscellaneous manufactures	2	3	3	183	204	234
Sub-totals	355	496	720	9,204	10,042	10,815

(table continued on page 4)

Petroleum and natural gas . . . . .	557	665	736	5,643	6,103	6,593
Mining and smelting . . . . .	126	169	228	2,931	3,077	3,266
Utilities . . . . .	8	9	25	423	412	444
Merchandising . . . . .	127	117	139	1,408	1,560	1,729
Financial . . . . .	495	525	551	2,360	2,535	2,840
Other enterprises . . . . .	46	58	72	565	695	798
<b>Totals . . . . .</b>	<b>1,714</b>	<b>2,039</b>	<b>2,471</b>	<b>22,534</b>	<b>24,424</b>	<b>26,485</b>

(\*) Direct investment covers investment in branches, subsidiaries and controlled companies.

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### Building Permits, July 1973 — Advance Information,

July 1973	Value of residential and non-residential construction					Total
	Total number of dwelling units	Residen- tial	Indus- trial	Commer- cial (\$'000)	Institu- tional and govern- mental	
Newfoundland . . . . .	66	1,184	—	344	2,629	4,157
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	20	349	—	1,437	—	1,786
Nova Scotia . . . . .	577	9,433	577	2,930	688	13,628
New Brunswick . . . . .	555	7,971	1,185	3,177	666	12,999
Quebec . . . . .	3,214	50,359	45,765	36,882	26,424	159,430
Ontario . . . . .	16,059	194,539	40,086	62,864	16,539	314,028
Manitoba . . . . .	1,302	15,794	2,076	2,546	2,179	22,595
Saskatchewan . . . . .	375	7,065	412	9,466	577	17,520
Alberta . . . . .	1,953	35,626	11,797	23,686	4,646	75,755
British Columbia . . . . .	3,143	61,083	4,959	23,599	6,292	95,933
Yukon . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northwest Territories . . . . .	85	2,759	400	736	—	3,895
<b>Canada — Unadjusted . . . . .</b>	<b>21,349</b>	<b>386,162</b>	<b>107,257</b>	<b>167,667</b>	<b>60,640</b>	<b>721,726</b>
<b>Canada — Adjusted . . . . .</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>364,550</b>	<b>62,852</b>	<b>150,427</b>	<b>43,653</b>	<b>621,482</b>
<b>Metropolitan Areas . . . . .</b>	<b>13,980</b>	<b>248,587</b>	<b>73,323</b>	<b>120,283</b>	<b>39,070</b>	<b>481,263</b>
Calgary . . . . .	486	8,270	712	4,821	2,033	15,836
Chicoutimi-Jonquière . . . . .	114	1,642	144	117	40	1,943
Edmonton . . . . .	735	14,531	3,056	14,070	1,946	33,603
Halifax . . . . .	369	6,053	10	2,106	81	8,250
Hamilton . . . . .	423	10,128	2,110	512	—	12,750
Hull . . . . .	314	6,990	22	252	11,720	18,984
Kitchener . . . . .	587	9,015	1,431	1,277	45	11,768
London . . . . .	113	2,919	1,773	2,445	297	7,434
Montreal . . . . .	1,832	25,000	35,509	14,003	8,393	82,905
Ottawa . . . . .	788	14,921	602	6,979	1,407	23,909
Québec . . . . .	145	3,263	3,882	15,451	168	22,764
Regina . . . . .	89	1,942	81	989	102	3,114
St. Catharines-Niagara . . . . .	349	7,030	232	5,277	634	13,173
Saint-Jean . . . . .	38	750	308	667	510	2,235
St. John's . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—
Saskatoon . . . . .	119	2,046	83	3,257	279	5,665
Sudbury . . . . .	47	1,520	344	1,567	—	3,431
Thunder Bay . . . . .	92	2,584	997	773	84	4,438
Toronto . . . . .	4,119	75,100	17,532	28,651	4,802	126,085
Vancouver . . . . .	1,450	29,028	2,074	9,754	3,759	44,615
Victoria . . . . .	491	9,537	377	3,365	134	13,413
Windsor . . . . .	142	3,504	530	1,788	750	6,572
Winnipeg . . . . .	1,138	12,814	1,514	2,162	1,886	18,376

Preliminary figures.

For further information order *Building Permits, July 1973* (64-001, 30¢/\$3).



## Prices and Price Indexes, September 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Sept. 20/73 This week	Sept. 13/73 Week ago	Aug. 23/73 Month ago
		1961=100		
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>188.8</b>	<b>187.0</b>	<b>185.7</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>205.1</b>	<b>203.6</b>	<b>201.5</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	140.1	136.6	136.4
Foods . . . . .	10	138.1	145.2	147.7
Beverages . . . . .	7	261.2	256.9	257.1
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	151.0	149.3	149.9
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	154.5	149.5	139.6
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	368.9	364.9	363.1
Primary metals . . . . .	8	129.0	122.9	125.6
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	215.4	212.2	216.6
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	176.4	170.6	182.4
Petroleum . . . . .	7	336.8	348.9	337.4
Chemicals . . . . .	4	113.2	109.0	109.2
Construction . . . . .	4	153.4	149.9	153.8
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	153.0	149.5	149.4
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>137.5</b>	<b>135.9</b>	<b>136.6</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	134.0	134.9	137.5
Transportation . . . . .	4	322.2	316.6	322.5
Telephone . . . . .	3	81.7	81.6	83.5
Electric power . . . . .	3	115.2	109.8	104.1
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	144.7	145.5	144.7
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>181.7</b>	<b>178.3</b>	<b>178.5</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	215.3	212.0	212.2
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	129.0	125.2	125.2
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>130.5</b>	<b>129.6</b>	<b>133.0</b>
Golds . . . . .	6	155.5	156.0	164.1
Base metals . . . . .	16	118.0	116.3	117.1
Uraniums . . . . .	4	237.1	240.3	244.3
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	446.5	464.5	455.9

For further information, order the September issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



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### Ontario Educators

A table has been compiled showing citizenship, country of first degree and country of highest degree for new full-time staff appointments for universities and colleges in Ontario for the 1971-72 academic year. It is available on request to Dr. W. Dube (613-994-5398), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z5.

### Publications Released

- The Labour Force, August 1973 (71-001, 40¢/\$4)
  - Retail Trade, July 1973 (63-005, 30¢/\$3)
  - Training Schools, 1972 (85-208, 75¢)
  - Canadian Forestry Statistics, 1971 (25-202, 50¢)
  - Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, July 1973 (33-003, 20¢/\$2)
  - Stoves and Furnaces, July 1973 (41-005, 20¢/\$2)
  - Selected Meat and Meat Preparations, July 1973 (32-020, 10¢/\$1)
  - Poultry Processors, 1971 (32-227, 50¢)
  - Distilleries, 1971 (32-206, 50¢)
  - Salt Mines, 1972 (26-214, 50¢)
  - Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals, 1971 (46-219, 50¢)
  - Miscellaneous Chemical Industries, 1971 (46-216, 50¢)
- (continued)





**Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, April 1973 (31-001, 40¢/\$4)**

**Service Bulletins – Electrical Products (43-007, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 18, Domestic Water Tank Heaters, July 1973;**

**Construction Price Statistics (62-006, \$3 a year), Vol. 2, Nos. 9 and 10, Basic Union Wage Rate Indexes and Indexes Including Selected Pay Supplements for Major Construction Trades and Specified Cities, 1962 to 1972;**

**Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 61, Fuel Used by Utilities to Generate Electricity 1972.**

### **Railway Carloadings, August 1973 – Advance Information.**

A total of 14.2 million tons of revenue freight was loaded onto 214,596 railway cars in Canada during August, 1973. In comparison with the corresponding 1972 month this represented declines of 6.8% and 24.0%, respectively, and reflected the impact of railway labour difficulties and the nation-wide strike which began August 23. Traffic interlined between Canadian carriers and non-carload freight are excluded from the totals.

Receipts from United States rail connections, in terms of carloads, were down 20.8% to 38,159 and related tonnage at 1.5 million was 20.1% lower.

With one notable exception (iron ore) all of the principal commodities moved by rail were loaded in lesser quantities in the period under review. Grains, alumina and piggyback tonnages all fell by more than 60.0% with gypsum, copper-nickel ores, iron and steel, pulpwood and other forest products also showing significant declines. Iron ore, due to reduced shipments resulting from a strike at mines in Quebec and Labrador during the summer of 1972, rose by more than 300% during August 1973.

For further information order the August 1973 issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2) or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

### **Weekly Railway Carloadings, September 14, 1973 – Advance Information.**

Railways in Canada loaded 83,556 cars and 5.1 million tons of revenue freight during the second week of September, increases of 4.7% and 13.0%, respectively, over the comparable week a year earlier.

Western loadings were down 24.9% to 1.7 million tons from the corresponding 1972 period. This suggests that railway operations were perhaps not fully recovered from the effects of labour difficulties which resulted in the nation-wide strike of August 23-September 2. Although loadings east of the Lakehead were up 49.9% to 3.4 million tons it is evident that much of this increase was due to the reduction in 1972 loadings resulting from iron mine strikes in Quebec and Labrador.

Year to date rail carloadings compared to 1972 rose 6.9% to 2.8 million and 14.4% in terms of tons to just over 162.0 million. Eastern movements accounted for 91.5 million tons, an increase of 25.4%, while western shipments totalled 70.5 million tons, 2.6% above those for the same period of 1972.

For further information contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

(see table on page 3)

### **Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, July 1973 – Advance Information.**

Canadian mills shipped 180.6 million square feet (3/8" basis) of softwood plywood in July, up from 94.8 million in July 1972.

Shipments of hardwood plywood amounted to 26.3 million square feet surface measure, an increase of 78% over the same month in 1972.

For further information, order the July issue of *Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods* (35-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### **Cigars, August 1973 – Advance Information.**

Production of Cigars for August amounted to 41.4 million compared to 37.5 million for the same month in 1972.

For further information, order the August issue of *Service Bulletin Tobacco and Tobacco Products* (32-002, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 11, or contact Mr. W. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

7-day period ending September 14	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973	3,407,106	1,657,220	5,064,326
Tons, 1972	2,272,173	2,207,862	4,480,035
% change	49.9	-24.9	13.0
Cars, 1973	55,505	28,051	83,556
Cars, 1972	42,437	37,355	79,792
% change	30.8	-24.9	4.7
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973	140,378	39,762	180,140
Tons, 1972	122,810	46,631	169,441
% change	14.3	-14.7	6.3
Cars, 1973	5,415	1,884	7,299
Cars, 1972	5,161	2,227	7,388
% change	4.9	-15.4	-1.2
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973	91,527,233	70,527,678	162,054,911**
Tons, 1972	72,989,915	68,716,795	141,706,710
% change	25.4	2.6	14.4
Cars, 1973	1,605,686	1,150,267	2,755,953**
Cars, 1972	1,403,502	1,175,610	2,579,112
% change	14.4	-2.2	6.9
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973	4,003,196	1,562,844	5,566,040
Tons, 1972	3,348,708	1,527,939	4,876,647
% change	19.5	2.3	14.1
Cars, 1973	166,084	77,596	243,680
Cars, 1972	148,203	73,737	221,940
% change	12.1	5.2	9.8

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect of prior periods.

## Oils and Fats, July 1973 — Advance Information.

	Manufacturers' Sales					
	Margarine		Shortening*		Salad Oils	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	('000 pounds)					
Retail sales (20 lbs. or less)	14,119	13,769	2,171	1,897	4,035	3,668
Commercial sales (21-450 lbs.)	508	1,579	11,529	14,976	2,699	1,593
Bulk sales to packagers or bottlers	6,035	6,276	2,459	3,228	2,189	2,430
Bulk sales to other than packagers or bottlers	—	—	11,746	12,183	3,201	2,594

\* Includes baking and frying oils and fats.

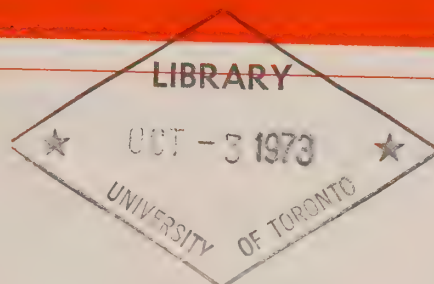
For further information, order the July issue of *Oils and Fats* (32-006, 20¢/\$2), or contact T.P. Sterling, (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.





# Statistics Canada

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### Publications Released

- Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, July 1973 (73-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Summary of Exports, July 1973 (65-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Private Kindergarten and Nursery Schools in Canada, 1972-73 (81-221, 25¢)
- Dairy Factory Production, August 1973 (32-002, \$1 a year)
- Soaps and Synthetic Detergents, July 1973 (46-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Radio and Television Receiving Sets, July 1973 (43-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Sales of Paints, Varnishes and Lacquers, July 1973 (46-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Pack, Shipments and Stocks of Selected Canned Fruits and Vegetables, July 1973 (32-011, 20¢/\$2)
- Glass and Glass Products Manufacturers, 1971 (44-207, 50¢)
- Service Bulletins — Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 65, Crude Oil Requirements, 1972-1973;
- Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile (47-001, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 6, Floor Tiles, August 1973.

### Price and Price Indexes, August 1973 — Advance Information.

#### Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing

The industry selling price index (1961=100) for manufacturing rose 3.0% in August to 147.1 from 142.8 in July. It was 15.1% higher than the August 1972 index of 127.8. Of the 101 industry indexes included in the total, 72 were higher, 6 declined and 23 were unchanged.

#### July to August Changes in Industry Indexes

	August/July Number of Industries			Major Group Indexes		
	In- creases	De- creases	Un- changed	Aug. 1973	July 1973	Aug. 1972
<b>All industries</b> . . . . .	<b>72</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>147.1</b>	<b>142.8</b>	<b>127.8</b>
Foods and beverages industries . . . . .	19	—	4	180.0	165.4	138.3
Tobacco and tobacco products industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Rubber products industries . . . . .	1	—	1	110.2	110.1	110.8
Leather industries . . . . .	2	—	1	168.3	164.3	147.1
Textile industries . . . . .	4	1	4	121.0	119.6	107.4
Knitting mills industries . . . . .	2	—	—	109.0	108.1	100.1
Clothing industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Wood industries . . . . .	5	1	—	212.2	209.2	176.0
Furniture and fixture industries . . . . .	2	—	1	141.7	141.3	131.9
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	4	—	2	134.3	131.6	119.9
Primary metal industries . . . . .	6	—	1	158.9	157.2	133.0
Metal fabricating industries . . . . .	3	1	—	*	*	*
Machinery industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	2	—	1	*	*	*
Electrical products industries . . . . .	5	—	2	*	*	*
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	7	1	1	141.6	141.0	134.3
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	1	—	1	136.6	130.6	115.6
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	6	1	—	110.2	109.4	104.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	—	1	4	*	*	*

\* Indexes not available at this level of aggregation.

#### General Wholesale Index

The general wholesale (1935-39=100) price index rose 6.9% in August to 400.5 from 374.7 in July. It was 28.9% higher than the August 1972 index of 310.8. All eight major group indexes were up.

The vegetable products group index rose 16.4% in August to 407.6 from 350.2 in July on higher prices for grains (48%), milled cereal foods (29%) and livestock and poultry feeds (7%). (Grain prices published by the Canadian Grain Commission indicated that the increase in wheat prices from August to September was moderate, while feed grain prices showed significant price declines.) An advance of 13.5% to 518.2 from 456.6 in the animal products group index reflected price increases for fresh meats (23%), cured meats (29%), livestock (17%), hides and

The more notable changes were increases in the foods and beverages group, particularly in the slaughtering and meat packing industries, up 22.6%, and flour mills, up 26.4%. (Published Agriculture Canada data indicated that there was a significant decline in meat prices in September from their August highs). Increases also occurred in petroleum and coal products, reflecting higher prices in the petroleum refining industry. Price increases in the pulp and paper mills industry were mainly responsible for advances in the paper and allied products group. Declines for the period were relatively insignificant.

skins (13%), fishery products (13%), and eggs (13%). (Published Agriculture Canada data indicated that there were significant declines in livestock and meat prices in September from their August highs.) Higher prices for zinc, solder and copper were chiefly responsible for a rise of 2.2% to 332.7 from 325.5 in the non-ferrous metals products group index. An advance of 1.6% to 336.0 from 330.7 in the textile products group index reflected price increases for cotton yarns and raw cotton. The non-metallic minerals group index moved up 1.5% to 255.2 from 251.5 on higher prices for components such as petroleum products. An increase of 1.4% to 505.9 from 499.1 occurred in the wood products group index on price increases for woodpulp and newsprint.

The general wholesale index, which advanced 28.9% from August 1972, contains relatively few

(continued)

final product price indexes for commodities, such as consumer durable goods, whose prices have changed little during the year. The industry selling price index

for manufacturing, which advanced 15.1% during the same period, does include such products.

For further information order *Prices and Price Indexes*, August 1973 (62-002, 40¢/\$4).

**Wholesale Price Index**  
(1935-1939=100)

	Aug.* 1973	July* 1973	Aug.* 1972	July 1972	Change	
					Aug./73 July/73	Aug./73 Aug./72
						(%)
<b>General Wholesale Index</b> . . . . .	<b>400.5</b>	<b>374.7<sup>r</sup></b>	<b>310.8</b>	<b>307.9</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>28.9</b>
Vegetable products . . . . .	407.6	350.2 <sup>r</sup>	246.8	241.3	16.4	65.2
Animal products . . . . .	518.2	456.6 <sup>r</sup>	377.7	377.5	13.5	37.2
Textile products . . . . .	336.0	330.7 <sup>r</sup>	281.4	278.6	1.6	19.4
Wood products . . . . .	505.9	499.1 <sup>r</sup>	438.1	429.4	1.4	15.5
Iron products . . . . .	358.0	357.2 <sup>r</sup>	323.2	323.3	0.2	10.8
Non-ferrous metals . . . . .	332.7	325.5 <sup>r</sup>	259.2	258.5	2.2	28.4
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	255.2	251.5 <sup>r</sup>	234.6	234.6	1.5	8.8
Chemicals products . . . . .	264.1	262.1 <sup>r</sup>	245.1	246.7	0.8	7.8
Iron and non-ferrous metals (excluding gold) . . . . .	412.2	405.6 <sup>r</sup>	347.6	347.3	1.6	18.6
Raw and partly manufactured goods . . . . .	408.4	365.4 <sup>r</sup>	272.1	268.6	11.8	50.1
Fully and chiefly manufactured goods . . . . .	396.1	379.9 <sup>r</sup>	332.6	330.4	4.3	19.1

\* These indexes are preliminary.

**Price and Price Indexes (Building Construction Input Price Indexes), August 1973 – Advance Information.**

**Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes**  
(1971=100)

	August 1973	July 1973	August 1972	Change	
				Aug. 73 July/73	Aug. 73 Aug./72
					(%)
<b>Canada, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>123.9</b>	<b>126.6</b>	<b>111.5</b>	<b>-2.1</b>	<b>11.1</b>
Materials . . . . .	124.8	123.4	111.2	1.1	12.2
Labour . . . . .	122.2	121.1	112.2	0.9	8.9
<b>Atlantic Provinces, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>128.8</b>	<b>126.1</b>	<b>113.1</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>13.9</b>
Materials . . . . .	127.2	125.4	111.5	1.4	14.1
Labour . . . . .	131.5	127.1	116.0	3.5	13.4
<b>Quebec, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>125.5</b>	<b>124.3</b>	<b>111.8</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>12.3</b>
Materials . . . . .	128.5	126.6	113.8	1.5	12.9
Labour . . . . .	119.9	119.9	108.0	—	11.0
<b>Ontario, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>123.6</b>	<b>122.1</b>	<b>111.9</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>10.5</b>
Materials . . . . .	124.2	122.7	110.6	1.2	12.3
Labour . . . . .	122.6	121.1	114.1	1.2	7.4
<b>Prairie Provinces, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>122.6</b>	<b>121.9</b>	<b>110.7</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>10.7</b>
Materials . . . . .	121.9	121.5	109.7	0.3	11.1
Labour . . . . .	123.9	122.7	112.6	1.0	10.0
<b>British Columbia, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>121.2</b>	<b>120.3</b>	<b>110.0</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>10.2</b>
Materials . . . . .	123.3	121.8	110.6	1.2	11.5
Labour . . . . .	117.5	117.5	109.0	—	7.8
<b>General Contractors, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>131.9</b>	<b>130.5</b>	<b>115.5</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>14.2</b>
Materials . . . . .	133.2	131.9	116.0	1.0	14.8
Labour . . . . .	123.8	122.3	112.4	1.2	10.1
<b>Sub-trade Contractors, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>118.1</b>	<b>116.8</b>	<b>108.7</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>8.6</b>
Materials . . . . .	114.2	112.7	105.1	1.3	8.7
Labour . . . . .	121.9	120.8	112.1	0.9	8.7

(continued on next page)



**Non-Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes — August 1973**  
(1961=100)

<b>Total Index</b> . . . . .	<b>197.6</b>	<b>196.9</b>	<b>185.1</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>6.8</b>
<b>Materials</b> . . . . .	<b>158.2</b>	<b>157.0</b>	<b>143.1</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>10.6</b>
Steel and Metal Work . . . . .	153.5	151.8	139.3	1.1	10.2
Plumbing, Heating and Other Equipment . . . . .	155.4	154.2	146.0	0.8	6.4
Electrical Equipment . . . . .	116.1	115.9	107.7	0.2	7.8
Concrete Products . . . . .	150.2	150.1	140.1	0.1	7.2
Lumber and Lumber Products . . . . .	252.0	249.9	198.2	0.8	27.1
Other . . . . .	147.0	145.6	137.2	1.0	7.1
<b>Labour</b> . . . . .	<b>245.9</b>	<b>245.9</b>	<b>236.7</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3.9</b>

For further information, order the August issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. P. Du Brûle (613-996-2565), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

**Births and Deaths, 1972 — Advance Information.**

A total of 347,319 Canadian births were registered in 1972, the lowest figure since 1946 and nearly 15,000 below the corresponding 1971 total of 362,187. The crude birth rate (per 1,000 population) declined to 15.9 in 1972 from 16.8 in 1971. The rate was the lowest recorded since establishment of the national system of vital statistics in 1921.

All provinces except Newfoundland showed a smaller number of registered births in 1972 than during the previous year.

The number of registered deaths rose by over 5,000 to 162,413 in 1972 from 157,272 in 1971. The rate per 1,000 population advanced to 7.4 from 7.3 in the same comparison. The male rate per 1,000 population rose to 8.7 in 1972 from 8.5 in 1971 while the corresponding female rate edged up to 6.2 from 6.1. The number of recorded deaths in 1972 showed an increase in all 10 provinces compared to the previous year.

For further information, order *Vital Statistics, Births* (84-204) and *Vital Statistics, Deaths* (84-206), or contact Mr. J. Silins (613-994-5523), Health and Welfare Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

**The Dairy Review, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

The preliminary estimate of milk produced in August is 1,594 million pounds, 7.2% below production in the same month last year. This makes the total estimate of production during the first eight months of the year 11,561 million pounds, 5.8% below production in the January-August period a year ago.

For further information, order the August issue of *The Dairy Review* (23-001, 20¢/\$2).

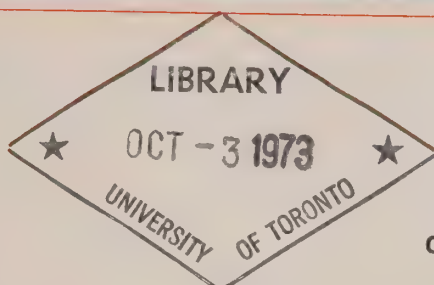
**Production of Eggs and Poultry, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian egg production declined by 0.7% to 37.8 million dozen in August 1973 from 38.1 million a year earlier. The average number of layers was down 0.3% to 24.7 million from 24.8 million while the number of eggs per 100 layers decreased 0.4% to 1,836 from 1,844. Farm price of eggs sold-for market was up 57.4% to 57.3¢ per dozen compared with 36.4¢ per dozen.

For further information, order the August issue of *Production of Eggs and Poultry* (23-003, 10¢/\$1).

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### Publications Released

- Consolidated Government Finance, 1970 (68-202, 75¢)
- Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, September 1, 1973 (32-010, 20¢/\$2)
- Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, 1972 (63-203, 50¢)
- Men's Clothing Industries, 1971 (34-216, 50¢)
- Fisheries Statistics, Nova Scotia, 1972 (24-205, 50¢)
- Fisheries Statistics, New Brunswick, 1972 (24-204, 50¢)
- Service Bulletin — Road Transport (53-006, \$2 a year), Vol. 3, No. 10, Quarterly Refrigerated Storage Report, Second Quarter 1973.

### Exploration, Development and Capital and Repair Expenditures by Mining and Exploration Companies, 1972 — Advance Information.

Preliminary final results available for the 1972 annual survey of exploration, development, capital and repair expenditures by mining and exploration companies show the most notable strength was in capital expenditures for machinery and equipment, where the high level of 1971 was extended into 1972. Other categories of expenditures in the survey were generally lower. Capital expenditures for buildings and other structures were down 45% to \$227 million from \$410 million. On-property exploration and development decreased 18% to \$176 million from \$216 million. Outside or general exploration also dropped with the new 1972 total of \$71 million 22% lower than the \$91 million in 1971.

Regionally, some strength was reflected for Quebec in the on-property development and in expenditures for structures and machinery. Higher levels of machinery acquisition also were shown for the Atlantic Region, Manitoba and Saskatchewan. However, results for Ontario and British Columbia indicated large offsetting decreases in on-property work, other capital expenditures and in outside exploration.

The expenditure pattern by industry reflected the regional decreases in both the metal and non-metal mining groups. The exploration companies also showed a generally less active year in 1972, particularly in the outside or general exploration work carried out.

The 1973 outlook for mining (excluding outside exploration) published in August, 1973, in *Private and Public Investment in Canada, Outlook, Mid-Year Review* (61-206), shows the 1973 expectations for capital expenditures to be at a level again lower than in 1972 for expenditures for on-property work, structures and for machinery and equipment. The 1973 total at \$709 million would be 11% below the \$798 million estimated for 1972.

Further information will be published in *Private and Public Investment in Canada, Outlook 1974* (61-205, 50¢), or can be obtained from Mr. J. Cain (613-994-9546), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z6.

(see tables on next page)

### Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Crude petroleum production for the month of June amounted to 1.86 million B/D, up 18.3% from 1.58 million B/D in June 1972.

Natural gas production for the same period averaged 8,636,637 Mcf./D, an increase of 7.0% from 8,068,206 Mcf./D. in the previous year.

For further information, order the June issue of *Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production* (26-006, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 72, or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021) Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, July 1973 — Advance Information.

Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies decreased in July to 312.3 million feet board measure from 319.7 million feet board measure in July 1972.

Stocks on hand at end of July totalled 431.4 million feet board measure.

For further information, order the July 1973 issue of *Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies* (35-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Livestock Report, Pigs, September 1, 1973 — Advance Information.

Total pig numbers for Canada, excluding Newfoundland, at September 1 are estimated at 7,078,000, down 2% from 7,254,000 at September 1, 1972. In the West numbers decreased by 2% and in the East numbers decreased 3%. Farrowings from June 1 to September 1, 1973, were 332,800, unchanged from the 1972 estimate for the same period. Farmers' reports indicate that the number of sows expected to farrow from September 1 to December 1, 1973, is 363,200, a decrease of 2% from the corresponding period in 1972.

For further information, order the September issue of *Report on Livestock Surveys: Pigs* (23-005, 25¢/\$1) or contact Mr. P.L. Beerstecher (613-994-9964), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

### Steel Ingots, Week ended September 29, 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended September 29 totalled 283,111 tons, an increase of 0.7% from the preceding week's total of 281,173 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 217,709 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 154.5 in the current week, 153.5 a week earlier and 118.8 one year ago.



## Exploration, Development and Capital and Repair Expenditures by Mining and Exploration Companies\*, 1972 Preliminary Final

	Capital Construction			Capital Machinery and Equipment		Repair Construction (\$ millions)		Repair Machinery and Equipment		Total Capital and Repair		Outside or General Exploration		Land and Mining Rights	
	On-property Exploration	On-property Development	Structures	Equipment	Repair Construction	Equipment	Equipment	Repair	Equipment	Repair	Repair	General Exploration	Mining Rights		
Atlantic Provinces**	1.7	10.2	11.2	71.6	6.3	48.1	149.1	2.7	-						
Quebec	2.5	30.5	121.8	159.7	5.9	75.4	395.8	8.5	1.8						
Ontario	5.7	56.1	23.9	79.6	8.1	123.1	296.5	15.3	1.7						
Manitoba	***	***	***	15.6	2.4	13.2	62.3	3.7	-						
Saskatchewan	***	***	***	11.8	2.1	21.6	44.6	5.4	***						
Alberta	***	***	***	5.2	0.3	5.5	18.2	1.8	***						
British Columbia	2.1	25.5	44.3	48.0	6.4	60.0	186.3	27.0	***						
Yukon and Northwest Territories	2.2	15.0	2.9	2.9	0.9	13.9	37.8	6.7	***						
Canada	16.6	159.4	227.0	394.4	32.4	360.8	1,190.6	71.1	12.6						

\* These figures do not include outlays in the petroleum and natural gas industry. See *Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Industry* (26-213). Smelting and refining are included in the manufacturing industry. See *Private and Public Investment* (61-205).

\*\* The provinces have been grouped because of the confidentiality clause of the Statistics Act.

\*\*\* The breakdown of capital construction for the Prairie provinces is not available because of the need to retain confidentiality but is included in the Canada totals. \*\*\*\* The data pertaining to the purchase of land and mining rights for the Western provinces is combined for confidentiality but is included in the Canada totals.

	By Type of Mining*									
	Capital Construction*****			Capital Machinery and Equipment		Repair Construction (\$ millions)	Repair Machinery and Equipment	Total Capital and Repair	Outside or General Exploration	Land and Mining Rights
	On-property Exploration	On-property Development	Structures	Equipment	Repair Construction (\$ millions)	Equipment	Repair	Repair	Exploration	Rights
Metals: Total	13.7	125.2	202.5	312.7	26.3	242.4	922.8	17.5	1.2	
Gold	0.6	8.4	0.3	1.6	0.4	4.8	16.1	1.0	-	
Copper-Gold Silver	4.0	45.9	71.4	105.5	7.6	51.6	286.0	7.2	0.5	
Silver-Lead-Zinc	3.3	12.7	2.9	7.0	1.7	16.3	43.9	1.3	0.4	
Iron Mines	***	**	**	**	9.0	82.8	***	0.7	-	
Other Metals***	**	**	**	**	7.6	86.9	**	7.3	0.3	
Non-Metals: Total	2.2	33.1	24.3	81.2	6.0	118.3	265.1	1.0	8.9	
Asbestos	0.3	19.4	9.7	27.9	2.6	32.8	92.7	0.2	**	
Miscellaneous Mining*****	1.9	13.7	14.6	53.3	3.4	85.5	172.4	0.8	**	
Metal and Non-Metal Exploration Co's	0.7	1.1	0.2	0.6	-	0.2	2.8	52.7	2.4	
Total Mining	16.6	159.4	227.0	394.5	32.3	360.9	1,190.7	71.2	12.5	

\* These figures do not include outlays in the petroleum and natural gas industry. Smelting and refining are included in the manufacturing industry.

\*\* Some data not available due to confidentiality. Figures are included in totals.

\*\*\* Other metals include nickel-copper mines, silver-cobalt mines, uranium mines and all other metal mines.

\*\*\*\* Miscellaneous Mining includes coal mines, gypsum mines, potash mines, quarrying, sand and gravel and other non-metal mines as per S.I.C. Classification 0799.

\*\*\*\*\* Capital construction for mining includes outlays for on-property exploration and development but excludes outlays for outside or general exploration.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



Tuesday, October 2, 1973

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**Other Publications Released**

- Population, Religious Denominations, 1971 Census of Canada (92-724, \$1.50)
- Shipments of Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds, July 1973 (32-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, August 1973 (32-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins — Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 62, Sales of Natural Gas, July 1973; Vol. 8, No. 68, Coal and Coke Statistics, July 1973;
- Selected Dairy By-Products (32-024, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 15, Production and Inventory of Instant Dry Skim Milk Powder, August 1973.



### Employment Earnings and Hours, July 1973 — Advance Information.

The first estimate of the July seasonally-adjusted industrial composite index of employment (1961=100) for Canada showed a drop of 0.8% from the previous month's level. Reduced employment was recorded in all industry divisions and in all regions.

*Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence. All statistics are based on returns received from employers having 20 or more employees in any month of the year.*

Average weekly earnings, seasonally-adjusted, rose 0.4% at the Canada composite level in July. Increases in transportation, communication and other utilities, trade and service more than offset declines in the remaining industry divisions. Gains were recorded in the Atlantic, Quebec and Prairie regions.

Among the industry divisions for which data on hourly-rated wage-earners are tabulated, average weekly hours dropped in manufacturing in July on a seasonally-adjusted basis while no change was recorded in mining and construction. Average hourly earnings, on the other hand, rose in all three industry divisions.

Preliminary data for June showed a small increase (0.1%) in the seasonally-adjusted industrial composite index of employment for Canada. The most substantial changes over the month were increases in finance, insurance and real estate and manufacturing; and declines in forestry and trade. Employment increased in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia, but declined in the remaining provinces.

Average weekly earnings, seasonally-adjusted, rose 1.5% in June. All industry divisions contributed to this overall advance with increases which ranged from 0.7% in transportation, communication and other utilities to 3.6% in construction. All provinces showed higher levels of earnings than in the previous month.

Seasonally-adjusted, average weekly hours rose 2.6% in construction, 0.7% in mining and 0.3% in manufacturing in June, while average hourly earnings increased 1.5% in mining, 1.3% in manufacturing and 1.2% in construction.

Detailed information for May and June will be published in the July 1973 issue of *Employment, Earnings and Hours* (72-002, 40¢/\$4), and is also available from Mr. R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

### Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments, Second Quarter 1973 (67-001, 75¢/\$3).

The economy maintained its high level of activity in the second quarter of 1973 as the seasonally adjusted gross national product rose by 3.0% in current dollars following even higher rates of growth in the preceding two quarters. This moderation in economic growth was accompanied by a strengthening of the current account of the balance of payments. The seasonally adjusted deficit was a bare \$3 million, down \$250 million from the first quarter of 1973. About three-fifths of the change was due to an increase in the trade surplus to \$554 million, reflecting both a rise in exports and a decline in imports. The major shift in the service accounts was a decline in travel expenditures abroad.

Significant increases in exports were recorded for crude petroleum, lumber, iron ore, wheat, copper in ores, meat, woodpulp and agricultural machinery. There were reductions for chemicals, motor vehicle products, nickel in ores, fabricated aluminum and newsprint. Decreases occurred in imports of automotive products, fuel oil and other petroleum products, office machines, meat and fish and non-ferrous alloys. A rise in imports was recorded for communication equipment, agricultural machinery and crude petroleum.

Price increases were recorded for both exports and imports, associated with sharply rising world prices for many major primary commodities caused in part by widespread inflation, rising demand and shortages of supply. Counter measures adopted included price freezes in the United States and export controls on selected commodities by both the U.S. and Canada.

Capital movements, unadjusted for seasonal variations, led to a net capital inflow of \$30 million, a decline of \$334 million from the first quarter of 1973. This, with a seasonally unadjusted current account deficit of \$137 million, resulted in a decrease of \$107 million in Canada's official monetary assets.

Capital transactions in long-term forms recorded a net inflow of \$230 million, up \$30 million. The main factors were increases in foreign direct investment in Canada and new issues sold abroad and a return to net sales from transactions in outstanding foreign securities. Movements which led to increased outflows were larger retirements of Canadian securities, which included a Government of Canada Deutsche Mark issue, export credits and Canadian repurchases of Canadian equities.

Capital movements in short-term forms resulted in a net outflow of \$200 million, a swing of \$364 million from the first quarter net inflow of \$164 million. An increase in the chartered banks' net

## Advance Employment, Earnings and Hours Data, July 1973

Industry Division and Area	Employment Index Numbers									
	Unadjusted for seasonal variations						Seasonally-adjusted			
	July 1973 <sup>f</sup>	June 1973P	May 1973P	April 1973 <sup>r</sup>	July 1972	June 1972	July 1973 <sup>f</sup>	June 1973P	May 1973P	April 1973 <sup>r</sup>
	1961=100									
<b>Industry Division:</b>										
Forestry . . . . .	100.7	97.3	83.8	64.5	88.5	76.1	81.1	82.7	90.7	97.8
Mining . . . . .	114.1	114.8	111.2	106.6	109.8	111.3	109.9	111.4	111.1	109.5
Manufacturing . . . . .	128.3	132.5	129.7	127.7	123.6	125.1	128.6	129.7	129.0	129.4
Durables . . . . .	140.5	145.6	142.7	141.9	133.0	134.5	143.6	142.7	141.7	142.5
Non-durables . . . . .	118.3	121.9	119.1	116.2	116.0	117.5	116.2	119.0	119.4	118.9
Construction . . . . .	119.9	118.0	110.6	100.2	121.0	119.2	109.5	110.7	111.0	108.0
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	124.1	124.4	121.5	117.3	118.5	118.7	120.7	121.2	121.1	119.8
Trade . . . . .	149.4	153.6	153.3	151.9	142.4	146.4	152.0	153.3	154.4	154.2
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	156.8	156.7	154.1	153.3	150.6	150.0	155.0	155.4	153.9	154.2
Service . . . . .	212.4	212.5	207.3	199.6	202.2	201.6	203.4	205.1	205.8	203.7
Industrial Composite . . . . .	136.7	139.2	136.0	132.4	131.4	132.3	134.8	135.9	135.7	135.6
<b>Industrial Composite:</b>										
Atlantic Region . . . . .	133.2	132.7	125.7	118.1	130.0	129.9	125.8	127.0	126.6	125.5
Newfoundland . . . . .	141.6	140.1	129.5	120.0	134.2	134.3	131.0	129.7	132.6	130.7
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	158.4	154.9	145.2	128.5	159.1	151.7	141.2	143.4	145.5	146.3
Nova Scotia . . . . .	126.1	124.8	119.8	116.1	123.6	125.0	121.1	121.1	120.6	119.8
New Brunswick . . . . .	134.4	135.4	128.5	118.3	132.2	130.8	125.9	128.9	128.5	127.7
Quebec . . . . .	125.0	128.1	124.9	121.9	121.1	122.5	122.0	125.2	124.9	125.6
Ontario . . . . .	140.0	143.6	141.1	138.1	133.9	137.3	140.6	140.9	140.6	140.0
Prairie Region . . . . .	136.9	137.0	134.6	130.3	133.0	132.7	132.0	133.5	134.6	134.9
Manitoba . . . . .	122.6	122.6	121.2	118.1	119.7	120.6	119.2	120.1	121.3	121.4
Saskatchewan . . . . .	123.7	124.1	121.0	115.9	121.8	120.3	117.9	119.9	120.1	119.6
Alberta . . . . .	154.8	154.4	151.3	146.5	148.7	147.9	148.3	150.4	151.4	151.9
British Columbia . . . . .	162.4	161.4	157.6	154.0	151.1	140.2	157.9	159.1	157.3	156.9
Yukon . . . . .	185.1	182.4	171.8	155.6	180.4	177.7	169.9	168.5	162.9	158.6
Northwest Territories . . . . .	170.1	164.5	156.1	134.8	165.3	165.8	150.7	153.5	154.2	145.3
Canada . . . . .	136.7	139.2	136.0	132.4	131.4	132.3	134.8	135.9	135.7	135.6

Industry Division and Area	Average Weekly Earnings									
	Unadjusted for seasonal variations						Seasonally-adjusted			
	July 1973 <sup>f</sup>	June 1973 <sup>P</sup>	May 1973 <sup>P</sup>	April 1973 <sup>r</sup>	July 1972	June 1972	July 1973 <sup>f</sup>	June 1973 <sup>P</sup>	May 1973 <sup>P</sup>	April 1973 <sup>r</sup>
	dollars									
Industry Division:										
Forestry . . . . .	195.66	197.09	192.76	196.84	164.47	154.77	205.57	208.80	202.22	185.72
Mining . . . . .	208.38	211.51	207.69	208.37	186.27	186.98	213.37	214.17	208.11	206.61
Manufacturing . . . . .	165.69	168.78	165.98	165.09	154.70	155.96	167.18	167.92	165.04	163.91
Durables . . . . .	177.83	182.15	178.52	176.91	166.29	167.68	179.48	180.85	177.79	176.33
Non-durables . . . . .	153.99	155.82	153.80	153.37	143.89	145.04	154.84	155.32	152.88	152.03
Construction . . . . .	226.99	223.91	218.57	217.81	211.21	206.59	223.86	224.00	216.32	215.85
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	180.63	178.92	177.86	177.72	168.76	167.59	180.09	179.26	178.06	177.99
Trade . . . . .	131.27	129.20	126.36	125.24	120.55	119.35	129.11	127.17	125.69	124.49
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	152.68	153.37	152.52	152.09	141.44	141.80	151.60	152.59	151.41	150.85
Service . . . . .	117.76	115.57	114.40	113.83	108.41	106.44	117.33	115.33	114.22	113.11
Industrial Composite . . . . .	161.36	161.38	158.70	157.68	149.72	149.10	161.30	160.63	158.26	156.94
Industrial Composite:										
Atlantic Region . . . . .	137.32	136.23	133.78	133.27	125.12	123.95	138.74	137.22	134.70	131.59
Newfoundland . . . . .	152.74	150.48	146.54	145.49	132.32	132.41	154.97	151.80	147.01	144.69
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	115.81	114.08	108.41	108.02	100.35	98.92	115.67	116.08	108.29	104.74
Nova Scotia . . . . .	133.87	133.83	132.83	131.27	124.30	121.37	133.78	134.23	132.58	130.09
New Brunswick . . . . .	132.94	131.55	129.03	130.03	124.01	123.88	134.42	133.26	131.41	128.31
Quebec . . . . .	153.33	153.29	151.63	149.94	143.25	143.31	153.67	152.98	150.95	149.72
Ontario . . . . .	166.40	167.46	164.51	163.70	155.34	155.16	165.87	166.03	163.38	162.92
Prairie Region . . . . .	156.22	154.24	150.76	150.43	144.72	143.07	154.64	152.96	150.64	150.31
Manitoba . . . . .	148.71	146.72	142.50	142.63	138.56	136.29	146.38	145.04	142.46	142.52
Saskatchewan . . . . .	144.18	142.22	140.27	139.27	134.58	133.30	143.86	141.25	139.49	139.23
Alberta . . . . .	165.06	163.20	159.73	159.31	152.28	150.94	164.14	162.65	160.39	159.69
British Columbia . . . . .	182.12	181.47	177.69	175.50	165.18	163.17	180.89	180.96	177.87	174.84
Yukon . . . . .	212.65	209.08	204.44	214.54	192.58	190.29	208.32	200.83	200.94	214.84
Northwest Territories . . . . .	202.64	194.45	179.04	188.00	202.29	195.61	207.09	194.80	183.74	188.81
Canada . . . . .	161.36	161.38	158.70	157.68	149.72	149.10	161.30	160.63	158.26	156.94

Industry Division and Area	Average Weekly Hours							Average Hourly Earnings							Average Weekly Hours				Average Hourly Earnings			
	Unadjusted for seasonal variations														Seasonally-adjusted							
	July 73 <sup>f</sup>	June 73 <sup>P</sup>	May 73 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 73 <sup>r</sup>	July 72	June 72	July 73 <sup>f</sup>	June 73 <sup>P</sup>	May 73 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 73 <sup>r</sup>	July 72	June 72	July 73 <sup>f</sup>	June 73 <sup>P</sup>	May 73 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 73 <sup>r</sup>	July 73 <sup>f</sup>	June 73 <sup>P</sup>	May 73 <sup>P</sup>	Apr. 73 <sup>r</sup>		
	number							dollars							number				dollars			
Industry Division:																						
Mining including milling . . . . .	40.1	40.9	40.5	40.6	39.5	40.3	4.81	4.83	4.77	4.77	4.30	4.23	41.0	41.0	40.7	40.6	4.88	4.85	4.78	4.75		
Manufacturing . . . . .	38.5	39.9	39.8	39.6	39.5	40.3	3.87	3.87	3.82	3.79	3.53	3.51	38.8	39.7	39.6	39.5	3.91	3.86	3.81	3.77		
Durables . . . . .	38.8	40.7	40.4	40.3	40.0	40.9	4.20	4.18	4.12	4.07	3.80	3.77	39.2	40.4	40.2	40.2	4.23	4.17	4.10	4.06		
Non-durables . . . . .	38.3	39.1	39.1	38.9	38.9	39.7	3.52	3.53	3.49	3.49	3.26	3.25	38.4	38.9	39.0	38.8	3.54	3.52	3.48	3.48		
Construction . . . . .	40.6	39.6	38.5	38.0	41.6	40.9	5.57	5.61	5.60	5.65	5.05	4.96	38.9	38.9	37.9	38.2	5.70	5.68	5.61	5.56		
Building . . . . .	38.0	37.6	36.7	36.8	39.0	38.6	5.85	5.88	5.80	5.77	5.25	5.21	36.9	37.5	36.6	36.3	5.94	5.93	5.83	5.76		
Engineering . . . . .	45.4	43.5	42.0	41.0	46.0	45.1	5.12	5.17	5.26	5.42	4.74	4.58	43.0	41.9	41.4	42.5	5.29	5.24	5.28	5.20		
Manufacturing:																						
Atlantic Region . . . . .	38.4	39.3	39.9	40.1	39.3	40.0	3.17	3.12	3.10	3.18	2.87	2.82	38.1	38.3	39.2	39.6	3.27	3.21	3.16	3.16		
Quebec . . . . .	38.7	39.9	40.3	39.8	39.9	40.8	3.36	3.38	3.31	3.29	3.09	3.11	39.1	40.2	40.0	39.6	3.38	3.35	3.29	3.28		
Ontario . . . . .	38.8	40.5	40.0	40.1	39.8	40.5	4.06	4.07	4.04	3.99	3.70	3.72	39.0	40.1	39.7	39.9	4.10	4.06	4.01	3.97		
Prairie Region . . . . .	38.3	39.2	38.7	38.5	38.5	38.9	3.84	3.83	3.78	3.75	3.53	3.47	38.3	38.7	38.6	38.6	3.82	3.81	3.77	3.75		
British Columbia . . . . .	36.9	38.1	37.5	37.1	37.1	37.7	4.92	4.92	4.83	4.82	4.60	4.43	37.1	38.2	37.5	37.0	4.98	4.94	4.85	4.81		

- figures not available f-first estimate based on a limited number of returns p-preliminary figures r-revised figures



foreign currency position with non-residents (particularly to take advantage of attractive interest rates in New York), following a decrease in the previous quarter, was a significant factor in the net outflow. It was bolstered by a reduction of non-resident positions in Canadian money market instruments which were build up substantially in the first quarter. Factors working in the opposite direction were the deceleration in the growth in non-bank holdings of foreign currencies abroad and the swing to an inflow in other short-term capital transactions. The spot

value of the U.S. dollar in Canadian terms ranged between 99.50 and 100.36 on the interbank market in Canada, closing the quarter at 99.82, down from 99.88 at the end of the previous quarter. Other major currencies again became more expensive although the rate of change was lower than during the first quarter. Spot changes ranged from an increase of about 9% for the Deutsche Mark to a change of less than 1% for the Japanese yen from the end of the first quarter to the end of the second quarter. Price increases vis-à-vis the Canadian dollar ran 4% for the pound and 7% for both the French and the Swiss franc.

### Summary Statement

	1971	1972	1972				1973	
			IQ	IIQ	IIIQ	IVQ	IQ	IIQ
			(\$ millions)					
			Seasonally adjusted					
Merchandise trade balance . . . . .			249	458	233	560	402	554
Balance on non-merchandise transactions . . . . .			-565	-535	-492	-588	-655	-557
Current account balance . . . . .			-316	-77	-259	-28	-253	-3
			Not seasonally adjusted					
Current account balance . . . . .	278	-680	-483	-132	-97	32	-446	-137
Capital movements in long-term forms . . . . .	492	1,788	323	636	269	560	200	230
Capital movements in short-term forms . . . . .	7	-889	223	-182	-169	-761	164	-200
Net capital movement* . . . . .	499	899	546	454	100	-201	364	30
Allocation of Special Drawing Rights . . . . .	119	117	117	-	-	-	-	-
Net official monetary movements . . . . .	896	336	180	322	3	-169	-82	-107

\*Excluding items shown below.

### Capital Movements\*

	1971	1972	1972				1973	
			IQ	IIQ	IIIQ	IVQ	IQ	IIQ
			(\$ millions)					
Direct investment in Canada . . . . .	880	680	235	195	130	120	95	230
Direct investment abroad . . . . .	-220	-385	-95	-90	-130	-70	-60	-90
Portfolio transactions . . . . .	326	1,758	245	611	314	588	155	132
Other capital movements in long-term forms . . . . .	-494	-265	-62	-80	-45	-78	10	-42
Resident holdings of foreign currencies . . . . .	843	466	547	478	-566	7	50	-219
Non-resident holdings of Canadian short-term paper . . . . .	85	-163	256	-227	-141	-51	310	-152
Other capital movements in short-term forms** . . . . .	-921	-1,192	-580	-433	538	-717	-196	171
Net capital movement . . . . .	499	899	546	454	100	-201	364	30

\* A minus sign equals an outflow of capital from Canada and represents an increase in holdings of assets abroad or a reduction in liabilities to non-residents.

\*\* Includes balancing item.

### Snowmobile Accidents 1972-73, Vol. 3, No. 4 (53-006, \$2 a year).

During the winter of 1972-73, fatal snowmobile accidents increased to 119 from 102 during the previous winter, while the number of victims increased by eleven to 127 from 116.

For further information, order the September issue of *Service Bulletin Road Transport* (53-006, \$2 a year), Vol. 3, No. 4, or contact Mr. M. McRae (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

### Asbestos, August 1973 — Advance Information.

Producers' shipments of asbestos decreased to 145,800 tons in August from 153,408 tons in August 1972. This brought year-to-date shipments to 1,200,711 from 1,082,084 in the 1972 period.

For further information, order the August issue of *Asbestos* (26-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



**Department Store Sales by Regions, August 1973**  
(63-004, \$1 a year).

During August 1973, department store sales rose in Canada by 15.9% over the corresponding month last year. Sales were up 19.5% in the Atlantic Provinces; 15.6% in Quebec; 11.9% in Ontario; 9.0% in Manitoba; 14.9% in Saskatchewan; 18.4% in Alberta and 25.5% in British Columbia.

**Salt, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian shipments of salt and salt content of brine in August decreased to 211,306 tons from 350,447 in August 1972. This brought the eight-month output to 3,209,537 tons from 3,313,585 tons a year earlier.

For further information, order the August issue of *Salt* (26-009, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



# Statistics Canada

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### Publications Released

- Population by Ethnic Group, 1971 Census (92-762, 50¢)
- Electric Power Statistics, July 1973 (57-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Footwear Statistics July 1973 (33-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Hardboard August 1973 (36-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins — Metals and Minerals (41-010, \$2 a year), Vol. 1, No. 13, Consumption of Lead and Zinc, 1972;
- Communications (56-001, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 10, Monthly Telephone Statistics, July 1973;
- Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 66, Preliminary Report on Coal Production and Landed Imports of Coal, by Province, August 1973; Vol. 8, No. 67, Retail Gasoline Statistics by Metropolitan Area 2nd Quarter 1973; Vol. 8, No. 69, Refinery Production in Canada of Selected Petroleum Products, July 1973; Vol. 8, No. 70, Oil Pipe Line Supply and Disposition, May 1973;
- Fish and Fish Product (24-003, \$1 a year), August 1973, Advance Release of Fish Landings: Vol. 2, No. 73, British Columbia; Vol. 2, No. 74, Newfoundland; Vol. 2, No. 75, Maritimes; Fish Freezings and Stocks, Vol. 2, No. 76, Ontario and Prairies;
- Selected Dairy By-Products (32-024, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 30, Production and Inventory of Process Cheese, August 1973;
- Electrical Products (43-007, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 17, Factory Shipments of Electric Lighting Equipment, 1972P





**Summary of Imports, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

The External Trade Division reports that July imports increased to a value of \$1,872 million from \$1,421 million a year earlier and \$1,256 million in the same month of 1971. Imports for the six months increased to \$13,199 million in 1973 from \$10,665 million in 1972 and \$8,788 million in 1971.

	July		January through July	
	1972	1973	1972	1973
	(\$ millions)			
<b>Selected Countries</b>				
United States . . . . .	937.6	1,276.1	7,360.7	9,402.9
United Kingdom . . . . .	75.4	93.1	572.8	609.4
Japan . . . . .	82.7	81.8	618.0	605.8
Germany, West . . . . .	44.0	54.2	286.6	349.1
Venezuela . . . . .	33.5	37.1	237.6	262.7
France . . . . .	23.4	29.6	143.2	181.0
Italy . . . . .	19.6	21.0	115.4	132.3
Australia . . . . .	20.0	13.6	107.3	110.2
Sweden . . . . .	12.7	12.5	84.4	97.8
Switzerland . . . . .	9.5	11.6	57.0	69.2
Netherlands . . . . .	8.5	10.9	50.8	67.6
Hong Kong . . . . .	8.8	10.6	57.6	60.5
Mexico . . . . .	2.7	7.1	34.3	54.3
<b>All Countries</b> . . . . .	<b>1,420.9</b>	<b>1,872.3</b>	<b>10,665.1</b>	<b>13,198.5</b>
<b>Selected Commodities</b>				
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	118.3	155.4	726.0	953.1
Coffee . . . . .	6.7	10.4	52.4	70.3
Sugar, raw . . . . .	16.0	14.2	60.0	66.9
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	128.6	173.6	872.5	1,077.5
Crude petroleum . . . . .	53.6	86.1	399.7	500.1
Coal . . . . .	17.6	15.6	79.9	77.2
Aluminium ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	6.8	10.0	44.7	52.1
Fabricated materials, inedible . . . . .	286.8	350.2	2,071.6	2,351.7
Fuel oil . . . . .	8.6	7.8	64.1	57.0
Organic chemicals . . . . .	15.2	15.6	100.7	122.2
Plate sheet and strip, steel . . . . .	15.1	18.5	104.5	112.4
Plastics materials, not shaped . . . . .	12.6	17.2	90.4	110.8
End products, inedible . . . . .	870.7	1,168.7	6,859.6	8,650.8
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	137.7	175.0	1,328.9	1,582.1
Sedans, new . . . . .	66.1	114.4	716.3	932.5
Motor vehicle engines and parts . . . . .	39.6	55.1	316.5	461.0
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis . . . . .	31.2	46.9	248.6	349.0
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	18.4	25.5	165.2	330.6
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	33.3	38.8	259.8	277.0

**Imports by Stage of Fabrication**

	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	(\$ millions)							
<b>All Countries</b>								
July . . . . .	1,420.9	1,872.3	187.7	259.8	313.1	381.5	920.2	1,231.1
January to July . . . . .	10,665.1	13,198.5	1,274.9	1,610.0	2,202.7	2,530.4	7,187.5	9,058.1
<b>United States</b>								
July . . . . .	937.6	1,276.1	94.5	124.2	178.9	229.2	664.2	922.7
January to July . . . . .	7,360.7	9,402.9	578.0	739.1	1,344.4	1,631.1	5,438.4	7,032.8

*Sums of Rounded Components may not add to rounded totals.*

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2)

## Prices and Price Indexes, September 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Sept. 27/73 This week	Sept. 20/73 Week ago	Aug. 30/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>192.9</b>	<b>188.8</b>	<b>186.8</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>210.1</b>	<b>205.1</b>	<b>203.3</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	145.7	140.1	136.9
Foods . . . . .	10	139.0	138.1	148.1
Beverages . . . . .	7	264.1	261.2	258.1
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	157.6	151.0	148.2
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	166.6	154.5	139.2
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	369.6	368.9	350.7
Primary metals . . . . .	8	132.7	129.0	126.1
Metal fabricating <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	9	215.9	215.4	216.2
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	178.7	176.4	182.2
Petroleum . . . . .	7	343.6	336.8	348.5
Chemicals . . . . .	4	115.9	113.2	109.7
Construction . . . . .	4	157.5	153.4	155.4
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	151.0	153.0	150.9
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>138.1</b>	<b>137.5</b>	<b>136.0</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	139.4	134.0	139.1
Transportation . . . . .	4	315.1	322.2	316.9
Telephone . . . . .	3	83.4	81.7	83.2
Electric power . . . . .	3	112.1	115.2	103.9
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	149.7	144.7	144.3
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>186.6</b>	<b>181.7</b>	<b>178.6</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	219.6	215.3	212.7
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	135.2	129.0	124.5
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>132.9</b>	<b>130.5</b>	<b>132.4</b>
Golds . . . . .	6	154.9	155.5	162.7
Base metals . . . . .	16	122.0	118.0	117.0
Uraniums . . . . .	4	241.8	237.1	244.6
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	450.9	446.5	461.5

For further information, order the September issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics, Second Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.

Estimated after-tax profits of industrial corporations, not seasonally adjusted, were \$1,901 million for the second quarter of 1973, an increase of \$513 million or 37% from the second quarter of 1972.

Estimated sales of \$37.9 billion for the same period show an increase of \$6.2 billion or 19.5% from the second quarter of 1972. Assets increased by \$2,968 million or 2.8% over the previous quarter and by \$9,029 million or 8.9% from the second quarter of 1972.

For further information, order *Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics* (61-003, \$1/\$4), or contact Mr. J.D. Wilson (613-994-9622), Business Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z7.

### New Motor Vehicle Sales, August 1973 — Advance Information.

August sales of new motor vehicles reached 85,530 units, up 17.4% from a year earlier. This included 50,158 passenger cars (up 26.1%) and 16,802 commercial vehicles (up 25.9%) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 16,785 passenger cars (down 6.1%) and 1,785 commercial vehicles (down 2.6%) manufactured overseas.

Total sales value increased 30.5% to \$381.8 million. Canadian and U.S. produced passenger cars sold for \$201.8 million (up 32.3%) and commercial vehicles for \$116.5 million (up 44.1%). Sales of passenger cars from overseas increased 7.3% to \$57.2 million and sales of commercial vehicles increased (continued)

6.1% to \$6.3 million. Included in total commercial vehicles sold were 219 units of coaches and buses valued at \$4.1 million.

For the first eight months of this year total sales reached 851,195 units with an accumulated value of \$3,673.8 million. This represented an increase of 29.5% in value over sales for the corresponding period last year.

For further information, order the August issue of *New Motor Vehicle Sales* (63-007, 20¢/\$2), or contact Michael Kwilecki (613-996-9278), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### **Fish Freezings and Stocks, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Excluding inland species, 99,431 pounds of fish were held in stock on August 31, 1973. Of this 78,403 pounds were fresh frozen sea fish, 6,163 pounds shellfish, 1,524 pounds smoked and 13,341 pounds bait and animal feed.

For further information, order the August 1973 issue of *Fish Freezings and Stocks* (24-001, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### **Railway Operating Statistics, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Operating revenues of six major railways in Canada totalled \$157.5 million in July, up 11.9% from the corresponding 1972 month. Expenses, however, were up 12.3% and, as a result, net income for the period was down from just over \$500,000 in July 1972 to a deficit of \$37,047 this year.

Revenue freight ton-miles increased 9.9% to 10,867.3 million while passenger miles dropped 18.7% to 189.9 million. Both commuter and non-commuter traffic were down from previous year levels.

During the first seven months of 1973, railways recorded a 13.6% increase in revenues to \$1,178.8 million and a 12.7% rise in expenses to \$1,128.4 million. Net income during the year to date was up 37.8% to \$50.4 million.

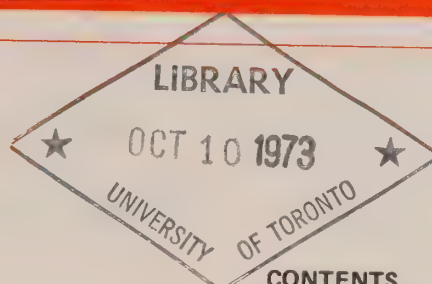
Ton-miles generated since January 1 aggregated 74,627.5 million, an increase of 10.7%. Passenger-miles were down 11.9% to 1,026.9 million.

For further information, order the July issue of *Railway Operating Statistics* (52-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact J. R. Slattery (613-992-3323), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.



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**Publications Released**

- Employment, Earnings and Hours, May 1973 (72-002, 40¢/\$4)
- Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, July 1973 (61-005, 30¢/\$3)
- Imports by Commodities, July 1973 (65-007, 75¢/\$7.50)
- Sales Financing, July 1973 (63-013, 20¢/\$2)
- Wholesale Trade, July 1973 (63-008, \$1 a year)
- Gas Utilities, July 1973 (55-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, January 1 to July 31, 1973 (63-009, \$1 a year)
- Refined Petroleum Products, June 1973 (45-004, 30¢/\$3)
- Fluid Milk Sales, July 1973 (23-002, \$1 a year)
- Production Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, July 1973 (35-003, 20¢/\$2)
- Service Bulletins — Water Transport (54-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 4, Tonnage of Cargo Handled at Selected Canadian Ports, 1971 and 1972;
- Road Transport (53-006, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 9, Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents, 1972;
- Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 13, Railway Carloadings, August 1973;
- Metals and Minerals (41-010, \$2 a year), Vol. 1, No. 14, Aluminum, 1972.

**Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary statistics for July 1973 show that 11.4 million international travellers entered Canada, a decrease of 2.5% from the previous year. This aggregate comprises 6.9 million non-resident travellers, 4.2 million residents re-entering Canada and 0.3 million in the "other travellers" category which includes immigrants, military personnel and crews.

For further information, order the July issue of *Travel Between Canada and Other Countries* (66-001, 40¢/\$4) or contact Mr. M.W. Valiquette (613-992-5507), International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

**Number of International Travellers Entering or Returning to Canada**

	July 1972	July 1973 <sup>P</sup>	Change %
<b>Non-resident travellers</b>			
United States . . . . .	6,817,482	6,681,761	-2.0
Countries other than the U.S.A. . . . .	169,687	212,089	25.0
Entering direct . . . . .	94,634	124,510	31.6
Entering via the U.S.A. . . . .	75,053	87,579	16.7
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>6,987,169</b>	<b>6,893,850</b>	<b>-1.3</b>
<b>Residents of Canada</b>			
United States . . . . .	4,304,752	4,080,914	-5.2
Countries other than the U.S.A. . . . .	100,804	124,046	23.1
Returning direct . . . . .	94,772	115,763	22.2
Returning via the U.S.A. . . . .	6,032	8,283	37.3
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>4,405,556</b>	<b>4,204,960</b>	<b>-4.6</b>
Other travellers . . . . .	311,504	311,333	—
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>11,704,229</b>	<b>11,410,143</b>	<b>-2.5</b>

<sup>P</sup> Preliminary figures, subject to revision.

**Direct Selling in Canada, 1972 — Advance Information.**

Direct selling to household consumers by manufacturers and specialist direct-sellers in 1972 increased 11.2% to \$928.0 million from the revised 1971 figure of \$834.4 million. The sales represented 2.7% of the total \$33,929.8 million in retail sales reported during 1972.

Door-to-door canvassing accounted for 65.1% of 1972 direct sales; mail order sales 15.2%; counter sales at manufacturing premises 17.8%; and other channels, such as market stalls and exhibitions, 1.9%.

Further details will be published in *Direct Selling in Canada* (63-218, 50¢). Additional advance information is available on request from the Special

Projects Section, Merchandising and Services Division (613-996-9278), Statistics Canada, Ottawa, K1A 0V4.

**Iron Ore, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian mines shipped 5.46 million tons of iron ore in August compared to 3.50 million tons a year earlier. This brought output to date to 32.31 million tons from 25.32 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the August 1973 issue of *Iron Ore* (26-005, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons, (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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Federal Government Employment, Second Quarter 1973 — Advance Information . . . . .	4
Weekly Railway Carloadings, September 21, 1973 — Advance Information . . . . .	4
Electric Power Statistics, August 1973 — Advance Information . . . . .	4

### Publications Released

Federal and Provincial Student Aid in Canada 1969-70 and 1970-71 (81-236, 75¢)  
 Local Government Employment, April-June (72-009, 50¢/\$2)  
 Department Store Sales and Stocks, July 1973 (63-002, 20¢/\$2)  
 Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, September 1973 (32-012, 20¢/\$2)  
 Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, September 1973 (32-009, 20¢/\$2)  
 Oilseeds Review, September (22-006, 75¢/\$3)  
 Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations, April 1973 (51-001, 30¢/\$3)  
 Primary Iron and Steel, July 1973 (41-001, 30¢/\$3)  
 Fruit and Vegetable Processing Industries, 1971 (32-218, 50¢)





**Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, August 1973** — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Infomat and available in machine readable form from CANSIM.

Seasonally adjusted August imports were \$1,910 million, down \$26 million or 1.3% from July, as lower purchases from the United States and the United Kingdom outweighed a small increase from other countries. However, the upsurge in the trend of imports observed last month appeared to be sustained on the basis of three-month moving averages. With strikes in rail transportation and pulp and paper contributing to a decline of \$210 million in exports, the balance on merchandise trade changed to a deficit of \$13 million from a surplus of \$171 million in the previous month.

On a year-to-year basis, unadjusted imports increased 20% to \$1,729 million. Automotive and related products, industrial machinery, food and communication equipment, which made up 47% of imports from the U.S. in August, contributed some 59% of the import gain from the U.S. Crude petroleum, food, metal ores and concentrates, industrial machinery and fabricated steel materials accounted for 40% of overseas imports and two-thirds of the overseas import increase.

On a year-to-date basis, unadjusted imports were up 23% to \$14.9 billion from the same period in 1972. Imports from the U.S., which represented 71% of total supplies in 1973, contributed four-fifths of the increase from 1972. Automotive and related products, industrial machinery, aircraft and food, which were responsible for about half of imports from the U.S. in 1973, made up three-fifths of the increase in supplies from that country over 1972. Crude petroleum, food, communication equipment, industrial machinery and clothing accounted for two-fifths of all purchases from overseas in 1973 and three-fifths of the 1973 increase in purchases from that area. A further decline in automobile purchases from overseas in August led to a drop of \$40 million in eight months of 1973.

The share of the U.S. in total imports at 70.7% was back to its 1971 level. The same was the case for Japan at 4.6%. The share of the United Kingdom, on the other hand, continued to decline and for the first time dipped below 5%.

For further information, order the August issues of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2), and *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2).

Canadian Imports of Selected Commodities, August, 1973

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change	1972	1973	Change
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Food . . . . .	46.7	60.1	28.7	97.3	125.3	28.8
Metals, in ores, concentrates scrap . . . . .	10.4	16.4	57.7	20.2	33.5	65.8
Crude petroleum . . . . .	—	—	—	59.1	82.7	39.9
Broad woven fabrics . . . . .	7.4	8.4	13.5	23.1	23.4	1.3
Chemicals, organic and inorganic . . . . .	13.1	16.9	29.0	19.0	26.5	39.5
Plastic materials and shapes . . . . .	18.7	22.8	21.9	21.4	26.1	22.0
Petroleum and coal products . . . . .	6.0	9.9	65.0	17.1	21.2	24.0
Iron and steel fabricated shapes . . . . .	18.7	26.8	43.3	41.5	55.8	34.5
Non-ferrous metals and alloys . . . . .	11.4	15.1	32.5	20.4	25.0	22.5
Industrial machinery . . . . .	107.2	125.8	17.4	137.5	164.1	19.3
Tractors and parts . . . . .	21.2	26.3	24.1	25.4	32.1	26.4
Passenger automobiles . . . . .	45.3	54.5	20.3	74.0	79.6	7.6
Trucks and other motor vehicles . . . . .	39.9	42.3	6.0	49.7	48.1	- 3.2
Motor vehicle engines, engine parts . . . . .	23.2	44.3	90.9	29.8	48.2	61.7
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	136.7	173.3	26.8	141.3	178.1	26.0
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	24.2	21.6	- 10.7	24.9	23.9	- 4.0
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	30.8	43.0	39.6	50.4	67.2	33.3
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	33.9	29.4	- 13.3	39.6	37.5	- 5.3
Apparel, footwear and accessories . . . . .	5.7	6.2	8.8	44.0	45.4	3.2
Books and other printed matter . . . . .	21.3	23.3	9.4	25.2	29.0	15.1
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	621.9	766.2	23.2	961.0	1,172.6	22.0
b) Total Canadian Imports . . . . .	959.9	1,153.7	20.2	1,444.2	1,729.0	19.7
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	64.8 %	66.4 %		66.5 %	67.8 %	

(tables continued on next page)

## Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, August, 1973

	Total Exports		Imports		Trade Balance		Percentage Change 1972 to 1973	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	Total Exports	Imports
	(\$ millions)						(%)	(%)
Month of August								
United Kingdom . . . . .	91.3	126.0	52.4	76.2	38.8	49.8	38.0	45.4
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	54.8	67.0	58.7	76.7	-3.9	-9.7	22.3	30.7
United States . . . . .	1,002.0	1,091.5	959.9	1,153.7	42.1	-62.2	8.9	20.2
Japan . . . . .	105.0	134.6	91.5	82.7	13.5	51.9	28.2	-9.6
European Economic Community* . . . .	90.5	130.9	108.2	121.3	-17.7	9.6	44.6	12.1
Latin America . . . . .	47.1	68.0	55.5	77.0	-8.4	-9.0	44.4	38.7
Other Countries . . . . .	127.2	158.0	117.9	141.4	9.3	16.6	24.2	19.9
Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	146.1	192.9	111.1	152.9	35.0	40.0	32.0	37.6
Total Others . . . . .	1,371.7	1,583.1	1,333.1	1,576.1	38.6	7.0	15.4	18.2
Grand Total . . . . .	1,517.8	1,776.0	1,444.2	1,729.0	73.6	47.0	17.0	19.7
January - August <sup>1</sup>								
United Kingdom . . . . .	865.7	962.3	625.2	685.6	240.4	276.7	11.2	9.7
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	387.0	526.6	477.8	553.2	-90.8	-26.6	36.1	15.8
United States . . . . .	8,942.7	10,966.4	8,320.7	10,556.6	622.0	409.8	22.6	26.9
Japan . . . . .	607.3	1,074.2	709.5	688.5	-102.2	385.7	76.9	-3.0
European Economic Community* . . . .	705.2	875.8	754.4	910.0	-49.2	-34.2	24.2	20.6
Latin America . . . . .	401.4	394.0	430.7	548.1	-29.4	-154.1	-1.8	27.3
Other Countries . . . . .	821.5	1,052.6	790.9	985.4	30.6	67.2	28.1	24.6
Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	1,252.8	1,489.0	1,103.1	1,238.8	149.7	250.2	18.9	12.3
Total Others . . . . .	11,477.9	14,363.1	11,006.2	13,688.7	471.7	674.4	25.1	24.4
Grand Total . . . . .	12,730.7	15,852.0	12,109.4	14,927.5	621.4	924.5	24.5	23.3

\* Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973. Export and Import values for 1973 are preliminary estimates and may not add because of rounding.

Exports (including re-exports)  
Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and MonthsImports  
Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months									
	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries		Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)					(\$ millions)			
					1972				
1972					First Quarter . . . . .	4,441	2,966	248	1,227
First Quarter . . . . .	4,650	3,313	276	1,061	Second Quarter . . . . .	4,595	3,164	244	1,187
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,995	3,477	367	1,151	Third Quarter . . . . .	4,624	3,193	200	1,231
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,767	3,324	306	1,137	Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,003	3,549	258	1,196
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,564	3,807	378	1,379	1973				
1973					First Quarter . . . . .	5,529	3,793	273	1,463
First Quarter . . . . .	5,872	4,113	393	1,366	Second Quarter . . . . .	5,550	3,975	240	1,335
Second Quarter . . . . .	6,053	4,184	316	1,553	1973				
1973					January . . . . .	1,759	1,220	85	454
January . . . . .	1,915	1,371	109	435	February . . . . .	1,872	1,271	94	507
February . . . . .	1,957	1,371	119	467	March . . . . .	1,899	1,302	95	502
March . . . . .	2,000	1,371	165	464	April . . . . .	1,746	1,257	69	420
April . . . . .	2,044	1,358	120	566	May . . . . .	1,931	1,391	87	453
May . . . . .	2,023	1,437	86	500	June . . . . .	1,873	1,327	84	462
June . . . . .	1,986	1,389	110	487	July . . . . .	1,936	1,372	85	478
July . . . . .	2,107	1,472	121	514	August				
August . . . . .	1,897	1,207	132	558	(preliminary) . . . . .	1,910	1,345	75	490

### Federal Government Employment, Second Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.

The federal government had 445,156 employees on June 30, 1973. This was 22,461 more than a year earlier and 21,410 more than on March 31, 1973. The increase, with some minor exception, was general throughout the service. Total payroll for the quarter was \$1,036.5 million, an increase of \$119.7 million over the total for the previous quarter (there was an extra pay period in the quarter) and \$125.2 million more than a year earlier.

Further information will be contained in the second quarter issue of *Federal Government Employment* (72-004, 50¢/\$2).

### Weekly Railway Carloadings, September 21, 1973 — Advance Information.

Railways in Canada handled 89,300 loaded cars and 5.3 million tons of revenue freight in the week ended September 21, an average of 59.75 tons per car. During the corresponding seven days of 1972, 84,700 cars were loaded, a decline of 5.4%, and 4.8 million tons carried, a decrease of 10.9%, for an average carload of 56.83 tons. In comparison with the preceding seven days of September this year, carloads and tons for the period under review were up 6.9% and 5.4% respectively.

Eastern loadings at 52,468 cars rose 13.9% over the preceding year and tonnages totalling 3.1 million were up 20.3%. In the west carloads declined 4.6% to 36,832 while tonnage hauled was up 0.3% to 2.3 million.

Tonnage carried between January 1 and September 21 this year was 167.4 million tons, an increase of 14.4% over 1972. The East accounted for 56.5% of the total rail movement with the remaining 43.5% of freight being loaded west of the Lakehead.

Piggyback traffic during the cumulative period rose 9.6% in terms of cars and 14.0% in terms of tons.

For further information, contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

7-day period ending September 21	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 . . . . .	3,060,670	2,275,170	5,335,840
Tons, 1972 . . . . .	2,543,927	2,269,259	4,813,186
% change . . . . .	20.3	0.3	10.9
Cars, 1973 . . . . .	52,468	36,832	89,300
Cars, 1972 . . . . .	46,084	38,616	84,700
% change . . . . .	13.9	-4.6	5.4
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 . . . . .	118,757	53,605	172,362
Tons, 1972 . . . . .	107,757	53,694	161,451
% change . . . . .	10.2	-0.2	6.8
Cars, 1973 . . . . .	4,995	2,544	7,539
Cars, 1972 . . . . .	4,677	2,503	7,180
% change . . . . .	6.8	1.6	5.0
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 . . . . .	94,587,903	72,802,848	167,390,751
Tons, 1972 . . . . .	75,533,842	70,986,054	146,519,896
% change . . . . .	25.2	2.6	14.2
Cars, 1973 . . . . .	1,658,154	1,187,099	2,845,253
Cars, 1972 . . . . .	1,449,586	1,214,226	2,663,812
% change . . . . .	14.4	-2.2	6.8
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 . . . . .	4,123,381	1,619,419	5,742,800
Tons, 1972 . . . . .	3,456,465	1,581,633	5,038,098
% change . . . . .	19.3	2.4	14.0
Cars, 1973 . . . . .	171,079	80,140	251,219
Cars, 1972 . . . . .	152,880	76,240	229,120
% change . . . . .	11.9	5.1	9.6

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

### Electric Power Statistics, August 1973 — Advance Information.

Net generation rose 12.0% in August to 20,494,304 thousand kwh from 18,302,976 thousand kwh in August 1972. There were increases in net generation in all provinces except Quebec, where there was a decrease of 7.6%. The largest increases were 120.6% in Newfoundland and 32.3% in British Columbia. Hydro generation increased 2.8% while thermal production increased 45.7%.

For further information, order the August issue of *Electric Power Statistics* (57-001, 20¢/\$2) or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

Consumer Price Movements, September 1973

### Publications Released

- Credit Unions, 1971 (61-209, 75¢)
- Hospital Statistics, Volume IV Balance Sheets, 1971 (83-213, \$1)
- Merchandising Inventories, July 1973 (63-014, 20¢/\$2)
- Railway Carloadings, August 1973 (52-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Oil Pipe Line Transport, May 1973 (55-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, July 1973 (35-001, 20¢/\$2)

**Housing Starts and Completions, August 1973 — Advance Information.****Dwelling Starts and Completions in Centres of 10,000 Population & Over**

August 1973	Starts					Completions				
	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total
Newfoundland . . . . .	175	70	—	21	266	107	—	10	4	121
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	53	4	—	5	62	15	—	—	—	15
Nova Scotia . . . . .	260	12	10	442	724	193	14	—	43	250
New Brunswick . . . . .	252	18	18	417	705	170	58	77	298	603
Quebec . . . . .	1,446	120	48	2,379	3,993	1,718	199	154	1,851	3,922
Ontario . . . . .	3,042	709	1,201	3,381	8,333	2,762	688	553	3,738	7,741
Manitoba . . . . .	274	36	15	73	398	310	78	46	595	1,029
Saskatchewan . . . . .	316	—	—	27	343	258	6	4	—	268
Alberta . . . . .	826	42	55	675	1,598	728	62	279	474	1,543
British Columbia . . . . .	1,473	90	255	1,382	3,200	1,265	56	181	613	2,155
<b>Canada . . . . .</b>	<b>8,117</b>	<b>1,101</b>	<b>1,602</b>	<b>8,802</b>	<b>19,622</b>	<b>7,526</b>	<b>1,161</b>	<b>1,304</b>	<b>7,616</b>	<b>17,607</b>
<b>Metropolitan Areas</b>										
Calgary . . . . .	358	6	—	193	557	304	34	98	30	466
Chicoutimi-Jonquière . . . . .	149	4	—	118	271	120	12	—	57	189
Edmonton . . . . .	386	20	55	462	923	276	8	181	392	857
Halifax . . . . .	87	10	—	434	531	85	4	—	19	108
Hamilton . . . . .	339	62	125	634	1,160	308	60	49	404	821
Hull . . . . .	129	2	36	273	440	122	8	—	253	383
Kitchener . . . . .	104	52	33	106	295	139	60	50	18	267
London . . . . .	133	—	57	30	220	195	9	7	260	471
Montreal . . . . .	652	88	10	1,553	2,303	861	124	154	905	2,044
Ottawa . . . . .	83	28	277	658	1,046	165	44	30	253	492
Quebec City . . . . .	163	18	—	78	259	192	12	—	218	422
Regina . . . . .	91	—	—	9	100	128	2	4	—	134
St. Catharines-Niagara . . . . .	227	18	—	—	245	221	56	54	154	485
Saint John . . . . .	46	10	8	42	106	61	14	—	212	287
St. John's . . . . .	115	66	—	15	196	94	—	10	4	108
Saskatoon . . . . .	112	—	—	18	130	85	2	—	—	87
Sudbury . . . . .	48	4	14	101	167	55	4	17	184	260
Thunder Bay . . . . .	56	5	—	—	61	51	27	—	208	286
Toronto . . . . .	980	366	400	1,234	2,980	875	363	225	1,735	3,198
Vancouver . . . . .	873	34	188	552	1,647	739	26	137	295	1,197
Victoria . . . . .	140	8	32	478	658	58	—	—	101	159
Windsor . . . . .	88	6	—	40	134	77	2	35	42	156
Winnipeg . . . . .	185	34	15	61	295	276	76	46	579	977
<b>Sub-Totals . . . . .</b>	<b>5,544</b>	<b>841</b>	<b>1,250</b>	<b>7,089</b>	<b>14,724</b>	<b>5,487</b>	<b>947</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>6,323</b>	<b>13,854</b>
<b>Major Urban Areas . . . . .</b>	<b>993</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>728</b>	<b>2,022</b>	<b>860</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>714</b>	<b>1,815</b>
<b>Other Areas 10,000 + . . . . .</b>	<b>1,580</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>985</b>	<b>2,876</b>	<b>1,179</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>1,938</b>
<b>All Areas 10,000 + . . . . .</b>	<b>8,117</b>	<b>1,101</b>	<b>1,602</b>	<b>8,802</b>	<b>19,622</b>	<b>7,526</b>	<b>1,161</b>	<b>1,304</b>	<b>7,616</b>	<b>17,607</b>

For further information, order *Housing Starts and Completions*, August 1973 (64-002, \$3 a year, \$3.60 outside Canada).

**Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, August 1973**  
 — Advance Information.

In August 1973, packers, dealers and tanners held 231,840 cattle hides, up from 227,860 a year earlier, and 91,551 calf and kip skins, down from 117,747. Cattle hide receipts decreased to 100,212 from 142,075 and wettings increased to 147,485 from 146,072. Production of upper leather decreased to 5.26 million square feet from 6.06 million.

For further information, order *Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather* (33-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact John Dornan, (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and

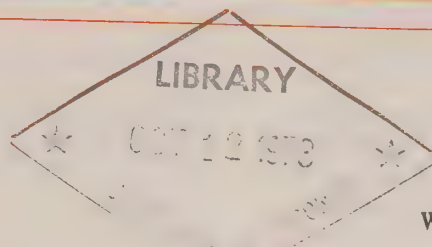
Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Steel Ingots, Week ended October 6, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended October 6 totalled 286,914 tons, an increase of 1.3% from the preceding week's total of 283,111 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 200,509 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 156.6 in the current week, 154.5 a week earlier and 109.4 one year ago.

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### Other Publications Released

Hospital Statistics, Volume III, Hospital Personnel, 1971 (83-212, \$2)

Coarse Grains Review, August 1973 (22-001, 75¢/\$3)

September Forecast of Production of Principal Field Crops, Canada, 1973, Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 19 (22-002, \$4 for series).

Service Bulletins — Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 per year), Fish Freezings and Stocks, August 1973, Vol. 2, No. 77, Quebec; Vol. 2, No. 79, British Columbia; Vol. 2, No. 78, Advance Release of Fish Landings, Quebec, August 1973;

Aviation Statistics Centre (51-004, \$3 per year), Vol. 5, No. 38, International Air Charter Statistics Passenger Origin and Destination, May 1973; Vol. 5, No. 40, Operations of Trans-continental and Regional Air Carriers, Civil Aviation, May 1973;

Tobacco and Tobacco Products (32-022, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 11, Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, August 1973.



### Consumer Price Movements, September 1973 (62-001, 10¢/\$1).

The consumer price index for Canada (1961=100) rose 0.6% to 153.9 in September from 153.0 in August with all major components registering increases. Food prices advanced 0.9%, while the level of prices for all-items other than food moved up, for the fourth consecutive month, by 0.5%. Among the non-food components, the clothing index climbed 0.8%, the transportation index moved up 0.6% and the housing index rose 0.5%. The elements for health and personal care and for recreation, education and reading each increased by 0.2%, while that for tobacco and alcohol edged up by 0.1%. Between September 1972 and September 1973, the all-items index advanced 8.5%.

The food index increased 0.9% to 170.2 in September from 168.7 in August with about half of the rise due to a 3.1% advance in the price of food eaten away from home. The price level of food for home consumption moved up in the latest month by 0.5% despite marked seasonal price declines for fresh produce. The impact of higher wheat quotations was reflected in retail outlets by a sharp one-month increase of 8.9% in the level of prices for cereal and bakery products, with bread prices registering an advance of 17% and flour and macaroni increasing by 10% and 6.2%, respectively. The dairy products index rose 1.2%, largely on account of higher fresh milk prices in most provinces except Quebec and Ontario. The price of margarine, relatively stable over the preceding three months, moved up 4% in the latest month. Each element of the meat, fish and poultry index contributed to its one-month rise of 4.7%. In meats, pork prices advanced 6.1% in the latest month to a level 37.1% above September 1972. Beef prices, on average, rose 2.8% in the latest month and stood 29.4% above their level of a year earlier. Poultry prices climbed 5.2% and were 47.6% higher than in September 1972. Canned salmon, in the latest month, registered a price rise of nearly 17%. Egg prices continued to climb, moving up by 6.8% in the latest month and by 50% since 12 months earlier. Fresh vegetable prices, which normally decline between August and September, registered a greater-than-usual drop of over 36%, with some items such as tomatoes and onions retailing, on average, below their price levels of a year earlier. Fresh fruit quotations also were seasonally lower from the preceding month, moving down 8%. In the 12 months since September 1972, the food index advanced 16.0% with the price of food consumed at home rising 16.1% and that for food away from home 15.3%.

The housing index rose 0.5% to 154.4 in September from 153.6 in August as a result of increases of 0.5% in both the shelter and household operation components. Within shelter, home owner-

ship cost moved up 0.7% in response to increases in the indexes for new houses, homeowner repairs and mortgage interest. Rents rose 0.1%. Among items of household operation, fuel oil prices increased in a number of cities in Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and British Columbia. Furniture quotations rose, on average, 0.8% mainly in response to increases in some centres for livingroom and dinette furniture. Appliance prices advanced 0.3% and floor coverings and dishes were higher in price. The household supplies index advanced 1.2% as most items surveyed registered increases. Between September 1972 and September 1973, the housing index advanced 7.1%.

The clothing index, which normally moves up in September, advanced 0.8% to 139.5 from its level of 138.4 in August. All major clothing components recorded increases but the main contributors to this latest advance were men's and women's clothing and clothing services. A rise of 1.3% and 0.6% in the men's and women's wear indexes, respectively, resulted from advances in most items surveyed but the largest increases were recorded for items of men's outer wear and women's and men's sports and casual wear. The clothing services component rose, on average, 1.9% following increased quotations in a number of centres for laundry, dry-cleaning and shoe repairs. The index for children's clothing advanced 0.5% but still stood 2.2% below its level of a year earlier. Higher quotations for cotton and cotton blend fabrics were the main reason for an increase of 0.6% in the piece goods index. Footwear prices rose, on average, 0.4% as most items surveyed recorded increases. In the 12-month period ending September 1973, the clothing index rose 5.4%.

The transportation index advanced 0.6% to 139.6 in September from 138.7 in August, mainly as the result of a rise of 1.5% in the automobile operation and maintenance component. Widespread price increases were recorded for gasoline which climbed, on average, 2.7% in the latest month and 11.4% since last May. In addition, automobile repair charges rose in most centres and motor oil and battery quotations increased in a number of cities. Tire prices were generally lower. New car quotations fell 0.3% as the model year drew to a close. The public transportation component remained unchanged as a marginal increase in the index for local transportation was offset by a decline in the train fares index. In the 12-month period ending September 1973, the transportation index rose 3.9%.

The health and personal care index rose 0.2% to 157.8 in September from 157.5 in August as a result of fractionally increased price levels for pharmaceuticals and personal care supplies. In the latest 12 months the index advanced 5.2%.

(continued)

The recreation, education and reading index increased 0.2% to 147.2 in September from 146.9 in August as increases were recorded in the recreation and the reading components. Within recreation, higher quotations for television repairs and phonograph records outweighed price reductions for television sets and stereo combinations. The reading component rose in response to higher newspaper subscription rates in Quebec City. In the 12 months to September 1973, the recreation, education and reading index advanced 5.0%.

The tobacco and alcohol index edged up 0.1% to 136.6 in September from 136.5 in August as a result

of a small increase in the component for alcoholic beverages. In the latest 12 months, the index rose 2.8%.

Consumer price movements, reclassified by goods and services, offer another view of the incidence of price change. Between August and September, the total goods index advanced 0.7% with the main impetus coming from non-durable goods which rose 1.0% mainly in response to higher food, gasoline and fuel oil prices. The index for semi-durable goods rose 0.6% mainly because of higher clothing quotations but the durable goods component remained unchanged. The services index rose 0.5% as increases were registered for, amongst others, shelter, transportation and recreation services. In the 12 months to September 1973, the total goods index advanced 10.7% and that for services 6.8%.

Consumer Price Index and Main Components  
(1961=100)

	Component weight*	Index		Change		
		1973		1972	Sept./73 from	
		Sept.	Aug.	Sept.	Aug./73	Sept./72
All-items . . . . .	100	153.9	153.0	141.8	0.6	8.5
Food . . . . .	25	170.2	168.7	146.7	0.9	16.0
Food for home consumption . . . . .		166.1	165.3	143.1	0.5	16.1
Food away from home . . . . .		200.9	194.9	174.2	3.1	15.3
All-items excluding food . . . . .	75	147.9	147.2	139.9	0.5	5.7
Housing . . . . .	31	154.4	153.6	144.1	0.5	7.1
Shelter . . . . .		170.8	169.9	158.9	0.5	7.5
Household operation . . . . .		132.2	131.5	124.2	0.5	6.4
Clothing . . . . .	11	139.5	138.4	132.4	0.8	5.4
Transportation . . . . .	15	139.6	138.7	134.4	0.6	3.9
Private transportation . . . . .		132.8	131.8	126.6	0.8	4.9
Public transportation . . . . .		172.8	172.8	172.8	—	—
Health and personal care . . . . .	5	157.8	157.5	150.0	0.2	5.2
Recreation, education and reading . . . . .	7	147.2	146.9	140.2	0.2	5.0
Tobacco and alcohol . . . . .	6	136.6	136.5	132.9	0.1	2.8
Tobacco products . . . . .		146.3	146.3	141.3	—	3.5
Alcoholic beverages . . . . .		130.0	129.9	127.2	0.1	2.2
Reclassified by Goods and Services**						
Goods . . . . .	66	146.3	145.3	132.2	0.7	10.7
Durable goods . . . . .	12	109.7	109.7	107.8	—	1.8
Semi-durable goods . . . . .	12	137.6	136.8	131.3	0.6	4.8
Non-durable goods . . . . .	42	158.8	157.3	138.9	1.0	14.3
Services . . . . .	34	170.0	169.2	159.2	0.5	6.8
Purchasing power of the 1961 consumer dollar . . . . .	—	.65	.65	.71		
All-items Consumer Price Index converted to 1949=100 . . . . .						198.8

\* These rounded weights, based on 1967 expenditure patterns, are provided as a general guide to the relative importance of C.P.I. Major components from May 1973 forward, and replace 1957 weights in indexes prior to May 1973. The revised series is linked to its predecessor at April 1973. For revision details see *The Consumer Price Index for Canada (1961=100) (Revision Based on 1967 Expenditure)*, Catalogue 62-539, Price 75¢. \*\* The previous supplementary classification has been revised. Historical series relating to the revised classification replace the previously published supplementary indexes and are available, with explanatory notes, in *Retail Prices and Living Costs Service Bulletin Catalogue 62-005, Vol. 2, No. 7, Price \$2 per year.*



**Financial Institutions, First Quarter 1971 – Advance Information**

	2nd Quarter 1972 \$	2nd Quarter 1973 \$	Change from same period a year earlier \$	%	Amount change from IQ/73 \$
<b>Trust Companies</b>					
Mortgages . . . . .	4,869,380	6,184,811	1,315,431	27.0	526,330
Total Assets . . . . .	8,050,384	9,426,221	1,375,837	17.1	300,357
Demand Deposits . . . . .	1,821,673	2,113,664	291,991	16.0	46,467
Term Deposits . . . . .	5,536,869	6,513,065	976,196	17.6	264,248
<b>Mortgage Companies</b>					
Mortgages . . . . .	3,347,887	4,151,501	803,614	24.0	239,985
Total Assets . . . . .	4,353,251	5,284,436	931,185	21.4	287,967
Demand Deposits . . . . .	561,286	650,692	89,406	15.9	21,370
Term Deposits and Debentures . . . . .	2,922,041	3,222,966	300,925	10.3	252,207
<b>Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies</b>					
<b>Retail Financing</b>					
Industrial & Commercial . . . . .	949,170	999,401	50,231	5.3	154,844
Consumer Business . . . . .	1,149,051	1,220,075	71,024	6.2	101,844
Wholesale Financing . . . . .	687,135	854,522	167,387	24.4	-44,795
Small Loan Act . . . . .	401,877	353,809	-48,068	-12.0	13,703
Other Personal Loans . . . . .	1,432,935	1,365,888	-67,047	-4.7	153,538
Total Assets . . . . .	5,850,563	6,203,361	352,798	6.0	398,264
Bank Loans (Canadian) . . . . .	123,235	178,877	55,642	45.2	36,318
Short Term Loans (Canadian) . . . . .	1,408,373	1,803,873	395,500	28.1	264,657
Long Term Debt (Canadian) . . . . .	1,349,109	1,453,580	104,471	7.8	-19,899
Long Term Debt (Foreign) . . . . .	316,258	446,744	130,486	41.3	2,843
<b>Mutual Funds (Cost)</b>					
Canadian Preferred Shares . . . . .	152,053	152,247	194	.01	65
Canadian Common Shares . . . . .	1,122,814	1,172,849	50,035	4.5	-34,148
Foreign Pref. and Common . . . . .	924,187	729,537	-194,650	-21.1	-85,139
Total Assets . . . . .	2,836,068	2,858,966	22,898	.81	-56,919
Total Portfolio . . . . .					
– Cost . . . . .	2,708,368	2,740,665	32,297	1.2	-14,532
– Market . . . . .	3,236,541	2,968,875	-267,666	-8.3	-261,484
<b>Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies</b>					
Net Premiums . . . . .	498,273	560,933	62,660	12.6	
Underwriting Gain . . . . .	2,832	2,666	-166	-.06	
Total Assets . . . . .	3,487,464	3,985,565	498,101	14.3	162,476
<b>Closed-end Funds (Cost)</b>					
Canadian Common Shares . . . . .	457,933	329,462	-128,471	-28.1	-3,099
Total Portfolio . . . . .					
– Cost . . . . .	677,031	645,616	-31,415	-4.6	1,166
– Market . . . . .	1,017,162	936,256	-80,806	-8.0	-65,763

Further information will be contained in the publication *Financial Institutions*, Second Quarter, 1973 (61-006, 75¢/\$3).

**Women Ever Married by Number of Children, 1971**  
Census (92-718, 75¢).

2,775 children were born per 1,000 women ever married. The corresponding figure in 1961 was 2,987.

The evident decline is most remarkable for younger women. In 1971 there were 910 children born per 1,000 women ever married and aged 20-24, and 1,706 for women aged 25-29. The corresponding figures for 1961 are 1,327 and 2,178 respectively.

Statistics Canada today released figures from the 1971 Census showing the number of children born per 1,000 women ever married. For all of Canada,



## Prices and Price Indexes, October 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

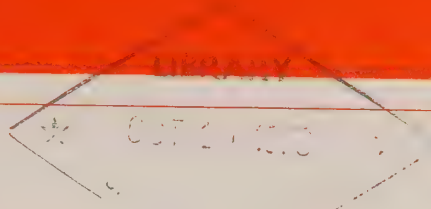
	Number stocks priced	Oct. 4/73  This week	Sept. 27/73  Week ago	Sept. 6/73  Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>194.4</b>	<b>192.9</b>	<b>188.3</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>211.2</b>	<b>210.1</b>	<b>204.9</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	150.2	145.7	138.2
Foods . . . . .	10	140.3	139.0	147.3
Beverages . . . . .	7	268.8	264.1	256.1
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	170.8	157.6	152.5
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	171.6	166.6	146.1
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	382.1	369.6	359.1
Primary metals . . . . .	8	135.1	132.7	126.3
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	224.3	215.9	218.0
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	174.3	178.7	178.8
Petroleum . . . . .	7	324.6	343.6	350.9
Chemicals . . . . .	4	121.9	115.9	110.8
Construction . . . . .	4	157.1	157.5	151.5
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	155.9	151.0	148.8
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>141.2</b>	<b>138.1</b>	<b>138.1</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	139.3	139.4	139.7
Transportation . . . . .	4	329.8	315.1	325.6
Telephone . . . . .	3	83.9	83.4	82.9
Electric power . . . . .	3	116.1	112.1	106.3
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	151.4	149.7	148.6
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>187.7</b>	<b>186.6</b>	<b>178.6</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	219.6	219.6	212.4
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	138.5	135.2	125.1
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>134.0</b>	<b>132.9</b>	<b>132.4</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	152.1	154.9	164.4
Base metals . . . . .	16	125.3	122.0	116.0
Uranium . . . . .	4	249.4	241.8	238.3
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	431.8	450.9	455.7

For further information, order the October issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



Thursday, October 11, 1973

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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

**Canada's Foreign Trade in Motor Vehicle and Parts, Annual 1965-72 and First Half 1972 and 1973** – Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Infomat.

### Publications Released

- Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, May 1973** (31-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Quarterly Shipments of Office Furniture Products, Quarter Ended June 30, 1973** (35-006, 25¢/\$1 a year).
- Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products (1961=100), August 1973** (62-003, 10¢/\$1)



**Primary Iron and Steel** (Net Shipments of Rolled Steel Products), August 1973 - Advance Information.**Summary of Net Shipments\* of Rolled Steel Products**

	Shipments		
	Domestic	Export	Total
	(net tons of 2,000 pounds)		
Ingots and semi-finished shapes . . . . .	17,766	10,588	28,354
Rails . . . . .	28,182	1,082	29,264
Wire rods . . . . .	43,712	6,157	49,869
Structural shapes:			
Heavy . . . . .	42,914	3,159	46,073
Bar-sized shapes . . . . .	7,211	670	7,881
Concrete reinforcing bars . . . . .	60,474	—	60,474
Other hot rolled bars . . . . .	78,236	3,690	81,926
Tie plates and track material . . . . .	3,801	976	4,777
Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes) . . . . .	91,101	12,119	103,220
Hot rolled sheets . . . . .	155,939	8,704	164,643
Hot rolled strip . . . . .	40,556	525	41,081
Cold finished bars . . . . .	6,883	61	6,944
Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold rolled other, coated . . . . .	144,381	12,540	156,921
Galvanized sheets . . . . .	68,338	4,612	72,950
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>789,494</b>	<b>64,883</b>	<b>854,377</b>

\* *Producer's shipments excluding producer's interchange.*

For further information, order the August issue of *Primary Iron and Steel* (41-001, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Industrial Chemicals, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Manufacturers produced 38.36 million pounds of polyethylene type synthetic resins in August compared to 35.32 million pounds a year earlier.

For further information order the August issue of *Specified Chemicals* (46-002, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

August production of rubber increased to 46.02 million pounds from the 40.07 million pounds in August 1972. Consumption of rubber increased to 42.98 million pounds compared to 36.79 million pounds for the same month last year.

For further information, order the August issue of *Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber* (33-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers domestic sales of automatic washing machines were 30,957 units in August, up

from 28,448 a year ago. Conventional washing machine sales were 10,259 units compared to 10,708 a year ago.

Canadian sales of electric clothes dryers were 26,131 units compared to 24,843 units a year earlier. Gas dryer sales on the domestic market were 1,075 units compared to 1,174 one year ago.

For further information, order the August issue of *Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers* (43-002, 20¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian firms sold 50,785 refrigerators in Canada in August compared to 43,252 a year earlier and month-end stocks totalled 82,444 units, up from 77,395. Domestic sales of home and farm freezers decreased to 24,851 units from 29,063 and month-end stocks decreased to 12,866 from 25,704.

For further information, order the August issue of *Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers* (43-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Stoves and Ranges, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers sales of stoves and ranges in August increased by 3% to 41,772 units from 40,529 units in August 1972.

Closing inventory of these products increased by 33% to 79,428 units from 59,902 a year earlier.

For further information, order the August issue of *Stoves and Furnaces* (41-005, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers produced 4.24 million phonograph records in August, down from 5.08 million a year earlier. Production of pre-recorded tapes (8 track cartridges and cassettes only) increased to 917,355 from 664,744 for the same period.

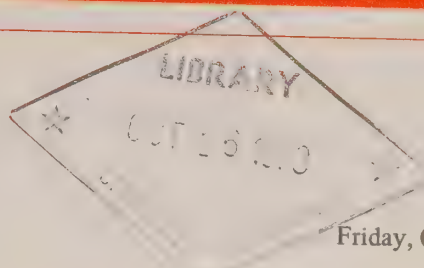
For further information, order the August issue of Service Bulletin *Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes* (47-004, \$1 per year), Vol. 1, No. 8, or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.





# Statistics Canada

## daily



Friday, October 12, 1973

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### Publications Released

- Estimates of Labour Income, June 1973 (72-005, 30¢/\$3)
- The Wheat Review, September 1973 (22-005, 30¢/\$3)
- Asbestos, August 1973 (26-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Grain Milling Statistics, August 1973 (32-003, \$1 a year)
- Feed Industry, 1971 (32-214, 50¢)
- The Highway, Road, Street and Bridge Contracting Industry, 1971 (64-206, 75¢)
- Service Bulletin — Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 72, Salient Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Statistics, June 1973;
- Retail Prices and Living Costs (62-005, \$2 per year), Vol. 2, No. 12, City Average Retail Prices, August, 1973.

**Canada's Foreign Trade in Motor Vehicle and Parts , Annual 1965-72 and First Half 1972 and 1973 – Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Infomat.**

**Change in Sources of Data on Canada – United States Trade in Motor Vehicles and Parts**

The table below presents, for the first time, data on Canada – U.S. trade in motor vehicles and parts based on sources and definitions worked out by a joint committee of U.S. and Canadian statisticians formed to determine the most satisfactory method of measuring this trade. The same data for both countries in U.S. currency values was published in the *Sixth Annual Report of the President to the Congress on the Operation of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965* for the period 1965-71 and in *Commerce Today* of March 19, 1973, for 1971-72. This table also differs from the quarterly tables published in previous Daily Bulletins in that the value of trailers and motorcycles are excluded from both Canadian and U.S. import figures for comparison purposes. For the same reason, special tooling charges on manufactured parts are excluded, although they normally constitute an integral part of the costs of material for motor vehicle production. The cumulative total of Canada's trade deficit for 1965 through 1972 as measured in this table is \$1.82 billion compared to the \$1.85 billion, measured by Canadian export and import data and definitions, reported in the Daily of March 5, 1973.

It should be noted that the table showing Canada's trade in automotive and related products with overseas countries continues to be based on Canadian data and definitions.

**Canada - United States Trade in Automotive Products**

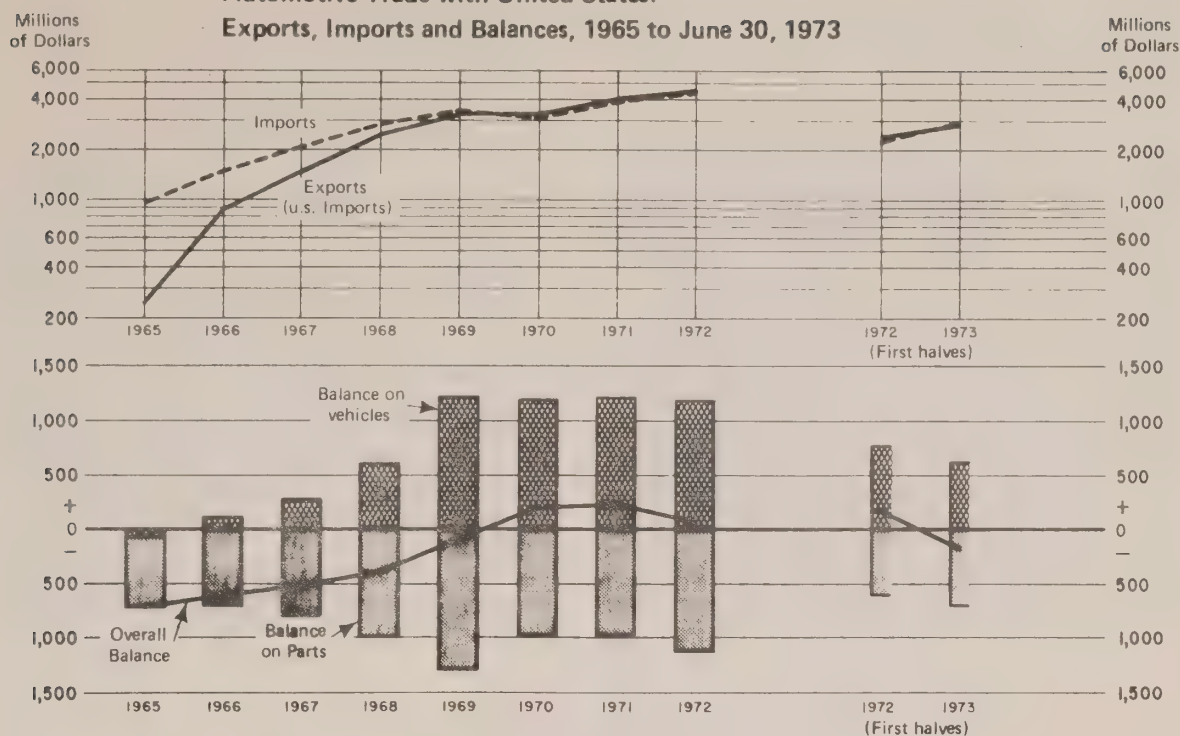
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	First Half 1972	1973
	(\$ millions Canadian)									
<b>United States imports from Canada*</b>										
Cars . . . . .	74	342	748	1,204	1,662	1,538	1,943	2,046	1,177	1,291
Trucks, etc . . . . .	21	146	247	399	605	589	593	706	334	402
Parts . . . . .	151	389	512	846	1,037	1,127	1,496	1,778	893	1,143
Tires and tubes . . . . .	4	9	13	9	5	15	8	22	9	36
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>886</b>	<b>1,520</b>	<b>2,458</b>	<b>3,309</b>	<b>3,269</b>	<b>4,040</b>	<b>4,552</b>	<b>2,413</b>	<b>2,872</b>
<b>Canadian imports from United States</b>										
Cars . . . . .	94	289	588	809	792	659	963	1,065	506	731
Trucks, etc . . . . .	60	95	132	189	263	275	363	499	228	328
Parts . . . . .	797	1,093	1,314	1,820	2,307	2,107	2,448	2,871	1,485	1,839
Tires and tubes . . . . .	10	10	8	29	37	24	36	50	23	42
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>1,487</b>	<b>2,042</b>	<b>2,847</b>	<b>3,399</b>	<b>3,065</b>	<b>3,810</b>	<b>4,485</b>	<b>2,242</b>	<b>2,940</b>
<b>Balance . . . . .</b>	<b>-711</b>	<b>-601</b>	<b>-522</b>	<b>-389</b>	<b>-90</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>-68</b>
Excluded: special tooling charges on parts imported from U.S. . . . .	—	31	48	51	81	93	80	85	77	9

\* \$1 Canadian = \$0.925 U.S. 1965-69; \$0.958 U.S. 1970; \$0.990 U.S. 1971; \$1.00959 U.S. 1972. Half year data converted on monthly basis.

Total automotive trade between Canada and the U.S. expanded by some one-quarter to \$5.8 billion in the first half of 1973 from \$4.7 billion in the first half of 1972. Canadian shipments to the U.S. were almost one-fifth higher at \$2.9 billion and Canadian imports nearly one-third greater at \$2.9 billion. The Canadian deficit of approximately \$70 million compares with a surplus of about \$170 million in the first half of 1972. The deterioration in the trade balance of some \$240 million resulted from a \$143 million smaller surplus in vehicle trade and a \$96 million wider deficit in parts trade.

(continued)

### Automotive Trade with United States: Exports, Imports and Balances, 1965 to June 30, 1973



### Canada - Other Countries Trade in Automotive and Related Products

	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1972 (First Half)	1973 (First Half)
	(\$ millions Canadian)									
<b>Canadian exports</b>										
Cars	82	83	63	100	79	73	59	67	32	21
Other motor vehicles	10	27	37	48	43	79	68	61	34	14
Parts	32	42	53	61	85	87	79	77	40	43
Re-exports	5	6	9	10	9	8	6	5	3	3
<b>Total</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>81</b>
<b>Canadian imports</b>										
Cars	113	96	103	168	230	218	343	416	239	199
Other motor vehicles	12	15	12	19	25	37	57	92	53	61
Parts	20	33	35	47	69	99	119	171	87	111
<b>Total</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>679</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>371</b>
<b>Balance</b>	<b>-16</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>-108</b>	<b>-107</b>	<b>-307</b>	<b>-469</b>	<b>-270</b>	<b>-290</b>

In contrast to the expansion of Canada-U.S. trade, that with other countries contracted from nearly \$490 million to some \$450 million in the first half of 1973. Imports, affected by currency changes in recent years, were almost \$10 million lower, while exports declined by nearly \$30 million. Passenger cars imported from overseas, down 17% by value and 32% by volume, accounted for about one-fifth of the value of Canadian automobile imports, compared with close to one-third in the first half of 1972.



**Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports,**  
September 1973 — Published only in Statistics  
Canada Daily and Infomat, and available in machine  
readable form from CANSIM.

September's seasonally adjusted exports at \$1,894 million were virtually unchanged from the previous month. A partial recovery of shipments to the United States following strikes in rail transportation and pulp and paper was countered by a decline in deliveries to overseas countries.

Exports in the third quarter at \$5,898 million were down \$64 million or 1.1% from the quarterly average of the first half of 1973. Deliveries were down substantially to the U.S. and Japan, while shipments to the European Community rose strongly and those to the rest of the world more moderately.

On a year-to-year basis, unadjusted exports for September increased 14% to \$1,734 million. The U.S., which accounted for 71% of total exports, was responsible for just 48% of the export gain. Japan and the European Community combined accounted for

12% of the exports and 30% of the gain. Crude petroleum, pulp, lumber, nickel metal and natural gas, which made up some 23% of exports to the U.S. in September, contributed about 60% of the export gain there. Lumber, copper ores, oil seeds, nickel metal and iron ore accounted for 21% of overseas exports and 60% of the overseas export increase.

For the January-September period, unadjusted exports were up 23% to \$17.6 billion from the same period in 1972. Exports to the U.S. which represented 69% of total shipments in 1973, contributed 64% of the increase from 1972. Japan accounted for 7% of all exports and 15% of the gain. Automotive products, crude petroleum, lumber and newsprint accounted for about 54% of exports to the U.S. in 1973 and the same share of the increase in deliveries to that country over 1972. Wheat, oil seeds, copper ore, lumber and pulp were 35% of exports to overseas countries in 1973 and 55% of the export increase there over 1972.

For further information, order the September issue of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

**Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports, September, 1973.**  
(Domestic Exports plus Re-exports)

	Value		Change 1972-1973
	1972	1973	
	(\$ millions)		(%)
<b>Month of September</b>			
United Kingdom . . . . .	82.2	87.6	6.6
Other Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	44.8	61.5	37.3
United States . . . . .	1,128.4	1,231.5	9.1
Japan . . . . .	61.9	99.4	60.6
European Economic Community* . . . . .	72.2	100.4	39.1
Latin America . . . . .	42.2	39.7	- 5.9
Other Countries . . . . .	86.0	114.2	32.8
Total Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	127.0	149.1	17.4
Total Others . . . . .	1,390.6	1,585.2	14.0
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>1,517.6</b>	<b>1,734.3</b>	<b>14.3</b>
<b>January-September</b>			
United Kingdom . . . . .	947.9	1,049.9	10.8
Other Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	431.8	588.1	36.2
United States . . . . .	10,071.1	12,197.9	21.1
Japan . . . . .	669.3	1,173.6	75.3
European Economic Community* . . . . .	777.4	976.2	25.6
Latin America . . . . .	443.5	433.7	- 2.2
Other Countries . . . . .	907.5	1,166.8	28.6
Total Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	1,379.8	1,638.1	18.7
Total Others . . . . .	12,868.6	15,948.3	23.9
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>14,248.3</b>	<b>17,586.3</b>	<b>23.4</b>

*Figures may not add because of rounding.*

\* Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973.

## Domestic Exports of Selected Commodities

Preliminary Figures for September, 1973

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change 1972-1973	1972	1973	Change 1972-1973
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Fish, excluding shellfish . . . . .	19.9	20.8	4.5	24.0	33.1	37.9
Barley . . . . .	1.6	3.0	87.5	8.8	15.1	71.6
Wheat . . . . .	—	—	—	74.8	68.3	- 8.7
Whisky . . . . .	15.8	10.2	- 35.4	16.3	10.9	- 33.1
Tobacco . . . . .	0.9	0.1	- 88.9	1.8	0.9	- 50.0
Oil Seeds . . . . .	0.3	0.6	- 100.0	8.5	25.1	195.3
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	23.2	21.4	- 7.8	28.4	35.5	25.0
Copper in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	1.6	4.2	162.5	13.8	29.4	113.0
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	0.3	0.4	33.3	12.3	10.0	- 18.7
Zinc in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	1.2	1.6	33.3	13.6	19.0	39.7
Coal . . . . .	—	—	—	4.2	4.5	7.1
Crude Petroleum . . . . .	86.7	116.1	33.9	86.7	116.1	33.9
Natural gas . . . . .	24.0	29.9	24.6	24.0	29.9	24.6
Asbestos, unmanufactured . . . . .	5.4	7.1	31.5	15.9	24.0	50.9
Lumber . . . . .	84.6	92.2	9.0	93.2	118.1	26.7
Wood pulp and similar pulp . . . . .	35.0	46.7	33.4	58.0	74.5	28.4
Newsprint paper . . . . .	74.8	74.2	- 0.8	94.3	90.4	- 4.1
Fertilizers and fertilizer materials . . . . .	14.1	12.1	- 14.2	16.4	15.5	- 5.5
Iron and steel, including alloys . . . . .	24.4	25.9	6.1	29.1	38.1	30.9
Aluminum including alloys . . . . .	15.2	15.4	1.3	32.5	24.9	- 23.4
Copper and alloys . . . . .	14.9	16.0	7.4	26.6	32.7	22.9
Nickel and alloys . . . . .	8.5	15.3	80.0	11.9	31.4	163.9
Metal fabricated basic products . . . . .	9.1	9.2	1.1	10.9	12.0	10.1
Industrial machinery . . . . .	20.8	25.3	21.6	30.7	33.3	8.5
Agricultural machinery and tractors . . . . .	15.8	18.1	14.6	17.0	19.5	14.7
Passenger automobiles and chassis . . . . .	150.3	182.3	21.3	152.9	183.0	19.7
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	53.4	64.1	20.0	56.8	65.1	14.6
Motor vehicle engines and engine parts . . . . .	54.1	16.3	- 69.9	54.2	16.4	- 69.7
Other motor vehicle parts* . . . . .	109.7	99.5	- 9.3	118.3	105.8	- 10.6
Aircraft, engines and parts . . . . .	26.2	29.5	12.6	31.5	33.9	7.6
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	12.2	13.4	9.8	15.6	22.7	45.5
Office machines and equipment . . . . .	10.0	8.2	- 18.0	12.4	14.5	16.9
Apparel and accessories . . . . .	8.3	8.4	1.2	11.7	13.2	12.8
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	922.1	987.5	7.1	1,207.1	1,366.8	13.2
b) Total domestic exports . . . . .	1,092.3	1,200.6	9.9	1,475.1	1,690.2	14.6
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	84.4%	82.3%		81.8%	80.9%	
* (Re-exports of mainly parts) . . . . .	4.4	3.8	- 13.6	4.7	4.7	0.0

(tables continued on page 6)

## Mineral Production, August 1973 — Advance Information.

Production of silver increased to 4.33 million troy ounces from 3.08 million troy ounces in August 1972. This brought total 1973 output to 32.54 million troy ounces from 30.00 million a year earlier.

Refined lead production increased to 15,851 tons from 12,247 tons a year earlier. This brought 1973 output to 139,260 tons compared to 135,568 tons a year earlier.

Production of refined zinc increased to 50,088 tons from 47,532 tons a year earlier. This brought the 1973 total to 396,245 tons compared to 333,084 tons in 1972.

Primary copper production increased to 64,925 tons from 49,198 tons in August 1972. This brought

1973 output to date to 579,968 tons from 492,827 tons a year earlier.

Production of primary nickel increased to 13,848 tons from 10,960 tons in August 1972, making 1973 output to date 174,191 tons compared to 169,601 tons a year earlier.

Gold production decreased to 150,890 troy ounces in August from 154,253 troy ounces a year earlier. This brought the total 1973 output to 1,302,373 troy ounces compared to 1,377,930 troy ounces for the same period last year.

For further information, order the August issues of *Silver, Lead and Zinc Production* (26-008, 10¢/\$1), *Copper and Nickel Production* (26-003, 10¢/\$1) and *Gold Production* (26-004, 10¢/\$1) or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Exports (including re-exports)**  
Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
<b>1972</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,650	3,313	276	1,061
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,995	3,477	367	1,151
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,767	3,324	306	1,137
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,564	3,807	378	1,379
<b>1973</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,872	4,113	393	1,366
Second Quarter . . . . .	6,053	4,184	316	1,553
Third Quarter (preliminary) . . . . .	5,898	3,995	366	1,537
<b>1973</b>				
January . . . . .	1,915	1,371	109	435
February . . . . .	1,957	1,371	119	467
March . . . . .	2,000	1,371	165	464
April . . . . .	2,044	1,358	120	566
May . . . . .	2,023	1,437	86	500
June . . . . .	1,986	1,389	110	487
July . . . . .	2,107	1,472	121	514
August . . . . .	1,897	1,207	132	558
September (preliminary) . . . . .	1,894	1,316	113	465

**Particle Board, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian firms produced 29.0 million sq. ft. (5/8" basis) of particle board in August 1973, down 1.0% from 29.3 one year earlier.

For further information, order the August 1973 issue of *Particle Board* (36-003, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Radio and Television Receiving Sets, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Manufacturers sold 43,283 Canadian-made colour television sets on the domestic market in August and 13,498 black-and-white sets. A year earlier, sales were 45,332 and 23,192.

For further information order the August issue of *Radio and Television Receiving Sets* (43-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Pulpwood and Wood Residue, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Roundwood production decreased 7.9% to 1.58 million cunits in August from 1.71 million cunits a year earlier.

Consumption of roundwood and wood residue decreased 7.4% to 2.01 million cunits from 2.17 million and the closing inventory of these two products decreased 7.1% to 7.76 million cunits from 8.35 million. Receipts of wood residue increased .05% to 757,228 cunits from 753,634.

For further information, order the August issue of *Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics* (25-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. C. Sturton (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



**Weekly Railway Carloadings, September 30, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Railway revenue freight loaded during the nine days ended September 30 totalled 6.8 million tons, up 10.5% from a year earlier. Cars loaded in the same period increased 5.2% to 111,495.

Western loadings declined 4.3% to 2.7 million tons in the 1973 period, while loadings east of the Lakehead rose 23.1% to just over 4.0 million tons. The number of cars loaded were down 6.5% in the west but up 14.9% in the east.

Year-to-date loadings totalled 174.2 million tons, up 14.1% from the first three quarters of 1972. Western volume over the nine months increased 2.3% to 75.5 million tons, while loadings in the east rose 25.1% to 98.7 million tons.

For further information contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

9-day period ending September 30	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	4,109,681	2,739,364	6,849,045
Tons, 1972 .....	3,337,288	2,863,610	6,200,898
% change .....	23.1	- 4.3	10.5
Cars, 1973 .....	66,365	45,130	111,495
Cars, 1972 .....	57,752	48,262	106,014
% change .....	14.9	- 6.5	5.2
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	155,413	64,756	220,169
Tons, 1972 .....	153,158	68,670	221,828
% change .....	1.5	- 5.7	- 0.7
Cars, 1973 .....	6,525	3,180	9,705
Cars, 1972 .....	6,648	3,470	10,118
% change .....	- 1.9	- 8.4	- 4.1
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	98,697,584	75,542,212	174,239,796
Tons, 1972 .....	78,871,130	73,849,664	152,720,794
% change .....	25.1	2.3	14.1
Cars, 1973 .....	1,724,519	1,232,229	2,956,748
Cars, 1972 .....	1,507,338	1,262,488	2,769,826
% change .....	14.4	- 2.4	6.7
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	4,278,794	1,684,175	5,962,969
Tons, 1972 .....	3,609,623	1,650,303	5,259,926
% change .....	18.5	2.1	13.4
Cars, 1973 .....	177,604	83,320	260,924
Cars, 1972 .....	159,528	79,710	239,238
% change .....	11.3	4.5	9.1

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.



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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

Ownership and Control of Capital Employed in Selected  
Canadian Industries, 1969 — Advance Information.

### Publications Released

Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, June 1973 (66-001, 40¢/\$4)  
 Electricity Bills, 1972 (57-203, 50¢)  
 Coal and Coke Statistics, July 1973 (45-002, 30¢/\$3)  
 Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, May 1973 (26-006, 20¢/\$2)  
 Leather Tanneries, 1971 (33-202, 50¢)  
 Oils and Fats, June 1973 (32-006, 20¢/\$2)  
 Soft Drinks Manufacturers, 1971 (32-208, 50¢)  
 Asphalt Roofing, August 1973 (45-001, 10¢/\$1)  
 Mineral Wool, August 1973 (44-004, 10¢/\$1)  
 Motor Vehicle Shipments, August 1973 (42-002, 10¢/\$1)  
 Cement, August 1973 (44-001, 10¢/\$1)  
 Mineral Industries: Principal Statistics, 1971 (26-204, 25¢)  
 Service Bulletins — Aviation (51-004, \$3 a year), Vol. 5, No. 39, Civil Aviation, First Quarter  
 1973; Vol. 5, No. 41, Aircraft Fleet as of July 15, 1973;  
 Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 2, Shipments of Domestic Mobile

(continued)



Homes, 1973; Vol. 2, No. 8, Oil Filters and Cartridges, August, 1973;  
 Chemicals (46-004, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 1, Consumption of Titanium Dioxide and  
 Extended Titanium Dioxide Pigments 1970 and 1971;  
 Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), August, 1973; Vol. 2, No. 80, Fish Freezings and  
 Stocks, Maritimes; Vol. 2, No. 81, Canada.

#### **Consumer Credit, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Selected credit holders reporting monthly showed \$13,010 million outstanding on their books at the end of August, 19.7% more than a year earlier.

Personal cash loans by chartered banks rose to \$8,381 million, up 26.0% from a year earlier; and life insurance companies' policy loans were up 4.0 to \$827 million, but personal cash loans made under the Small Loans Act fell 11.9% to \$347 million. In addition, sales finance and consumer loan companies held \$1,108 million balances of retail instalment sales' paper, an increase of 12.8%; and the \$1,388 million outstandings of personal cash loans represented an expansion of 17.3%.

The outstanding balances of other monthly reporters — Quebec savings banks, department stores and furniture, TV, radio, and household appliances stores — rose 11.4% to \$960 million, over the year.

Credit holders reporting quarterly — other retail stores, other credit card issuers, credit unions and caisses populaires and public utilities — reported outstanding balances of \$3,376 million for the second quarter, 14.8% more than a year earlier.

Total outstanding balances had reached \$16,189 million at the end of June 1973, a level 19.3% higher than that attained a year earlier.

For further information, order the August issue of *Consumer Credit* (61-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Consumer Credit Section (613-996-9278), or telex 053-3585, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### **Retail Trade, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Seasonally adjusted August retail sales declined fractionally from the previous month to a total of \$3,226.1 million, with decreases in seven of the 18 trade groups. Men's clothing stores (-8.9%) and jewellery stores (-4.2%) registered the largest sales decreases, while fuel dealers (9.6%) and general merchandise stores (3.9%) recorded the largest sales gains. British Columbia registered the greatest provincial increase (3.8%) and Saskatchewan the largest provincial decrease (-11.0%).

Total retail trade, without seasonal adjustment, reached \$3,072.3 million, an increase of 15.1% from August 1972. Gains were registered in all trade groups ranging from a high of 22.8% for motor vehicle dealers to a low of 4.5% for men's clothing stores. All provinces recorded higher sales with the largest increases in British Columbia (19.5%) and Newfoundland (17.4%).

For further information, order the August issue of *Retail Trade* (63-005, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

#### **Chain Store Sales and Stocks, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

In August, chain store organization reported a 19.0% increase in sales over the previous year to total \$1,233.7 million. All trade groups registered sales increases, led by service stations and garages (37.6%) and motor vehicle dealers (30.3%).

The value of stocks held by chain stores increased 17.0% from August 1972, reaching \$1,482.7 million. The largest gains were registered by men's clothing stores (42.8%) and family clothing stores (38.1%). The largest decrease was registered by fuel dealers (-10.1%).

For further information, order the August issue of *Chain Store Sales and Stocks* (63-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

#### **Steel Ingots, Week ended October 13, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended October 13 totalled 274,080 tons, a decrease of 4.5% from the preceding week's total of 286,914 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 209,721 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 149.6 in the current week, 156.6 a week earlier and 114.5 one year ago.

**Farm Cash Receipts, January-August 1973 -- Advance Information.**

Preliminary estimates are that during the first eight months of 1973 farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland totalled \$4,020.3 million compared to \$3,146.2 million during the same period of 1972. These estimates included cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops, net cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada, and supplementary payments to dairy producers. No deduction was made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

For further information, order the January-August 1973 issue of *Farm Cash Receipts* (21-001, 20¢/\$2).

**Total Cash Receipts from Farming Operations**

January-August

(\$ millions)

	1973	1972
Prince Edward Island	47.4	27.3
Nova Scotia . . . . .	57.8	45.2
New Brunswick . . . .	63.6	38.2
Quebec . . . . .	579.9	498.1
Ontario . . . . .	1,195.1	959.4
Manitoba . . . . .	345.0	253.4
Saskatchewan . . . . .	860.9	658.6
Alberta . . . . .	698.4	528.4
British Columbia . . .	172.2	137.6
<b>Canada . . . . .</b>	<b>4,020.3</b>	<b>3,146.2</b>





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### Publications Released

**Financial Flow Accounts, Second Quarter 1973, Advance Release No.1 (13-002, N/C)**  
**United States Vehicles Entering Canada, July 1973 (66-002, 10¢/\$1)**  
**Production of Eggs and Poultry, August 1973 (23-003, 10¢/\$1)**  
**Report on Livestock Surveys, Pigs, September 1, 1973 (23-005, \$1 a year)**  
**Service Bulletins – Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 14, Railway Operating Statistics, July 1973;**  
**Water Transport (54-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 5, Selected Commodity Movement Statistics, 1972;**  
**Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 10, 1973 Pack of Frozen Fruits and Vegetables as reported up to the end of August 1973.**



**Ownership Control of Capital Employed in Selected Canadian Industries, 1969 – Advance Information.**

Foreign investment in selected industries in Canada, measured as a proportion of the total long-term capital employed in Canada, remained stable at the end of 1969 at around 35%, while the proportion of total capital employed in foreign-controlled enterprises edged upwards slightly to 36%. In total, the proportion of long-term capital employed by United States-controlled corporations remained unchanged while the proportion controlled in other foreign countries rose by one percentage point, equivalent to the decline in the share of long-term capital under Canadian control. On balance, foreign control in the manufacturing, mining, and other utilities industries increased slightly, while Canadian control rose in the petroleum and natural gas industry. These ratios, representing an integration of data collected from a number of sources, are the latest in a series of estimates dating back to 1926.

Among the broad industrial categories, which combine all manufacturing into one group, foreign-controlled capital varied from a high of 74% of the total in the petroleum and natural gas industry to a low of 2% in the railway industry. The ratios for other mining and smelting, manufacturing and other utilities industries were 70%, 60% and 6% respectively. (Somewhat similar data on foreign control, measured in terms of assets, equity, sales, profits and taxable income of Canadian corporations, are compiled under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act.) In those industry sectors where foreign-controlled long-term capital employed was most important, the value of capital invested by non-residents was in all cases proportionately less than the value of total capital under foreign control. Conversely, in those industries predominately under Canadian control, non-resident investments were proportionately higher than long-term capital employed in foreign-controlled firms.

Although the broad industry aggregates were largely unchanged in terms of foreign control, a number of shifts occurred within these groupings. In the manufacturing sector there were large increases in foreign control of capital employed in the beverages, agricultural machinery and "other" industries, while a sizeable decline occurred in the transportation equipment classification. Acquisitions by non-residents of controlling interests in Canadian-controlled companies had a significant impact in raising foreign control in the beverages and "other" industries. It should be recognized in interpreting these data that changes in corporate structure and accounting practices may give rise to changes in a company's financial position as a result of the re-allocation or revaluation of existing resources rather than the creation of new ones, and that such changes can in turn affect the statistical aggregates of which they form a part both in terms of consistency of valuation and, occasionally, of industrial

classification. To some extent the changes recorded in foreign control of the agricultural machinery and transportation equipment industries, and the over-all decline in long-term capital employed in the latter industry, were of this type. Similarly, the reduction of total capital employed recorded in the iron and steel mills industry, where the proportion of foreign control remained unchanged, was mainly due to statistical refinements.

Other significant changes in the manufacturing sector were in the pulp and paper industry, where the establishment of a large new foreign-controlled company and the transfer of control of a major enterprise from U.S. to British investors occurred, and in the electrical apparatus industry, where the expansion of Canadian-controlled companies was proportionately more than that of companies under U.S. control.

Little change occurred in the control aspects of the petroleum and natural gas industry; foreign control declined marginally, while the ratio of foreign investment to long-term capital employed climbed by one percentage point to 63%.

Further growth in enterprises controlled by non-residents and engaged in the smelting and refining of non-ferrous native ores was reflected in the continuing increase in foreign control to 65% of total capital employed following the sizeable increase in 1968 associated with a foreign takeover of a major enterprise. By comparison, foreign investment accounted for 48% of total capital employed at the end of 1969. Foreign control also rose in the "other mining" category, where acquisition by non-residents of control of a number of companies pushed the proportion of foreign control of this industry to 73%.

The classification of companies by country of control rests on a number of factors and conventions, principally the proportion of voting shares held by residents of other countries. Where non-resident share ownership in a widely-held company, which has no dominant shareholder, is close to 50%, the transfer of ownership of a relatively small number of shares may give rise to a change in the control classification. When the companies involved are large, their re-classification may result in a sharp change in the ratios of foreign – and Canadian-controlled capital employed in the industries affected. The International Nickel Company of Canada Limited and Alcan Aluminum Limited are two such companies where Canadian share ownership became predominant in 1972 and 1971 respectively. If this condition had applied in 1969 the manufacturing and mining industry ratios for foreign control would have been lower by around three and 13 percentage points respectively, and the ratio for all selected industries lower by two percentage points.

Further information will be contained in *Canada's International Investment Position 1968-70* (67-202, \$2), or contact R.N. Purdue (613-996-2545), Balance of Payments Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.

Estimated Book Value, Ownership and Control of Capital Employed\* in Selected Canadian Industries, Year Ends, 1967-1969

	Total Capital Employed (\$ billions)	Ownership				Control			
		Investment owned in:		Percentage of capital employed owned in:		Investment controlled in:		Percentage of capital employed controlled in:	
		Canada	United States (\$ billions)	Other Countries	Canada United States (%)	Canada	United States (\$ billions)	Canada United States (%)	Other Countries
<b>Manufacturing</b>									
1966	18.7	8.8	8.3	1.6	47	7.9	8.5	2.2	43
1967	20.5	9.8	9.0	1.6	48	8.7	9.4	2.4	45
1968	21.7	10.3	9.7	1.7	48	9.1	10.1	2.5	46
1969	23.5	10.9	10.6	1.9	47	9.3	11.1	3.0	47
<b>Petroleum and Natural Gas</b>									
1966	9.1	3.3	4.7	1.1	37	2.3	5.4	1.4	26
1967	9.7	3.7	4.9	1.1	38	2.5	5.8	1.4	26
1968	10.4	4.0	5.3	1.2	38	2.6	6.3	1.5	25
1969	11.4	4.2	5.9	1.3	37	2.9	6.8	1.7	26
<b>Other Mining and Smelting</b>									
1966	4.8	2.0	2.5	0.4	41	1.8	2.6	0.4	38
1967	5.2	2.0	2.7	0.5	39	1.8	2.9	0.5	35
1968	5.9	2.3	3.0	0.6	39	1.9	3.4	0.6	32
1969	6.2	2.5	3.1	0.6	40	1.8	3.7	0.7	30
<b>Railways</b>									
1966	5.4	4.3	0.4	0.6	80	5.3	0.1	—	98
1967	5.5	4.5	0.4	0.6	81	5.4	0.1	—	98
1968	5.6	4.6	0.4	0.6	82	5.5	0.1	—	98
1969	5.7	4.8	0.5	0.5	83	5.6	0.1	—	98
<b>Other Utilities</b>									
1966	14.9	12.2	2.5	0.1	82	14.2	0.6	—	96
1967	16.2	13.2	2.9	0.1	81	15.5	0.7	0.1	95
1968	17.7	14.3	3.2	0.2	81	16.8	0.8	0.1	95
1969	19.7	16.0	3.4	0.3	81	18.5	0.8	0.4	94
<b>Totals of above specified industries and Merchandising and Construction</b>									
1966	65.7	42.3	19.3	4.2	65	43.1	18.0	4.7	66
1967	71.6	46.3	21.0	4.4	65	46.7	19.9	5.0	65
1968	77.4	50.0	22.7	4.7	65	50.2	21.8	5.5	65
1969	85.0	55.2	24.7	5.2	65	54.8	23.7	6.5	64

\* The book value of long-term debt and equity (including retained earnings) employed enterprises in Canada.  
† Revised figures

Note: Because of rounding, totals do not necessarily equal the sum of their component parts.



## Estimated Book Value, Ownership and Control of Capital Employed in Selected Canadian Industries, Year Ends, 1967-1969

	Total Capital Employed (\$ millions)	Ownership						Control					
		Investment owned in:			Percentage of capital employed owned in:			Investment controlled in:			Percentage of capital employed controlled in:		
		Canada	United States	Other Countries	Canada	United States	Other Countries	Canada	United States	Other Countries	Canada	United States	Other Countries
<b>Manufacturing:</b>													
Beverages													
1967	615	442	153	20	72	25	3	488	127		79	21	
1968	675	484	164	27	72	24	4	540	135		80	20	
1969	721	519	172	30	72	24	4	465	256		64	36	
Rubber													
1967 <sup>r</sup>	325	104	221		32	68		5	320		1	99	
1968	362	127	235		35	65		4	358		1	99	
1969	381	130	251		34	66		6	375		1	99	
Textiles													
1967	868	673	142	53	78	16	6	677	132	59	78	15	7
1968	908	698	155	55	77	17	6	693	154	61	76	17	7
1969	964	727	174	63	76	18	6	714	179	71	74	19	7
Pulp and Paper													
1967 <sup>r</sup>	3,367	1,392	1,724	251	41	51	8	1,690	1,316	361	50	39	11
1968	3,462	1,415	1,741	306	41	50	9	1,741	1,341	380	50	39	11
1969	3,701	1,516	1,831	354	41	50	9	1,825	1,365	511	49	37	14
Agricultural Machinery													
1967	280	124	156		45	55		170	110		61	39	
1968	254	108	146		42	58		136	118		53	47	
1969	265	95	170		36	64		122	143		46	54	
Automobiles and Parts													
1967	1,059	141	915	3	13	87	—	41	1,018		4	96	
1968	1,231	184	1,044	3	15	85	—	37	1,194		3	97	
1969	1,484	188	1,292	4	13	87	—	32	1,452		2	98	
Transportation Equipment, n.i.e.													
1967	593	293	197	103	50	33	17	145	283	165	24	48	28
1968	591	225	227	139	38	38	24	137	249	205	23	42	35
1969	556	258	201	97	46	36	18	162	234	160	29	42	29
Iron and Steel Mills													
1967	1,261	1,057	109	95	84	9	7	1,141	18	102	91	1	8
1968	1,332	1,151	113	68	86	9	5	1,313	19	—	99	1	—
1969	1,321	1,154	108	59	87	8	5	1,302	19	—	99	1	—
Aluminum													
1967	941	243	519	179	26	55	19	3	938		—	100	
1968	871	225	533	113	26	61	13	3	868		—	100	
1969	911	228	557	126	25	61	14	4	907		—	100	
Electrical Apparatus													
1967	1,064	334	655	75	31	62	7	246	709	109	23	67	10
1968	1,160	404	680	76	35	59	6	254	791	115	22	68	10
1969	1,270	473	714	83	37	56	7	325	822	123	25	65	10
Chemicals													
1967 <sup>r</sup>	2,256	812	1,194	250	36	53	11	469	1,361	426	21	60	19
1968	2,405	849	1,284	272	35	53	12	464	1,449	492	19	60	21
1969	2,436	812	1,308	316	33	54	13	476	1,429	531	19	59	22
Other													
1967 <sup>r</sup>	7,905	4,231	3,084	590	54	39	7	3,636	3,226	1,043	46	41	13
1968	8,464	4,454	3,360	650	53	40	7	3,770	3,470	1,224	45	41	14
1969	9,447	4,809	3,885	753	51	41	8	3,904	4,081	1,462	41	43	16
Sub-Total, Manufacturing													
1967 <sup>r</sup>	20,534	9,846	9,047	1,641	48	44	8	8,711	9,413	2,410	42	46	12
1968	21,715	10,324	9,664	1,727	48	44	8	9,092	10,084	2,539	42	46	12
1969	23,457	10,909	10,647	1,901	47	45	8	9,337	11,080	3,040	40	47	13
Petroleum and Natural Gas													
1967	9,739	3,730	4,905	1,104	38	51	11	2,509	5,836	1,394	26	60	14
1968	10,425	3,975	5,296	1,154	38	51	11	2,649	6,320	1,456	25	61	14
1969	11,406	4,241	5,859	1,306	37	51	12	2,941	6,813	1,652	26	60	14
<b>Mining:</b>													
Smelting and Refining of Non-ferrous Native Ores													
1967	1,503	786	531	186	52	36	12	668	835	—	44	56	—
1968	1,827	935	665	227	51	36	13	652	1,175		36	64	
1969	1,908	986	676	246	52	35	13	660	1,248		35	65	
Other Mining													
1967	3,691	1,258	2,125	308	34	57	9	1,149	2,084	458	31	57	12
1968	4,038	1,377	2,337	324	34	58	8	1,239	2,799		31	57	12
1969	4,278	1,505	2,378	395	35	56	9	1,177	3,101		27	60	13
Sub-Totals, Mining													
1967	5,194	2,044	2,656	494	39	51	10	1,817	2,919	458	35	56	9
1968	5,865	2,312	3,002	551	39	51	10	1,891	3,378	596	32	58	10
1969	6,186	2,491	3,054	641	40	50	10	1,837	3,682	667	30	59	11
<b>Totals of Manufacturing, Petroleum and Natural Gas and Mining</b>													
1967	35,467	15,620	16,608	3,239	44	47	9	13,037	18,168	4,262	37	51	12
1968	38,005	16,611	17,962	3,432	44	47	9	13,632	19,782	4,591	36	52	12
1969	41,049	17,641	19,560	3,848	43	48	9	14,115	21,575	5,359	34	53	13

<sup>r</sup> Revised figures

**Indexes of Real Domestic Product (Industrial Production), August 1973 — Advance Information.**

The seasonally adjusted index of industrial production declined by 2.8% in August to 208.1 from 214.1 in July. The mining, manufacturing and utilities components each declined during August.

Further information will be provided in the August issue of *Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry*, (61-005, 30¢/\$3).

**Indexes of Industrial Production**

(1961=100)

(Seasonally Adjusted)

	1961 percentage weight	May	June	1973 July	Aug.	% Change
<b>Index of Industrial Production</b> . . . . .	<b>32.415</b>	<b>212.5</b>	<b>215.2</b>	<b>214.1</b>	<b>208.1</b>	<b>- 2.8</b>
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	212.9	212.4	206.0	204.3	- 0.8
Metal mines . . . . .	2.484	160.5	161.0	156.3	150.3	- 3.8
Mineral fuels . . . . .	1.281	331.7	330.1	318.1	331.1	4.1
Non-metal mines except coal mines . . . . .	0.377	240.5	239.1	229.7	214.8	- 6.5
<b>Manufacturing</b> . . . . .	<b>24.943</b>	<b>209.1</b>	<b>211.6</b>	<b>210.6</b>	<b>203.4</b>	<b>- 3.4</b>
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	183.0	184.9	183.5	176.2	- 4.0
Foods and beverages . . . . .	3.605	166.3	165.1	168.0	167.2	- 0.5
Tobacco products industries . . . . .	0.220	142.4	142.0	130.5	145.6	11.6
Rubber industries . . . . .	0.419	227.4	235.3	221.2	251.2	13.6
Leather industries . . . . .	0.308	98.1	97.3	91.8	89.7	- 2.2
Textile industries . . . . .	0.919	227.9	234.6	223.5	217.1	- 2.9
Knitting mills . . . . .	0.218	211.9	212.8	201.2	204.8	1.8
Clothing industries . . . . .	0.862	142.8	139.0	134.5	133.5	- 0.7
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	2.701	162.5	166.7	166.7	131.4	- 21.2
Printing, publishing and allied industries . . . . .	1.346	153.9	154.3	148.9	149.4	0.3
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	0.737	202.3	202.3	203.2	207.3	2.0
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	1.751	239.6	246.5	250.2	241.3	- 3.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	0.847	236.5	236.2	233.8	232.7	- 0.5
<b>Durable manufacturing</b> . . . . .	<b>11.010</b>	<b>242.0</b>	<b>245.6</b>	<b>244.8</b>	<b>237.7</b>	<b>- 2.9</b>
Wood industries . . . . .	1.114	208.0	210.6	197.0	197.7	0.3
Furniture and fixtures industries . . . . .	0.450	222.1	220.6	213.0	213.9	0.4
Primary metal industries . . . . .	2.207	193.4	190.4	192.2	186.6	- 2.9
Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) . . . . .	1.835	223.5	220.2	218.0	217.7	- 0.2
Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) . . . . .	0.981	243.9	249.8	245.4	244.4	- 0.4
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1.981	373.2	381.4	387.5	361.6	- 6.7
Electrical products industries . . . . .	1.560	226.7	242.1	245.9	238.2	- 3.1
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	0.882	185.7	189.6	186.2	183.5	- 1.4
Electric Power, Gas and Water . . . . .	2.908	241.2	250.6	257.3	254.7	- 1.0

**Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Manufacturers' shipments in August 1973, seasonally adjusted, were estimated at \$5,201.1 million, 5.2% below the July estimate of \$5,489.2 million. Durable goods shipments, estimated at \$2,434.3 million, were 7.1% below the July estimate of \$2,620.9 million, while non-durable goods shipments, estimated at \$2,766.8 million, dropped 3.5% from \$2,868.3 million in July.

New orders in August were estimated at \$5,434.6 million, 4.5% below the July estimated of \$5,688.5 million. Durable goods new orders dropped 6.8% to \$2,619.9 million, while non-durable goods new orders

showed a decrease of 2.2% to \$2,814.7 million. Unfilled orders in August were estimated at \$6,663.0 million, 3.6% higher than the July estimate of \$6,429.5 million.

Total inventory owned in August was estimated at \$9,735.2 million, 0.7% below the July estimated of \$9,669.2 million. Total inventory held increased 0.8% to \$10,225.5 million in August with increases of 3.6% and 0.6% in goods in process and finished products and a 0.8% decrease in raw materials.

The ratio of total inventory owned to shipments was 1.87 in August compared to 1.76 for July. The finished ratio of products to shipments was 0.63% in

(continued)

August and 0.59 for July.

Unadjusted for seasonal variation, the preliminary estimate of manufacturers' shipments in August was \$5,096.6 million, 1.1% higher than July's \$5,043.6 million. Cumulative shipments for 1973 were estimated at \$41,821.2 million, 17.3% higher than the corresponding 1972 estimate of \$35,646.5

million.

For further information, order the August 1973 issue of *Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries* (31-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in all Manufacturing Industries**  
(Based on 1970 Census of Manufactures Benchmarks)

	Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation			
	August 1973P	July 1973 <sup>r</sup>	June 1973	August 1972
	(\$ millions)			
Shipments - Total . . . . .	5,096.6	5,043.6	5,667.0	4,454.9
New Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	5,342.0	5,276.5	5,738.1	4,402.2
- Non-durable . . . . .	2,872.8	2,703.2	2,885.8	2,457.8
- Durable . . . . .	2,469.3	2,573.3	2,852.4	1,944.4
Unfilled Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	6,691.2	6,445.7	6,212.9	5,038.4
- Non-durable . . . . .	977.8	960.4	977.0	791.7
- Durable . . . . .	5,713.4	5,485.4	5,235.9	4,246.8
Inventory Owned - Total . . . . .	9,715.2	9,513.2	9,530.2	8,764.8
Inventory Held - Total . . . . .	10,220.8	9,995.8	9,990.0	9,275.8
- Raw materials . . . . .	4,141.7	4,139.3	4,037.8	3,695.3
- Goods in process . . . . .	2,812.8	2,646.3	2,656.2	2,481.9
- Finished products . . . . .	3,266.4	3,210.2	3,296.0	3,098.6
	Adjusted for seasonal Variation			
Shipments - Total . . . . .	5,201.1	5,489.2	5,338.5	4,542.0
New Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	5,434.6	5,688.5	5,441.6	4,472.2
- Non-durable . . . . .	2,814.7	2,877.0	2,798.3	2,395.8
- Durable . . . . .	2,619.9	2,811.5	2,643.3	2,076.4
Unfilled Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	6,663.0	6,429.5	6,230.2	5,038.7
- Non-durable . . . . .	986.0	938.1	929.4	795.1
- Durable . . . . .	5,677.0	5,491.4	5,300.8	4,243.6
Inventory Owned - Total . . . . .	9,735.2	9,669.2	9,580.0	8,788.2
Inventory Held - Total . . . . .	10,225.5	10,141.1	10,035.7	9,283.9
- Raw materials . . . . .	4,137.5	4,169.0	4,132.6	3,694.0
- Goods in process . . . . .	2,797.6	2,701.3	2,648.1	2,469.2
- Finished products . . . . .	3,290.4	3,270.8	3,255.0	3,120.7
Ratio of Total Inventory Owned to Shipments . . . .	1.87	1.76	1.79	1.93
Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments . . . . .	0.63	0.59	0.61	0.69

NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

(see table on next page)



## Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin

## Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation

	August 1973P	July 1973 <sup>r</sup>	% change	Jan.-Aug. 1973P (\$ millions)	Jan.-Aug. 1972	% change
Newfoundland . . . . .	31.9	34.3	- 7.0	234.6	186.7	25.7
Nova Scotia . . . . .	90.6	88.7	2.1	717.6	597.8	20.0
New Brunswick . . . . .	99.0	90.5	9.4	696.2	589.6	18.1
Quebec . . . . .	1,426.3	1,326.2	7.5	10,792.1	9,505.3	13.5
Ontario . . . . .	2,494.5	2,540.0	- 1.8	21,967.5	18,789.7	16.9
Manitoba . . . . .	153.6	151.6	1.3	1,164.7	961.8	21.1
Saskatchewan . . . . .	69.2	71.2	- 2.8	494.3	413.9	19.4
Alberta . . . . .	244.5	239.1	2.3	1,810.9	1,512.6	19.7
British Columbia . . . . .	478.8	494.4	- 3.2	3,887.4	3,038.1	28.0
Canada* . . . . .	5,096.6	5,043.6	1.1	41,821.2	35,646.5	17.3

\* Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

P Preliminary figures.

<sup>r</sup> Revised figures.

### Sugar Sales, September, 1973 — Advance Information.

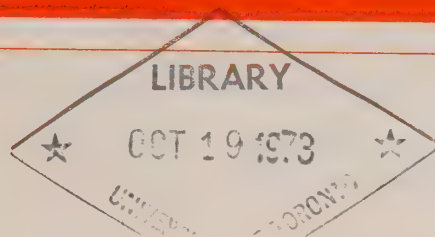
Canadian sugar refineries reported total sales of 228.4 million pounds of all types of sugar in September, 213.3 million pounds in domestic sales and 15.1 million pounds in export sales.

For further information, order the September issue of *Sugar Situation* (32-013, 10¢/\$1).



# Statistics Canada

## daily



Wednesday, October 17, 1973

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### Publications Released

- Hospital Statistics, Volume II, Hospital Services, 1971 (83-211, \$2)
- Dairy Products Industry, 1971 (32-209, 50¢)
- Slaughtering and Meat Processors, 1971 (32-221, 50¢)
- Oils and Fats, July 1973 (32-006, 20¢/\$2)
- Service Bulletin — Construction Price Statistics (62-006, \$3 a year), Vol. 2, No. 12, Price Indexes of Highway Construction in Canada, 1972.





### The Labour Force, September 1973 — Advance Information.

Seasonally adjusted, the level of employment was estimated at 8.74 million, down 61,000 from August; and unemployment at 561,000, up 47,000 from August. The adjusted unemployment rate was 6%, an increase from 5.5% in August.

Estimated employment declined to 8.80 million from 9.24 million in August, and unemployment declined to 421,000 from 433,000 in August. A year ago, employment was 8.38 million and unemployment 459,000.

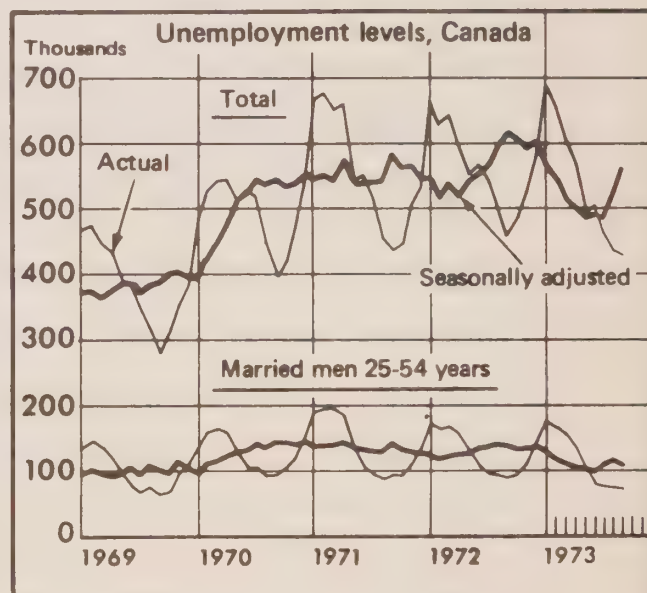
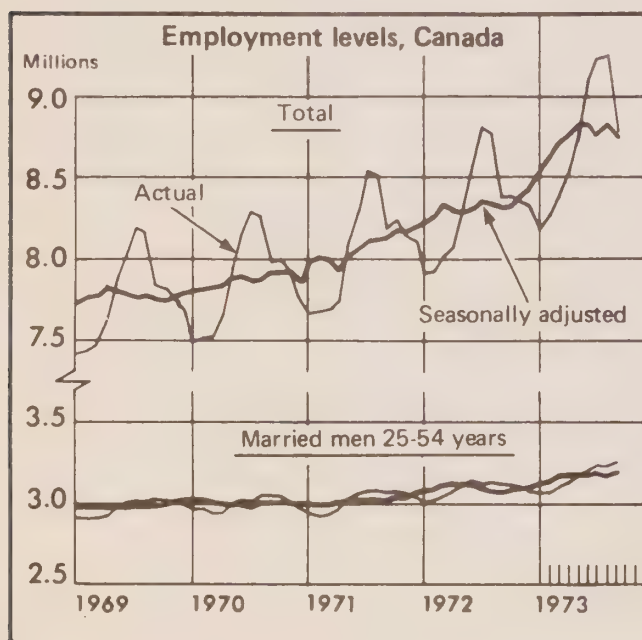
The total work force was estimated at 9.22 million in September compared to 9.67 million in August and

8.38 million in September 1972.

The adjusted unemployment rate rose in the Atlantic region, Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia, while it declined in the Prairie region. The rate in the Atlantic provinces was 8.7% in September, up from 8.2% in August. In Quebec, the September rate rose to 7.9% from 7.3%; in Ontario to 4.7% from 4.1%; in British Columbia to 6.3% from 5.6%. In the Prairies the rate declined to 4% from 4.6%.

The seasonally adjusted participation rate, the percentage of the population counted in the work force, decreased to 57.3 in September from 57.6 in August. The decrease was mostly among women 25 and over.

For further information, order the September issue of *The Labour Force* (71-001, 30¢/\$3).



### Annual Salaries of Public Health Nurses, 1971 — Advance Information.

In 1971, some 5,617 nurses and nursing assistants in 92 public health agencies reported salary data. Registered nurses with a master's degree reported a mean salary of \$8,730, followed by RN's with a baccalaureate degree (\$8,397) and RN's without a baccalaureate degree (\$7,953).

Public health nurses with a university certificate in

public health nursing reported mean actual salaries paid ranging from \$6,310 in Quebec to \$9,658 in British Columbia.

Generalized consultants had the highest average actual salary paid (\$12,194) while staff nurses (public health) reported the lowest average actual salary (\$8,038).

More detailed information on salaries of public health nurses may be obtained by ordering *Annual Salaries of Public Health Nurses, 1971* (83-219, 75¢).

## Prices and Price Indexes, October 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Oct. 11/73 This week	Oct. 4/73 Week ago	Sept. 13/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>197.9</b>	<b>194.4</b>	<b>187.0</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>216.0</b>	<b>211.2</b>	<b>203.6</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	153.2	150.2	136.6
Foods . . . . .	10	143.9	140.3	145.2
Beverages . . . . .	7	272.2	268.8	256.9
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	177.6	170.8	149.3
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	167.8	171.6	149.5
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	385.7	382.1	364.9
Primary metals . . . . .	8	144.2	135.1	122.9
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	225.9	224.3	212.2
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	184.1	174.3	170.6
Petroleum . . . . .	7	336.7	324.6	348.9
Chemicals . . . . .	4	121.4	121.9	109.0
Construction . . . . .	4	160.8	157.1	149.9
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	157.0	155.9	149.5
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>141.8</b>	<b>141.2</b>	<b>135.9</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	141.0	139.3	134.9
Transportation . . . . .	4	329.0	329.8	316.6
Telephone . . . . .	3	85.4	83.9	81.6
Electric power . . . . .	3	114.5	116.1	109.8
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	153.1	151.4	145.5
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>189.1</b>	<b>187.7</b>	<b>178.3</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	220.6	219.6	212.0
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	140.9	138.5	125.2
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>138.4</b>	<b>134.0</b>	<b>129.6</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	162.6	152.1	156.0
Base metals . . . . .	16	126.4	125.3	116.3
Uranium . . . . .	4	258.9	249.4	240.3
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	461.3	431.8	464.5

For further information, order the October issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Dairy Factory Production, September 1973 — Advance Information.

Production of creamery butter fell 12.6% in September to 24.7 million pounds from 28.3 million a year earlier. Cheddar cheese production decreased 7.7% to 17.3 million pounds from 18.7 million and production of ice cream mix rose 1.7% to 2.59 million gallons from 2.54 million gallons.

For further information, order the September issue of *Dairy Factory Production* (32-002, 10¢/\$1).

## Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, October 1, 1973 — Advance Information.

Cold storage holdings of creamery butter were down to 55.6 million pounds on October 1, compared with last year's corresponding total of 57.9 million, and stocks of cheddar cheese were down to 78.7 million pounds from 82.9 million. Stocks of skim milk powder decreased 34.7% to 111.9 million pounds and stocks of evaporated whole milk 23.6% to 34.0 million.

For further information, order the October issue of *Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products* (32-009, 20¢/\$2).

**Building Permits, August 1973 — Advance Information,**

August 1973	Value of residential and non-residential construction					Total
	Total number of dwelling units	Residen- tial	Indus- trial	Commer- cial	Institu- tional and govern- mental	
				(\$'000)		
Newfoundland . . . . .	178	2,805	10	416	79	3,310
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	4	126	40	2,846	—	3,012
Nova Scotia . . . . .	596	10,253	892	3,747	322	15,214
New Brunswick . . . . .	487	8,415	602	4,597	1,049	14,663
Quebec . . . . .	5,379	74,349	15,697	46,607	26,475	163,128
Ontario . . . . .	13,350	265,158	39,354	96,738	41,842	443,092
Manitoba . . . . .	626	9,960	1,221	15,351	3,854	30,386
Saskatchewan . . . . .	537	9,057	1,471	1,722	2,498	14,748
Alberta . . . . .	1,860	33,320	3,356	12,275	3,226	52,177
British Columbia* . . . . .	526	9,740	808	17,160	4,757	32,465
Yukon . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northwest Territories . . . . .	4	136	—	8	—	144
Canada — Unadjusted . . . . .	23,547	423,319	63,451	201,467	84,102	772,339
Canada — Adjusted . . . . .	—	370,437	62,231	166,703	88,010	687,381
Metropolitan Areas . . . . .	17,207	303,711	48,593	160,437	53,944	566,685
Calgary . . . . .	526	9,330	592	4,787	623	15,332
Chicoutimi-Jonquière . . . . .	102	1,760	175	205	6,356	8,496
Edmonton . . . . .	870	13,734	832	4,062	532	19,160
Halifax . . . . .	313	5,713	377	3,410	104	9,604
Hamilton . . . . .	541	12,672	734	539	8	13,953
Hull . . . . .	660	8,253	246	671	1,365	10,535
Kitchener . . . . .	312	5,846	349	1,559	535	8,289
London . . . . .	33	854	462	253	—	1,569
Montreal . . . . .	3,124	38,465	10,745	31,266	11,225	91,701
Ottawa . . . . .	2,357	30,084	876	5,205	1,077	37,242
Quebec . . . . .	269	5,818	896	2,237	5,058	14,009
Regina . . . . .	86	1,965	885	295	1,145	4,290
St. Catharines-Niagara . . . . .	330	7,205	251	1,464	85	9,005
Saint John . . . . .	36	823	379	3,249	13	4,464
St. John's . . . . .	45	1,133	—	322	40	1,495
Saskatoon . . . . .	176	2,658	64	774	178	3,674
Sudbury . . . . .	40	1,260	—	533	15	1,808
Thunder Bay . . . . .	115	2,475	145	267	382	3,269
Toronto . . . . .	6,176	133,911	28,014	66,582	18,789	247,296
Vancouver . . . . .	526	9,740	808	17,160	4,757	32,465
Victoria . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—
Windsor . . . . .	154	3,659	615	1,333	273	5,880
Winnipeg . . . . .	416	6,353	1,148	14,264	1,384	23,149

*Preliminary figures.**\* B.C. comprises Vancouver City only. Permits in other municipalities are estimated at \$40 million.*For further information order *Building Permits, August, 1973* (64-001, 30¢/\$3).**Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, January to August, 1973 — Advance Information.**

January to August sales of farm implements and equipment reached \$382.0 million (including \$75.3 million in repair parts), up 19.8% from \$318.8

million a year earlier.

For further information, order the August issue of *Farm Implement and Equipment Sales* (63-009, \$1 a year), or contact Mr. Y. Lebel (613-996-9307), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.



**Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian mills shipped 158.9 million sq. ft. (3/8" basis) of softwood plywood in August, down from 181.6 million sq. ft. in August 1972.

Shipments of hardwood plywood amounted to 27.4 million sq. ft. surface measure, an increase of 13% over the same month in 1972.

For further information, order the August issue of *Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods* (35-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Footwear Statistics, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

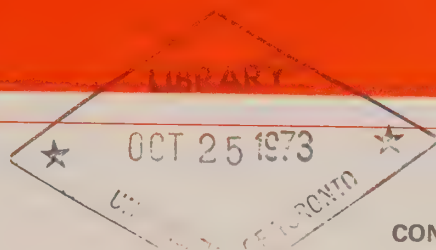
August production of footwear of all types decreased to 4.09 million pairs from 4.27 million in 1972. January-through-August production decreased to 28.9 million pairs in 1973 from 29.4 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the August issue of *Footwear Statistics* (33-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities, September 1973 —  
Advance Information.

### Publications Released

- Quarterly Report on Job Vacancies, Second Quarter 1973 (71-002, 75¢/\$3)
- Hospital Statistics, Volume VI, Hospital Expenditures, 1971 (83-215, \$2.50)
- Exports by Commodities, August 1973 (65-004, 75¢/\$7.50)
- Knitting Mills, 1971 (34-215, 50¢)
- Rigid Insulating Board, August 1973 (36-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Non-Ferrous Scrap Metal, 1972 (41-229, 25¢)
- Salt, August 1973 (26-009, 10¢/\$1)
- Gypsum Products, August 1973 (44-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, September 1973 (41-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Oil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters, August 1973 (41-008, 10¢/\$1)
- Iron Ore, August 1973 (26-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, August 1973 (33-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, August 1973 (33-003, 20¢/\$2)
- Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, July 1973 (35-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Pack, Shipments and Stocks of Selected Canned Fruits and Vegetables, June 1973 (32-011, 20¢/\$2)
- Pack, Shipments and Stocks of Selected Canned Fruits and Vegetables, August 1973 (32-011, 20¢/\$2)





**Preliminary Report on the Production of Motor Vehicles, September 1973 (42-001, 10¢/\$1)****Farm Wages in Canada, August 1973 (21-002, 25¢/75¢)**

**Service Bulletins – Construction Price Statistics** (62-006, \$3 a year), Vol. 2, No. 13, Building Construction Input Price Indexes, July, 1973;

**Energy** (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 71, Retail Gasoline Sales by Metropolitan Area, 1972; Vol. 8, No. 74, Preliminary Electric Energy Statistics, August, 1973; Vol. 8, No. 73, Monthly Supply and Disposal of Electric Energy, 1972;

**Fabricated Metal Products** (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 8, August 1973; Sanitaryware; Cemented Tungsten Carbide Blanks and Tools; Builders and Shelf Hardware; Heating Boilers and Radiators; Domestic and Farm Water Systems.

**Real Domestic Product, August 1973 – Advance Information.**

Real domestic product decreased 2.2% in August. This decline, combined with the small increase of 0.3% in July, means that an increase of 3.1% is necessary in September to prevent RDP in the third quarter falling below its second quarter level.

Strikes were particularly significant in the August decline. The rail strike apparently had an effect on a large number of industries including some in mining, manufacturing, trade and some of the other transportation industries.

In manufacturing, output of both durables and non-durables fell. Decreases were more common than increases in non-durables. The major decline was the strike-caused decline in pulp and paper mills. A number of other industries were probably affected by the rail strike, for example, many of the chemical industries and food industries. In durables manufacturing, decreases were less widespread with automobile manufacturing contributing the main decline.

Mining output decreased; most of the decreases can probably be associated with the rail strike. Output of crude petroleum and natural gas, which are dependent on pipeline transport, increased.

Electric power, gas and water utilities output fell in August due to reduced production of electric power. This in turn can be related to reduced output of some of the major electricity consuming industries such as primary metals and pulp and paper.

Transportation output decreased 15% in August. Most of this is due to the drop in rail output and the resulting reduction in water transport. Air transport was also affected by a strike. Interurban bus transport and truck transport both recorded increases in the month as did pipeline transport.

Agriculture output increased in August due to increased livestock sales.

For further information, order the July issue of *Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry* (61-005, 30¢/\$3), or contact R.W. Collins (613-992-9751), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z6.

(see table on page 3)

**Department Store Sales and Stocks, August 1973 – Advance Information.**

Department store sales were \$334.6 million during August, an increase of 15.9% from \$288.7 million a year earlier.

Sales rose in 37 of the 39 departments. The largest sales increases were recorded by furs (58.8%), men's and boys' footwear (36.9%) and jewellery (35.3%). All provinces reported increased department store sales over August 1972.

The selling value of stocks held in August 1973 was \$1,006.2 million, an increase of 11.2% over August 1972. Inventories increased in 31 of the 39 departments, with the largest increases registered by furniture, up 37.6%. The largest decrease in inventory was recorded by millinery, down 14.3%.

For further information, order the August issue of *Department Store Sales and Stocks* (63-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Net Sales of Refined Petroleum Products August 1973 – Advance Information.**

Preliminary data for August 1973 indicates that net sales of all refined petroleum products amounted to 48,283 thousand barrels, a gain of 12% over last year.

For further information, order the August issue of *Refined Petroleum Products* (45-004, 30¢/\$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Cigarettes, September 1973 – Advance Information.**

Production of Cigarettes for September 1973 amounted to 4.91 billion as compared to 5.24 billion for the same period of 1972.

For further information, order September issue of *Tobacco and Tobacco Products Service Bulletin* (32-002, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 12, or contact W. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Indexes of Real Domestic Product**  
(1961=100)  
(Seasonally Adjusted)

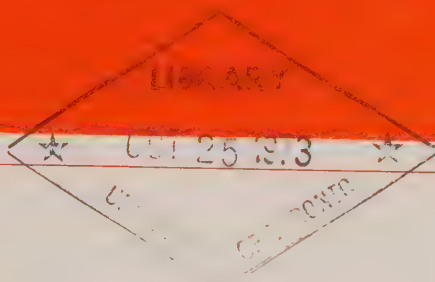
		1973				
	1961 percentage weight	May	June	July	Aug.	% Change
<b>Real Domestic Product . . . . .</b>	<b>100.000</b>	<b>197.5</b>	<b>197.9</b>	<b>198.5</b>	<b>194.1</b>	<b>-2.2</b>
Agriculture . . . . .	4.525	144.4	132.1	135.0	147.2	9.0
Forestry . . . . .	1.231	166.4	153.0	161.0	156.8	-2.6
Fishing and trapping . . . . .	0.259	73.9	88.8	99.3	98.0	-1.4
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	212.9	212.4	206.0	204.3	-0.8
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	209.1	211.6	210.6	203.4	-3.4
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	183.0	184.9	183.5	176.2	-4.0
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	242.0	245.6	244.8	237.7	-2.9
Construction . . . . .	5.803	177.0	178.4	180.5	179.4	-0.6
Transportation, storage and communication . . . . .	9.910	215.2	215.3	214.9	190.9	-11.2
Transportation . . . . .	6.873	222.1	222.7	221.5	186.8	-15.7
Air transport . . . . .	0.463	472.6	453.2	467.2	465.2	-0.4
Railway transport . . . . .	2.859	208.2	212.0	205.6	118.5	-42.4
Bus transport, interurban and rural . . . . .	0.096	203.1	209.3	202.8	256.9	26.7
Urban transit systems . . . . .	0.303	117.2	116.1	117.3	114.4	-2.5
Pipeline transport . . . . .	0.451	388.1	387.2	386.7	397.0	2.7
Storage . . . . .	0.299	123.4	113.2	112.2	111.5	-0.6
Grain elevators . . . . .	0.211	107.4	93.4	91.8	96.0	4.6
Communication . . . . .	2.738	208.0	208.1	209.7	210.0	0.2
Electric power, gas and water utilities . . . . .	2.908	241.2	250.6	257.3	254.7	1.0
Trade . . . . .	12.973	194.1	192.6	196.2	190.8	-2.8
Wholesale trade . . . . .	4.906	213.3	207.8	211.4	197.4	-6.6
Wholesale merchants . . . . .	3.491	229.0	219.3	223.4	205.9	-7.8
Retail trade . . . . .	8.067	182.5	183.3	187.0	186.7	-0.2
Food stores . . . . .	1.552	149.0	149.9	150.6	151.1	0.3
Department stores . . . . .	1.161	207.7	217.4	218.2	216.9	-0.6
General stores . . . . .	0.239	97.7	99.0	100.4	96.7	-3.7
Variety stores . . . . .	0.301	239.8	252.5	249.5	256.5	2.8
Motor vehicle dealers . . . . .	0.926	233.2	226.6	246.3	246.3	-
Clothing stores . . . . .	0.507	160.7	167.2	169.6	167.8	-1.1
Shoe stores . . . . .	0.119	131.0	137.5	139.5	138.8	-0.5
Hardware stores . . . . .	0.167	126.6	130.0	135.7	138.0	1.7
Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores . . . . .	0.345	165.3	164.2	166.2	164.3	-1.1
Drug stores . . . . .	0.343	199.4	203.2	205.2	208.2	1.5
Finance, insurance and real estate . . . . .	11.831	205.6	207.2	209.1	210.6	0.7
Community, business and personal service industries . . . . .	13.821	201.9	202.7	202.9	202.5	-0.2
Education and related services . . . . .	3.450	240.3	239.7	240.5	240.6	-
Health and welfare services . . . . .	3.476	196.6	197.1	197.4	198.8	0.7
Motion picture and recreational services . . . . .	0.400	194.6	201.2	200.6	194.1	-3.2
Services to business management . . . . .	1.616	227.1	228.1	229.9	226.8	-1.3
Personal services . . . . .	3.766	154.6	156.4	156.3	157.0	0.5
Hotels, restaurants and taverns . . . . .	2.212	172.8	175.9	175.4	176.4	0.6
Public administration and defence . . . . .	7.232	149.7	149.1	148.7	149.1	0.3
<b>Special industry groupings</b>						
Real Domestic Product less agriculture . . . . .	95.475	200.0	201.0	201.5	196.3	-2.6
Goods-producing industries . . . . .	44.233	198.8	199.4	199.5	196.0	-1.7
Goods-producing industries less agriculture . . . . .	39.708	205.0	207.1	206.8	201.6	-2.5
Service-producing industries . . . . .	55.767	196.5	196.6	197.8	192.5	-2.7
Commercial industries . . . . .	85.478	201.4	201.9	202.7	197.4	-2.6
Commercial industries less agriculture . . . . .	80.953	204.6	205.8	206.4	200.2	-3.0
Non-commercial industries . . . . .	14.522	174.7	174.3	174.2	174.6	0.2
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32.415	212.5	215.2	214.1	208.1	-2.8





# Statistics Canada

## daily



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### Publications Released

- Quarterly Estimates of Population for Canada and Provinces, July 1973 (91-001, 25¢)
- Local Government Finance, 1970 (68-204, 75¢)
- Building Permits, July 1973 (64-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Housing Starts and Completions, August 1973 (64-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Restaurant Statistics, August 1973 (63-011, 10¢/\$1)
- Sash, Door and Other Millwork Plants and Manufacturers of Pre-Fabricated Buildings, 1971 (35-205, 50¢)
- Man-made Fibre, Yarn and Cloth Mills, 1971 (34-208, 50¢)
- Miscellaneous Food Processors, 1971 (32-224, 50¢)
- Service Bulletins — Communications (56-001, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 11, Monthly Telephone Statistics, August 1973;
- Electrical Products (43-007, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 19, Factory Shipments of Electrical Wires and Cables, 1972; Vol. 2, No. 20, Factory Shipments of Industrial Control Equipment, 1972.

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities September 1973 — Advance Information.

*Commencing with the May 1973 index, regional city consumer price indexes have incorporated the latest in a series of periodic updatings. A feature of the latest revision is the inclusion of revised weights to reflect 1967 family expenditure patterns (and within the food component, 1969 spending habits), replacing the 1957 weights used previously (1964 for Quebec City and Thunder Bay). Another innovation is the introduction of homeownership costs (property taxes, mortgage interest, owner repairs, new houses and dwelling insurance) into the housing indexes. The tenancy component has been revised to include both rents and tenant repairs. The time reference base, 1961=100, remains unchanged. To maintain a continuous, long-term series, the revised indexes are linked to the previously published indexes for April 1973. Thus, the published indexes up to and including April 1973 remain the official measure of consumer prices to that month, and subsequent price movements are measured by the revised index.*

*A consumer price index for a particular regional city measures the movements in prices, faced by consumers, within the specified city. Thus, consumer price indexes for regional cities cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities. Inter-city price comparisons are available in Table 14 of the monthly Prices and Price Indexes.*

Between August and September, consumer price indexes rose in all regional cities and city-combinations with increases ranging from 0.1% in Montreal to 1.4% in Thunder Bay. Food indexes advanced in all cities, except in Montreal and Quebec City, reflecting higher prices for meat, poultry, dairy products, bakery and cereal products, eggs and food eaten away from home. However, fresh produce items were lower in price across the country. Housing components rose in all cities mainly in response to increased tenancy and homeownership costs and higher prices for furniture, appliances and household supplies. Clothing increased in all cities mainly because of higher prices for footwear, men's and women's outer wear and increased charges for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs. Transportation rose in all cities reflecting higher prices for gasoline and automobile repairs. The remaining components registered mixed movements.

### St. John's

All items: August to September 1973 movement 1.2%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 9.6%.

The food index advanced 3.2% in September. Prices were higher for meat, poultry, bakery and cereal products, eggs, fluid milk, fresh fruit and sugar; however, fresh vegetables were lower in price. Increased prices were also registered for food eaten away from home. Housing rose 0.5% chiefly in response to increased homeownership costs and higher prices for furniture and some household supplies. Clothing moved up 0.9% mainly because of increased prices for women's and men's footwear and outer wear, girls' dresses and boys' slacks, together with higher charges for shoe repairs. An increase of 0.4% in the recreation, education and reading index was attributable to higher television repair charges. The remaining components registered little or no movement.

### Halifax

All-items: August to September 1973 movement 0.8%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 8.0%.

The food index advanced 1.9% between August and September. Higher quotations were recorded for meat, poultry, eggs, dairy products, bakery and cereal products, and food eaten away from home. Lower prices, however, were registered for fresh produce items. An increase of 2.1% in the clothing component was mainly attributable to higher prices for footwear, women's sports wear and hosiery, most items of men's apparel together with increased charges for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs. Housing rose 0.5% in response to increased homeownership costs and higher prices for furniture, tableware and household cleaning supplies. Increased prices for prescriptions and many personal care supplies contributed to a 0.5% rise in the health and personal care component; while the tobacco and alcohol index advanced 0.7% in response to higher prices for beer consumed on licensed premises. Lower prices for television sets and stereo combinations caused a 0.3% decline in the recreation, education and reading component. The transportation index was virtually unchanged.

### Saint-John

All-items: August to September 1973 movement 1.2%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 8.8%.

The food index advanced 3.1% since the preceding month. Higher quotations were registered for meat, poultry, dairy products, eggs, bakery and cereal products and food eaten away from home. On the other hand, fresh product items, beverages and sugar were lower in price. Housing moved up 0.5% in response to increased homeownership costs together with higher prices for appliances and household supplies. An increase of 0.8% in clothing was chiefly attributable to higher prices for women's and girls'

(continued)



footwear, outer wear, sports wear and hosiery, and men's outer wear and socks. Increased charges were also registered for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs. The transportation index moved up 0.4% in response to higher automobile repair charges; while the recreation, education and reading component rose 0.3% because of increased television repair charges. The remaining indexes registered little or no movement.

#### Quebec City

All-items: August to September 1973 movement 0.3%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 8.1%.

The food index declined 0.5% in the latest month. Lower prices for fresh product items and dairy products outweighed higher quotations for meat, poultry, bakery and cereal products, eggs and food eaten away from home. An advance of 1.3% in clothing was chiefly attributable to higher prices for women's outer wear and sports wear, men's outer wear, sports wear and underwear, children's outer wear and increased laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repair charges. Increased newspaper subscription rates and higher prices for television repairs and phonograph records contributed to a 1.7% increase in the recreation, education and reading component.

The health and personal care index rose 0.4% in response to higher prices for pharmaceuticals and some personal care supplies such as toilet soap, toothpaste and cleansing tissues. The housing and the transportation components each edged up 0.2%, while the tobacco and alcohol index was unchanged.

#### Montreal

All-items: August to September 1973 movement 0.1%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 7.4%.

The food index declined 0.7% between August and September as lower quotations for beef cuts, fresh fruit and vegetables, dairy products and beverages outweighed higher prices for pork, poultry, eggs, bakery and cereal products, and food eaten away from home. Clothing advanced 1.3% chiefly in response to higher prices for women's outer wear, most items of men's and boys' apparel along with increased charges for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs. A rise of 0.3% in the housing index reflected increased homeownership costs and higher prices for furniture, floor coverings and some household supplies. Higher gasoline prices and increased automobile repair charges contributed to a 0.5% advance in the transportation component. The remaining indexes were virtually unchanged.

#### Ottawa

All-items: August to September 1973 movement 0.4%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 8.4%.

The food index rose 0.5% since the previous month chiefly in response to higher quotations for pork cuts, poultry, eggs, bakery and cereal products, processed fruit and food eaten away from home. Lower prices, however, were registered for most beef cuts and fresh produce. An increase of 0.4% in housing was attributable to increased tenancy and homeownership costs, and higher prices for furniture, appliances, tableware and household supplies. Increased prices for women's footwear, sports wear and hosiery, men's outer wear and sports wear together with higher charges for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs contributed to a 0.3% rise in the clothing index. The transportation component moved up 0.6% in response to higher gasoline and motor oil prices along with increased automobile repair charges. The recreation, education and reading index edged up 0.2% because of higher television repair charges. The remaining components were unchanged.

#### Toronto

All-items: August to September 1973 movement 0.4%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 7.5%.

The food index edged up 0.2% between August and September. Higher quotations were registered for meat, poultry, bakery and cereal products, eggs and food eaten away from home. Fresh fruit and vegetables, however, were lower in price. Housing rose 0.5% chiefly in response to increased tenancy and homeownership costs along with higher prices for fuel oil, furniture and household supplies. Increased prices for gasoline, motor oil and batteries together with higher automobile repair charges contributed to a 0.6% advance in the transportation index. The clothing component rose 0.3% chiefly because of higher prices for women's footwear and lingerie, men's footwear, outer wear and hosiery, together with increased charges for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs. An increase of 0.3% in the health and personal care index was attributable to higher prices for prescriptions and toiletries. The remaining components were unchanged.

#### Thunder Bay

All-items: August to September 1973 movement 1.4%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 9.5%.

The food index advanced 3.0% in September mainly in response to higher quotations for meat, poultry, bakery and cereal products, eggs and food eaten away from home. Fresh product items, however, were lower in price. Increased tenancy and homeownership costs, higher prices for fuel oil, furniture and appliances contributed to a 0.6% rise in the housing component. Clothing advanced 1.2% mainly because of higher prices for women's footwear and outer wear, most items of men's apparel

(continued)



including footwear and increased charges for dry cleaning and shoe repairs. A rise of 1.0% in the transportation index was attributable to higher prices for gasoline, motor oil and batteries in addition to increased automobile repair charges. The recreation, education and reading component moved up 0.8% in response to higher prices for television repairs and phonograph records. The remaining indexes registered little or no movement.

#### Winnipeg

All-items: August to September 1973 movement 1.0%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 7.4%.

The food index advanced 2.1% since the preceding month. Higher prices were registered for meat, fish, poultry, dairy products, eggs, bakery and cereal products, and food eaten away from home. On the other hand, lower quotations were recorded for fresh fruit and vegetables. A rise of 0.6% in housing was chiefly attributable to increased homeownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil, appliances, tableware and household supplies. Higher prices for women's and girls' footwear, outer wear, lingerie and hosiery, men's footwear, outer wear and sports wear as well as increased charges for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs contributed to a 0.9% advance in the clothing index. The transportation and the recreation, education and reading components each rose 0.5%, the former in response to increased prices for gasoline, motor oil, batteries and automobile repairs; and the latter because of higher prices for phonograph records and increased television repair charges. The remaining indexes were virtually unchanged.

#### Saskatoon-Regina

All-items: August to September 1973 movement 0.8%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 7.1%.

An advance of 2.0% in the food index during September was mainly in response to increased quotations for meat, poultry, dairy products, eggs, bakery and cereal products, and food eaten away from home. Fresh fruit and vegetables, however, were lower in price. Increased tenancy and homeownership costs and higher prices for appliances and cleaning supplies contributed to a 0.4% rise in the housing component. Clothing moved up 0.4% chiefly in response to higher prices for women's footwear and lingerie, men's outer wear, sports wear and hosiery, together with increased rates for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs. Higher prices for gasoline, batteries and automobile repairs contributed to a 0.5% rise in the transportation index. The tobacco and alcohol component increased 0.7% in response to higher prices for liquor purchases for home consumption. The remaining indexes were virtually unchanged.

#### Edmonton-Calgary

All-items: August to September 1973 movement 1.0%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 7.7%.

The food index advanced 2.7% between August and September. Higher prices were registered for meat, fish, poultry, dairy products, bakery and cereal products, eggs, and food eaten away from home. Fresh fruit and vegetables were lower in price. A 0.4% rise in the housing index reflected increased homeownership costs and higher prices for furniture, appliances and household supplies. Increased prices for footwear, most items of men's apparel, and higher shoe repair charges contributed to a 0.5% increase in the clothing index. The transportation component rose 0.5% in response to higher prices for gasoline, motor oil, batteries and automobile repairs. An advance of 1.2% in the recreation, education and reading index was attributable to increased prices for television sets, stereo combinations and television repairs. The remaining components registered little or no movement.

#### Vancouver

All-items: August to September 1973 movement 1.1%. September 1972 to September 1973 movement 8.5%.

The food index advanced 2.9% since the preceding month chiefly in response to higher prices for meat, poultry, dairy products, bakery and cereal products, eggs, processed fruit and food eaten away from home. On the other hand, lower quotations were registered for fresh product and frozen foods. A rise of 0.5% in the housing index was attributable to increased tenancy and homeownership costs together with higher prices for fuel oil, floor coverings and household supplies. Increased prices for most items of women's, men's and children's apparel, in addition to higher charges for laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repairs contributed to a 1.3% advance in the clothing index. The transportation component rose 0.8% in response to increased prices for gasoline, motor oil and automobile repairs. The recreation, education and reading index declined 0.2% because of lower prices for television sets and stereo combinations; while the remaining components were virtually unchanged.

For further information, order the September issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact I.D.H. Prenpraze (613-992-5805), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

(see table on page 5)

#### Wholesale Trade, August -- Advance Information.

Sales by wholesale merchants for August were estimated at \$2,999 million, an increase of 19.6% over a year earlier.

(continued)

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in both tables measure *within each city* the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.\*

	All items	Food	Housing**	Clothing	Transportation	Health and personal care	Recreation education & reading	Tobacco and alcohol
	(1961=100)							
<b>St. John's</b>								
September 1973 index	144.8	162.1	131.2	141.9	133.1	152.8	123.7	162.1
August 1973 index	143.1	157.0	130.6	140.6	133.0	152.8	123.2	162.1
% change from August 1973	1.2	3.2	0.5	0.9	0.1	—	0.4	—
% change from September 1972	9.6	21.4	5.7	3.1	5.3	1.7	5.8	2.3
<b>Halifax</b>								
September 1973 index	143.4	169.2	130.0	134.8	132.2	155.1	149.5	135.6
August 1973 index	142.2	166.1	129.4	132.0	132.1	154.4	149.9	134.7
% change from August 1973	0.8	1.9	0.5	2.1	0.1	0.5	-0.3	0.7
% change from September 1972	8.0	18.6	4.5	2.8	5.1	2.9	5.5	2.7
<b>Saint John</b>								
September 1973 index	144.4	171.2	127.6	143.5	138.4	148.6	151.8	131.0
August 1973 index	142.7	166.1	127.0	142.3	137.9	148.7	151.4	131.0
% change from August 1973	1.2	3.1	0.5	0.8	0.4	-0.1	0.3	—
% change from September 1972	8.8	19.0	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.2	3.0
<b>Montreal</b>								
September 1973 index	142.8	163.5	125.7	136.7	139.2	147.8	155.7	136.0
August 1973 index	142.6	164.6	125.3	134.9	138.5	147.6	155.7	136.0
% change from August 1973	0.1	-0.7	0.3	1.3	0.5	0.1	—	—
% change from September 1972	7.4	16.1	3.7	4.2	4.6	2.6	4.1	3.0
<b>Ottawa</b>								
September 1973 index	149.5	166.3	136.3	145.4	145.7	160.8	153.9	145.0
August 1973 index	148.9	165.5	135.7	145.0	144.8	160.8	153.6	145.0
% change from August 1973	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.6	—	0.2	—
% change from September 1972	8.4	15.4	5.5	6.5	7.6	5.5	5.1	1.9
<b>Toronto</b>								
September 1973 index	146.8	165.0	132.8	143.5	144.6	161.8	143.5	143.1
August 1973 index	146.2	164.7	132.1	143.1	143.8	161.3	143.5	143.1
% change from August 1973	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.3	—	—
% change from September 1972	7.5	15.3	4.8	7.2	1.5	7.7	4.4	1.9
<b>Winnipeg</b>								
September 1973 index	145.2	168.0	126.3	147.8	139.1	168.9	147.0	138.0
August 1973 index	143.8	164.5	125.6	146.5	138.4	168.8	146.3	138.0
% change from August 1973	1.0	2.1	0.6	0.9	0.5	0.1	0.5	—
% change from September 1972	7.4	17.3	4.4	5.6	1.5	6.2	5.2	1.8
<b>Saskatoon-Regina</b>								
September 1973 index	138.9	166.3	122.6	140.4	128.2	142.5	145.5	127.4
August 1973 index	137.8	163.1	122.1	139.9	127.6	142.7	145.4	126.5
% change from August 1973	0.8	2.0	0.4	0.4	0.5	-0.1	0.1	0.7
% change from September 1972	7.1	15.7	4.5	5.3	2.8	2.6	4.7	3.6
<b>Edmonton-Calgary</b>								
September 1973 index	145.0	171.5	129.4	139.9	136.3	159.8	151.2	133.9
August 1973 index	143.5	167.0	128.9	139.2	135.6	159.6	149.4	133.9
% change from August 1973	1.0	2.7	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.1	1.2	—
% change from September 1972	7.7	17.4	3.2	4.7	3.7	4.1	7.0	6.8
<b>Vancouver</b>								
September 1973 index	144.4	174.6	128.0	143.5	138.1	152.4	131.6	125.6
August 1973 index	142.8	169.7	127.3	141.7	137.0	152.3	131.8	125.6
% change from August 1973	1.1	2.9	0.5	1.3	0.8	0.1	-0.2	—
% change from September 1972	8.5	20.7	4.1	5.7	3.0	6.0	3.1	2.4
	base 1969=100							
<b>Quebec City</b>								
September 1973 index	117.1	128.3	111.7	109.7	121.0	112.0	115.1	108.3
August 1973 index	116.8	128.9	111.5	108.3	120.7	111.5	113.2	108.3
% change from August 1973	0.3	-0.5	0.2	1.3	0.2	0.4	1.7	—
% change from September 1972	8.1	16.1	4.0	5.5	7.5	3.8	4.8	2.6
<b>Thunder Bay</b>								
September 1973 index	119.2	137.6	112.6	107.8	118.1	119.6	116.6	107.8
August 1973 index	117.6	133.6	111.9	106.5	116.9	119.5	115.7	107.8
% change from August 1973	1.4	3.0	0.6	1.2	1.0	0.1	0.8	—
% change from September 1972	9.5	19.9	6.7	4.8	6.0	5.2	6.2	1.9

\* For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Table 14 of Prices and Price Indexes (62-002,40¢/\$4).

In the consumer goods trades the most significant sales change from August 1972 was in groceries and food specialties, with an increase of 16%. In the industrial goods trades one notable item was an increase of 45.3% in junk and scrap.

Wholesale inventories were valued at \$4,267 million, an increase of 13.6% over August last year.

For further information, order the August issue of *Wholesale Trade* (63-008, 10¢/\$1).

#### **Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents, January 1973 —**

Published only in *Statistics Canada Daily and Infomat*.

In January, 1973, there were 43,944 traffic accidents in Canada, including 331 fatalities and 13,222 injuries.

For detailed information contact Mr. M. McRae (613-996-9274) Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

#### **Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, October — Advance Information.**

Total frozen meat in cold storage at the opening of the first business day of October amounted to 73.58 million pounds as compared with 74.7 million last month and 85.17 million a year ago.

For further information, order the October issue of *Stocks of Frozen Meat Products* (32-012, 30¢/\$3).

#### **Papermakers' and Other Felts, Quarter ended September 30, 1973 — Advance Information.**

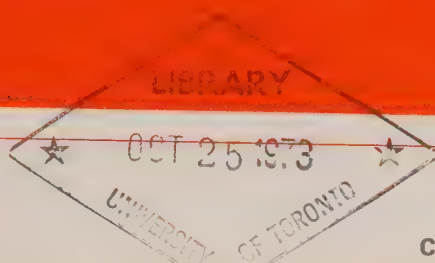
During the third quarter 1973, Canadian manufacturers shipped 356,063 pounds of woven and/or needled papermakers felts and jackets valued at \$3.64 million to Canadian mills; this compared with 402,567 pounds and \$3.86 million in the same quarter of 1972.

For further information, order *Service Bulletin, Miscellaneous Industries*, No 9 (47-003, \$1 per year), or contact Larry Clarke (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, August 1973 — Advance Information.

### Publications Released

- Exports by Countries, January-June 1973 (65-003, \$1/\$4)
- Summary of Imports, July 1973 (65-005, 20¢/\$2)
- Federal Government Activities in the Natural Sciences, 1971-1974 (13-202, \$1)
- Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations, May 1973 (51-001, 30¢/\$3)
- The Dairy Review, August 1973 (23-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Gold Production, August 1973 (26-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Women's and Children's Clothing Industries, 1971 (34-217, 50¢)
- Sawmills and Planing Mills and Shingle Mills, 1971 (35-204, 50¢)
- Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, August 1973 (43-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, August 1973 (41-006, 10¢/\$1)
- Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, August 1973 (43-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, August 1973 (43-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Preliminary Bulletin — 1972 Census of Manufactures (\$3.50 for the series): Pressed and Punched Felt Mills (34-219-p)
- Service Bulletin — Metals and Minerals (41-010, \$2 a year), Vol. 1, No. 15, Consumption of Non-Metallic Minerals, 1972;



**Railway Carloadings, Week Ended October 7, 1973 — Advance Information.**

During the first week of October, 6.6 million tons of revenue freight were loaded onto 92,184 railway cars, increases of 23.7% and 3.5% respectively, over the same 1972 period. Eastern loadings at 4.1 million tons rose sharply (36.5%) over the previous year, while loadings west of the Lakehead registered a 6.6% gain to 2.4 million tons. The number of cars loaded were up 5.7% in the east to 53,631 and 0.4% in the west to 38,553. Piggyback movements (including both trailer and container traffic) recorded an overall increase of 1.7% to 170,910 tons during the seven days of 1973 under review. Geographically, all of this improvement occurred in the west where piggyback tonnage was up 7.3% as opposed to a decline of 0.8% in the east. Cars carrying this type of traffic showed gains of 5.0% in the west and 0.5% in the east. During the cumulative period from January 1 through October 7, 1973 railways loaded a total of 180.6 million tons of freight, an increase of 14.3% over the corresponding 1972 period. Car loadings rose 6.6% during the first 280 days of 1973. For further information contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

7-day period ending October 7	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	4,129,427	2,428,213	6,557,640
Tons, 1972 .....	3,024,240	2,277,433	5,301,673
% change .....	36.5	6.6	23.7
Cars, 1973 .....	53,631	38,553	92,184
Cars, 1972 .....	50,716	38,389	89,105
% change .....	5.7	0.4	3.5
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	116,396	54,514	170,910
Tons, 1972 .....	117,297	50,823	168,120
% change .....	-0.8	7.3	1.7
Cars, 1973 .....	5,204	2,624	7,828
Cars, 1972 .....	5,178	2,498	7,676
% change .....	0.5	5.0	2.0
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	102,664,133	77,970,425	180,634,558
Tons, 1972 .....	81,895,370	76,127,097	158,022,467
% change .....	25.4	2.4	14.3
Cars, 1973 .....	1,778,150	1,270,782	3,048,932
Cars, 1972 .....	1,558,054	1,300,877	2,858,931
% change .....	14.1	-2.3	6.6
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	4,395,190	1,738,689	6,133,879
Tons, 1972 .....	3,726,920	1,701,126	5,428,046
% change .....	17.9	2.2	13.0
Cars, 1973 .....	182,808	85,944	268,752
Cars, 1972 .....	164,706	82,208	246,914
% change .....	11.0	4.5	8.8

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

**Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of  
Sawmills in British Columbia, August 1973 —  
Advance Information.**

Sawmills in British Columbia produced 899.3 million feet board measure of lumber and ties in August compared to 828.9 million a year earlier. January to August production increased to 7,018.2 million feet

board measure from 6,195.7 million feet board measure last year.

For further information, order the August 1973 issue of *Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia* (35-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin, (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, K1A 0V6.

**Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, October 1 — Advance Information.**

Stocks of fruits, frozen and in preservatives, in storages and factories on October 1 totalled 51.42 million pounds compared with 51.49 million last year. Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in brine, totalled 113.9 million pounds (98.49 million in 1972).

For further information, order the October issue of *Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables* (32-010, 20¢/\$2).

**Steel Ingots, Week ended October 20, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended October 20 totalled 288,368 tons, an increase of 5.2% from the preceding week's total of 274,080 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 223,706 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 157.4 in the current week, 149.6 a week earlier and 122.1 one year ago.

**Imports of Crude Oil, July and August, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Oil refineries in Eastern Canada imported 26,909,151 barrels of crude oil in July, 1973, compared to 25,791,691 barrels in the same month in 1972. Preliminary data indicate that imports in August, 1973, were 30,456,334 barrels compared to 26,150,858 barrels last year, bringing the January-August totals for 1973 to 208,968,506 barrels compared to 192,789,686 barrels in 1972.

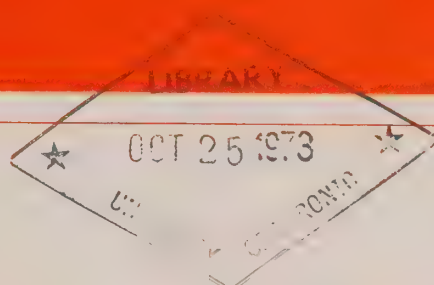
For further information, order the July and August issues of *Refined Petroleum Products* (45-004, 30¢/\$3).





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### Publications Released

- Population, Ethnic Groups, 1971 Census (92-723, \$1.50)
- Summary of Foreign Trade, July 1973 (65-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Hospital Statistics, Volume V, Hospital Revenues, 1971 (83-214, \$1)
- Copper and Nickel Production, August 1973 (26-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Electric Power Statistics, August 1973 (57-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Radio and Television Receiving Sets, August 1973 (43-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, August 1973 (43-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Iron Castings and Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, August 1973 (41-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Breweries, August 1973 (32-019, 10¢/\$1)
- The Sugar Situation, August 1973 (32-013, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletin — Road Transport (53-006, \$2 a year), Vol. 3, No. 11, The Motor Vehicle, Part II, Motive Fuel Sales, 1972.



# Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, August 1973 -- Advance Information.

Initial and renewal claims for unemployment insurance were 161,000 in August, a decrease of 10% from the July total of 179,000 and also 3% less than the 165,000 received in August 1972.

At the end of August, 691,000 claimants were registered for unemployment insurance benefit, a decline of 6% from the July count of 733,000 and also 4% lower than the 722,000 claimants reported at August 31, 1972.

Benefit paid to claimants in August dropped to \$135 million, 7% less than the \$145 million for July and 6% less than the \$144 million for August 1972. Claimants received 2.01 million weeks of benefit in August, down 6% from the July total of 2.14 million and 15% less than the 2.38 million in August 1972. The average weekly payment declined 1% to \$67.37 from the previous month's average of \$68.33. It was 11% more than the year-earlier payment of \$60.88.

Province	Initial and Renewal Claims Received			Claimants* Reporting to District Offices			Benefit Paid** (\$000)		
	Aug. 1973	July 1973	Aug. 1972	Aug. 31 1973	July 31 1973	Aug. 31 1972	Aug. 1973	July 1973	Aug. 1972
Newfoundland .....	4,973	4,443	4,341	30,288	31,933	24,772	5,203	6,260	4,334
Prince Edward Island .....	654	772	628	3,756	4,140	3,279	621	753	477
Nova Scotia .....	6,231	6,433	6,033	28,652	32,328	29,345	4,964	5,773	4,972
New Brunswick .....	5,183	5,762	5,088	29,470	33,090	26,950	5,086	6,150	4,582
Quebec .....	48,913	50,189	48,397	208,961	219,352	221,758	47,241	45,436	42,950
Ontario .....	54,791	68,697	58,461	224,309	239,507	245,109	40,778	47,217	50,904
Manitoba .....	5,904	6,163	6,236	22,756	23,878	23,905	4,038	4,232	4,714
Saskatchewan .....	3,855	3,885	3,695	15,766	16,770	16,080	2,854	3,094	3,289
Alberta .....	9,318	10,797	10,417	36,735	39,024	41,109	6,335	6,615	8,985
British Columbia .....	20,479	21,134	21,373	88,323	91,537	88,121	18,205	20,140	19,246
Yukon Territory .....	151	171	146	828	862	703	195	220	172
Northwest Territories .....	121	148	129	730	798	461	172	184	92
Outside Canada .....	53	64	100	211	253	167	38	51	32
Adjustment*** .....							1,149	1,047	943
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>160,626</b>	<b>178,658</b>	<b>165,044</b>	<b>690,785</b>	<b>733,472</b>	<b>721,759</b>	<b>134,579</b>	<b>145,079</b>	<b>143,807</b>

Province	Weeks of Benefit Paid			Average Weekly Payment (\$)		
	Aug. 1973	July 1973	Aug. 1972	Aug. 1973	July 1973	Aug. 1972
Newfoundland .....	84,463	99,220	78,769	61.60	63.09	55.02
Prince Edward Island .....	11,297	14,169	10,576	54.94	53.15	45.14
Nova Scotia .....	78,313	90,929	91,514	63.39	63.49	54.33
New Brunswick .....	85,236	102,390	82,478	59.67	60.06	55.55
Quebec .....	710,071	667,538	717,733	66.53	68.07	59.84
Ontario .....	604,869	679,876	825,295	67.42	69.45	61.68
Manitoba .....	59,790	61,907	85,083	67.53	68.37	55.41
Saskatchewan .....	43,196	46,169	54,824	66.08	67.02	60.00
Alberta .....	88,258	91,364	138,488	71.77	72.41	64.88
British Columbia .....	244,105	279,044	288,550	74.58	72.17	66.70
Yukon Territory .....	2,441	2,806	2,401	79.86	78.35	71.80
Northwest Territories .....	2,134	2,353	1,299	80.74	78.35	70.77
Outside Canada .....	503	657	453	74.59	77.03	70.07
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>2,014,676</b>	<b>2,138,422</b>	<b>2,377,463</b>	<b>67.37</b>	<b>68.33</b>	<b>60.88</b>

\* These figures are overstated by 20% in terms of active files. If a claimant does not report due to becoming re-employed, a period of 5 weeks is allowed to elapse before his claim is transferred to the inactive file.

\*\* May not add to "Canada" totals due to rounding.

\*\*\* Cancelled warrants and collection of overpayments.

For further information, order the August 1973 issue of *Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Acts*, (73-001, 20¢/\$2) or contact Mr. George Fincham (613-992-7461), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.



**Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals, 1972 — Advance Information.**

Manufacturers of inorganic industrial chemicals shipped goods valued at \$396.9 million during 1972, up from \$393.0 million the previous year. The total value added by the industry was \$238.2 million compared to \$221.4 million in 1971, the number of employees decreased to 8,912 from 9,734 and total salaries and wages decreased to \$88.5 million from \$89.0 million.

Manufacturers of pigments and dry colours shipped \$82.8 million of goods of own manufacture in 1972, up from \$74.0 million in 1971. The total value added by the industry was \$40.7 million compared to \$36.8 million the previous year, the number of employees increased to 1,552 from 1,522 and total salaries and wages increased to \$15.3 million from \$13.9 million.

Manufacturers of organic industrial chemicals shipped \$480.9 million of goods of own manufacture in 1972, down from \$484.5 million the previous year. The total value added by the industry was \$206.5 million, down from \$224.8 million in 1971, the number of employees dropped to 10,269 from 10,934 and total salaries and wages increased to \$123.6 million from \$118.0 million.

Further information will be published in *Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals* (46-219, 50¢).

**Gas Utilities, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian consumers purchased 73.6 billion cubic feet of natural gas in August, up 15.0% from 64.0 billion a year earlier. Exports rose to 84.4 billion cubic feet from 79.1 billion.

For further information, order the August issue of *Gas Utilities* (55-002, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), Vol. 7, No. 78, or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Salt, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

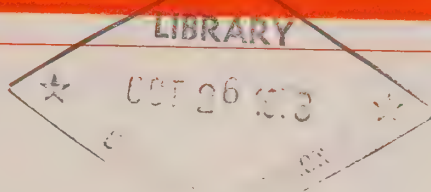
Canadian shipments of salt and salt content of brine increased to 535,274 tons from 345,115 in September 1972. This brought output to date to 3.74 million tons from 3.65 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the September issue of *Salt* (26-009, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



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### Publications Released

- Railway Operating Statistics, July 1973 (52-003, 20¢/\$2)
- Stoves and Furnaces, August 1973 (41-005, 20¢/\$2)
- Service Bulletins – Aviation (51-004, \$3 a year), Vol. 5, No. 42, Civil Aviation, 1972;  
Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 2, Factory Shipments of Valves, 1972;
- Phonograph Records and Pre-Recorded Tapes (47-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 8, Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-Recorded Tapes in Canada, August 1973.



**Summary of Exports, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

The External Trade Division reports that the value of total exports increased to \$1,776 million in August 1973 from \$1,518 million a year earlier. January to August total exports rose to \$15,852 million in 1973 from \$12,731 million in 1972. Area and commodity detail are shown below for domestic exports only.

Domestic Exports				
	August		January to August	
	1972	1973	1972	1973
	\$ millions			
Selected Countries				
United States . . . . .	972.1	1,054.1	8,688.8	10,683.7
Japan . . . . .	104.7	134.4	604.8	1,070.2
United Kingdom . . . . .	90.4	124.7	855.1	951.0
Germany, West . . . . .	26.0	31.1	191.9	267.8
People's Republic of China . . . . .	23.0	12.3	123.3	208.4
Italy . . . . .	18.2	37.8	122.4	174.0
Belgium and Luxembourg . . . . .	15.7	21.2	108.6	160.3
Netherlands . . . . .	17.9	26.7	178.2	146.5
Australia . . . . .	12.0	21.3	101.5	127.8
France . . . . .	11.4	11.7	92.4	111.7
Norway . . . . .	12.2	11.9	103.3	109.8
India . . . . .	10.8	5.8	58.6	93.7
Venezuela . . . . .	3.4	9.7	97.2	60.9
All Countries . . . . .	1,483.0	1,728.9	12,424.5	15,503.7
Selected Commodities				
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	211.3	326.5	1,299.8	1,828.7
Wheat . . . . .	94.1	175.5	472.4	752.4
Whisky . . . . .	14.6	16.7	111.5	127.3
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	308.1	374.2	2,256.2	3,040.9
Crude petroleum . . . . .	82.6	116.1	651.7	935.5
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	37.4	56.5	214.3	299.0
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	19.4	16.4	240.0	242.5
Fabricated materials, inedible . . . . .	530.7	578.7	4,260.5	5,274.4
Newsprint paper . . . . .	100.5	96.9	766.1	861.5
Wood pulp, similar pulp . . . . .	69.2	78.6	539.9	665.3
Lumber . . . . .	103.3	111.5	721.9	1,062.7
Aluminum, including alloys . . . . .	27.3	23.4	264.2	240.9
Copper and alloys . . . . .	37.4	38.0	259.1	309.4
End products, inedible . . . . .	422.2	425.1	4,529.2	5,227.6
Passenger automobiles and chassis . . . . .	73.6	57.7	1,405.4	1,494.6
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	83.4	102.9	745.0	1,001.0
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis . . . . .	32.1	35.3	423.3	483.8
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	17.1	10.1	66.7	56.1
Motor vehicle engines and parts . . . . .	38.5	31.8	333.3	364.3
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	35.2	20.8	333.8	270.9
Re-exports . . . . .	34.8	47.1	306.3	348.4
Total Exports . . . . .	1,517.8	1,776.0	12,730.7	15,852.0

**Domestic Exports by Stage of Fabrication**

	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	\$ millions							
All Countries								
August . . . . .	1,483.0	1,728.9	469.1	650.6	552.2	602.9	461.7	475.4
January to August . . . . .	12,424.5	15,503.7	3,207.5	4,440.8	4,391.0	5,482.7	4,826.0	5,580.2
United States								
August . . . . .	972.1	1,054.1	195.0	271.7	379.7	381.9	397.3	400.5
January to August . . . . .	8,688.8	10,683.7	1,499.7	1,978.9	3,065.5	3,818.5	4,123.6	4,886.3

Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

## Prices and Price Indexes, October 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Oct. 18/73 This week	Oct. 11/73 Week ago	Sept. 20/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>198.2</b>	<b>197.9</b>	<b>188.8</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>215.4</b>	<b>216.0</b>	<b>205.1</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	155.0	153.2	140.1
Foods . . . . .	10	144.8	143.9	138.1
Beverages . . . . .	7	273.5	272.2	261.2
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	170.9	177.6	151.0
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	166.8	167.8	154.5
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	386.7	385.7	368.9
Primary metals . . . . .	8	141.5	144.2	129.0
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	226.5	225.9	215.4
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	182.5	184.1	176.4
Petroleum . . . . .	7	331.8	336.7	336.8
Chemicals . . . . .	4	123.8	121.4	113.2
Construction . . . . .	4	163.5	160.8	153.4
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	158.6	157.0	153.0
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>142.4</b>	<b>141.8</b>	<b>137.5</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	143.9	141.0	134.0
Transportation . . . . .	4	329.9	329.0	322.2
Telephone . . . . .	3	84.8	85.4	81.7
Electric power . . . . .	3	114.2	114.5	115.2
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	154.3	153.1	144.7
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>193.0</b>	<b>189.1</b>	<b>181.7</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	226.5	220.6	215.3
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	141.1	140.9	129.0
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>140.4</b>	<b>138.4</b>	<b>130.5</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	165.0	162.6	155.5
Base metals . . . . .	16	128.2	126.4	118.0
Uranium . . . . .	4	277.4	258.9	237.1
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	472.8	461.3	446.5

For further information, order the October issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Weekly Railway Carloadings, October 14, 1973 — Advance Information.

Railways in Canada loaded 84,935 cars and 5.2 million tons of revenue freight during the second week of October compared with 75,137 cars and 4.4 million tons for the same period a year earlier.

Western loadings increased by 7.7% to 2.2 million tons while eastern loadings rose 29.9% to almost 3.0 million tons. The number of cars loaded increased 21.0% in the east and 3.6% in the west.

Year-to-date loadings totalled 185.9 million tons, an increase of 14.5% over 1972. Eastern loadings accounted for 105.7 million tons, an increase of 25.5%, and western loadings 80.2 million tons, an increase of 2.6%.

For further information contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274) Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1 0V5.

(continued)

7-day period ending Oct. 14, 1973	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	2,990,137	2,219,107	5,209,244
Tons, 1972 .....	2,301,522	2,060,617	4,362,139
% change .....	29.9	7.7	19.4
Cars, 1973 .....	49,391	35,544	84,935
Cars, 1972 .....	40,825	34,312	75,137
% change .....	21.0	3.6	13.0
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	111,309	47,498	158,807
Tons, 1972 .....	89,104	43,557	132,661
% change .....	24.9	9.0	19.7
Cars, 1973 .....	4,794	2,257	7,051
Cars, 1972 .....	3,928	2,191	6,119
% change .....	22.0	3.0	15.2
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	105,655,270	80,218,999	185,874,269**
Tons, 1972 .....	84,196,892	78,187,714	162,384,606
% change .....	25.5	2.6	14.5
Cars, 1973 .....	1,827,741	1,306,273	3,134,014**
Cars, 1972 .....	1,598,879	1,335,189	2,934,068
% change .....	14.3	-2.2	6.8
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	4,510,264	1,784,136	6,294,400**
Tons, 1972 .....	3,816,024	1,744,683	5,560,707
% change .....	18.2	2.3	13.2
Cars, 1973 .....	187,635	88,201	275,836**
Cars, 1972 .....	168,634	84,399	253,033
% change .....	11.3	4.5	9.0

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect to prior periods.

### Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, August 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary statistics for August show that 11.2 million international travellers entered Canada, an increase of 1.9% from the same month in 1972. This aggregate comprises 6.8 million non-resident travellers, 4.0 million returning residents and 0.3 million in the "other travellers" category, which includes immigrants, military personnel and crews.

For further information, order the August issue of *Travel Between Canada and Other Countries* (66-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. M.W. Valiquette (613-992-5507), International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

### Number of International Travellers Entering or Returning to Canada

	August 1972	August 1973P	Change %
<b>Non-resident travellers</b>			
United States .....	6,431,919	6,645,422	3.3
Countries other than the U.S.A. ....	151,084	179,051	18.5
Entering direct .....	64,424	83,882	30.2
Entering via the U.S.A. ....	86,660	95,169	9.8
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>6,583,003</b>	<b>6,824,473</b>	<b>3.7</b>
<b>Residents of Canada</b>			
United States .....	3,933,925	3,846,182	-2.2
Countries other than U.S.A. ....	181,406	195,267	7.6
Returning direct .....	170,713	180,352	5.6
Returning via the U.S.A. ....	10,693	14,915	39.5
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>4,115,331</b>	<b>4,041,449</b>	<b>-1.8</b>
<b>Other Travellers .....</b>	<b>299,315</b>	<b>319,203</b>	<b>6.6</b>
<b>Grand Total .....</b>	<b>10,977,649</b>	<b>11,185,125</b>	<b>1.9</b>

P — Preliminary figures, subject to revision.



**Railway Carloadings, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Twenty-five railways operating in Canada reported a total of 346,736 cars and 21.1 million tons of revenue freight loaded during September. This represented increases of 4.2% and 11.8%, respectively, over the corresponding 30-day period of 1972. The figures do not include traffic interlined between carriers or non-carload freight.

Rail shipments received from United States connections in terms of cars rose 4.8% to 54,184 while tonnages rose 7.0% to 2.1 million.

Iron ore movements rose sharply over the previous year month to 6.3 million tons, a gain of more than 88.0%. Potash loadings were 31.0% higher and sand, gravel and crushed stone rose 25.2%. Wheat tonnages declined significantly in the period, down 41.6% to 1.3 million tons, and other grain was down 24.6%.

During the first three quarters of 1973 carloadings were up 6.8% to just under 3.0 million, while relative tonnages rose 14.0% to 174.1 million. Cumulatively, iron ore showed the largest percentage increase in tons (67.6%), while sulphur, containerized traffic and sand and gravel shipments were up 37.9%; 37.8% and 31.6% respectively. Wheat and other grain showed the only over-all declines.

For further information order the September issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

**Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers produced 4,656 tons or 9.40 million square feet of vinyl-asbestos floor tile in September compared to 8,173 tons or 18.18 million square feet in the same month of 1972.

For further information order the September issue of *Service Bulletin Miscellaneous Industries* (47-003, \$1), Vol. 1, No. 7, or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Decorative Laminate Sheet, Third Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.**

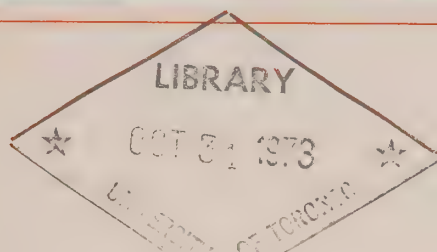
Canadian factories shipped 20.70 million square feet of 1/8-inch high pressure laminate sheet, valued at \$5,738,678, to domestic customers in the third quarter compared to 17.97 million square feet and \$5,074,956 for the same quarter of 1972. They shipped 3.98 million square feet of backing laminate valued at \$299,445 compared to 3.84 million square feet and \$274,870 a year earlier.

For further information, order the September quarter issue of *Service Bulletin Rubber and Plastic Products Industries*, (47-002, \$1), Vol. 2, No. 7, or contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industry Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



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### Publications Released

Employment Earnings and Hours, June 1973 (72-002, 40¢/\$4)

Farm Cash Receipts, August 1973 (21-001, 20¢/\$2)

New Motor Vehicle Sales, August 1973 (63-007, 20¢/\$2)

Production of Canada's Leading Minerals, August 1973 (26-007, 10¢/\$1)

Sales of Paints, Varnishes and Lacquers, August 1973 (46-001, 10¢/\$1)

Soaps and Synthetic Detergents, August 1973 (46-003, 10¢/\$1)

Service Bulletins — Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 75, Natural Gas Pipe Line Mileage by Province, December 31, 1972;

Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 11, Pack of Processed Asparagus, 1973; Vol. 2, No. 12, Pack of Processed Raspberries, 1973; Vol. 2, No. 13, Pack of Processed Strawberries, 1973;

Electrical Products (43-007, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 22, Domestic Water Tank Heaters, August 1973.



# **Population by Country of Citizenship, 1971 Census — Advance Information.**

Population counts of the 1971 Census show that 6.2% (1,347,155) of the population were non-Canadian citizens as compared with 5.8% (1,055,818) at the 1961 Census. Most provinces experienced an increase

in the proportion of population classified as non-Canadian citizens as compared with 1961, except for Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and the Territories.

Details will be published in *Citizenship and Immigration* (92-728, 75¢).

## **Population by Country of Citizenship, Canada and Provinces, 1961 and 1971**

	1961			1971		
	Total	Canada	Other	Total	Canada	Other
<b>Canada</b>						
Number . . . . .	18,238,247	17,182,429	1,055,818	21,568,315	20,221,160	1,347,155
% . . . . .		94.2	5.8		93.8	6.2
<b>Newfoundland</b>						
Number . . . . .	457,853	455,282	2,571	522,105	517,195	4,910
% . . . . .		99.4	0.6		99.1	0.9
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>						
Number . . . . .	104,629	103,618	1,011	111,645	110,250	1,395
% . . . . .		99.0	1.0		98.8	1.3
<b>Nova Scotia</b>						
Number . . . . .	737,007	725,686	11,321	788,965	774,595	14,370
% . . . . .		98.5	1.5		98.2	1.8
<b>New Brunswick</b>						
Number . . . . .	597,936	590,662	7,274	634,560	626,335	8,225
% . . . . .		98.8	1.2		98.7	1.3
<b>Quebec</b>						
Number . . . . .	5,259,211	5,078,082	181,129	6,027,760	5,815,120	212,640
% . . . . .		96.6	3.4		96.5	3.5
<b>Ontario</b>						
Number . . . . .	6,236,092	5,673,098	562,994	7,703,105	6,940,130	762,975
% . . . . .		91.0	9.0		90.1	9.9
<b>Manitoba</b>						
Number . . . . .	921,686	879,187	42,499	988,250	944,695	43,555
% . . . . .		95.4	4.6		95.6	4.4
<b>Saskatchewan</b>						
Number . . . . .	925,181	902,106	23,075	926,240	906,525	19,715
% . . . . .		97.5	2.5		97.9	2.1
<b>Alberta</b>						
Number . . . . .	1,331,944	1,240,895	91,049	1,627,875	1,537,385	90,490
% . . . . .		93.2	6.8		94.4	5.6
<b>British Columbia</b>						
Number . . . . .	1,629,082	1,498,498	130,584	2,184,625	1,998,030	186,595
% . . . . .		92.0	8.0		91.5	8.5
<b>Yukon</b>						
Number . . . . .	14,628	13,394	1,234	18,390	17,210	1,180
% . . . . .		91.6	8.4		93.6	6.4
<b>Northwest Territories</b>						
Number . . . . .	22,998	21,921	1,077	34,810	33,700	1,110
% . . . . .		95.3	4.7		96.8	3.2

**Production of Eggs, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Egg production decreased 0.5% to 37.3 million dozen in September from 37.5 million dozen in September 1972. The average number of layers was down 1.3% to 25.2 million from 25.5 million and the number of eggs per 100 layers increased 0.9% to 1,775 from 1,760. Farm price of eggs sold for market was up 60.5% to 61¢ a dozen compared to 38¢ a dozen.

For further information, order the September issue of *Production of Eggs* (23-003, 10¢/\$1).

**Fluid Milk Sales, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Sales of standard, special and 2 % milk rose by 3 % in August over August 1972, reaching 143.5 million quarts. Sales of cereal, table, whipping and sour cream fell by 1 % to 5.78 million quarts.

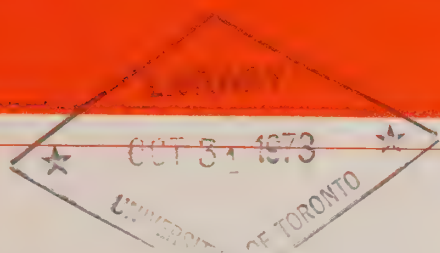
For further information, order the August issue of *Fluid Milk Sales* (23-002, 10¢/\$1).





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### Publications Released

- Salaries of Teachers in Degree-Granting Institutions, Part I, General Characteristics, 1971-1972** (81-241, 75¢)
- A Short Guide to Canadian Universities and Colleges, 1973** (81-240, \$1)
- New Manufacturing Establishments in Canada, June 1973** (31-002, \$1.50)
- Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, January 1 to August 31, 1973** (63-009, \$1)
- Silver, Lead and Zinc Production, August 1973** (26-008, 10¢/\$1)
- Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, August 1973** (25-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Products Made from Canadian Clays, August 1973** (44-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Concrete Products, August 1973** (44-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Specified Chemicals, August 1973** (46-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Particle Board, August 1973** (36-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Selected Meat and Meat Preparations, August 1973** (32-020, 10¢/\$1)
- Distilled Beverage Spirits and Industrial Ethyl Alcohol, August 1973** (32-021, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins – Fish and Fish Products** (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 82, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Newfoundland, September 1973;
- Electrical Products** (43-007, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 23, Factory Shipments of Electrical Switchgear and Protective equipment except Telephone Switchboard 1972;
- Energy Statistics** (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 76, Supply and Disposition of Propane, January, February and March, 1973;



## Prices and Price Indexes (Building Construction Input Price Indexes), September, 1973 — Advance Information.

Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes  
(1971=100)

	Sept. 73	Aug. 73	Sept. 72	Change	
				Sept. 73 Aug. 73	Sept. 73 Sept. 72
				%	
<b>Canada, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>124.7</b>	<b>123.9</b>	<b>112.7</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>10.6</b>
Materials . . . . .	125.5	124.8	112.9	0.6	11.2
Labour . . . . .	123.4	122.2	112.2	1.0	10.0
<b>Atlantic Provinces, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>129.0</b>	<b>128.8</b>	<b>114.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>13.1</b>
Materials . . . . .	127.6	127.2	113.0	0.3	12.9
Labour . . . . .	131.5	131.5	116.0	—	13.4
<b>Quebec, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>125.7</b>	<b>125.5</b>	<b>113.7</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>10.6</b>
Materials . . . . .	128.8	128.6	116.7	0.2	10.4
Labour . . . . .	119.9	119.9	108.0	—	11.0
<b>Ontario, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>125.2</b>	<b>123.6</b>	<b>112.8</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>11.0</b>
Materials . . . . .	125.3	124.2	112.0	0.9	11.9
Labour . . . . .	125.1	122.6	114.1	2.0	9.6
<b>Prairie Provinces, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>122.7</b>	<b>122.6</b>	<b>111.8</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>9.7</b>
Materials . . . . .	122.0	121.9	111.3	0.1	9.6
Labour . . . . .	124.2	123.9	112.7	0.2	10.2
<b>British Columbia, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>121.7</b>	<b>121.2</b>	<b>110.9</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>9.7</b>
Materials . . . . .	124.1	123.3	111.9	0.6	10.9
Labour . . . . .	117.5	117.5	109.0	—	7.8
<b>General Contractors, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>132.4</b>	<b>131.9</b>	<b>117.8</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>12.4</b>
Materials . . . . .	133.8	133.2	118.7	0.5	12.7
Labour . . . . .	124.2	123.8	112.5	0.3	10.4
<b>Sub-trade Contractors, Total</b> . . . . .	<b>119.2</b>	<b>118.1</b>	<b>109.0</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>9.4</b>
Materials . . . . .	115.0	114.2	105.7	0.7	8.8
Labour . . . . .	123.2	121.9	112.1	1.1	9.9

Non-Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes  
(1961=100)

<b>Total Index</b> . . . . .	<b>201.8</b>	<b>197.6</b>	<b>185.7</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>8.7</b>
Materials . . . . .	160.0	158.2	144.1	1.1	11.0
Steel and Metal Work . . . . .	154.2	153.5	139.3	0.5	10.7
Plumbing, Heating and Other Equipment . . . . .	159.4	155.4	146.0	2.6	99.2
Electrical Equipment . . . . .	118.6	116.1	107.5	2.2	10.3
Concrete Products . . . . .	150.2	150.2	140.9	—	6.6
Lumber and Lumber Products . . . . .	255.0	252.0	205.6	1.2	24.0
Other . . . . .	148.0	147.0	137.8	0.7	7.4
Labour . . . . .	253.2	245.9	236.7	3.0	7.0

For further information, order the September issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. P. Du Brûle (613-996-2565), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Refined Petroleum Products, August 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian refineries produced 56.16 million barrels of refined petroleum products in August, 12% more than a year earlier.

For further information, order the August 1973 issue of *Refined Petroleum Products* (45-004, 30¢/\$3), or *Energy Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 79, or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Oil Pipe Line Transport, June 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian oil pipe lines received 2.70 million barrels per day of crude oil, condensate, pentanes plus and refined petroleum products in June. This was 16.5% more than the 2.32 million B/D received a year earlier. Domestic oils increased 17.9% to 2.27 million B/D and imported oils increased 9.6% to 429,100 B/D.

For further information, order the June issue of *Oil Pipe Line Transport* (55-001, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy* (continued)

Service Bulletin (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 80, or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Fish Freezings and Stocks, September 30, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Stocks of fish held in Canada (excluding inland species) on September 30 amounted to 103,535 pounds. There were 82,481 pounds of fresh frozen sea fish, 5,719 pounds of shellfish, 1,239 pounds of smoked fish and 14,096 pounds of bait and animal feed.

For further information, order the September issue of *Fish Freezings and Stocks* (24-001, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Cigars, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Production of cigars for September amounted to 54.42 million compared to 46.41 million for the same month of 1972.

For further information, order the September issue of *Service Bulletin, Tobacco and Tobacco Products* (32-022, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 12, or contact W. Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Coal and Coke Statistics, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

August coal production increased 6.1% to 1.43 million tons from 1.35 million tons a year earlier. Imports decreased to 1.75 million from 2.00 million. Industrial consumers used 1.21 million tons of coal (up 115,538 tons) and 480,183 tons of coke, (up 29,065 tons).

For further information, order the August issue of *Coal and Coke Statistics* (45-002, 30¢/\$3), or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3 a year), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.





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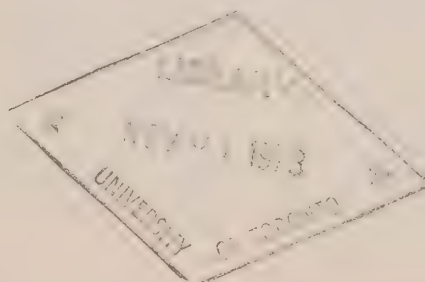
Monday, October 29, 1973

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### Publications Released

- Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics, April-June 1973 (21-003, \$4)
- Dairy Factory Production, September 1973 (32-002, \$1)
- Chain Store Sales and Stocks, August 1973 (63-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Garment Shipments, Quarter Ended March 31, 1973 (34-001, 25¢/\$1)
- Fish Freezings and Stocks, August 1973 (24-001, 30¢/\$3)
- Service Bulletin — Law Enforcement, Judicial and Correctional Statistics (85-001, Free), Vol. 1, No. 3, Changes in Uniform Crime Reporting Program.



## Prices and Price Indexes, September 1973 — Advanced Information.

### General Wholesale Index

The general wholesale index (1935-39=100) declined 0.7% in September to 400.0 from the revised August index of 402.7. It was 27.4% higher than the September 1972 index of 313.9. Four of the eight major group indexes were lower, while four advanced.

The animal products group index moved 4.9% lower in September to 492.3 from 517.9 on price decreases for animal oils and fats, fresh and cured meats (beef down 9.7%, pork 18.8%), hides and skins, and livestock (steers 4.9%, hogs 15.6%). The vegetable products group index moved 1.2% lower to 410.2 from 415.3 on lower prices for potatoes, vegetable oil and its products, onions, and milled

cereal foods, including a decline of 12.5% in the price of flour.

A decline of 0.5% to 336.8 from 338.5 in the non-ferrous metals products group index reflected lower prices for copper and its products, silver and tin. The chemical products group index declined 0.2% to 264.4.

The textile products group index moved up 5.1% to 353.1 on higher prices for raw cotton, cotton yarns, miscellaneous cotton products, cotton fabrics and worsted yarns. An advance of 1.1% to 257.9 in the non-metallic minerals products group index reflected price increases for asbestos, asphalt, coke and plaster. Smaller advances were recorded in two major group indexes: wood products to 508.3 from 504.8, and iron products to 360.5 from 358.3.

Wholesale Price Indexes  
(1935-39=100)

	Sept.* 1973	Aug.* 1973	Sept. 1972	Aug. 1972	Change	
					Sept./73 Aug./73	Sept./73 Sept./72
						(%)
General Wholesale Index . . . . .	400.0	402.7 <sup>r</sup>	313.9	310.8	-0.7	27.4
Vegetable products . . . . .	410.2	415.3 <sup>r</sup>	251.7	246.8	-1.2	63.0
Animal products . . . . .	492.3	517.9 <sup>r</sup>	376.4	377.7	-4.9	30.8
Textile products . . . . .	353.1	336.1 <sup>r</sup>	281.5	281.4	5.1	25.4
Wood products . . . . .	508.3	504.8 <sup>r</sup>	444.4	438.1	0.7	14.4
Iron products . . . . .	360.5	358.3 <sup>r</sup>	323.8	323.2	0.6	11.3
Non-ferrous metals . . . . .	336.8	338.5 <sup>r</sup>	270.5	259.2	-0.5	24.5
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	257.9	255.2	234.6	234.6	1.1	9.9
Chemical products . . . . .	264.4	265.0	246.4	245.1	-0.2	7.3
Iron and non-ferrous metals (excluding gold) . . . . .	415.9	416.0 <sup>r</sup>	355.0	347.6	—	17.2
Raw and partly manufactured goods . . . . .	406.3	409.7 <sup>r</sup>	276.4	272.1	-0.8	47.0
Fully and chiefly manufactured goods . . . . .	397.0	396.0 <sup>r</sup>	335.1	332.6	0.3	18.5

\* These indexes are preliminary.

<sup>r</sup> — revised.

### Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing

The industry selling price index for total manufacturing (1961=100) declined by 0.3% in September to 147.4 from its August high of 147.8. It was 14.7% higher than the September 1972 index of 128.5. Of the 102 industry indexes included in the total, 65 were higher, 11 declined, and 26 were unchanged.

The more notable increases were 2.2% in the textile group (particularly cotton yarn and cloth mills, 4.9%), 1.7% in men's clothing, 1.5% in the furniture, 1.2% in wood groups, 1.4% in the paper industries group (particularly corrugated box manufacturers, 8.2%), 1.8% in the petroleum and coal

group, and 12.8% in bakeries. The increases were more than offset by decreases in the food and beverages group (down 3.3%) (particularly slaughtering and meat packing, 10.2%), flour mills (12.5%, and vegetable oil mills (43.3%). The decline in flour mills followed on a sharp advance of 57.5% in the month of August.

For further information, order the September issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4).

(see table on next page)



**Industry Selling Price Indexes**  
**August to September Changes in Industry Indexes**

	Sept./Aug. Number of Industries			Major Group Indexes		
	In- creases	De- creases	Un- changed	Sept. 1973	Aug. 1973	Sept. 1972
<b>All industries</b> . . . . .	<b>65</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>147.4</b>	<b>147.8</b>	<b>128.5</b>
Foods and beverages industries . . . . .	12	5	6	176.6	182.7	139.3
Tobacco and tobacco products industries . . . . .	—	—	1	*	*	*
Rubber products industries . . . . .	1	1	—	111.9	110.2	110.2
Leather industries . . . . .	1	1	1	166.7	168.2	149.2
Textile industries . . . . .	7	—	2	124.5	121.8	107.9
Knitting mills industries . . . . .	2	—	—	109.7	109.2	100.1
Clothing industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Wood industries . . . . .	5	1	—	214.6	212.0	180.5
Furniture and fixture industries . . . . .	2	—	1	144.1	142.2	132.4
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	5	—	1	135.1	133.3	120.0
Primary metal industries . . . . .	6	1	—	159.9	159.9	136.0
Metal fabricating industries . . . . .	3	—	1	*	*	*
Machinery industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1	—	2	*	*	*
Electrical products industries . . . . .	4	1	2	*	*	*
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	4	—	5	142.0	141.6	135.2
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	2	—	—	139.2	136.8	115.6
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	5	1	1	111.7	110.7	104.5
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	3	—	3	*	*	*

\* Indexes not available at this level of aggregation.

**Farm Input Price Index, 3rd Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.**

The Farm Input Price Index for Canada rose 7.3% in the 3rd quarter of 1973, moving to 170.7 from a 2nd quarter level of 159.1. The eastern index increased 9.8% to 179.9 from 163.8, while the western index rose 4.2% to 160.1 from 153.7. The yearly increase since the 3rd quarter of 1972 was 20.1% for Canada, 26.6% for the East and 12.7% for the West.

Livestock feed prices rose 25.8% in the 3rd quarter, accounting for approximately 65% of the

total (7.3%) advance. Since the 3rd quarter of 1972 feed prices rose 75%. The sharply higher increase in the eastern index results from the fact that feed accounted for 13% of the eastern farm inputs, while in the western index it accounted for only 2.7% of all inputs.

Higher prices for feeder cattle (14.7%), hired labour (5.1%), motor vehicle operation (2.9%) and building materials also contributed to the rise in the total index.

For further information, order the third quarter issue of *Farm Input Price Index* (62-004, 25¢/\$1).

**Farm Input Price Indexes, Third Quarter 1973**  
(1961=100)

	Eastern Canada Quarter			Western Canada Quarter			Canada Quarter		
	3rd 1973	2nd 1973	3rd 1972	3rd 1973	2nd 1973	3rd 1972	3rd 1973	2nd 1973	3rd 1972
<b>Total Farm Input<sup>P</sup></b> . . . . .	<b>179.9</b>	<b>163.8</b>	<b>142.1</b>	<b>160.1</b>	<b>153.7</b>	<b>142.0</b>	<b>170.7</b>	<b>159.1</b>	<b>142.1</b>
Land and farm buildings <sup>P</sup> . . . . .	183.2	180.4	169.3	173.7	172.7 <sup>r</sup>	166.3	178.4	176.5 <sup>r</sup>	167.8
Farm machinery and motor vehicles . . . . .	142.0	137.8	135.0 <sup>r</sup>	136.1	134.5 <sup>r</sup>	131.8 <sup>r</sup>	138.3	135.7	133.0 <sup>r</sup>
Hired farm labour . . . . .	228.9	217.2	197.0	212.7	202.9	183.7	222.7	211.8	191.9
Other materials and services . . . . .	184.6	157.3	122.9	173.1	156.0	128.4	180.8	156.9	124.7

<sup>P</sup> — Preliminary figures.

<sup>r</sup> — Revised.

**Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, July 1973 — Advance Information.**

Crude petroleum production for the month of July reached 1.97 million B/D, up 13.0% from 1.74 million in July 1972.

Natural gas production for the same period averaged 8.54 billion cf./D. an increase of 7.6% from 7.93 billion a year earlier.

For further information, order the July issue of *Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production* (26-006, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin*, Vol. 8, No. 82 (57-002, \$3 a year).

**Asbestos, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Producers' shipments of asbestos increased to 246,292 tons in September 1973 from 138,059 in September of 1972. This brought year-to-date

shipments to 1,447,003 tons from 1,220,143 a year earlier.

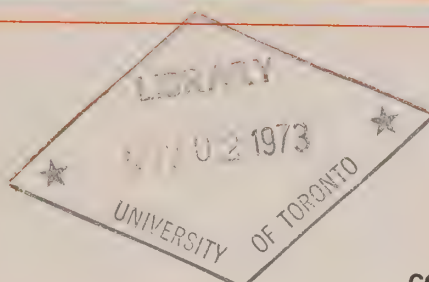
For further information, order the September issue of *Asbestos*, (26-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Steel Ingots, Week ended October 27, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended October 27 totalled 290,015 tons, an increase of 0.6% from the preceding week's total of 288,368 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 222,997 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 158.3 in the current week, 157.4 a week earlier and 121.7 one year ago.

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### Publications Released

- Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, August 1973 (73-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, July 1973 (61-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents, July-September 1971 (53-001, 75¢/\$3)
- Refined Petroleum Products, July 1973 (45-004, 30¢/\$3)
- Motor Carrier Freight Quarterly, 3rd Quarter 1972 (53-005, 25¢/\$1)
- Third Forecast of the Commercial Production of all Fruits, 1973 (22-003, \$1)



### Security Transactions with Non-Residents, June 1973 (67-002, 20¢/\$2).

Transactions in all long-term portfolio securities between Canada and the rest of the world resulted in a net capital inflow of \$132 million in the second quarter of 1973, a decrease of \$23 million from the revised net inflow of \$155 million recorded in the first quarter. Factors contributing to the smaller net inflow were a doubling of retirements to \$245 million, which included \$91 million for a Government of Canada Deutsche Mark issue and increased net repurchases by Canadians of outstanding Canadian equities. Movements leading to larger inflows were a rise in sales of new Canadian issues abroad to \$403 million and a return to a net sales balance from trading in outstanding foreign securities. In all transactions in the current quarter, net inflows from the United States of \$179 million more than offset net outflows of \$34 million to Europe, including the United Kingdom, and \$13 million to all other countries.

International transactions in selected Canadian money market instruments during the quarter led to a net outflow of \$152 million, a change of \$462 million from a net inflow of \$310 million during the first quarter, despite very high covered interest rate differentials in favour of Canadian instruments during the quarter. The outflow reflects in part a lowering of the very large non-resident position in commercial and other short-term paper at the end of the first quarter.

Trading in outstanding securities between Canada and other countries during June led to a net capital outflow of \$41 million, consisting of net repurchases of \$49 million of Canadian debt issues and equities and net sales of \$8 million of foreign securities. In the previous month, net sales of foreign securities more than offset net repurchases of Canadian securities and resulted in a net inflow of \$30 million. While a sharp drop occurred in the volume and value of shares traded on major exchanges in both Canada and the U.S. during June, the total value of international security trading dropped by only \$3 million. Geographically, trading resulted in net outflows of \$36 million to the U.S., \$2 million to Europe, including the United Kingdom, and \$3 million to all other countries.

### Railway Freight Traffic, Second Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.

Railways carried 71.3 million tons of revenue freight during April, May and June, 1973, an increase of 13.8% over the 1972 quarter.

Increases were reported in the movement of all but two of the six major commodity groupings during the current quarter, with crude materials rising 21.8% to 36.5 million tons. Substantially heavier shipments of

iron ore, gravel, pulpwood chips and sulphur contributed to this gain. Fabricated materials were up 8.0% to nearly 19.0 million tons, due mainly to a greater movement of potash, diesel fuel, woodpulp and refined and manufactured gases. End products rose by 19.7% with motor vehicles, engines and parts being primarily responsible for the higher rail volume. Trailer and container-on-flatcar traffic registered increases of 7.7% and 54.8%, respectively. Along with increases in mixed carload movements and freight forwarder traffic, this resulted in an overall gain of 29.9% in the special type of traffic category. Non-carload shipments rose 27.4%.

Loadings in Canada during the period under review totalled 64.4 million tons, up 14.6% from the previous year. Geographically, increases occurred in the following provinces: Newfoundland, 6.2%; Nova Scotia, 2.1%; New Brunswick, 56.2%; Quebec, 40.2%; Ontario, 12.2%; Saskatchewan, 3.7%; Alberta, 6.9%; and British Columbia, 14.1%. Decreases in originated traffic were recorded in Prince Edward Island, down 34.6%; Manitoba, down 6.7%, and the Yukon and Northwest Territories, down 8.2%.

For further information, order the Second Quarter 1973 issue of *Railway Freight Traffic* (52-002, 75¢/\$3), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

### Railway Operating Statistics, August, 1973 — Advance Information.

Six major railways operating in Canada reported revenues totalling \$87.0 million in the strike-affected month of August, a decline of 41.1% from the same 1972 period. Expenses were down only 17.8% to \$120.9 million and, as a result, a deficit of \$34.0 million was recorded for the month versus a net income of \$1.2 million in the earlier year.

Freight ton-miles dropped 35.5 million and passenger miles were down 22.2 million.

During the first eight months of 1973 railway revenues increased 6.7% to \$1,265.7 million. Expenses rose to a greater extent, 8.8% to \$1,249.4 million, resulting in a net income of \$16.4 million or 56.6% lower than in 1972.

Railways generated 80.4 million ton-miles during the first eight months of 1973, a gain of 5.3% over the previous year. Passenger miles dropped sharply to just over a million, a decline of 25.3%.

For further information, order the August issue of *Railway Operating Statistics* (52-003, 20¢/\$2) or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

**The Dairy Review, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

An estimated 1.50 billion pounds of milk were produced in September, 6.6% less than a year earlier. This brought the total estimate of production during the first nine months of the year to 13.05 billion pounds, down 6.0% from the January-September period a year ago.

For further information, order the September 1973 issue of *The Dairy Review* (23-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.





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## Publications Released

- Consumer Credit, August 1973 (61-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Retail Trade, August 1973 (63-005, 30¢/\$3)
- Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, June 1973 (31-001, 40¢/\$4)
- United States Vehicles Entering Canada, August 1973 (66-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Monthly Review of Canadian Fisheries Statistics, August 1973 (24-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Canadian Statistical Review, October 1973 (11-003, 50¢/\$5)
- Financial Flow Accounts, First Quarter 1973 (13-002, \$1/\$4)
- Footwear Statistics, August 1973 (33-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, August 1973 (35-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Salt, September 1973 (26-009, 10¢/\$1)
- Air Carrier Operations in Canada, January-March 1973 (51-002, \$1/\$4)
- Preliminary Bulletins – Census of Manufacturers 1972 (\$3.50 for the series): Thread Mills (34-210P); Fabric Glove Manufacturers (34-218P).
- Service Bulletins – Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 per year), Vol. 8, No. 77, Preliminary Report on Coal Production and Landed Imports of Coal, by Province, September 1973;
- Electrical Products (43-007, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 24, Electric Lamps, August 1973;
- Miscellaneous Industries (47-003, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 9, Papermakers' and Other Felts, Quarter Ended September 30, 1973;
- Rubber and Plastics Products Industries (47-002, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 7, Factory Shipments of High Pressure Decorative Laminate Sheet, Quarter Ended September 30, 1973;
- Selected Dairy By-Products (32-024, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 16, No. 17, Production and Inventory of Instant Dry Skim Milk Powder, September 1973;
- Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile (47-001, \$1 per year), Vol. 1, No. 7, Floor Tiles, September 1973;

(continued)

**Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 83, Advance Release of Fish Landings, British Columbia, September 1973.**

**Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, September 1973** — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Infomat and available in machine readable form from CANSIM.

Seasonally adjusted imports in September were estimated at \$1,937 million, up slightly from the preceding month. A 5% rise in imports from the United States was partially offset by reduced imports from overseas sources. Imports for the third quarter increased \$242 million to \$5,795 million from the second quarter, with purchases from the U.S. contributing \$144 million and those from overseas countries \$98 million.

With a decline of \$176 million in revised exports, Canada's third-quarter merchandise trade surplus of \$196 million stood at about a third of the level of \$614 million in the second quarter, and compared with \$359 million in the first quarter. The deterioration in the trade balance resulted from a turnaround between the second and third quarters from a surplus of \$239 million to a deficit of \$53 million in trade with the U.S. along with a fall in the surplus with overseas countries of \$126 million.

On a year-to-year basis, unadjusted imports for

September increased some 20% to \$1,780 million. The U.S., which accounted for 72% of total imports, was responsible for some 93% of the import gain. Commercial vehicles, motor vehicle parts (incorporating retroactive price adjustments), food, industrial machinery and non-ferrous metals, which together made up 37% of imports from the U.S., contributed 44% of the import gain. A rise of \$17 million in crude petroleum accounted for 82% of the small increase in imports from overseas countries.

For the January-September period, unadjusted imports were up 23% to \$16.7 billion from the same period in 1972. Imports from the U.S., which represented 71% of total purchases in 1973, made up 80% of the increase from 1972. Automotive and related products, industrial machinery, aircraft and food represented some 58% of the rise over the nine months of 1972 in purchases from the U.S. Crude petroleum, food, apparel and footwear, and industrial machinery were 39% of imports from overseas countries in 1973 and 57% of the import increase from this area over 1972.

For further information, order the September issues of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2) and *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2).

	Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, September 1973						Percentage Change 1972 to 1973	
	Total Exports		Imports		Trade Balance		Total Exports	Imports
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	Exports (%)	Imports (%)
	(\$ millions)							
<b>Month of September</b>								
United Kingdom . . . . .	82.2	89.2	71.4	66.9	10.8	22.3	6.6	- 6.3
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	44.8	59.9	64.9	87.9	- 20.1	- 28.0	37.3	35.4
United States . . . . .	1,128.4	1,297.0	1,007.9	1,277.6	120.5	19.4	9.1	26.8
Japan . . . . .	61.9	98.4	85.2	55.7	-23.3	42.7	60.6	- 34.6
European Economic Community* . . . .	72.2	119.5	96.7	94.8	- 24.4	24.7	39.1	- 2.0
Latin America . . . . .	42.2	39.8	58.5	73.6	- 16.4	- 33.8	- 5.9	25.8
Other Countries . . . . .	86.0	114.4	104.3	123.1	-18.3	- 8.7	32.8	18.0
<b>Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .</b>	<b>127.0</b>	<b>149.1</b>	<b>136.3</b>	<b>154.7</b>	<b>- 9.3</b>	<b>- 5.6</b>	<b>17.4</b>	<b>13.5</b>
<b>Total Others . . . . .</b>	<b>1,390.6</b>	<b>1,669.2</b>	<b>1,352.6</b>	<b>1,624.8</b>	<b>38.0</b>	<b>44.4</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>20.1</b>
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>1,517.6</b>	<b>1,818.3</b>	<b>1,488.9</b>	<b>1,779.5</b>	<b>28.7</b>	<b>38.8</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>19.5</b>
<b>January-September</b>								
United Kingdom . . . . .	947.9	1,092.6	696.6	754.0	251.3	338.6	10.8	8.2
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	431.8	591.9	542.7	648.9	- 110.9	- 57.0	36.2	19.6
United States . . . . .	10,071.1	12,297.9	9,328.6	11,832.4	742.5	465.5	21.1	26.8
Japan . . . . .	669.3	1,192.5	794.7	745.5	- 125.4	447.0	75.3	- 6.2
European Economic Community* . . . .	777.4	1,008.3	851.0	1,006.9	- 73.6	1.4	25.6	18.3
Latin America . . . . .	443.5	444.7	489.3	621.5	- 45.7	- 176.8	- 2.2	27.0
Other Countries . . . . .	907.5	1,182.3	895.2	1,113.4	12.3	68.9	28.6	24.4
<b>Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .</b>	<b>1,379.8</b>	<b>1,684.5</b>	<b>1,239.4</b>	<b>1,402.9</b>	<b>140.4</b>	<b>281.6</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>13.2</b>
<b>Total Others . . . . .</b>	<b>12,868.6</b>	<b>16,125.7</b>	<b>12,358.8</b>	<b>15,319.7</b>	<b>509.8</b>	<b>806.0</b>	<b>23.9</b>	<b>24.0</b>
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>14,248.3</b>	<b>17,810.2</b>	<b>13,598.3</b>	<b>16,722.6</b>	<b>650.1</b>	<b>1,087.6</b>	<b>23.4</b>	<b>23.0</b>

*Export and Import values for 1973 are preliminary estimates and may not add because of rounding.*

*\*Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973.*

(see tables on next page)

**Imports of Selected Commodities**  
**Preliminary Figures for September, 1973**

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change	1972	1973	Change
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Food . . . . .	43.2	51.3	18.8	95.0	127.6	34.3
Metals, in ores, concentrates scrap . . . . .	10.5	14.8	41.0	15.8	20.0	26.6
Crude petroleum . . . . .	—	0.1	—	68.6	85.9	25.2
Broad woven fabrics . . . . .	7.4	8.3	12.2	22.6	20.5	- 9.3
Chemicals, organic and inorganic . . . . .	11.8	16.9	43.2	18.2	23.1	26.9
Plastic materials and shapes . . . . .	17.8	22.4	25.8	20.5	24.7	20.5
Petroleum and coal products . . . . .	6.0	5.8	- 3.3	21.3	15.7	- 26.3
Iron and steel fabricated shapes . . . . .	18.9	26.5	40.2	42.6	54.5	27.9
Non-ferrous metals and alloys . . . . .	10.8	21.1	95.4	25.5	31.3	22.7
Industrial machinery . . . . .	98.1	114.2	16.4	126.5	140.7	11.2
Tractors and parts . . . . .	17.7	26.1	47.5	22.3	30.3	35.9
Passenger automobiles . . . . .	116.3	114.4	- 1.6	143.7	125.8	- 12.5
Trucks and other motor vehicles . . . . .	43.6	50.7	16.3	47.6	54.3	14.1
Motor vehicle engines, engine parts . . . . .	32.6	48.9	50.0	38.9	51.8	33.2
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	169.0	238.7	41.2	175.8	245.2	39.5
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	13.7	22.2	62.0	15.7	29.4	87.3
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	32.0	40.1	25.3	54.1	62.3	15.2
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	25.2	29.8	18.3	30.1	37.5	24.6
Apparel, footwear and accessories . . . . .	4.4	6.5	47.7	35.3	36.4	3.1
Books and other printed matter . . . . .	18.6	21.8	17.2	23.4	25.8	10.3
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	697.6	880.6	26.2	1,043.6	1,242.9	19.1
b) Total Canadian Imports . . . . .	1,007.9	1,277.6	26.8	1,488.9	1,779.5	19.5
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	69.2 %	68.9 %		70.1 %	69.8 %	

**Exports (including re-exports)**  
**Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months**

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
<b>1972</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,650	3,313	276	1,061
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,995	3,477	367	1,151
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,767	3,324	306	1,137
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,564	3,807	378	1,379
<b>1973</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,887	4,113	397	1,377
Second Quarter . . . . .	6,167	4,215	349	1,603
Third Quarter . . . . .	5,991	4,067	368	1,556
<b>1973</b>				
January . . . . .	1,918	1,371	111	436
February . . . . .	1,968	1,371	120	477
March . . . . .	2,001	1,371	166	464
April . . . . .	2,047	1,358	121	568
May . . . . .	2,073	1,446	100	527
June . . . . .	2,047	1,411	128	508
July . . . . .	2,108	1,473	121	514
August . . . . .	1,898	1,208	132	558
September . . . . .	1,985	1,386	115	484

**Imports**  
**Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months**

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
<b>1972</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,441	2,966	248	1,227
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,595	3,164	244	1,187
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,624	3,193	200	1,231
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,003	3,549	258	1,196
<b>1973</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,528	3,793	272	1,463
Second Quarter . . . . .	5,553	3,976	240	1,337
Third Quarter (preliminary) . . . . .	5,795	4,120	238	1,437
<b>1973</b>				
January . . . . .	1,759	1,220	85	454
February . . . . .	1,871	1,271	93	507
March . . . . .	1,898	1,302	94	502
April . . . . .	1,746	1,257	69	420
May . . . . .	1,932	1,392	87	453
June . . . . .	1,875	1,327	84	464
July . . . . .	1,945	1,373	86	486
August . . . . .	1,913	1,341	76	496
September (preliminary) . . . . .	1,937	1,406	76	455



**Summary of Imports, August 1973 — Advance Information.**

The External Trade Division reports that August imports increased to a value of \$1,733 million from \$1,444 million a year earlier and \$1,203 million in the same month of 1971. Imports for the eight months increased to \$14,943 million in 1973 from \$12,109 million in 1972 and \$9,992 million in 1971.

	August		January to August	
	1972	1973	1972	1973
	(\$ millions)			
Selected Countries				
United States . . . . .	959.9	1,150.9	8,320.7	10,555.1
Japan . . . . .	91.5	83.1	709.5	689.8
United Kingdom . . . . .	52.4	77.2	625.2	687.1
Germany, West . . . . .	47.8	51.2	334.4	401.0
Venezuela . . . . .	34.3	46.4	271.9	309.1
France . . . . .	25.3	32.6	168.5	213.6
Italy . . . . .	20.4	22.2	135.8	154.6
Australia . . . . .	19.4	16.4	126.6	126.6
Sweden . . . . .	8.1	10.3	92.6	110.8
Switzerland . . . . .	11.0	10.5	67.9	79.7
Netherlands . . . . .	6.7	8.3	57.5	76.0
Hong Kong . . . . .	9.1	10.4	66.7	70.9
Mexico . . . . .	2.8	4.3	37.1	58.6
All Countries . . . . .	1,444.2	1,733.4	12,109.4	14,943.4
Selected Commodities				
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	111.7	148.0	837.7	1,101.3
Coffee . . . . .	9.8	10.9	62.2	81.3
Sugar, raw . . . . .	5.9	12.0	65.9	78.9
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	136.6	173.9	1,009.1	1,251.6
Crude petroleum . . . . .	59.1	82.6	458.8	582.7
Coal . . . . .	21.0	18.1	100.9	95.3
Aluminium ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	7.7	7.6	52.4	59.8
Fabricated materials, inedible . . . . .	288.9	343.3	2,360.5	2,698.2
Fuel oil . . . . .	8.7	14.7	72.8	71.7
Organic chemicals . . . . .	13.3	16.3	114.0	138.5
Plate sheet and strip, steel . . . . .	15.9	21.7	120.4	134.9
Plastics materials, not shaped . . . . .	12.3	15.2	102.7	126.0
End products, inedible . . . . .	886.7	1,037.4	7,746.3	9,696.1
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	141.3	178.1	1,470.2	1,761.8
Sedans, new . . . . .	63.9	65.9	780.2	999.2
Motor vehicle engines and parts . . . . .	29.8	48.2	346.3	509.6
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis . . . . .	28.9	30.3	277.5	379.3
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	24.9	24.0	190.1	358.7
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	39.6	37.5	299.5	314.5

**Imports by Stage of Fabrication**

	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	(\$ millions)							
All Countries								
August . . . . .	1,444.2	1,733.4	196.7	254.4	304.7	372.3	942.9	1,106.8
January to August . . . . .	12,109.4	14,943.4	1,471.6	1,864.7	2,507.4	2,906.0	8,130.4	10,172.7
United States								
August . . . . .	959.9	1,150.9	93.0	113.9	187.7	222.4	679.2	814.5
January to August . . . . .	8,320.7	10,555.1	671.0	853.3	1,532.0	1,854.1	6,117.6	7,847.7

Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2).

## Prices and Price Indexes, October 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Oct. 25/73 This week	Oct. 18/73 Week ago	Sept. 27/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>199.1</b>	<b>198.2</b>	<b>192.9</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>216.6</b>	<b>215.4</b>	<b>210.1</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	154.6	155.0	145.7
Foods . . . . .	10	145.6	144.8	139.0
Beverages . . . . .	7	270.2	273.5	264.1
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	177.2	170.9	157.6
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	169.3	166.8	166.6
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	398.5	386.7	369.6
Primary metals . . . . .	8	143.3	141.5	132.7
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	226.5	226.5	215.9
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	185.2	182.5	178.7
Petroleum . . . . .	7	334.5	331.8	343.6
Chemicals . . . . .	4	123.2	123.8	115.9
Construction . . . . .	4	161.5	163.5	157.5
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	159.7	158.6	151.0
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>142.1</b>	<b>142.4</b>	<b>138.1</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	144.0	143.9	139.4
Transportation . . . . .	4	325.3	329.9	315.1
Telephone . . . . .	3	84.3	84.8	83.4
Electric power . . . . .	3	113.9	114.2	112.1
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	160.1	154.3	149.7
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>194.7</b>	<b>193.0</b>	<b>186.6</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	229.1	226.5	219.6
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	141.1	141.1	135.2
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>143.1</b>	<b>140.4</b>	<b>132.9</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	169.5	165.0	154.9
Base metals . . . . .	16	129.9	128.2	122.0
Uranium . . . . .	4	297.7	277.4	241.8
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	475.5	472.8	450.9

For further information, order the October issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Stocks of Honey, September 1973 — Advance Information.

Total stocks of honey held in Canada by producers on September 30 amounted to 20.95 million pounds compared to 20.82 million on the same date a year earlier.

For further information, order the September issue of *Packs, Shipments and Stocks of Selected Canned Fruits and Vegetables* (32-011, 20¢/\$2), or contact Walter Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Wholesale Price Indexes, September 1973 — Correction.

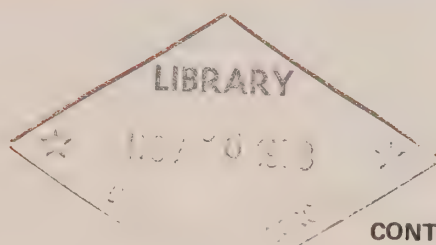
Incorrect figures were used in the table on Wholesale Price Indexes carried in the Daily of Monday, October 29. In the last line of the table, for fully and chiefly manufactured goods, the figure under September 1973 should have been 396.4 (not 397.0), that under August 1973 should have been 398.7<sup>r</sup> (not 396.0<sup>r</sup>) and the last two columns on percentage change should have read -0.6 (not 0.3) and 18.3 (not 18.5).





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### Publications Released

- The Labour Force, September 1973 (71-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Canadian Universities, Income and Expenditure, 1968-69 (81-212, 75¢)
- Railway Freight Traffic, First Quarter 1973 (52-002, 75¢/\$3)
- Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents, 1971 (53-206, \$1)
- Wholesale Trade, August 1973 (63-008, \$1)
- Shipments of Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds, August 1973 (32-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, October 1, 1973 (32-010, 20¢/\$2)
- Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, October 1973 (32-012, 30¢/\$3)
- Service Bulletin — Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 3, Factory Shipments of Boats, Outboard Motors and Boat Trailers, 1972;
- Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, Fish Freezings and Stocks, September 1973: No. 84, Quebec; No. 87, British Columbia; Vol. 2, No. 85, Advance Release of Fish Landings, Newfoundland, September 1973.

**Weekly Railway Carloadings, October 21, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Railway revenue freight loaded during the third week of October totalled 5.6 million tons, up 8.7% from a year earlier. Cars loaded in the same period increased 4.6% to 93,190.

Western loadings declined 3.1% to 2.4 million tons in the 1973 period while loadings east of the Lakehead rose 19.5% to 3.2 million tons. The number of cars loaded were down 5.7% in the west but up 13.4% in the east.

Year-to-date loadings totalled 191.5 million tons, up 14.3% over 1972. Western volume increased 2.4% to 82.6 million tons while loadings in the east rose 25.3% to 108.9 million tons.

For further information contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

7-day period ending October 21, 1973	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,234,926	2,391,072	5,625,998
Tons, 1972 .....	2,706,573	2,467,355	5,173,928
% change .....	19.5	-3.1	8.7
Cars, 1973 .....	54,359	38,831	93,190
Cars, 1972 .....	47,928	41,192	89,120
% change .....	13.4	-5.7	4.6
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	119,747	48,840	168,587
Tons, 1972 .....	114,194	49,935	164,129
% change .....	4.9	-2.2	2.7
Cars, 1973 .....	5,436	2,502	7,938
Cars, 1972 .....	4,924	2,472	7,396
% change .....	10.4	1.2	7.3
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	108,890,196	82,610,071	191,500,267
Tons, 1972 .....	86,903,465	80,655,069	167,558,534
% change .....	25.3	2.4	14.3
Cars, 1973 .....	1,882,100	1,345,104	3,227,204
Cars, 1972 .....	1,646,807	1,376,381	3,023,188
% change .....	14.3	-2.3	6.7
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	4,630,011	1,832,976	6,462,987
Tons, 1972 .....	3,930,218	1,794,618	5,724,836
% change .....	17.8	2.1	12.9
Cars, 1973 .....	193,071	90,703	283,774
Cars, 1972 .....	173,558	86,871	260,429
% change .....	11.2	4.4	9.0

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

**New Motor Vehicle Sales, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

September sales of new motor vehicles reached 82,815 units, up 8.1% from a year earlier. This included 51,771 passenger cars (up 17.2%) and 15,447 commercial vehicles (up 23.0%) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 14,014 passenger cars (down 22.5%) and 1,583 commercial vehicles (down 9.5%) manufactured overseas.

Total sales value increased 19.6% to \$367.2 million. Canadian and U.S. produced passenger cars sold for \$212.7 million (up 23.2%) and commercial vehicles for \$101.7 million (up 36.2%). Sales of passenger cars from overseas decreased 12.3% to \$47.5 million and sales of commercial vehicles also decreased 6.7% to \$5.3 million. Included in total commercial vehicles sold were 172 units of coaches and buses valued at \$4.3 million.

For the first nine months of this year total sales reached 934,010 units with an accumulated value of \$4,041.0 million. This represented an increase of

28.5% in value over sales for the corresponding period last year.

For further information, order the September issue of *New Motor Vehicle Sales* (63-007, 20¢/\$2), or contact Michael Kwilecki (613-996-9278), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Industrial Chemicals, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Manufacturers produced 50.87 million pounds of polyethylene type synthetic resins in September compared to 46.37 million pounds a year earlier.

For further information, order the September issue of *Specified Chemicals* (46-002, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J. L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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### Publications Released

Financial Institutions, First Quarter 1973 (61-006, 75¢/\$3)  
Industrial Corporations, Second Quarter 1973 (61-003, \$1/\$4)  
Telecommunications Statistics, 1972 (56-201, 50¢)





**Housing Starts and Completions, September 1973 — Advance Information.****Dwelling Starts and Completions in Centres of 10,000 Population & Over**

September 1973	Starts					Completions				
	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total
Newfoundland . . . . .	352	32	—	44	428	82	2	—	—	84
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	20	—	—	—	20	14	—	—	68	82
Nova Scotia . . . . .	105	74	20	293	492	173	22	13	348	556
New Brunswick . . . . .	195	33	—	237	465	277	30	4	26	337
Quebec . . . . .	1,427	178	38	2,545	4,188	1,752	64	55	2,607	4,478
Ontario . . . . .	2,721	780	1,354	4,257	9,112	2,690	559	598	2,919	6,766
Manitoba . . . . .	510	21	—	565	1,096	296	50	—	183	529
Saskatchewan . . . . .	256	—	—	113	369	249	2	18	24	293
Alberta . . . . .	789	56	80	493	1,418	1,349	94	264	472	2,179
British Columbia . . . . .	1,289	52	16	934	2,291	1,573	84	128	785	2,570
<b>Canada . . . . .</b>	<b>7,664</b>	<b>1,226</b>	<b>1,508</b>	<b>9,481</b>	<b>19,879</b>	<b>8,455</b>	<b>907</b>	<b>1,080</b>	<b>7,432</b>	<b>17,874</b>
<b>Metropolitan Areas</b>										
Calgary . . . . .	312	4	10	21	347	441	36	11	340	828
Chicoutimi-Jonquiere . . . . .	35	—	—	—	35	77	—	—	—	77
Edmonton . . . . .	367	42	70	323	802	758	52	253	96	1,159
Halifax . . . . .	83	14	—	292	389	121	8	3	336	468
Hamilton . . . . .	238	22	349	484	1,093	380	24	81	139	624
Hull . . . . .	163	4	22	15	204	109	—	—	121	230
Kitchener . . . . .	172	33	10	259	474	125	52	7	487	671
London . . . . .	158	14	34	—	206	164	—	56	305	525
Montreal . . . . .	639	108	16	2,210	2,973	805	28	55	2,014	2,902
Ottawa . . . . .	96	22	121	1,300	1,539	223	17	56	628	924
Quebec City . . . . .	239	38	—	64	341	268	22	—	82	372
Regina . . . . .	59	—	—	—	59	105	—	18	—	123
St. Catharines-Niagara . . . . .	238	78	12	—	328	167	30	14	93	304
Saint John . . . . .	54	10	—	12	76	68	10	4	—	82
St. John's . . . . .	153	32	—	44	229	62	2	—	—	64
Saskatoon . . . . .	101	—	—	63	164	80	2	—	—	82
Sudbury . . . . .	51	—	—	—	51	69	2	45	122	238
Thunder Bay . . . . .	51	—	—	21	72	39	18	—	—	57
Toronto . . . . .	748	462	691	1,490	3,391	690	346	228	720	1,984
Vancouver . . . . .	763	38	16	374	1,191	794	26	105	259	1,184
Victoria . . . . .	114	6	—	300	420	140	2	—	292	434
Windsor . . . . .	95	4	—	70	169	92	18	20	12	142
Winnipeg . . . . .	486	21	—	565	1,072	279	50	—	183	512
<b>Sub-Totals . . . . .</b>	<b>5,415</b>	<b>952</b>	<b>1,351</b>	<b>7,907</b>	<b>15,625</b>	<b>6,056</b>	<b>745</b>	<b>956</b>	<b>6,229</b>	<b>13,986</b>
<b>Major Urban Areas . . . . .</b>	<b>847</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>824</b>	<b>1,953</b>	<b>796</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>470</b>	<b>1,390</b>
<b>Other Areas 10,000 + . . . . .</b>	<b>1,402</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>2,301</b>	<b>1,603</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>733</b>	<b>2,498</b>
<b>All Areas 10,000 + . . . . .</b>	<b>7,664</b>	<b>1,226</b>	<b>1,508</b>	<b>9,481</b>	<b>19,879</b>	<b>8,455</b>	<b>907</b>	<b>1,080</b>	<b>7,432</b>	<b>17,874</b>

For further information, order *Housing Starts and Completions, September 1973* (64-002, \$3 a year/\$3.60 outside Canada).

**Pulpwood and Wood Residue, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Roundwood production decreased 4.4% to 1.56 million cunits in September from 1.63 million a year earlier.

Consumption of roundwood and wood residue decreased 3.4% to 1.85 million cunits from 1.91 million and the closing inventory of these two products decreased 9.2% to 7.96 million cunits from 8.77 million. Receipts of wood residue decreased 7.3% to 694,518 cunits from 749,514.

For further information, order the September issue of *Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics* (25-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. C. Sturton (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

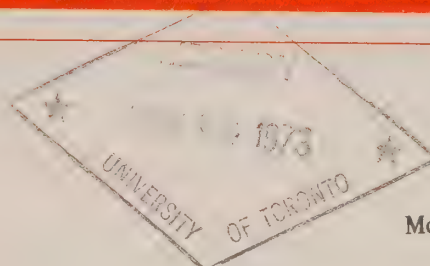
**Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

In September, packers, dealers and tanners held 191,751 cattle hides, down from 203,235 a year earlier, and 58,387 calf and kip skins, down from 117,061. Cattle hide receipts decreased to 135,142 from 149,357 and wettings decreased to 162,018 from 170,367. Production of upper leather decreased to 5,495,225 square feet from 6,067,573 in 1972.

For further information, order *Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather* (33-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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### Publications Released

- Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, Part II - Labour Unions, 1971 (71-202, free)
- Annual Salaries of Public Health Nurses, 1971 (83-219, 75¢)
- Financial Flow Accounts, Advance Release No. 2, Second Quarter 1973 (13-002, \$1/\$4)
- Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, August 1973 (35-003, 20¢/\$2)
- Shoe Factories and Boot and Shoe Findings Manufacturers, 1971 (33-203, 50¢)
- Fluid Milk Sales, August 1973 (23-002, \$1)
- Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, September 1973 (32-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Preliminary Bulletin — 1972 Census of Manufactures (\$3.50 for the series): Typewriter Supplies Manufacturers (47-207-p);
- Service Bulletins — Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 78, Sales of Natural Gas, August 1973; Vol. 8, No. 79, Refinery Production in Canada of Selected Petroleum Products, August 1973; Vol. 8, No. 80, Oil Pipe Line Supply and Disposition, June 1973; Vol. 8, No. 81, Coal and Coke Statistics, August 1973; Vol. 8, No. 82, Salient Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Statistics, July 1973;
- Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, Advance Release of Fish Landings, September 1973: No. 86, Maritimes; No. 88, Quebec; Vol. 2, Fish Freezings and Stocks, September 1973: No. 89, Ontario and Prairies; No. 90, Maritimes; No. 91, Canada.

**Iron Ore, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian mines shipped 5.17 million tons of iron ore in September compared to 3.92 million tons a year earlier. This brought year-to-date output to 37.48 million tons from 29.24 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the September issue of *Iron Ore* (26-005, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Steel Ingots, Week ended November 3, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended November 3 totalled 286,144 tons, a decrease of 1.3% from the preceding week's total of 290,015 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 227,288 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 156.2 in the current week, 158.3 a week earlier and 124.0 one year ago.



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Tuesday, November 6, 1973

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### Publications Released

- Families by Selected Characteristics of Family Head, 1971 Census (93-717, 50¢)
- Summary of Housing Characteristics, Advance Bulletin, 1971 Census (93-745, 50¢)
- Annual Supplement to Section 1, Canadian Statistical Review (11-206, \$1 per year)
- Detailed Energy Supply and Demand in Canada, 1970-71 (57-207, 75¢)
- Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, August 1973 (61-005, 30¢/\$3)
- Department Store Sales and Stocks, August 1973 (63-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Railway Carloadings, September 1973 (52-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Asbestos, September 1973 (26-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, October 1973 (32-009, 20¢/\$2)
- Preliminary Bulletin — 1972 Census of Manufactures (\$3.50 for the series): Typewriter Supplies Manufacturers (47-205-p).
- Service Bulletin — Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 15, Railway Carloadings, September 1973;
- Tobacco and Tobacco Products (32-022, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 12, Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, September 1973.



**Estimates of Labour Income, August 1973 – Advance Information.**

Total labour income for August, adjusted for seasonal variations, was estimated at \$5,279.2 million, an increase of \$4.5 million from July. Wages and salaries in the goods-producing industries advanced by 0.5% while those in the service-producing industries declined by 0.2%.

Unadjusted for seasonal variations, the August estimate of \$5,287.6 million for total labour income represented an increase of 10.5% from the same month of 1972. The August estimates reflected the effects of wages and salaries lost by employees on strike, especially in the sectors of manufacturing, transportation, communication and other utilities.

Further details will be published in the August issue of *Estimates of Labour Income* (72-005, 30¢/\$3) and additional information can be obtained on request to Mme. G. Gauthier (613-995-8067), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

**Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income**  
Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

	JuneP '73	JulyP '73	Aug. <sup>f</sup> '73	Aug. '72
	(\$ millions)			
	Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation			
Agriculture .....	40.7	47.5	53.2	50.8
Forestry .....	67.1	69.3	70.7	55.4
Mining .....	121.3	122.4	122.3	105.0
Manufacturing .....	1,309.1	1,272.7	1,295.9	1,164.4
Construction .....	386.6	402.3	423.3	406.2
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities .....	561.2	557.1	528.4	503.6
Trade .....	710.1	699.5	694.2	614.2
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate .....	269.7	273.1	272.6	242.0
Service .....	1,207.7	1,088.1	1,073.8	990.8
Public Administration and Defence* .....	443.6	447.6	448.6	388.0
Total Wages and Salaries** .....	5,125.6	4,990.5	4,994.0	4,529.0
Supplementary Labour Income .....	321.4	302.5	293.5	258.2
<b>Total Labour Income** .....</b>	<b>5,447.0</b>	<b>5,293.0</b>	<b>5,287.6</b>	<b>4,787.1</b>
	Adjusted for Seasonal Variation			
Agriculture .....	34.4	34.5	34.5	32.7
Forestry .....	60.9	60.1	59.8	46.7
Mining .....	119.0	120.9	120.3	103.1
Manufacturing .....	1,281.3	1,277.5	1,279.6	1,148.7
Construction .....	355.8	361.4	369.2	354.4
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities .....	546.7	539.1	509.2	484.8
Trade .....	696.4	699.4	705.0	623.8
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate .....	264.6	268.2	272.5	241.8
Service .....	1,170.4	1,175.7	1,186.9	1,091.3
Public Administration and Defence* .....	428.6	430.8	434.2	375.6
Total Wages and Salaries** .....	4,963.2	4,972.8	4,977.2	4,507.9
Supplementary Labour Income .....	301.2	301.9	302.0	265.8
<b>Total Labour Income** .....</b>	<b>5,264.4</b>	<b>5,274.7</b>	<b>5,279.2</b>	<b>4,773.7</b>

(f) First estimates

(p) Preliminary figures

(r) Revised figures

\* Excludes military pay and allowances

\*\* Includes fishing and trapping.

**Electric Power Statistics, September 1973 – Advance Information.**

In September net generation rose 6.5% to 19,650,491 thousand kwh. from 18,450,092 thousand kwh. in September 1972. There were increases in net generation in 10 regions but decreases of 10.6% in New Brunswick and 4.5% in Quebec. The largest increases were 78.9% in Newfoundland and 18.9% in

Manitoba. Hydro generation increased 1.7% while thermal production increased 21.7%.

For further information, order the September issue of *Electric Power Statistics* (57-001, 20¢/\$2) or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Prices and Price Indexes, November 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Nov. 1/73 This week	Oct. 25/73 Week ago	Oct. 4/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	114	203.8	199.1	194.4
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	80	222.5	216.6	211.2
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	157.6	154.6	150.2
Foods . . . . .	10	153.0	145.6	140.3
Beverages . . . . .	7	268.2	270.2	268.8
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	183.5	177.2	170.8
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	173.8	169.3	171.6
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	412.1	398.5	382.1
Primary metals . . . . .	8	142.2	143.3	135.1
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	222.5	226.5	224.3
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	201.7	185.2	174.3
Petroleum . . . . .	7	360.9	334.5	324.6
Chemicals . . . . .	4	122.6	123.2	121.9
Construction . . . . .	4	163.3	161.5	157.1
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	158.6	159.7	155.9
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	20	145.3	142.1	141.2
Pipeline . . . . .	5	144.6	144.0	139.3
Transportation . . . . .	4	326.2	325.3	329.8
Telephone . . . . .	3	84.7	84.3	83.9
Electric power . . . . .	3	123.9	113.9	116.1
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	168.2	160.1	151.4
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	14	195.7	194.7	187.7
Banks . . . . .	6	230.3	229.1	219.6
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	142.0	141.1	138.5
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	22	145.9	143.1	134.0
Golds . . . . .	6	176.5	169.5	152.1
Base metals . . . . .	16	130.5	129.9	125.3
Uraniums . . . . .	4	302.8	297.7	249.4
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	537.2	475.5	431.8

For further information, order the November issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, September 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian firms sold 58,330 refrigerators in Canada in September compared to 52,652 a year earlier and month-end stocks totalled 80,754 units, up from 72,568. Domestic sales of home and farm freezers fell to 25,254 from 30,156 and month-end stocks to 13,652 from 21,082.

For further information, order the September issue of *Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers* (43-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, September 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian manufacturers domestic sales of automatic washing machines were 43,038 units in September, up from 38,667 a year ago. Conventional washing machine sales were 10,943 units compared to 11,636.

Canadian sales of electric clothes dryers were 43,313 units compared to 35,352 units a year earlier. Gas dryer sales on the domestic market were 2,553 units compared to 2,236.

For further information, order the September issue of *Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers* (43-002, 10¢/\$1) or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



**Stoves and Ranges, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers sales of stoves and ranges in September increased by 14% to 55,194 units from 48,398 units in September 1972.

Closing inventory of these products increased by 33.3% to 75,371 units from 56,524 a year earlier.

For further information, order the September issue of *Stoves and Furnaces* (41-005, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers produced 5.04 million phonograph records in September, down from 5.73 million a year earlier. Production of pre-recorded tapes (8 track cartridges and cassettes only) increased to 1.14 million from 731,029.

For further information, order the September issue of *Service Bulletin Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes* (47-004, \$1), Vol. 1, No. 9, or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Statistics Canada

## daily



Wednesday, November 7, 1973

### Publications Released

**Estimates of Labour Income, July 1973** (72-005, 30¢/\$3)

**Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, August 1973** (61-001, 20¢/\$2)

**Merchandising Inventories, August 1973** (63-014, 20¢/\$2)

**Primary Iron and Steel, August 1973** (41-001, 30¢/\$3)

**Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, June 1973** (26-006, 20¢/\$2)

**Gypsum Mines, 1972** (26-221, 50¢)

**Miscellaneous Metal Mines, 1971** (26-219, 50¢)

**General Review of the Mineral Industrial, 1971** (26-201, 75¢)

**Hardboard, September 1973** (36-001, 10¢/\$1)

**Service Bulletin – Selected Dairy By-products** (32-024, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 17, Production and Inventory of Process Cheese, September 1973.





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Radio and Television Receiving Sets, September 1973 — Advance Information .....	2

### Other Publications Released

Summary of Exports, August 1973 (65-002, 20¢/\$2)

Imports by Commodities, August 1973 (65-007, 75¢/\$7.50)

Building Permits, August 1973 (64-001, 40¢/\$4)

Sales Financing, 1972 (63-211, 50¢)

Service Bulletins — Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 16, Railway Operating Statistics, August 1973;

Aviation (51-004, \$3 a year), Vol. 5, No. 43, Aircraft Movement Statistics, August 1973.



### Income Distributions by Size in Canada, 1972 Preliminary Estimates (13-206, 50¢).

Average family incomes, counting all money income before taxes or other deductions, increase to \$11,311 in 1972 from \$10,368 in 1971 and \$8,927 in 1969, according to preliminary estimates prepared from data collected by a sample survey of 15,000 households in May 1973. (No survey was conducted for 1970.) The average income of all family units, including both families and unattached individuals, was about 9% more than in 1971 without taking inflation into account (4% after allowing for consumer price changes). For unattached individuals, the increase in average income was about 6% to \$4,605 from \$4,346. Average income of family units headed by men changed to \$10,729 from \$9,882 and that of units headed by women to \$4,696 from \$4,288.

Income distributions shifted as family units receiving less than \$5,000 declined to 29.7% in 1972 from 31.8% in 1971 and the \$10,000-plus group increased to 41.8% from 35.7%.

The average income of men and women both rose about 9%, to \$7,647 from \$7,004 for men and to \$3,223 from \$2,948 for women. This covers persons 14 and over with any income other than primarily military pay or allowances.

Estimates from the survey — which excluded residents of the Yukon and Northwest Territories, institutions and Indian reservations — are subject to revision and to the usual sample survey errors of response and non-response. For definitions, see footnotes to the accompanying table.

	Average Incomes		
	1969	1971	1972*
		(\$)	
<b>All Families and Unattached Individuals</b>			
Canada . . . . .	7,686	8,845	9,602
Atlantic Region . . . . .	5,864	6,860	7,754
Quebec . . . . .	7,494	8,532	9,139
Ontario . . . . .	8,559	9,853	10,845
Prairies . . . . .	6,937	7,914	8,778
British Columbia . . . . .	7,770	9,165	9,219
<b>Families**</b>			
Canada . . . . .	8,929	10,368	11,311
Atlantic Region . . . . .	6,787	7,936	9,139
Quebec . . . . .	8,654	9,919	10,737
Ontario . . . . .	9,889	11,483	12,632
Prairies . . . . .	8,122	9,309	10,466
British Columbia . . . . .	9,220	11,212	11,167
<b>Unattached Individuals***</b>			
Canada . . . . .	3,980	4,346	4,605
Atlantic Region . . . . .	2,887	3,314	3,212
Quebec . . . . .	3,897	4,299	4,335
Ontario . . . . .	4,357	4,779	5,324
Prairies . . . . .	3,670	4,082	4,195
British Columbia . . . . .	4,220	4,240	4,559

\* Preliminary estimates

\*\* Family: A group showing a common dwelling and related by blood, marriage or adoption.

\*\*\* Unattached Individuals: Persons living by themselves or as roomers in a household with which they have no family ties.

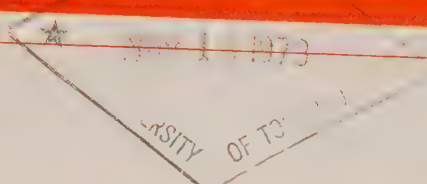
### Radio and Television Receiving Sets, September 1973 — Advance Information.

Manufacturers sold 67,341 Canadian-made colour television sets on the domestic market in September and 18,482 black-and-white sets. A year earlier, sales were 60,649 and 34,784.

For further information order the September issue of *Radio and Television Receiving Sets* (43-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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### Publications Released

- Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, September 1973** (62-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Gas Utilities, Transport and Distribution Systems, 1970** (57-205, \$1)
- Railway Freight Traffic, 1972** (52-205, \$2)
- Mineral Wool, September 1973** (44-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Cement, September 1973** (44-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Sales Financing, August 1973** (63-013, 20¢/\$2)
- Specified Chemicals, September 1973** (46-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Rigid Insulating Board, September 1973** (36-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Asbestos Mines, 1972** (26-205, 50¢)
- Service Bulletins – Chemicals** (46-004, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 2, Consumption of Carbon Black, 1970 and 1971;
- Fabricated Metal Products** (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 9, Sanitaryware, September 1973;
- Fish and Fish Products** (24-003, \$1 a year), Advance Release of Fish Landings, Prairies: Vol. 2, No. 92, June 1973; Vol. 2, No. 93, July 1973;
- Fruit and Vegetable Preservation** (32-023, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 14, Pack of Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, September 1973.



### Farm Cash Receipts, January-September, 1973 Advance Information.

Preliminary estimates indicated that during the January-September period of 1973 farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland totalled \$4,727.8 million compared to \$3,655.4 million realized during the same period of 1972. These estimates included cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops, net cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada and deficiency payments made by the Agricultural Stabilization Board. No deduction was made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

For further information, order the January-September 1973 issue of *Farm Cash Receipts* (21-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact E.S. Boyko (613-994-9876), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

### Total Cash Receipts from Farming Operations January-September

	1973	1972
	(\$ millions)	
Prince Edward Island	51.8	30.5
Nova Scotia . . . . .	66.3	51.9
New Brunswick . . .	69.8	43.5
Quebec . . . . .	669.9	573.6
Ontario . . . . .	1,380.6	1,113.5
Manitoba . . . . .	428.1	304.8
Saskatchewan . . . .	1,024.2	769.1
Alberta . . . . .	833.5	606.5
British Columbia . .	203.6	162.0
<b>Canada . . . . .</b>	<b>4,727.8</b>	<b>3,655.4</b>

### Primary Iron and Steel (Net Shipments of Rolled Steel Products), September 1973 — Advance Information.

#### Summary of Net Shipments\* of Rolled Steel Products

	Shipments		
	Domestic	Export	Total
	(net tons of 2,000 pounds)		
Ingots and semi-finished shapes . . . . .	22,077	4,841	26,918
Rails . . . . .	19,883	4,094	23,977
Wire rods . . . . .	61,604	8,958	70,562
Structural shapes:			
Heavy . . . . .	42,003	2,949	44,952
Bar-sized shapes . . . . .	8,863	1,295	10,158
Concrete reinforcing bars . . . . .	66,391	—	66,391
Other hot rolled bars . . . . .	82,368	4,330	86,698
Tie plates and track material . . . . .	2,957	832	3,789
Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes) . . . . .	87,609	12,275	99,884
Hot rolled sheets . . . . .	144,081	6,352	150,433
Hot rolled strip . . . . .	54,481	113	54,594
Cold finished bars . . . . .	8,665	78	8,743
Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold rolled other, coated . . . . .	142,701	11,520	154,221
Galvanized sheets . . . . .	79,909	2,631	82,540
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>823,592</b>	<b>60,268</b>	<b>883,860</b>

\* Producer's shipments excluding producer's interchange.

For further information, order the September issue of *Primary Iron and Steel* (41-001, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Mineral Production September 1973 — Advance Information.

Production of primary copper increased to 70,772 tons from 70,386 tons in September 1972. This brought year-to-date output to 648,348 tons from 563,213 tons a year earlier.

Production of primary nickel increased to 23,245 tons from 21,335 tons in September 1972, bringing 1973 output to 197,436 tons from 190,936 tons a year earlier.

Gold production decreased to 150,612 troy ounces in September from 165,184 troy ounces a year earlier. This brought year-to-date output to 1,451,125 troy ounces from 1,543,114 last year.

Production of silver decreased to 3,528,060 troy ounces from 3,859,395 in September 1972. This brought 1973 output to 36,052,061 troy ounces from 33,858,611 in 1972.

Production of refined lead decreased to 10,799 tons from 19,027 tons a year earlier, bringing 1973

(continued)

output to 150,059 tons from 154,595 a year earlier.

Production of refined zinc increased to 48,473 tons from 46,256 tons in September 1972. This brought 1973 output to 444,718 tons from 379,340 a year earlier.

For further information, order the September issues of *Copper and Nickel Production* (26-003, 10¢/\$1), *Gold Production* (26-004, 10¢/\$1) and *Silver, Lead and Zinc Production* (26-008, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Particle Board, September 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian firms produced 27,758 M sq. ft. (5/8" basis) of particle board in September compared to 29,195 M sq. ft. a year ago. This represents a decrease of 4.9%.

For further information, order the September issue of *Particle Board* (36-003, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Building Permits, September 1973 — Advance Information.

##### Value of residential and non-residential construction

September 1973	Total number of dwelling units	Residen- tial	Indus- trial	Commer- cial	Institu- tional and govern- mental	Total
				(\$'000)		
Newfoundland . . . . .	104	2,123	3	4,745	15	6,886
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	13	214	32	2,857	224	3,327
Nova Scotia . . . . .	544	9,940	405	4,525	7,859	22,729
New Brunswick . . . . .	207	4,244	574	1,548	497	6,863
Quebec . . . . .	5,649	81,001	22,119	36,897	42,102	182,119
Ontario . . . . .	9,911	181,166	27,278	53,192	32,373	294,009
Manitoba . . . . .	569	8,904	921	5,680	4,667	20,172
Saskatchewan . . . . .	576	10,686	134	2,108	1,759	14,687
Alberta . . . . .	1,697	31,812	31,513	16,913	5,462	85,700
British Columbia . . . . .	2,253	43,666	11,091	26,189	10,049	90,995
Yukon . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northwest Territories . . . . .	8	243	10	1,232	—	1,485
Canada — Unadjusted . . . . .	21,531	373,999	94,080	155,886	105,007	728,972
Canada — Adjusted . . . . .	—	354,090	77,797	144,264	89,444	665,595
Metropolitan Areas . . . . .	15,018	250,669	42,756	96,193	84,313	473,931
Calgary . . . . .	484	8,383	1,645	8,354	418	18,800
Chicoutimi-Jonquiere . . . . .	43	855	138	192	—	1,185
Edmonton . . . . .	402	8,602	324	5,165	1,101	15,192
Halifax . . . . .	313	5,755	87	822	3,817	10,481
Hamilton . . . . .	381	8,233	349	1,929	194	10,705
Hull . . . . .	590	9,555	8	750	13,353	23,666
Kitchener . . . . .	749	12,237	495	3,266	—	15,998
London . . . . .	630	7,871	3,157	1,161	12	12,201
Montreal . . . . .	3,473	43,286	11,216	16,325	25,386	96,213
Ottawa . . . . .	750	13,499	75	10,177	2,731	26,482
Quebec . . . . .	273	6,088	896	2,654	1,065	10,703
Regina . . . . .	206	3,698	—	483	226	4,407
St. Catharines-Niagara . . . . .	322	7,691	757	911	856	10,215
Saint John . . . . .	57	1,663	53	341	29	2,086
St. John's . . . . .	56	1,176	—	635	15	1,826
Saskatoon . . . . .	147	2,385	57	458	85	2,985
Sudbury . . . . .	29	857	30	570	532	1,989
Thunder Bay . . . . .	132	2,688	178	2,915	1,807	7,588
Toronto . . . . .	4,087	71,765	14,202	16,568	21,706	124,241
Vancouver . . . . .	1,088	20,334	4,098	13,172	5,609	43,213
Victoria . . . . .	138	3,139	3,730	1,672	527	9,068
Windsor . . . . .	206	4,069	398	3,311	233	8,011
Winnipeg . . . . .	462	6,840	863	4,362	4,611	16,676

*Preliminary figures.*

For further information order *Building Permits*, September 1973 (64-001, 30¢/\$3).

**Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of  
Sawmills East of the Rockies, August 1973 —  
Advance Information.**

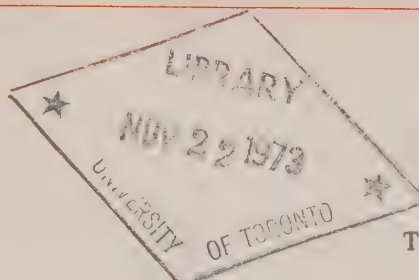
Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies decreased in August to 382.1 million feet board measure from 391.7 million in August 1972. Stocks on hand at end of August totalled 454.5 million feet board measure.

For further information, order the August issue of *Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies* (35-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



Tuesday, November 13, 1973

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### Publications Released

- Summary of Foreign Trade, August 1973 (65-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Provincial Government Employment, April-June 1973 (72-007, 50¢/\$2)
- Report on Fur Farms, 1972 (23-208, 50¢)
- Production of Eggs and Poultry, September 1973 (23-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Restaurant Statistics, September 1973 (63-011, 10¢/\$1)
- Motor Vehicle Shipments, September 1973 (42-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Pack, Shipments and Stocks of Selected Canned Fruits and Vegetables, September 1973 (32-011, 20¢/\$2)
- Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, September 1973 (33-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletin — Construction Price Statistics (62-006, \$3 a year), Vol. 2, No. 14, Basic Union Wage Rates and Indexes for Major Construction Trades and Selected Canadian Cities, Second and Third Quarter 1973 and 1972 Revision.

# **Indexes of Real Domestic Product (Industrial Production), September 1973 — Advance Information.**

The seasonally adjusted index of industrial production increased by 1.8% in September to 211.6 from

207.9 in August. Mining and manufacturing output increased while utilities output declined.

For further information, order the September issue of *Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry* (61-005, 30¢/\$3), or contact R.W. Collins (613-992-9751), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z6.

## **Indexes of Industrial Production** (1961=100) (Seasonally Adjusted)

	1961 percentage weight	1972 4th. Qtr.	1st. Qtr.	1973 2nd. Qtr.	3rd. Qtr.	% Change 3rd. Qtr. 2nd. Qtr.
<b>Index of Industrial Production . . . . .</b>	<b>32.415</b>	<b>205.0</b>	<b>210.8</b>	<b>213.5</b>	<b>211.4</b>	<b>-1.0</b>
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	207.0	204.8	213.6	207.2	-3.0
Metal mines . . . . .	2.484	163.0	159.9	160.6	155.1	-3.5
Mineral fuels . . . . .	1.281	317.8	311.8	334.5	325.5	-2.7
Non-metal mines except coal mines . . . . .	0.377	213.2	218.0	239.7	230.6	-3.8
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	200.1	208.6	209.9	207.0	-1.4
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	174.3	179.5	183.3	179.5	-2.1
Foods and beverages . . . . .	3.605	162.3	167.8	165.1	167.9	1.7
Tobacco products industries . . . . .	0.220	139.8	146.6	141.9	141.9	—
Rubber industries . . . . .	0.419	212.4	220.2	229.8	235.1	2.3
Leather industries . . . . .	0.308	90.3	89.3	95.1	91.5	-3.8
Textile industries . . . . .	0.919	214.9	221.9	228.7	220.5	-3.6
Knitting mills . . . . .	0.218	204.9	209.5	210.2	202.1	-3.9
Clothing industries . . . . .	0.862	137.6	138.7	140.3	135.7	-3.3
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	2.701	153.7	159.2	165.9	146.1	-11.9
Printing, publishing and allied industries . . . . .	1.346	142.0	147.2	153.5	149.6	-2.5
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	0.737	185.2	193.3	201.2	204.6	1.7
Chemical and Chemical products industries . . . . .	1.751	227.8	232.2	241.6	242.9	0.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	0.847	229.0	232.6	235.4	237.7	1.0
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	232.8	245.5	243.6	241.8	-0.7
Wood industries . . . . .	1.114	203.5	212.8	209.6	199.4	-4.9
Furniture and fixtures industries . . . . .	0.450	204.2	220.5	220.5	213.5	-3.2
Primary metal industries . . . . .	2.207	192.4	192.2	190.9	191.4	0.2
Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) . . . . .	1.835	209.4	219.0	220.4	220.8	0.2
Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) . . . . .	0.981	220.9	233.0	243.9	248.0	1.7
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1.981	355.2	382.9	375.9	368.2	-2.0
Electrical products industries . . . . .	1.560	234.5	249.1	240.3	244.0	1.5
Non metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	0.882	169.3	187.3	186.7	185.6	-0.6
Electric Power, Gas and Water . . . . .	2.908	243.0	238.7	244.3	255.1	4.4

(see table on next page)

**Indexes of Industrial Production**  
(1961=100)  
(Seasonally Adjusted)

	1961 percentage weight	June	July	1973 Aug.	Sept.	% Change
<b>Index of Industrial Production</b> . . . . .	<b>32.415</b>	<b>215.3</b>	<b>214.6</b>	<b>207.9</b>	<b>211.6</b>	<b>1.8</b>
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	212.4	206.1	202.1	213.5	5.7
Metal mines . . . . .	2.484	161.0	156.3	148.9	160.0	7.5
Mineral fuels . . . . .	1.281	330.1	318.3	324.3	333.9	3.0
Non-metal mines except coal mines . . . . .	0.377	239.1	230.2	214.8	246.7	14.8
<b>Manufacturing</b> . . . . .	<b>24.943</b>	<b>211.7</b>	<b>211.2</b>	<b>203.5</b>	<b>206.3</b>	<b>1.4</b>
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	185.0	184.4	176.3	177.7	0.8
Foods and beverages . . . . .	3.605	165.3	168.2	167.8	167.7	—
Tobacco products industries . . . . .	0.220	142.0	130.5	145.6	149.5	2.7
Rubber industries . . . . .	0.419	235.3	221.2	243.7	240.4	-1.4
Leather industries . . . . .	0.308	97.1	93.2	89.0	92.4	3.8
Textile industries . . . . .	0.919	235.4	226.5	217.5	217.6	0.1
Knitting mills . . . . .	0.218	208.2	202.8	199.9	203.7	1.9
Clothing industries . . . . .	0.862	139.7	135.8	134.5	136.8	1.7
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	2.701	166.8	167.3	131.9	139.2	5.5
Printing, publishing and allied industries . . . . .	1.346	154.2	150.0	149.7	149.2	-0.3
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	0.737	202.3	203.2	207.9	202.8	-2.5
Chemical and Chemical products industries . . . . .	1.751	246.4	249.0	239.9	239.9	—
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	0.847	237.9	240.9	235.8	236.3	0.2
<b>Durable manufacturing</b> . . . . .	<b>11.010</b>	<b>245.6</b>	<b>245.0</b>	<b>238.0</b>	<b>242.5</b>	<b>1.9</b>
Wood industries . . . . .	1.114	210.9	196.8	199.7	201.6	1.0
Furniture and fixtures industries . . . . .	0.450	220.5	212.2	213.4	214.8	0.7
Primary metal industries . . . . .	2.207	190.3	191.9	186.1	196.2	5.4
Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) . . . . .	1.835	220.5	220.4	219.8	222.3	1.2
Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) . . . . .	0.981	251.8	247.5	247.5	248.9	0.6
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1.981	380.3	386.0	358.2	360.4	0.6
Electrical products industries . . . . .	1.560	242.2	246.7	239.3	246.0	2.8
Non metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	0.882	189.1	184.3	183.8	188.6	2.6
Electric Power, Gas and Water . . . . .	2.908	250.6	256.9	254.7	253.7	-0.4

**Summary of Exports, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

The External Trade Division reports that the value of total exports increased to \$1,818 million in September 1973 from \$1,526 million a year earlier. January to September total exports rose to \$17,810 million in 1973 from \$14,296 million in 1972. Area and commodity detail are shown below for domestic exports only.

**Domestic Exports**

	September		January to September	
	1972	1973	1972	1973
	\$ millions			
<b>Selected Countries</b>				
United States . . . . .	1,093.3	1,261.4	9,787.1	11,983.0
Japan . . . . .	62.1	98.2	667.3	1,188.5
United Kingdom . . . . .	83.9	87.7	954.8	1,080.4
Germany, West . . . . .	19.9	36.6	213.1	306.0
People's Republic of China . . . . .	15.4	11.9	138.7	220.2
Italy . . . . .	13.5	18.5	136.4	197.3
Belgium and Luxembourg . . . . .	13.2	26.1	123.0	191.6
Netherlands . . . . .	11.2	19.5	190.4	166.1
Australia . . . . .	13.9	12.9	116.7	142.7
France . . . . .	13.6	16.9	107.7	130.1
Norway . . . . .	0.5	12.0	103.9	121.8
India . . . . .	7.0	1.6	66.1	95.6
Venezuela . . . . .	6.9	4.2	106.1	70.6
<b>All Countries</b> . . . . .	<b>1,483.5</b>	<b>1,774.0</b>	<b>13,950.1</b>	<b>17,420.8</b>

(table continued on next page)



**Selected Commodities**

Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	170.6	194.7	1,476.8	2,027.3
Wheat . . . . .	75.7	68.3	549.5	822.6
Whisky . . . . .	16.4	21.7	128.1	149.1
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	244.8	366.9	2,509.5	3,494.5
Crude petroleum . . . . .	86.7	126.7	738.4	1,062.2
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	28.4	35.5	242.8	334.5
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	12.9	9.9	254.7	325.4
Fabricated materials, inedible . . . . .	494.2	581.5	4,771.5	5,877.7
Newsprint paper . . . . .	94.3	89.6	860.5	951.2
Wood pulp, similar pulp . . . . .	58.3	69.5	599.0	734.9
Lumber . . . . .	93.3	118.5	815.2	1,181.4
Aluminum, including alloys . . . . .	32.5	25.0	296.9	267.1
Copper and alloys . . . . .	27.4	32.7	293.7	358.7
End products, inedible . . . . .	563.9	614.6	5,103.5	5,873.0
Passenger automobiles and chassis . . . . .	152.9	183.0	1,558.8	1,680.5
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	118.3	119.7	863.6	1,125.2
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis . . . . .	40.2	53.2	464.8	540.2
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	16.6	14.1	83.5	70.2
Motor vehicle engines and parts . . . . .	54.2	40.5	387.5	407.7
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	31.5	33.8	365.4	304.8
Re-exports . . . . .	42.1	44.3	345.9	389.4
Total Exports . . . . .	1,525.6	1,818.3	14,296.0	17,810.2

**Domestic Exports by Stage of Fabrication**

	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	\$ millions							
All Countries								
September . . . . .	1,483.5	1,774.0	366.0	499.7	510.9	603.6	606.7	670.7
January to September . . .	13,950.1	17,420.8	3,584.3	5,029.5	4,921.1	6,109.6	5,444.7	6,281.8
United States								
September . . . . .	1,093.3	1,261.4	185.6	247.3	371.2	418.7	536.4	595.4
January to September . . .	9,787.1	11,983.0	1,685.3	2,253.2	3,437.6	4,238.7	4,664.2	5,491.2

*Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.*

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

### Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, September 1973 — Advance Information.

September production of rubber increased to 44.21 million pounds from 34.27 million in September 1972. Consumption of rubber increased to 53.36 million pounds compared to 48.49 million for September 1972.

For further information, order the September issue of *Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber*, (33-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

For further information, order the September issue of *Footwear Statistics* (33-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Steel Ingots, Week ended November 10, 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended November 10 totalled 272,714 tons, a decrease of 4.7% from the preceding week's total of 286,144 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 235,928 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 148.8 in the current week, 156.2 a week earlier and 128.8 one year ago.

### Footwear Statistics, September 1973 — Advance Information.

September production of footwear of all types decreased to 3.70 million pairs from 3.86 in 1972. January through September production decreased to 32.64 million pairs in 1973 from 33.29 million in 1972.

**Railway Carloadings, 10 days ended October 31, 1973 — Advance Information.**

The volume of revenue freight loaded by railways during the last 10 days of October totalled 8.0 million tons, up 21.4% from a year earlier. Cars loaded in the same period rose 17.9% to 135,086.

Rail freight loadings east of the Lakehead increased 23.7% to 4.4 million tons during the 1973 period, while loadings in the west were up 18.6% to 3.5 million tons. The number of cars loaded increased 21.1% and 13.9% respectively.

Piggyback traffic in Canada, including both trailer and container freight, was up 23.0% to 237,194 tons in the 10 days under review. In the east, where just over 70% of all piggyback shipments were loaded, tonnages rose by 31.9%. Western piggyback loadings were up 5.6%.

During the first 10 months of the current year, 198.7 million tons of freight were loaded by railways in Canada, 14.1% more than in the similar period of 1972. In the year-to-date period eastern volume at 112.5 million tons rose by almost a quarter, while western loadings at 86.1 million tons was 3.0% higher.

For further information contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

10-day period ending October 31	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 . . . . .	4,448,108	3,515,405	7,963,513
Tons, 1972 . . . . .	3,595,179	2,963,782	6,558,961
% change . . . . .	23.7	18.6	21.4
Cars, 1973 . . . . .	77,156	57,930	135,086
Cars, 1972 . . . . .	63,709	50,876	114,585
% change . . . . .	21.1	13.9	17.9
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 . . . . .	168,432	68,762	237,194
Tons, 1972 . . . . .	127,677	65,124	192,801
% change . . . . .	31.9	5.6	23.0
Cars, 1973 . . . . .	7,391	3,258	10,649
Cars, 1972 . . . . .	5,625	3,177	8,802
% change . . . . .	31.4	2.5	21.0
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 . . . . .	112,528,704	86,127,644	198,656,348**
Tons, 1972 . . . . .	90,498,644	83,618,851	174,117,495
% change . . . . .	24.3	3.0	14.1
Cars, 1973 . . . . .	1,959,256	1,403,034	3,362,290
Cars, 1972 . . . . .	1,710,516	1,427,257	3,137,773
% change . . . . .	14.5	-1.7	7.2
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 . . . . .	4,798,443	1,901,738	6,700,181
Tons, 1972 . . . . .	4,057,895	1,859,742	5,917,637
% change . . . . .	18.2	2.3	13.2
Cars, 1973 . . . . .	200,462	93,961	294,423
Cars, 1972 . . . . .	179,183	90,048	269,231
% change . . . . .	11.9	4.3	9.4

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect to prior periods.





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## daily

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### Other Publications Released

The Wheat Review, October 1973 (22-005, 30¢/\$3)

Oil Pipe Line Transport, June 1973 (55-001, 20¢/\$2)



**Consumer Price Movements, October 1973 (62-001, 10¢/\$1).**

The Consumer Price Index for Canada (1961=100) rose 0.3% to 154.3 in October from 153.9 in September. Food prices fell 0.3% but the level of prices for all items other than food advanced 0.6% with the main contributors being increases of 2.0% in the clothing index and 0.3% in housing components. The health and personal care index rose 1.0% while that for recreation, education and reading increased 0.4%. Transportation prices edged up, on average, 0.1% and no change was recorded in the index for tobacco and alcohol. Between October 1972 and October 1973, the all-items index advanced 8.7%.

The food index declined 0.3% to 169.7 in October from 170.2 in September as the price level of food for home consumption fell 0.7%, outweighing an advance of 2.1% for food consumed away from home. The decline for food at home was mainly due to lower prices for beef, pork, fresh fruit, beverages and some dairy products. The index for meat, poultry and fish fell 2.8%, registering its first downward movement since last May. Retail price levels for beef and pork in early October averaged more than 5% below those of a month earlier, contrasting with a 2.4% rise in poultry prices. In the latest 12 months, the index for meat, poultry and fish climbed over 28%, with poultry advancing about 48%, pork over 28% and beef almost 24%. Between September and October, egg prices recorded their first decline since last March, falling 2.3%, but were nevertheless retailing almost 50% above their October 1972 level. Fresh fruit prices, which normally decline at this time of year, dropped 5.8% in the latest month; fresh vegetable quotations, in contrast, rose 8.7%. The index for dairy products fell 0.6% mainly because of reductions in fresh milk and powdered skim milk to which government subsidies are applicable. The level of prices for cereal and bakery products rose 3.1%, continuing their advance of recent months. Among fats and oils, margarine prices rose over 8% while increases were also recorded for shortening and for salad oils and dressing. Beverage prices declined, with tea and soft drinks retailing at levels slightly below a year earlier. Between October 1972 and October 1973, the food index moved up 16.8%, with the price of food consumed at home rising 16.7% and that for food away from home 17.0%.

The housing index rose 0.3% to 154.9 in October from 154.4 in September as a result of increases of 0.4% and 0.2% in the shelter and the household operation components, respectively. Within shelter, the home-ownership element advanced 0.5% and rents rose 0.2%. Among household operation items, fuel oil prices moved up 0.6% as increases were registered in a number of Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia cities. Furniture quotations averaged 0.4%

higher and the level of prices for floor coverings, linen and tableware also rose. The household supplies index advanced 0.7% as most items surveyed registered increases. In the 12-month period ending October 1973, the index advanced 6.7%.

The clothing index advanced 2.0% to 142.3 in October from 139.5 in September, reflecting an upward movement in prices that usually occurs between these two months. Women's and men's wear prices rose 3.6% and 2.0%, respectively, partly because of higher quotations for some items of outer wear and partly because of the discontinuance of September sales on a range of non-seasonal apparel. The children's wear index advanced 1.4% but still stood 3.3% below its level of a year earlier. A 0.5% rise in the footwear index was mainly due to higher quotations for men's shoes, though increased prices were also recorded for women's and children's shoes. The piece goods index rose 0.3%. In the 12-month period ending October 1973, the index advanced 5.9%.

The transportation index edged up 0.1% to 139.7 in October from 139.6 in September as an advance in the component for private transportation outweighed a decline in the public transportation element. The main impetus behind a 0.2% increase in private transportation was a rise in gasoline prices, amounting on average to 0.7%, which largely occurred in cities in the eastern half of the country. Motor oil prices also moved up in some locations. The public transportation component declined 0.5% as a downward movement in train fares outweighed some higher inter-city bus fares. In the 12 months to October 1973, the index rose 4.2%.

The health and personal care index advanced 1.0% to 159.3 in October from 157.8 in September mainly because of higher prices for dental care in most cities. Pharmaceutical prices rose 0.3% as increases were recorded in prescribed and non-prescribed medicines. In the personal care category, prices of toiletry items moved up, on average, 0.2%. In the latest 12 months, the index advanced 5.4%.

The recreation, education and reading index rose 0.4% to 147.8 in October from 147.2 in September as increases were recorded in all major components. The index for education rose 1.5% mainly in response to higher driving lesson fees in a number of cities; for reading an advance of 0.9% resulted from increased newspaper subscription rates in Winnipeg. The recreation component edged up 0.1%. In the 12 months ending October 1973, the index rose 5.3%.

In October 1973, the tobacco and alcohol index was unchanged from its September level of 136.6 and stood 2.8% above its level of October 1972.

Consumer price movements, reclassified by goods and services, offer another view of the incidence of price change. Between September and October, the

(continued)

total goods index advanced 0.3%, with the main impetus coming from semi-durable goods which rose 1.8% mainly in response to higher clothing prices. The index for durable goods edged up 0.1% mainly because of higher furniture quotations. The component for non-durable goods fell 0.1% as lower food at home prices offset increases for most other

non-durable items. The services index rose 0.4% as increases in the shelter, health and recreation elements outweighed a decrease in transportation services. In the 12 months to October 1973, the total goods index advanced 10.7% and that for services 6.4%.

#### Consumer Price Index and Main Components (1961=100)

		Index			Change	
	Component weight*	1973		1972	Oct. 1973 from	
		Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1972
		%				
All-items . . . . .	100	154.3	153.9	142.0	0.3	8.7
Food . . . . .	25	169.7	170.2	145.3	-0.3	16.8
Food for home consumption . . . . .		164.9	166.1	141.3	-0.7	16.7
Food away from home . . . . .		205.1	200.9	175.3	2.1	17.0
All-items excluding food . . . . .	75	148.8	147.9	140.8	0.6	5.7
Housing . . . . .	31	154.9	154.4	145.2	0.3	6.7
Shelter . . . . .		171.5	170.8	160.5	0.4	6.9
Household operation . . . . .		132.5	132.2	124.5	0.2	6.4
Clothing . . . . .	11	142.3	139.5	134.4	2.0	5.9
Transportation . . . . .	15	139.7	139.6	134.1	0.1	4.2
Private transportation . . . . .		133.0	132.8	126.4	0.2	5.2
Public transportation . . . . .		172.0	172.8	172.3	-0.5	-0.2
Health and Personal Care . . . . .	5	159.3	157.8	151.2	1.0	5.4
Recreation, education and Reading . . . . .	7	147.8	147.2	140.3	0.4	5.3
Tobacco and Alcohol . . . . .	6	136.6	136.6	132.9	—	2.8
Tobacco products . . . . .		146.3	146.3	141.3	—	3.5
Alcoholic beverages . . . . .		130.0	130.0	127.2	—	2.2
Reclassified by Goods and Services**						
Goods . . . . .	66	146.7	146.3	132.5	0.3	10.7
Durable goods . . . . .	12	109.8	109.7	107.8	0.1	1.9
Semi-durable goods . . . . .	12	140.1	137.6	133.2	1.8	5.2
Non-durable goods . . . . .	42	158.7	158.8	138.8	-0.1	14.3
Services . . . . .	34	170.6	170.0	160.3	0.4	6.4
Purchasing power of the 1961 consumer dollar . . . . .	—	0.65	0.65	0.70		

All-items Consumer Price Index Converted to 1949=100 . . . . . 199.4

\* These rounded weights, based on 1967 expenditure patterns, are provided as a general guide to the relative importance of C.P.I. major components from May 1973 forward, and replace 1957 weights in indexes prior to May 1973. The revised series is linked to its predecessor at April 1973. For revision details see *The Consumer Price Index for Canada (1961=100) (Revision Based on 1967 Expenditures)*, (62-539, 75¢).

\*\* The previous supplementary classification has been revised. Historical series relating to the revised classification replace the previously published supplementary indexes and are available, with explanatory notes, in *Retail Prices and Living Costs Service Bulletin* (62-005, \$2), Vol. 2, No. 7.

Note: For detail on these and other price statistics, see *Prices and Price Indexes* (monthly) (62-002, 40¢/\$4).

#### The Labour Force, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Seasonally adjusted the level of employment was estimated at 8.82 million, substantially up by 74,000 from September; and unemployment at 539,000 was down by 22,000. The adjusted unemployment rate was 5.8% down from 6%.

Estimated employment increased to 8.88 million from 8.80 million in September and unemployment

increased to 429,000 from 421,000. A year ago, employment was 8.40 million and unemployment 483,000.

The total work force was estimated at 9.31 million in October compared to 9.22 million in September and 8.88 million in October 1972.

The adjusted unemployment rate rose in the Atlantic region, while it declined in Quebec, British (continued)

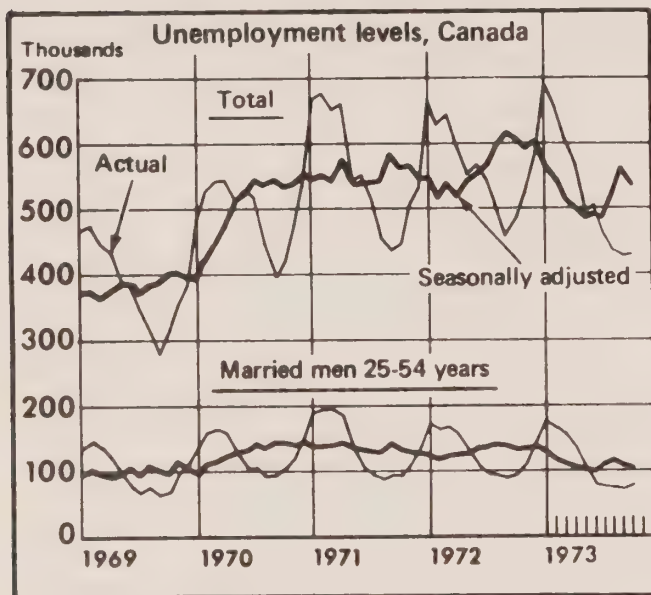


Columbia, and the Prairie region. The rate in the Atlantic provinces was 9.7% in October, up from 8.7% in September. In Quebec, the rate slipped to 7.2% from 7.9%; in Ontario it held at 4.7%; in British Columbia it declined to 6.1% from 6.3%. In the Prairies the rate declined to 3.7% from 4%.

The seasonally adjusted participation rate, the percentage of the population counted in the work

force, increased to 57.6% in October from 57.3 in September. The increase was mostly among men 25 and over, and in Ontario and British Columbia.

For further information, order the October issue of *The Labour Force* (71-001, 30¢/\$3).

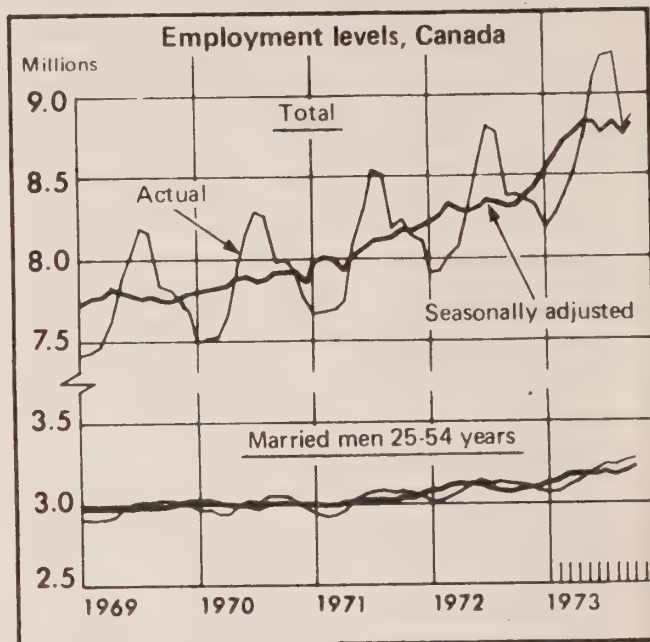


Canadian Balance of International Payments, Third Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.

Advance estimates for the third quarter show a seasonally adjusted current account deficit of \$264 million, a swing of \$364 million from the second quarter surplus of \$100 million. The sharp change was due to a decline in the merchandise trade surplus which fell by about 60% to \$271 million, as imports rose by 4% to \$5,746 million while exports dropped by 3% to \$6,017 million.

The drop in exports was concentrated in August when there was a rail strike in Canada. This was particularly evident in exports to the United States — sales of some commodities to overseas countries were relatively strong as shipments were maintained from inventories held at ports. In September total exports rose but remained below the levels which had been reached in each month from March to July. On the demand side there was a softening in the United States market where industrial production edged down in August because of a sharp drop in the output of automobiles and trucks.

Between the second and third quarters merchandise exports to the United States showed a reduction of about \$150 million. There was also a



decrease of about 25% in exports to Japan. On the other hand exports to the United Kingdom increased about 6% and to the European Economic Community (excluding the United Kingdom) about 20%.

Commodity export details on a seasonally adjusted basis are not yet available, however, there are some indications that, in the third quarter, there were weaknesses in exports of automotive products, lumber, newsprint, industrial machinery, iron and steel and woodpulp. Industrial disputes in a number of pulp and paper enterprises, were additional factors tending to lower exports. The unit value of shipments was, however, increased in the quarter by price rises, particularly for forest products. Shipments of wheat were well sustained.

In the third quarter seasonally adjusted merchandise imports resumed their upward movement rising by over \$200 million, despite a small drop in August during the rail strike. Imports from the United States accounted for 46% of the increase in Canadian purchases from abroad. There were also larger imports from the European Economic Community (excluding the United Kingdom) and reductions in imports from the United Kingdom and Japan. On a commodity basis there are some

(continued)

indications of increases in imports of petroleum and coal products, metals in ores, wearing apparel and footwear and iron and steel, and of decreases in automotive products and industrial machinery.

The seasonally adjusted deficit on non-merchandise transactions fell by 4% to \$535 million. Total non-merchandise receipts rose by about 4% to \$1,507 million while non-merchandise payments increased by about 2% to \$2,042 million. The deficit on services remained practically unchanged at about \$630 million while the surplus on transfers increased to over \$90 million. Preliminary indications are that travel payments fell to the lowest level in a year. It is not yet clear whether this drop reflects a change in trend (due to such factors as increased prices abroad and anticipated gasoline shortages), or a change in the seasonal pattern of foreign travel.

Not adjusted for seasonal variations, the third quarter current account surplus was \$31 million. Total receipts were \$7,533 million and total payments \$7,502 million. There was a trade surplus of \$338 million on a balance of payments basis as merchandise exports totalled \$5,690 million and imports \$5,352 million. Non-merchandise transactions showed a deficit of \$307 million as a deficit of over \$380 million on services was partly offset by a surplus of about \$75 million on transfers.

With the United States (including Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands) there was a current account deficit, not adjusted for seasonal variations, of \$77 million. A merchandise trade surplus of \$108 million was recorded with exports of \$3,774 million and imports of \$3,666 million. Non-merchandise receipts of \$1,118 million and payments of \$1,303 million produced a deficit of \$185 million on invisible transactions.

Capital account transactions produced a net outflow of about \$357 million. Very preliminary indications suggest a net capital inflow in long-term forms of about \$150 million, implying net outflows in short-term capital movements of some \$500 million. New issues of Canadian securities sold abroad during the quarter dropped to approximately \$235 million, well down from second quarter inflows of \$403 million while retirements returned to more normal levels in the order of \$125 million. On the short-term side, transactions of the Canadian chartered banks with non-residents in foreign currency assets and liabilities are estimated to have resulted in a net outflow in the order of \$250 million to \$300 million. There is also evidence that there were some Canadian non-bank accumulations of foreign short-term securities.

Spot rates for the Canadian dollar vis-à-vis most major currencies were again lower during the quarter with the United States dollar trading at marginally higher rates than during the second quarter,

continental European currencies (French francs, German marks, and Swiss francs) up an average of 10%, the pound sterling down marginally and the yen relatively unchanged. The discount on the forward U.S. dollar, on an annual yield basis, ranged between 1.40% and 3.10% during the quarter, well above levels in the previous quarter.

Net official monetary movements led to a decrease in Canada's reserves of \$326 million during the quarter.

Further information will be contained in the *Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments*, Third Quarter 1973 (67-001, 75¢/\$3), or contact Mr. D.K. McAlister (613-996-2545), Balance of Payments Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.

(see table on next page)

#### Quarterly Report on Job Vacancies, Third Quarter 1973 – Advance Information.

In the third quarter of 1973 there were 89,300 vacancies for full-time jobs in Canada, an increase of 13% from the previous quarter and 13% from the comparable quarter a year ago.

All economic regions except the Pacific region showed increases in the number of vacancies for full-time jobs. The largest increases from the preceding quarter occurred in Ontario (up 7,000) and Quebec (up 2,400); the only decrease, 1,500 vacancies, occurred in the Pacific region. In the year-to-year comparison, all economic regions reflected increases, the largest in Quebec (up 3,800), followed by the Pacific region (up 3,100).

Of the total quarter-to-quarter increase of 10,300, blue-collar jobs accounted for 8,700 vacancies and three blue-collar occupational groups accounted for 77% of the group's increase: product fabricating, assembling and repairing occupations (up 4,000), construction trades occupations (up 1,500), machining and related occupations (up 1,200). On a year-to-year basis, the overall increase was also mainly due to increased vacancies in blue-collar occupations (up 7,300). In the white-collar group the largest increase in vacancies, 1,900, was reported in medicine and health occupations. In the blue-collar group, machining and related occupations and construction trades accounted for some 60% of the increase.

In a quarter-to-quarter comparison, the goods-producing industries group accounted for 7,700 additional vacancies, or 75% of the overall increase. On a year-to-year basis, however, these industries accounted for only 6,300 vacancies, or 61% of the overall increase. In both instances the manufacturing sector was the largest contributor to the increase.

For further information, order the third quarter issue of *Job Vacancy Survey* (71-002, 75¢/\$3).

(table continued on next page)



## First Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments, Third Quarter 1973

	1971	1972	1972		1973	
			III	IV	I <sup>r</sup>	II <sup>r</sup>
			(\$ millions)			
Seasonally Adjusted						
Between Canada and All Countries:						
Merchandise exports <sup>1</sup> .....			4,842	5,558	5,969	6,190
Merchandise imports <sup>1</sup> .....			4,609	4,998	5,552	5,533
Balance on merchandise trade .....			233	560	417	657
Non-merchandise receipts <sup>2</sup> .....			1,335	1,390	1,456	1,454
Non-merchandise payments <sup>2</sup> .....			1,827	1,978	2,111	2,011
Balance on non-merchandise transactions .....			-492	-588	-655	-557
Total receipts <sup>2</sup> .....			6,177	6,948	7,425	7,644
Total payments <sup>2</sup> .....			6,436	6,976	7,663	7,544
Current account balance .....			-259	-28	-238	100
Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variations						
Between Canada and All Countries:						
Merchandise exports <sup>1</sup> .....	17,927	20,065	4,553	5,713	5,667	6,596
Merchandise imports <sup>1</sup> .....	15,528	18,565	4,345	5,062	5,273	6,050
Balance on merchandise trade .....	2,399	1,500	208	651	394	546
Non-merchandise receipts <sup>2</sup> .....	5,185	5,293	1,632	1,325	1,143	1,482
Non-merchandise payments <sup>2</sup> .....	7,306	7,473	1,937	1,944	1,971	2,051
Balance on non-merchandise transactions .....	-2,121	-2,180	-305	-619	-828	-569
Total receipts <sup>2</sup> .....	23,112	25,358	6,185	7,038	6,810	8,078
Total payments <sup>2</sup> .....	22,834	26,038	6,282	7,006	7,244	8,101
Current account balance .....	278	-680	-97	32	-434	-23
Net capital movements, long and short-term <sup>3</sup> (excluding monetary items below) .....	499	899	100	-201	352	-84
Allocation of Special Drawing Rights .....	119	117	-	-	-	-
Net official monetary movements .....	896	336	3	-169	-82	-107
Between Canada and the United States						
Merchandise exports <sup>1</sup> .....	12,063	13,991	3,102	3,877	4,067	4,590
Merchandise imports <sup>1</sup> .....	10,868	12,783	2,898	3,544	3,748	4,381
Balance on merchandise trade .....	1,195	1,208	204	333	319	209
Non-merchandise receipts .....	3,805	3,058	1,036	685	596	808
Non-merchandise payments .....	4,576	4,661	1,167	1,228	1,246	1,318
Balance on non-merchandise transactions .....	-1,491	-1,603	-131	-543	-650	-510
Total receipts .....	15,148	17,049	4,138	4,562	4,663	5,398
Total payments .....	15,444	17,444	4,065	4,772	4,994	5,699
Current account balance .....	-296	-395	73	-210	-331	-301

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted for valuation, coverage and timing for Balance of Payments purposes.<sup>2</sup> Includes taxes withheld on service payments or income distributions to non-residents not distributed bilaterally amounting in the third quarter 1973 to \$72 million (seasonally adjusted) and \$50 million (not seasonally adjusted).<sup>3</sup> Includes balancing item.<sup>r</sup> Revised.

## Current Full-time Job Vacancies by Selected Industries

	1973		1972
	III Q	II Q	III Q
<b>All Industries</b> .....	89,300	79,000	79,000
<b>Goods-producing</b> .....	40,200	32,500	33,900
Forestry, mines, quarries and oil wells .....	3,100	2,500	3,100
<b>Manufacturing</b> .....	30,100	24,300	26,100
<b>Construction</b> .....	7,000	5,600	5,800
<b>Service-producing</b> .....	49,100	46,500	45,100
Transportation, communication and other utilities .....	4,100	4,200	3,000
<b>Trade</b> .....	14,400	12,000	14,000
Finance, insurance and real estate .....	4,600	4,400	5,100
Community, business and personal services .....	21,100	20,800	19,400
Public administration and defence .....	4,900	5,100	3,500

(tables continued on next page)



## Current Full-time Job Vacancies by Selected Occupations

	1973		1972
	III Q	II Q	III Q
All Occupations .....	89,300	79,000	79,000
White-collar .....	31,900	30,400	28,900
Managerial, administrative and related occupations .....	2,900	3,000	2,600
Occupations in natural sciences, engineering and mathematics ..	4,000	3,600	3,400
Occupations in social sciences, teaching and related .....	1,100	1,800	1,200
Occupations in medicine and health .....	4,600	4,000	2,700
Clerical and related occupations .....	10,900	11,100	10,700
Sales occupations .....	7,000	6,600	7,800
Other .....	1,400	300	600
Blue-collar .....	57,400	48,700	50,100
Service occupations .....	11,400	10,800	11,300
Forestry and logging occupations .....	3,200	3,000	2,100
Mining and quarrying, including oil and gas field occupations ...	1,500	1,000	800
Processing occupations .....	4,600	4,000	4,200
Machining and related occupations .....	6,300	5,100	3,900
Product fabricating, assembling and repairing occupations .....	16,600	12,600	16,200
Construction trades occupations .....	6,800	5,300	4,800
Transport equipment operating occupations .....	3,200	2,400	2,100
Materials handling and related occupations .....	2,800	2,600	3,100
Other .....	1,000	1,900	1,600

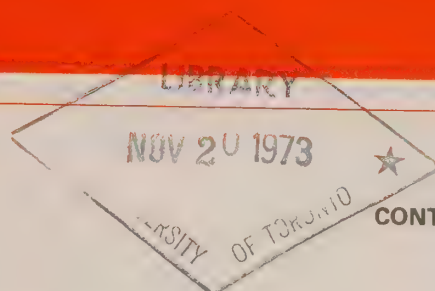
Current Full-Time Job Vacancies in  
Canada and Regions

	1973	1972	
	III Q	II Q	III Q
Canada .....	89,300	79,000	79,000
Atlantic .....	6,500	5,500	5,200
Quebec .....	22,700	20,300	18,900
Ontario .....	36,300	29,300	35,100
Prairie .....	14,600	13,200	13,900
Pacific .....	9,100	10,600	6,000



# Statistics Canada

## daily



Thursday, November 15, 1973

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### Other Publications Released

- Hospital Indicators, January-June 1973 (83-001, \$1/\$4)
- Construction Machinery and Equipment Sales, 1972 (63-220, 75¢)
- Grain Milling Statistics, September 1973 (32-003, \$1 a year)
- Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, July 1973 (31-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Coal and Coke Statistics, August 1973 (45-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Gas Utilities, August 1973 (55-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Fish Freezings and Stocks, September 1973 (24-001, 30¢/\$3)
- Radio and Television Receiving Sets, September 1973 (43-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, September 1973 (43-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, September 1973 (43-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Concrete Products, September 1973 (44-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Iron Castings and Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, September 1973 (41-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, September 1973 (25-001, 10¢/\$1)

(continued)





**Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, September 1973 (43-001, 10¢/\$1)**

**Preliminary Report on the Production of Motor Vehicles, October 1973 (42-001, 10¢/\$1)**

**Iron Ore, September 1973 (26-005, 10¢/\$1)**

**Oil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters, September 1973 (41-008, 10¢/\$1)**

**Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, September 1973 (41-006, 10¢/\$1)**

**Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, October 1973 (41-002, 10¢/\$1)**

**Asphalt Roofing, September 1973 (45-001, 10¢/\$1)**

**Service Bulletins — Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 per year), Vol. 2, No. 9: Domestic and Farm Water Systems; Oil Filters and Cartridges; Heating Boilers and Radiators and Shelf Hardware; Cemented Tungsten Carbide Blanks and Tools; September 1973;**

**Electric Products (43-007, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 25, Electric Lamps, September 1973; Vol. 2, No. 26, Domestic Water Tank Heaters, September 1973**

### **Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Seasonally adjusted manufacturers' shipments in September 1973 were estimated at \$5,416.0 million, 4.0% more than the revised August value of \$5,210.1 million. Durable goods shipments were estimated at \$2,592.0 million, up 6.8%, and non-durable goods shipments rose 1.5% to \$2,824 million.

New orders in September were estimated at \$5,638.2 million, 3.1% higher than the revised \$5,470.3 million estimated for August. Durable goods new orders increased 6.8% to \$2,792.3 million while those for non-durable goods decreased 0.4% to \$2,845.9 million. Unfilled orders in September were up 3.3% to \$6,911.9 million.

Total inventory owned in September was estimated at \$10,005.6 million, 1.7% more than the revised August estimate of \$9,835.2 million. Total inventory held increased 1.4% to \$10,464.6 million with

increases of 1.8% in raw materials, 2.3% in finished products and a 0.2% decrease in goods in process.

The ratio of total inventory owned to shipments was 1.85 in September compared with 1.89 in August. The finished products to shipments ratio in September was 0.63, down from the revised August ratio of 0.64.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, manufacturers' shipments were estimated at \$5,573.3 million in September, 9.2% more than the revised August value of \$5,104.1 million. Cumulative shipments for the first three quarters of 1973, estimated at \$47,402.0 million, were 16.9% higher than the corresponding 1972 estimate of \$40,551.5 million.

For further information, order the September 1973 issue of *Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries* (31-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### **Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin**

	Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation					
	Sept. 1973P	Aug. 1973 <sup>r</sup>	Change %	Jan.-Sept. 1973P	Jan.-Sept. 1972	Change %
	(\$ millions)					
Newfoundland . . . . .	28.3	30.5	-7.2	261.4	211.4	23.7
Nova Scotia . . . . .	96.0	88.7	8.2	811.8	675.5	20.2
New Brunswick . . . . .	102.7	97.8	5.0	797.7	671.2	18.8
Quebec . . . . .	1,472.7	1,416.5	4.0	12,255.0	10,856.0	12.9
Ontario . . . . .	2,926.0	2,509.4	16.6	24,908.4	21,367.1	16.6
Manitoba . . . . .	155.8	154.3	1.0	1,321.2	1,087.6	21.5
Saskatchewan . . . . .	66.2	68.0	-2.7	559.4	469.5	19.1
Alberta . . . . .	239.2	246.4	-2.9	2,052.1	1,720.1	19.3
British Columbia . . . . .	478.8	484.3	-1.1	4,371.8	3,436.2	27.2
Canada* . . . . .	5,573.3	5,104.1	9.2	47,402.0	40,551.5	16.9

\* Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

p Preliminary figures.

r Revised figures.

(see table on next page)

**Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in all Manufacturing Industries**  
(Based on 1970 Census of Manufactures Benchmarks)

	Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation			
	Sept. 1973P	Aug. 1973 <sup>†</sup>	July 1973	Sept. 1972
	(\$ millions)			
Shipments - Total . . . . .	5,573.3	5,104.1	5,043.6	4,905.0
New Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	5,732.6	5,377.3	5,276.5	4,980.1
- Non-durable . . . . .	2,903.7	2,915.0	2,703.2	2,533.6
- Durable . . . . .	2,828.9	2,462.3	2,573.3	2,446.5
Unfilled Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	6,878.2	6,719.0	6,445.7	5,113.5
- Non-durable . . . . .	1,004.1	1,003.8	960.4	787.9
- Durable . . . . .	5,874.2	5,715.2	5,485.4	4,325.6
Inventory Owned - Total . . . . .	9,931.6	9,815.1	9,513.2	8,783.6
Inventory Held - Total . . . . .	10,416.5	10,312.4	9,995.8	9,313.8
- Raw materials . . . . .	4,233.2	4,174.0	4,139.3	3,684.5
- Goods in process . . . . .	2,814.0	2,810.6	2,646.3	2,515.5
- Finished products . . . . .	3,369.4	3,327.8	3,210.2	3,113.8
	Adjusted for seasonal Variation			
Shipments - Total . . . . .	5,416.0	5,210.0	5,489.2	4,689.2
New Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	5,638.2	5,470.3	5,688.5	4,813.4
- Non-durable . . . . .	2,845.9	2,856.0	2,877.0	2,453.9
- Durable . . . . .	2,792.3	2,614.3	2,811.5	2,359.5
Unfilled Orders:				
- Total . . . . .	6,911.9	6,689.7	6,429.5	5,162.9
- Non-durable . . . . .	1,033.8	1,011.9	938.1	815.2
- Durable . . . . .	5,878.1	5,677.8	5,491.4	4,347.7
Inventory Owned - Total . . . . .	10,005.6	9,835.2	9,669.2	8,863.1
Inventory Held - Total . . . . .	10,464.6	10,317.2	10,141.1	9,366.4
- Raw materials . . . . .	4,245.8	4,170.9	4,169.0	3,691.6
- Goods in process . . . . .	2,788.7	2,794.9	2,701.3	2,496.6
- Finished products . . . . .	3,430.1	3,351.4	3,270.8	3,178.2
Ratio of Total Inventory Owned to Shipments . . . .	1.85	1.89	1.76	1.89
Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments . . . . .	0.63	0.64	0.60	0.68

**Retail Trade, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Seasonally adjusted September retail sales declined slightly from the previous month to \$3,219.8 million with decreases in nine of the eighteen trade groups. Motor vehicle dealers (down 10.7%) and general merchandise stores (5.5%) registered the largest sales decreases, while women's clothing stores (up 8.4%) and family clothing stores (8.1%) recorded the largest sales gains. Saskatchewan registered the greatest provincial increase (4.4%) and British Columbia the largest provincial decrease (4.0%).

Total retail trade without seasonal adjustment reached \$3,081.7 million, up 8.0% from September 1972. Gains were registered in all trade groups with the exception of variety stores (down 0.6%). Sales increases ranged from a high of 15.4% for fuel dealers to a low of 1.3% for general merchandise stores. All provinces recorded higher sales with the largest increases in Prince Edward Island (10.4%) and New Brunswick (9.4%).

For further information, order the September issue of *Retail Trade* (63-005, 30¢/\$3) or contact Mr.

R. Potvin (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Chain Store Sales and Stocks, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

In September, chain store organizations reported sales of \$1,283.9 million, up 8.8% from a year earlier. All trade groups except variety stores (down 0.5%) registered increased sales ranging from a high of 43.4% for service stations and garages to a low of 4.0% for general merchandise stores.

The value of stocks held by chain stores on the first of September 1973 increased 14.3% from September 1972, reaching \$2,199.0 million. All trade groups recorded stock increases. The largest gains were registered by men's clothing stores (40.0%) and family clothing stores (38.4%).

For further information, order the September issue of *Chain Stores Sales and Stocks* (63-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Prices and Price Indexes, November 1973 — Advance Information.****Weekly Security Price Indexes**

	Number stocks priced	Nov. 8/73 This week	Nov.1/73 Week ago	Oct. 11/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>198.0</b>	<b>203.8</b>	<b>197.9</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>215.4</b>	<b>222.5</b>	<b>216.0</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	154.5	157.6	153.2
Foods . . . . .	10	151.8	153.0	143.9
Beverages . . . . .	7	268.0	268.2	272.2
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	175.3	183.5	177.6
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	166.2	173.8	167.8
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	403.4	412.1	385.7
Primary metals . . . . .	8	139.1	142.2	144.2
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	218.0	222.5	225.9
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	190.1	201.7	184.1
Petroleum . . . . .	7	339.2	360.9	336.7
Chemicals . . . . .	4	123.5	122.6	121.4
Construction . . . . .	4	163.3	163.3	160.8
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	152.1	158.6	157.0
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>141.7</b>	<b>145.3</b>	<b>141.8</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	141.4	144.6	141.0
Transportation . . . . .	4	319.9	326.2	329.0
Telephone . . . . .	3	83.5	84.7	85.4
Electric power . . . . .	3	117.8	123.9	114.5
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	163.7	168.2	153.1
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>192.5</b>	<b>195.7</b>	<b>189.1</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	226.9	230.3	220.6
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	139.0	142.0	140.9
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>141.9</b>	<b>145.9</b>	<b>138.4</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	174.8	176.5	162.6
Base metals . . . . .	16	125.1	130.5	126.4
Uraniums . . . . .	4	301.9	302.8	258.9
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	499.1	537.2	461.3

For further information, order the November issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of  
Sawmills in British Columbia, September 1973 —  
Advance Information.**

Sawmills in British Columbia produced 771.5 million feet board measure of lumber and ties in September 1973 compared to 807.1 million a year earlier. January-to-September production increased to 7,789.7 million feet board measure from 7,002.8 million last year.

For further information, order the September 1973 issue of *Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia* (35-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, September 1973  
— Advance Information.**

Canadian mills shipped 194.0 billion sq. ft. (3/8" basis) of softwood plywood in the month of September 1973. This compared with 191.0 billion a year earlier.

Shipments of hardwood plywood increased 17.2% to 35.7 billion sq. ft. surface measure.

For further information, order the September issue of *Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods* (35-001, 20¢/\$2); or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



**Fruit and Vegetable Preparations, Third Quarter 1973**  
— Advance Information.

Total factory sales of domestic jams, jellies and marmalades for the third quarter of 1973 decreased to 27.03 million pounds from 29.53 million for the same period of 1972.

For further information, order the September issue of *Fruit and Vegetable Preparations*, Vol. 11, No. 3, (32-017, \$1 per year), or contact Mr. Walter Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

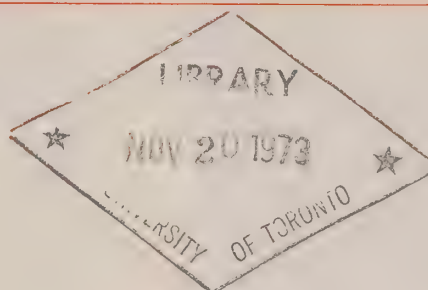
**Department Store Sales by Regions, September 1973**  
(63-004, \$1 a year).

During September 1973, department store sales rose in Canada by 6.1% over the corresponding month last year. Sales were up 8.6% in the Atlantic Provinces; 11.9% in Quebec; 7.0% in Ontario; 3.4% in Manitoba; 6.5% in Saskatchewan; 0.5% in Alberta and 2.4% in British Columbia.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



Friday, November 16, 1973

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### Publications Released

- Summary of Imports, August 1973 (65-005, 20¢/\$2)
- Franchising in Canada's Food Serving Industry, 1971 (63-522, 50¢)
- The Dairy Review, September 1973 (23-001, 20¢/\$2)
- The Sugar Situation, September 1973 (32-013, 10¢/\$1)
- Particle Board, September 1973 (36-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Estimate of Production of Principal Field Crops, Field Crop Reporting Series No. 20, November 1973 (22-002, 20¢/\$4)
- Hospital Statistics, Vol. 1 — Hospital Beds, 1971 (83-210, \$2)





**Economic Characteristics, 1971 Census — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily.**

Data collected during the June 1, 1971, Census showed an estimated total labour force of 8,813,340 in the week prior to enumeration, with 8,117,380 employed and 695,960 unemployed for an unemployment rate of 7.9%. Of the total labour force 5,760,245 or 65% were male.

Because of differences due to coverage, methodology, time reference period and actual questions asked, data from the census is in some ways not comparable with those collected by the monthly Labour Force Survey. Of particular importance among these differences are the differences in coverage and actual questions asked. The Labour Force Survey includes persons 14 and up but excludes the Yukon and Northwest Territories, Indians on reserves, members of the armed forces, overseas households and inmates of institutions. The census questions were asked of all persons in sample households 15 years of age and over but classified inmates as not in the labour force.

In contrast to the more indirect method of questioning about main activities used by the Labour Force Survey, the census questioned individuals directly on their hours of work and whether they looked for work. This approach, along with self-enumeration, has produced, according to census statisticians, much better estimates of the labour force and the unemployed than was the case in 1961.

As might be expected, the differences in the style of questioning, as well as the differences in coverage, time reference and methodology referred to above, do produce different results than the Labour Force Survey but this is true to a lesser extent than in the past. It might be noted that in addition to the differences noted above, there are indications that response problems may have occurred to a greater extent with the census French questionnaire than with the English document. These response problems may have affected the census results for Quebec. More information on the comparison of census results with those from the Labour Force Survey is available in a background paper.

Provincial data showed participation rates, the percentage of the population in the labour force, ranged from highs of 68.6% in the Yukon, 62.7% in Alberta and 62.1% in Ontario to lows of 46.3% in Newfoundland, 52.8% for New Brunswick and 52.9% for Quebec. Unemployment rates ranged from lows of 4.2% in the Northwest Territories and 5.5% in Saskatchewan to highs of 9.2% in Newfoundland and 10.1% in Quebec, where census statisticians feel the rate may be somewhat inflated due to some under-reporting of employment.

Further information is available from a special release or by contacting Mrs. A. Kempster (613-996-5936), Economic Characteristics Section, Census Field, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Copies of the background paper mentioned above may be obtained on request.

**Labour Force Activity, 1971 Census**

Province	Population 15 years and over	Total	Participation rate (%)	Labour force		
				Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment rate (%)
Canada . . . . .	15,189,505	8,813,340	58.0	8,117,380	695,960	7.9
Male . . . . .	7,540,470	5,760,245	76.4	5,335,600	424,645	7.4
Female . . . . .	7,649,035	3,053,095	39.9	2,781,785	271,315	8.9
Newfoundland . . . . .	327,535	151,600	46.3	137,635	13,965	9.2
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	76,375	43,565	57.0	41,090	2,480	5.7
Nova Scotia . . . . .	548,235	292,130	53.3	268,325	23,805	8.2
New Brunswick . . . . .	431,495	227,740	52.8	208,490	19,245	8.4
Quebec . . . . .	4,242,175	2,242,835	52.9	2,017,160	225,680	10.1
Ontario . . . . .	5,495,905	3,410,830	62.1	3,176,905	233,925	6.9
Manitoba . . . . .	701,485	419,905	59.9	392,965	26,940	6.4
Saskatchewan . . . . .	645,925	376,820	58.3	356,185	20,635	5.5
Alberta . . . . .	1,113,420	698,605	62.7	653,985	44,615	6.4
British Columbia . . . . .	1,575,065	930,030	59.0	846,375	83,655	9.0
Yukon . . . . .	12,020	8,250	68.6	7,705	545	6.6
Northwest Territories . . . . .	19,865	11,025	55.5	10,560	465	4.2

**Real Domestic Product, September 1973 — Advance Information.****September**

The index of real domestic product advanced 1.3% in September to 196.7 from the August level of 194.2. The main factor in the increase was the end of the rail transport strike. Secondary effects of this strike and strikes in pulp and paper and motor vehicle manufacturing contributed to keeping September below the July level of 198.8.

The increase in rail transport was the dominant industry movement in the month. Output of the water transport industry also increased in September following a decrease in August. For interurban and rural bus transport, the opposite movement occurred, reflecting increased use of this form of transportation during the rail strike and a return to normal levels after it.

Trade output decreased in the month with the rail strike a probable factor in this decline. For wholesale trade, output fell in September, although not as sharply as in August. Output of a majority of the components of wholesale trade fell in both months. For retail trade, output decreased strongly in September following a slight decline in August. Output of a majority of components fell with motor vehicle dealers registering the major decline. The rail strike combined with a strike in the motor vehicle industry probably accounted for this decrease. Department stores output also decreased in September. Only clothing and drug stores registered significant increases in the month.

Mining output rose strongly following the August decline, most of which was due to the rail strike. Increased production of copper, lead and nickel were mainly responsible for an increase in metal mines in spite of a decline in iron mining. In the non-metal mining industry (excluding coal), the advance was due to increased output of most commodities, particularly salt (following a three-month strike) and potash (due to export contracts). Coal production dropped in September due to decreased exports. Output of crude petroleum and natural gas increased more than 4%.

Manufacturing output advanced with durables leading the rise. All the primary metal industries advanced in the month with the largest increases (iron and steel mills, iron foundries, steel pipe and tube mills, and smelting and refining) following decreases in August. Recovery from the effects of the rail strike explains many of these movements.

Motor vehicle production also recovered slightly from the August decrease in spite of a strike at one producer. Output of manufacturers of major appliances and manufacturers of household radios and TVs also increased in September following a drop

in August. For communications equipment, recovery from strikes in July and August was a factor in the increase. Most non-metallic mineral products industries also grew in September.

In non-durables manufacturing, the major increase came in pulp and paper manufacturing due to the end of strikes at several companies. However, several producers were still on strike during the month and output levels were still depressed during September. Production of meat products fell for the second consecutive month. The U.S. price freeze for beef was removed in September and a Canadian tariff on imported beef and live cattle was re-imposed in September.

**Third Quarter**

Real domestic product decreased by 0.5% in the third quarter following increases of 0.9% in the second quarter and 3.3% in the first. The decline can be traced directly to the rail strike and the pulp and paper strike and to a lesser extent to a decline in output of motor vehicle manufacturers. This in turn was partially due to the rail strike and partially to a strike in the motor vehicle manufacturing industry.

Transportation output fell by more than 6% in the third quarter. Rail transport and water transport both registered decreases due to the rail strike. Strikes in air transport also resulted in declines for the second and third quarters. Interurban and rural bus transport increased sharply as a result of the strikes in other transportation industries.

Total trade output fell in the quarter. Wholesale trade output dropped while retail trade advanced slightly. In wholesale trade a majority of the component industries fell, including wholesalers of automotive parts and accessories, grocery and food specialties, household electrical appliances, construction materials and supplies and farm machinery. Retail trade output increased 0.7% in the quarter. The major increases were in department stores, clothing stores and drug stores. Notable decreases were in motor vehicle dealers, furniture, TV, radio and appliance dealers and fuel dealers.

Both non-durables and durables manufacturing output decreased in the third quarter. The strike — caused decline in pulp and paper was the major contributor to the decline. For durables manufacturing, motor vehicle manufacturing declined as previously mentioned while declining export demand contributed to lower output for sawmills and planing mills.

Mining output also decreased in the quarter. Iron mining increased while output of most of the other metal mines decreased. Mineral fuels output decreased in the third quarter due to declines in both the coal and crude petroleum and natural gas

(continued)



industries. In both cases the declines followed strong second quarter increases.

Electric power, gas and water utilities registered a strong increase in the quarter, with both electric power and gas distribution increasing.

Construction output has increased in each quarter of 1973. Most of the growth can be traced to increases in residential construction with some

strength coming from non-residential and highway construction.

For further information, order the September issue of *Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry* (61-005, 30¢/\$3), or contact R.W. Collins (613-992-9751), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z6.

**Indexes of Real Domestic Product**  
(1961 = 100)  
(Seasonally adjusted)

	1961 percentage weight	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Change %
<b>Real Domestic Product</b> . . . . .	<b>100.000</b>	<b>197.9</b>	<b>198.8</b>	<b>194.2</b>	<b>196.7</b>	<b>1.3</b>
Agriculture . . . . .	4.525	132.1	135.0	147.5	132.5	-10.2
Forestry . . . . .	1.231	153.0	161.0	156.8	153.1	-2.4
Fishing and trapping . . . . .	0.259	88.8	99.3	100.0	89.8	-10.3
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	212.4	206.1	202.1	213.5	5.7
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	211.7	211.2	203.5	206.3	1.4
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	185.0	184.4	176.3	177.7	0.8
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	245.6	245.0	238.0	242.5	1.9
Construction . . . . .	5.803	178.6	180.6	179.3	177.3	-1.1
Transportation, storage and communication . . . . .	9.910	215.9	215.0	191.4	215.1	12.4
Transportation . . . . .	6.873	222.5	220.8	186.0	219.3	17.9
Air transport . . . . .	0.463	451.9	467.2	465.2	468.2	0.6
Railway transport . . . . .	2.859	212.0	205.6	117.8	202.6	72.0
Bus transport, interurban and rural . . . . .	0.096	209.3	202.8	256.9	220.7	-14.1
Urban transit systems . . . . .	0.303	116.1	117.3	114.4	114.5	0.1
Pipeline transport . . . . .	0.451	387.2	386.7	397.0	390.7	-1.6
Storage . . . . .	0.299	113.2	112.2	113.6	112.7	-0.8
Grain elevators . . . . .	0.211	93.4	91.8	95.4	94.6	-0.8
Communication . . . . .	2.738	210.6	211.5	213.6	215.8	1.1
Electric power, gas and water utilities . . . . .	2.908	250.6	256.9	254.7	253.7	-0.4
Trade . . . . .	12.973	192.6	196.1	190.5	185.7	-2.5
Wholesale trade . . . . .	4.906	207.8	211.1	197.0	194.2	-1.4
Wholesale merchants . . . . .	5.491	219.3	223.2	205.4	204.3	-0.5
Retail trade . . . . .	8.067	183.3	187.0	186.6	180.6	-3.2
Food stores . . . . .	1.552	149.9	150.6	151.1	149.7	-0.9
Department stores . . . . .	1.161	217.4	218.2	216.9	209.4	-3.5
General stores . . . . .	0.239	99.0	100.4	96.7	95.5	-1.2
Variety stores . . . . .	0.301	252.5	249.5	256.5	244.4	-4.7
Motor vehicle dealers . . . . .	0.926	226.6	246.3	245.8	217.8	-11.4
Clothing stores . . . . .	0.507	167.2	169.6	167.8	174.1	3.7
Shoe stores . . . . .	0.119	137.5	139.5	138.8	138.5	-0.2
Hardware stores . . . . .	0.167	130.0	135.7	138.0	130.2	-5.7
Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores . . . . .	0.345	164.2	166.2	164.3	163.3	-0.6
Drug stores . . . . .	0.343	203.2	205.2	208.2	210.9	1.3
Finance, insurance and real estate . . . . .	11.831	207.2	209.1	210.3	212.6	1.1
Community, business and personal service industries . . . . .	13.821	202.7	203.0	203.6	204.4	0.4
Education and related services . . . . .	3.450	239.4	239.9	240.8	240.4	-0.2
Health and welfare services . . . . .	3.476	197.1	197.4	198.7	199.6	0.5
Motion picture and recreational services . . . . .	0.400	202.1	206.4	203.7	207.6	1.9
Services to business management . . . . .	1.616	227.9	229.7	231.2	231.4	0.1
Personal services . . . . .	3.766	156.4	156.7	157.3	157.5	0.1
Hotels, restaurants and taverns . . . . .	2.212	175.9	176.0	176.7	177.1	0.2
Public administration and defence . . . . .	7.232	149.1	150.1	150.1	150.7	0.4
<b>Special industry groupings</b>						
Real Domestic Product less agriculture . . . . .	95.475	201.1	201.8	196.4	199.7	1.7
Goods-producing industries . . . . .	44.233	199.5	199.8	195.9	196.7	0.4
Goods-producing industries less agriculture . . . . .	39.708	207.2	207.2	201.5	204.0	1.2
Service-producing industries . . . . .	55.767	196.7	197.9	192.9	196.7	2.0
Commercial industries . . . . .	85.478	202.0	202.9	197.5	200.3	1.4
Commercial industries less agriculture . . . . .	80.953	205.9	206.6	200.3	204.1	1.9
Non-commercial industries . . . . .	14.522	174.2	174.6	175.1	175.2	0.1
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32.415	215.3	214.6	207.9	211.6	1.8

(see table on next page)



**Indexes of Real Domestic Product**  
(1961 = 100)  
(Seasonally adjusted)

	1961 percentage weight	1972 4th Qtr	1st Qtr	1973 2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	Change % 3/2 Q
<b>Real Domestic Product</b> . . . . .	<b>100.000</b>	<b>189.7</b>	<b>195.9</b>	<b>197.6</b>	<b>196.6</b>	<b>-0.5</b>
Agriculture . . . . .	4.525	142.5	149.9	138.4	138.3	-
Forestry . . . . .	1.231	141.4	170.1	163.1	157.0	-3.7
Fishing and trapping . . . . .	0.259	127.1	100.2	87.9	96.4	9.7
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	207.0	204.8	213.6	207.2	-3.0
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	200.1	208.6	209.9	207.0	-1.4
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	174.3	179.5	183.3	179.5	-2.1
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	232.8	245.5	243.6	241.8	-0.7
Construction . . . . .	5.803	161.7	170.6	175.6	179.1	2.0
Transportation, storage and communication . . . . .	9.910	204.8	214.2	216.7	207.2	-4.4
Transportation . . . . .	6.873	210.3	221.4	223.9	208.7	-6.8
Air transport . . . . .	0.463	446.9	487.9	474.4	466.9	-1.6
Railway transport . . . . .	2.859	200.0	213.8	212.3	175.3	-17.4
Bus transport, interurban and rural . . . . .	0.096	200.2	202.7	206.1	226.8	10.0
Urban transit systems . . . . .	0.303	111.5	115.0	116.1	115.4	-0.6
Pipeline transport . . . . .	0.451	352.1	366.5	391.0	391.5	0.1
Storage . . . . .	0.299	133.4	138.8	125.8	112.8	-10.3
Grain elevators . . . . .	0.211	126.3	130.0	110.3	93.9	-14.8
Communication . . . . .	2.738	198.6	204.5	208.6	213.6	2.4
Electric power, gas and water utilities . . . . .	2.908	243.0	238.7	244.3	255.1	4.4
Trade . . . . .	12.973	185.7	194.0	193.9	190.8	-1.6
Wholesale trade . . . . .	4.906	199.9	210.4	210.9	200.8	-4.8
Wholesale merchants . . . . .	3.491	212.2	226.5	225.4	211.0	-6.4
Retail trade . . . . .	8.067	177.1	184.1	183.5	184.7	0.7
Food stores . . . . .	1.552	150.1	151.2	149.2	150.5	0.9
Department stores . . . . .	1.161	198.8	208.7	211.1	214.8	1.8
General stores . . . . .	0.239	94.7	101.0	97.6	97.5	-
Variety stores . . . . .	0.301	231.5	247.8	247.2	250.1	1.2
Motor vehicle dealers . . . . .	0.926	224.8	245.2	239.1	236.6	-1.0
Clothing stores . . . . .	0.507	168.8	170.9	164.0	170.5	4.0
Shoe stores . . . . .	0.119	140.5	145.3	136.7	138.9	1.7
Hardware stores . . . . .	0.167	119.8	127.2	129.9	134.6	3.6
Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores . . . . .	0.345	150.5	161.5	168.4	164.6	-2.3
Drug stores . . . . .	0.343	194.2	195.6	199.7	208.1	4.2
Finance, insurance and real estate . . . . .	11.831	197.1	202.0	206.0	210.6	2.2
Community, business and personal service industries . . . . .	13.821	198.1	200.5	201.9	203.6	0.9
Education and related services . . . . .	2.450	241.7	241.9	240.5	240.4	-0.1
Health and welfare services . . . . .	3.476	192.2	195.1	196.7	198.6	1.0
Motion picture and recreational services . . . . .	0.400	187.6	195.6	197.4	205.9	4.3
Services to business management . . . . .	1.616	221.1	223.5	225.6	230.8	2.3
Personal services . . . . .	3.766	149.7	152.2	154.8	157.2	1.5
Hotels, restaurants and taverns . . . . .	2.212	165.9	170.0	173.3	176.6	1.9
Public administration and defence . . . . .	7.232	141.5	145.9	149.5	150.3	0.6
<b>Special industry groupings</b>						
Real Domestic Product less agriculture . . . . .	95.475	191.9	198.1	200.4	199.3	-0.5
Goods-producing industries . . . . .	44.233	190.7	197.5	198.7	197.5	-0.6
Goods-producing industries less agriculture . . . . .	39.708	196.1	202.9	205.6	204.2	-0.7
Service-producing industries . . . . .	55.767	188.9	194.7	196.7	195.8	-0.5
Commercial industries . . . . .	85.478	193.0	199.8	201.5	200.2	-0.6
Commercial industries less agriculture . . . . .	80.953	195.8	202.6	205.0	203.7	-0.7
Non-commercial industries . . . . .	14.522	170.2	173.0	174.6	175.0	0.2
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32.415	205.0	210.8	213.5	211.4	-1.0

**Security Transactions with Non-residents, July 1973**  
(67-002, 20¢/\$2).

Trading in outstanding securities with non-residents during July resulted in a net capital outflow of \$14 million, down \$27 million from the \$41 million net outflow in June. The total volume of transactions at \$487 million was \$65 million higher than during the previous month and divided about evenly between Canadian and foreign securities. On a geographical basis, Canada had net outflows of \$7 million to the United States, \$1 million to the United Kingdom, \$6 million to other European countries and a negligible amount to all other countries.

In the first seven months of 1973, trading in all outstanding securities led to a net outflow of \$69 million composed of net repurchases of Canadian securities of \$137 million and net sales of foreign securities of \$68 million. Trading in Canadian and U.S. equities with residents of the U.S. was the principal factor in this movement, with net repurchases of Canadian stocks of \$145 million and net sales of U.S. equities of \$73 million. Geographically, for the first seven months of 1973, Canada had net outflows to the U.S. of \$109 million and to the United Kingdom of \$7 million. There were net inflows of \$17 million from other European countries and \$30 million from all other countries.

**Wholesale Trade, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Sales by wholesale merchants for September were estimated at \$2,855 million. A 15.7% increase over the same month last year.

In the consumer goods trades the most significant sales change from September 1973 was in the groceries and food specialties component, up 11.0%. In the industrial goods trades one of the most notable items was an increase of 26.0% in the category of other construction materials and supplies including lumber.

Wholesale inventories were valued at \$4,406 million, an increase of 17.1% over September of last year.

Further details may be obtained from the September issue of *Wholesale Trade* (63-008, 10¢/\$1).

**Consumer Credit, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Selected credit holders reporting monthly showed \$13,286 million outstanding on their books at the end of September, 20.0% more than a year earlier.

Personal cash loans by chartered banks rose to \$8,615 million, up 26.2% from a year earlier; and life insurance companies' policy loans were up 5.0% to \$836 million, but personal cash loans made under the Small Loans Act fell 11.9% to \$342 million. In addition, sales finance and consumer loan companies held \$1,119 million balances of retail instalment sales' paper, an increase of 13.3%; and the \$1,396 million outstandings of personal cash loans represented an expansion of 17.3%.

The outstanding balances of other monthly reporters — Quebec savings banks, department stores and furniture, TV, radio, and household appliances stores — rose 10.5% to \$978 million, over the year.

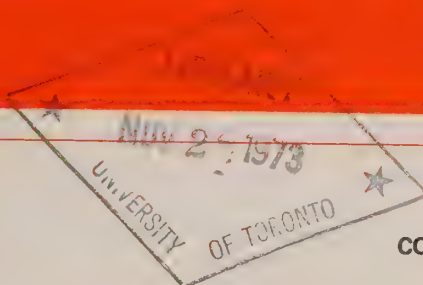
Credit holders reporting quarterly — other retail stores, other credit card issuers, credit unions and caisses populaires and public utilities — reported outstanding balances of \$3,395 million for the second quarter, 15.5% more than a year earlier.

Total outstanding balances had reached \$16,231 million at the end of September 1973; a level 15.1% higher than that attained a year earlier.

For further information, order the September issue of *Consumer Credit* (61-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Consumer Credit Section (613-996-9278), or telex 053-3585, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Statistics Canada

## daily



Monday, November 19, 1973

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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

**Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, September 1973 – Advance Information**

### Gross National Product

Complete tabular material incorporating statistical and conceptual revisions to the National Income and Expenditure Accounts, on an annual basis for 1926-1972 and on a quarterly basis for 1947-1972, are available from the Gross National Product Division. This material will be published at the same time as the sources, methods and concepts in 1974.

### Publications Released

**Households with Immigrant Heads, 1971 Census (93-706, 50¢)**

**Statistics of Private Elementary and Secondary Schools, 1972-73 (81-215, 50¢)**

(continued)



**Housing Starts and Completions, September 1973 (64-002, 30¢/\$3)**

**Railway Operating Statistics, August 1973 (52-003, 20¢/\$2)**

**New Motor Vehicle Sales, September 1973 (63-007, 20¢/\$2)**

**Stoves and Furnaces, September 1973 (41-005, 20¢/\$2)**

**Service Bulletin – Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 18, Pack of Processed Cherries, 1973;**

**Phonograph Records and Pre-Recorded Tapes (47-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 9, Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-Recorded Tapes in Canada, September 1973.**

**Canada's Foreign Trade, First Nine Months 1973 –**  
Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Infomat.

Canada's exports in the third quarter of 1973 reached a level of \$12 billion, seasonally adjusted at semi-annual rates, a rise of only \$57 million or under 0.5% over the first half 1973. At the same time, imports increased \$528 million or over 4.5% to \$11.6 billion. The divergent movement in trade flows was due in part to the greater impact of third-quarter strikes in rail transportation and pulp and paper industries on exports than on imports. As a result, the trade surplus at semi-annual rates narrowed from \$865 million in the first half of 1973 to \$394 million in the third quarter. Most of the deterioration in the surplus came in trade with the United States.

Adjusted exports to the original European Economic Community countries rose by \$200 million at semi-annual rates in the third quarter; increases to the United Kingdom, Latin America and other countries were of the order of \$30 to \$40 million each. Sales to the U.S. declined by \$165 million and to Japan by \$75 million.

Almost nine-tenths of the increase in imports originated in the U.S. These purchases climbed to \$8.2 billion from \$7.8 billion. Imports from Latin America rose \$50 million in the third quarter and those from other countries by some \$140 million. Purchases from Japan were lower by nearly \$85 million, imports from the United Kingdom by \$40 million and those from original EEC countries by \$15 million.

On a year-to-date basis, the unadjusted trade surplus with all countries increased to \$1,087 million from \$698 million. This resulted from a turnaround from a deficit to a surplus position in trade with Japan and other countries, a change from deficit to balanced trade with the EEC and a larger surplus in trade with the United Kingdom. These changes more than offset a fall in the trade surplus with the U.S. and a widened deficit in trade with Latin America.

In the January-September period, Canada's exports on an unadjusted basis advanced some 24.5% to \$17.8 billion from \$14.3 billion in the same period of 1972. Over three-fifths of the gain was in trade with the U.S., with shipments increasing to \$12.3 billion

from \$10.1 billion. Trade with Japan added another 15%. Other areas individually made smaller contributions to the increase. Canadian imports advanced to \$16.7 billion from \$13.6 billion with four-fifths of the increase coming from the U.S. The balance of the rise was spread over other areas, excepting Japan.

Automotive and related products contributed nearly \$500 million to the \$2.2 billion increase in exports to the U.S. Due to fuel shortages and buoyant housing construction, shipments of crude petroleum advanced by \$324 million and lumber by \$274 million. Substantial gains were also recorded for shipments of machinery (up \$107 million), newsprint (\$95 million), pulp (\$67 million) and fabricated steel materials and iron ore (each \$40 million). Exports of aluminum and office machines declined moderately.

Imports from the U.S. advanced to \$11.8 billion, rising 6% faster than exports and led by purchases of automotive and related products (up \$945 million), industrial machinery (\$220 million), aircraft (\$160 million), food (\$125 million), and communication equipment (\$85 million). These commodities accounted for about \$1.5 billion of the total \$2.5 billion gain.

In trade with Japan, exports rose almost 80% to some \$1.2 billion in 1973, making this country for the first time the second largest market for Canadian goods. The surge in exports was due to higher sales of foodstuff and industrial materials. Exports of copper ore were higher by some \$135 million, and increases in the range of \$40 to \$50 million each were recorded for wheat, rapeseed, coal and lumber. Price increases enhanced the value of sales. Imports, however, narrowed to \$746 million from \$795 million. Notwithstanding a significant increase in unit values, deliveries of passenger cars from Japan were lower by some \$50 million.

Export expansion to the United Kingdom was concentrated in increased shipments of industrial materials such as iron ore and lumber. The rise in exports to the original EEC group of countries was led by iron and non-ferrous ores, asbestos, pulp, aluminum and copper. Exports to other countries were higher on the strength of wheat shipments, up by \$137 million (some \$100 million attributable to the U.S.S.R. and China), along with oil seeds, nickel,

(continued)

pulp and communication equipment. Increases in imports from both the United Kingdom and EEC countries were concentrated in a broad range of end products. Purchases from Latin America reflected

larger outlays for coffee, metallic ores and crude petroleum. Imports rose from the remaining countries with higher values for crude petroleum, food, machinery, communication equipment and clothing.

## Imports of Selected Commodities

Nine Months

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change	1972	1973	Change
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Food . . . . .	403	528	31.0	852	1,108	30.0
Metals, in ores, concentrates scrap . . . . .	93	117	25.8	171	223	30.4
Crude petroleum . . . . .	—	—	—	527	669	26.9
Broad woven fabrics . . . . .	67	76	13.4	192	226	17.7
Chemicals, organic and inorganic . . . . .	134	170	26.9	196	242	23.5
Plastic materials and shapes . . . . .	171	206	20.5	197	236	19.8
Petroleum and coal products . . . . .	52	61	17.3	150	139	-7.3
Iron and steel fabricated shapes . . . . .	182	239	31.3	380	450	18.4
Non-ferrous metals and alloys . . . . .	124	154	24.2	220	244	10.9
Industrial machinery . . . . .	1,008	1,230	22.0	1,309	1,569	19.9
Tractors and parts . . . . .	204	260	27.5	245	309	26.1
Passenger automobiles . . . . .	716	1,001	39.8	1,040	1,268	21.9
Trucks and other motor vehicles . . . . .	377	512	35.8	452	589	30.3
Motor vehicle engines, engine parts . . . . .	336	515	53.3	385	561	45.7
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	1,601	1,947	21.6	1,646	2,007	21.9
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	192	350	82.3	206	388	88.3
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	269	354	31.6	443	570	28.7
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	275	284	3.3	330	352	6.7
Apparel, footwear and accessories . . . . .	36	37	2.8	299	344	15.1
Books and other printed matter . . . . .	172	193	12.2	207	233	12.6
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	6,411	8,248	28.7	9,447	11,726	24.1
b) Total Canadian Imports . . . . .	9,329	11,833	26.8	13,598	16,723	23.0
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	68.7	69.7		69.5	70.1	

## Unadjusted Trade

	Jan.-Sept. 1972		Jan.-Sept. 1973		Change	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
		(\$ millions)			(%)	(%)
United States . . . . .	10,073	9,329	12,298	11,832	22.1	26.8
United Kingdom . . . . .	967	697	1,093	754	13.0	8.2
Japan . . . . .	670	795	1,192	746	77.9	-6.2
6 EEC countries . . . . .	783	851	1,008	1,007	28.7	18.3
Latin America . . . . .	446	489	445	622	-0.2	27.2
Other countries . . . . .	1,357	1,438	1,774	1,762	30.7	22.5
Total . . . . .	14,296	13,598	17,810	16,723	24.6	23.0

## Seasonally Adjusted Trade

	July-Dec. 1972		Jan.-June 1973		July-Sept. 1973	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
			(\$ million, at semi-annual rates)			
United States . . . . .	7,135	6,742	8,297	7,768	8,132	8,240
United Kingdom . . . . .	700	458	709	513	738	474
Japan . . . . .	514	522	822	542	746	458
6 EEC countries . . . . .	584	585	618	692	818	678
Latin America . . . . .	315	341	285	398	322	448
Other countries . . . . .	1,141	979	1,194	1,147	1,224	1,290
Total . . . . .	10,389	9,627	11,925	11,060	11,982	11,588

## BALANCES:

United States . . . . .	393	529	-108
Other Countries . . . . .	369	336	502
TOTAL . . . . .	762	865	394

(continued)



## Domestic Exports of Selected Commodities

Nine Months

United States

All Countries

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change 1972-1973	1972	1973	Change 1972-1973
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Fish, excluding shellfish . . . . .	115	151	31.3	165	219	32.7
Barley . . . . .	11	12	9.1	158	164	3.8
Wheat . . . . .	—	—	—	550	823	49.6
Whisky . . . . .	123	144	17.1	128	149	16.4
Tobacco . . . . .	3	3	—	49	52	6.1
Oil seeds . . . . .	4	4	—	142	247	73.9
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	173	214	23.7	243	334	37.4
Copper in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	17	26	52.9	191	344	80.1
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	50	66	32.0	255	325	27.5
Zinc in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	15	16	6.7	89	122	37.1
Coal . . . . .	—	—	—	72	115	59.7
Crude Petroleum . . . . .	738	1,062	43.9	738	1,062	43.9
Natural gas . . . . .	229	256	11.8	229	256	11.8
Asbestos, unmanufactured . . . . .	62	66	6.5	166	202	21.7
Lumber . . . . .	707	981	38.8	815	1,181	44.9
Wood pulp and similar pulp . . . . .	350	417	19.1	59.9	735	22.7
Newsprint paper . . . . .	692	787	13.7	860	951	10.6
Fertilizers and fertilizer materials . . . . .	155	155	—	193	204	5.7
Iron and steel, including alloys . . . . .	212	254	19.8	282	337	19.5
Aluminum including alloys . . . . .	176	149	-15.3	297	267	-10.1
Copper and alloys . . . . .	129	155	20.2	294	359	22.1
Nickel and alloys . . . . .	189	170	-10.1	237	273	15.2
Metal fabricated basic products . . . . .	68	90	32.4	102	114	11.8
Industrial machinery . . . . .	204	274	34.3	321	387	20.6
Agricultural machinery & tractors . . . . .	162	199	22.8	172	211	22.7
Passenger automobiles and chassis . . . . .	1,519	1,654	8.9	1,559	1,680	7.8
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	496	584	17.7	548	610	11.3
Motor vehicle engines and engine parts . . . . .	386	405	4.9	388	408	5.2
Other motor vehicle parts* . . . . .	808	1,064	31.7	864	1,125	30.2
Aircraft, engines and parts . . . . .	229	246	7.4	365	305	-16.4
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	101	125	23.8	155	218	40.6
Office machines and equipment . . . . .	116	109	-6.0	141	156	10.6
Apparel and accessories . . . . .	49	59	20.4	67	84	25.4
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	8,290	9,899	19.4	11,433	14,021	22.6
b) Total Domestic Exports . . . . .	9,787	11,983	19.0	13,950	17,421	25.3
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	84.7	82.6		82.0	80.5	

\* (Re-exports of mainly parts)

**Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports,**  
October 1973 — Published only in Statistics Canada  
Daily and Infomat and available in machine  
readable form from CANSIM.

October's seasonally adjusted exports, at \$2,114 million, reached their highest level of the year, 7.4% over the third-quarter average. Shipments to the United States exceeded third-quarter average values by 7.6% and overseas countries by 6.8%.

On a year-to-year basis, unadjusted exports increased 19% to \$2,354 million. Exports to the United States advanced 25% to \$1,620 million, with sales of automotive and related products, crude petroleum, pulp, machinery and fabricated steel materials accounting for 55% of exports to that country and maintaining their share in the change from October 1972. Overseas exports rose 8% overall, with shipments gaining strongly to Japan and

moderately to the original EEC countries, but declining in other markets. Export expansion overseas was marked in the case of copper and lumber. Wheat exports on the other hand showed an actual decline.

On a year-to-date basis, unadjusted exports at \$20.2 billion were 24% higher than in 1972. Two-thirds of this rise was accounted for by the United States and one-sixth by Japan.

Exports of automotive and related products, crude oil, lumber, newsprint and machinery were responsible for 55% of exports to the United States in the January-to-October period but less so (50%) for the change over 1972. Deliveries of wheat, copper, nickel, lumber and oil seeds made up 39% of shipments overseas and 57% of the increase from 1972.

For further information, order the October issue of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

(see table on next page)



**Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports, October 1973.**  
(Domestic Exports plus Re-exports)

	Value		Change 1972-1973 (%)
	1972	1973	
	(\$ millions)		
<b>Month of October</b>			
United Kingdom . . . . .	140.6	137.5	-2.2
Other Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	72.1	71.9	-0.3
United States . . . . .	1,291.8	1,619.6	25.4
Japan . . . . .	100.4	170.6	69.9
European Economic Community* . . . . .	126.4	133.4	5.5
Latin America . . . . .	67.4	59.0	-12.5
Other Countries . . . . .	172.6	161.5	-6.4
Total Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	212.7	209.4	-1.6
Total Others . . . . .	1,758.6	2,144.1	21.9
<b>Grand Total</b> . . . . .	<b>1,971.3</b>	<b>2,353.5</b>	<b>19.4</b>
<b>January-October</b>			
United Kingdom . . . . .	1,107.3	1,230.1	11.1
Other Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	510.4	663.8	30.1
United States . . . . .	11,364.6	13,917.5	22.5
Japan . . . . .	770.3	1,363.1	77.0
European Economic Community* . . . . .	909.9	1,141.7	25.5
Latin America . . . . .	513.8	503.7	-2.0
Other Countries . . . . .	1,091.0	1,343.8	23.2
Total Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	1,617.7	1,893.9	17.1
Total Others . . . . .	14,649.6	18,269.8	24.7
<b>Grand Total</b> . . . . .	<b>16,267.3</b>	<b>20,163.7</b>	<b>24.0</b>

\* Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973.

Note: Figures may not add because of rounding.

**Exports (including re-exports)**  
Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
<b>1972</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	4,667	3,313	285	1,069
Second Quarter . . . . .	5,008	3,476	376	1,156
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,785	3,325	310	1,150
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,605	3,811	389	1,405
<b>1973</b>				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,887	4,113	397	1,377
Second Quarter . . . . .	6,167	4,215	349	1,603
Third Quarter . . . . .	5,991	4,067	368	1,556
<b>1973</b>				
January . . . . .	1,918	1,371	111	436
February . . . . .	1,968	1,371	120	447
March . . . . .	2,001	1,371	166	464
April . . . . .	2,047	1,358	121	568
May . . . . .	2,073	1,446	100	527
June . . . . .	2,047	1,411	128	508
July . . . . .	2,108	1,473	121	514
August . . . . .	1,898	1,208	132	558
September . . . . .	1,985	1,386	115	484
October (preliminary) . . . . .	2,144	1,459	144	541
(see table on next page)				

**International Licensing Agreements, 1972 — Advance Information.**

Some 3,417 licensing agreements involving the acquisition by Canadian enterprises of technological know-how for the production of products or services have been reported under a survey to assess the incidence and importance of such agreements, particularly those of an international character, to Canadian enterprises. Agreements covering only distribution or marketing arrangements were not included.

The enquiry relating to 1972 was directed to approximately 6,000 enterprises surveyed for balance of payments purposes and also covered in their consolidated returns about 3,000 of their subsidiaries in Canada. The response to date has been about 90%.

The 3,417 agreements relating to the acquisition of technological know-how were reported by some 760 of the enterprises. The other respondents reported that they produced no products, processes or services which were covered by a licence or other formal agreement from another company concerning product rights, information exchange or market territories. Approximately 9% of the licences reported were executed or re-executed in 1972.

(continued)

**Domestic Exports of Selected Commodities**  
**Preliminary Figures for October 1973**

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change	1972	1973	Change
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Fish, excluding shellfish	18.5	29.2	57.8	33.1	50.3	52.0
Barley	2.7	4.7	74.1	20.5	32.4	58.0
Wheat	—	—	—	144.4	105.6	-26.9
Whisky	22.6	30.6	35.4	23.3	31.5	35.2
Tobacco	0.2	0.2	—	4.2	0.6	-85.7
Oil seeds	0.4	0.8	100.0	22.1	25.6	15.8
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap	34.5	44.0	27.5	49.9	65.4	31.1
Copper in ores, concentrates and scrap	2.2	4.2	90.9	26.3	60.6	130.4
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap	1.7	4.9	188.2	49.1	32.0	-34.8
Zinc in ores, concentrates and scrap	1.5	1.7	13.3	19.0	15.9	-16.3
Coal	—	0.2	—	16.5	14.3	-13.3
Crude Petroleum	88.4	131.1	48.3	88.4	131.1	48.3
Natural gas	23.6	28.8	22.0	23.6	28.8	22.0
Asbestos, unmanufactured	7.5	10.3	37.3	25.5	26.1	2.4
Lumber	101.4	111.2	9.7	116.0	141.3	21.8
Wood pulp and similar pulp	42.2	61.3	45.3	73.5	101.7	38.4
Newsprint paper	85.0	87.4	2.8	109.7	106.6	-2.8
Fertilizers and fertilizer materials	18.1	19.7	8.8	21.5	22.5	4.7
Iron and steel, including alloys	27.3	37.5	37.4	39.4	48.3	22.6
Aluminum including alloys	21.8	19.1	-12.4	33.2	35.9	8.1
Copper and alloys	17.0	19.7	15.9	36.2	45.6	26.0
Nickel and alloys	14.0	18.3	30.7	17.9	32.1	79.3
Metal fabricated basic products	9.6	11.6	20.8	13.7	14.0	2.2
Industrial machinery	28.1	36.0	28.1	44.3	54.5	23.0
Agricultural machinery & tractors	16.0	27.2	70.0	16.8	28.7	70.8
Passenger automobiles and chassis	193.8	237.9	22.8	198.9	241.4	21.4
Other motor vehicles	69.6	89.8	29.0	71.6	91.6	27.9
Motor vehicle engines and engine parts	37.3	50.3	34.9	37.5	50.8	35.5
Other motor vehicle parts*	107.0	120.5	12.6	110.4	127.4	15.4
Aircraft, engines and parts	27.8	29.2	5.0	34.0	37.2	9.4
Communication, related equipment	12.8	17.4	35.9	20.0	26.5	32.5
Office machines and equipment	11.6	9.9	-14.7	14.5	15.9	9.7
Apparel and accessories	7.9	9.7	22.8	9.7	13.4	38.1
a) All selected commodities	1,052.0	1,304.6	24.0	1,564.5	1,855.7	18.6
b) Total Domestic Exports	1,254.6	1,571.5	25.3	1,920.5	2,292.2	19.4
a) as percent of b)	83.9%	83.0%		81.5%	81.0%	
* (Re-exports of mainly parts)	4.5	6.2	37.8	4.9	10.8	120.4

Over 76% of all the licences reported were granted by licensors resident in the United States, 15% by residents of other countries and less than 9% by Canadian companies. U.S.-controlled companies in Canada were licensees for 59% of the licences granted by U.S. residents, 47% of those granted by residents in other countries and 68% of those by Canadian licensors.

About half the licences granted by all non-resident licensors and Canadian subsidiaries of foreign companies permit some form of market access beyond Canada. Some 23% of total licences provided for the vesting in licensors of rights to improvements made by the licensee. About 8% specified mandatory sources of supply of materials, components, sub-assemblies or equipment. In terms of value of purchases, these involved expenditures of over \$65 million by the companies concerned.

Other payments in excess of \$118 million were made to non-resident licensors in respect of fees or

royalties under the licensing agreements. Over 130 companies reported no payments to non-residents under their licensing agreements. Nearly 400 or about 53% of the companies reported payments up to \$100,000. Slightly more than 200 companies made payments between this amount and \$1 million, while 20 companies reported larger amounts. U.S.-controlled companies which held 58% of the total number of licences accounted for 79% of the payments to non-residents.

The manufacturing sector accounted for about 74% of the number of licences, 80% of the payments to non-residents and 72% of the value of purchases from the mandatory sources of supply.

Some 123 enterprises also reported that they had granted almost 500 licences to non-residents. About two-thirds of these licences were granted by U.S.-controlled enterprises — largely to non-affiliated companies. Canadian receipts from these licences amounted to \$7.1 million. On an industry basis, the manufacturing sector accounted for 84% of the licences and for 60% of the receipts.

(see table on next page)

## Licensing Agreements Acquired by Canadian Enterprises, 1972

By Country of Control of Licensee

By Enterprise Industry of Licensee

	Total	Canada	United States	United Kingdom	All Other Countries	Petroleum	Manufacturing	Mining	Merchandising	Financial	Other
Licences reported	No. 3,417	672	1,991	547	207	164	2,523	49	483	10	188
Licences covered by master agreements	No. 1,988	363	1,139	352	134	51	1,465	15	389	8	60
Master agreements	No. 867	117	596	84	70	23	682	10	92	8	52
Licences by country of residence of licensor:											
Canadian subsidiary of foreign company	No. 145	28	96	15	6	4	108	7	24	—	2
Other Canadian licensors	No. 152	31	106	10	5	4	128	4	9	—	7
United States	No. 2,623	561	1,555	450	57	142	1,893	29	394	9	156
United Kingdom	No. 141	16	57	59	9	4	103	1	29	—	4
Europe	No. 304	30	148	9	117	7	250	6	25	—	15
Japan	No. 16	1	9	2	4	2	13	—	1	—	—
Other	No. 36	5	20	2	9	1	28	2	1	—	4
Licences held from affiliates:											
In Canada	No. 101	66	28	3	4	—	33	—	5	—	63
Outside Canada	No. 1,154	39	785	292	38	38	751	1	308	3	53
Licences held from non-resident individuals or corporations and from Canadian subsidiaries of foreign companies that:											
Vest rights to improvements in licensor	No. 788	87	314	312	75	38	455	8	277	—	10
Allow market access to:											
All countries	No. 1,196	437	664	45	50	72	957	39	21	—	107
All countries other than source of licence	No. 113	4	102	4	3	2	105	—	6	—	—
Same countries other than source of licence	No. 302	42	208	40	12	8	263	1	22	—	7
Canada only	No. 1,654	158	911	448	137	78	1,070	5	425	1	67
Specify mandatory source of supply of materials, components, sub-assemblies or equipment	No. 277	23	216	15	23	3	227	3	36	—	8
Value of purchases from mandatory sources	\$'000 65,504	9,342	48,240	3,199	4,723	50	47,219	42	17,581	—	612
Payments to non-residents under licensing agreements	\$'000 118,872	8,249	93,614	8,568	8,441	2,186	95,764	237	13,912	416	6,357
Licensing agreements executed or re-executed in 1972	No. 298	67	185	31	15	12	213	5	33	3	32

(continued)

## Licensing Agreements Granted by Canadian Enterprises to Affiliates and Non-affiliates Abroad, 1972

By Country of Control of Licensor

By Enterprise Industry of Licensor

	Total	Canada	United States	United Kingdom(1)	All Other Countries	Petroleum(2)	Manufacturing	Mining	Merchandising	Utilities(2)	Other
Affiliates											
Licences reported	No. 97	9	81	—	7	—	84	4	5	—	4
Receipts from non-residents	\$'000 1,520	55	1,446	—	19	—	1,130	57	333	—	—
Non-affiliates											
Licences reported	No. 394	87	234	—	73	—	328	22	17	—	27
Receipts from non-residents	\$'000 5,566	1,614	2,888	—	1,064	—	3,142	1,133	902	—	389
Totals											
Licences reported	No. 491	96	315	—	80	—	412	26	22	—	31
Receipts from non-residents	\$'000 7,086	1,669	4,334	—	1,083	—	4,272	1,190	1,235	—	389



Further information will be contained in the *Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments*, Third Quarter 1973 (67-001, 75¢/\$3), or contact Mr. C. Spiteri (613-996-2545), Balance of Payments Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.

#### **Department Store Sales and Stocks, September 1973** — Advance Information.

Department store sales were \$364.7 million during September 1973, an increase of 6.2% from the \$343.5 million registered in September 1972.

Sales rose in thirty-one of the thirty-nine departments. The largest sales increases were recorded by furs (26.4%), jewellery (26.1%), furniture (20.5%), and receipts from meals and lunches (20.5%). All provinces reported increases.

The selling value of stocks held in September 1973 was \$992.8 million, up 6.7% from September 1972. Inventories increased in 25 of the 39 departments, with the largest increase registered by food and kindred products (39.3%). The largest decrease in inventory was recorded by millinery (15.1%).

For further information, order the September 1973 issue of *Department Store Sales and Stocks* (63-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

#### **Dairy Factory Production, October 1973** — Advance Information.

Production of creamery butter fell 4.7% in October to 21.2 million pounds from 22.3 million a year earlier. Cheddar cheese production increased 5.5% to 17.8 million pounds from 16.9 million and production of ice cream mix rose 4.0% to 2.2 million gallons from 2.1 million gallons.

For further information, order the October issue of *Dairy Factory Production* (32-002, 10¢/\$1), or contact J.H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

#### **Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products,** November 1, 1973 — Advance Information.

Cold storage holdings of creamery butter were up to 55.1 million pounds on November 1 compared with last year's corresponding total of 53.3 million, and stocks of cheddar cheese were down to 70.0 million pounds from 78.7 million. Stocks of skim milk powder dropped 42.1% to 104.9 million pounds and stocks of evaporated whole milk decreased 8.9% to 34.6 million.

For further information, order the November issue of *Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products* (32-009, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

#### **Cigarettes, October 1973** — Advance Information.

Production of cigarettes for October amounted to 5.71 billion compared to 4.85 billion for the same month in 1972.

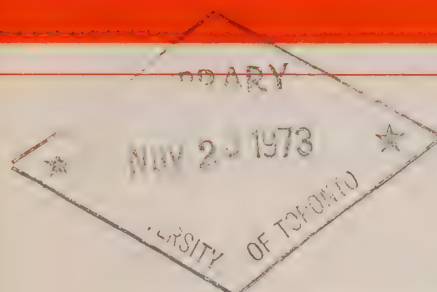
For further information, order the October issue of *Service Bulletin, Tobacco and Tobacco Products* Vol. 2, No. 13 (32-022, \$1 a year), or contact W. Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### **Steel Ingots, Week ended November 17, 1973** — Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended November 17 totalled 263,956 tons, a decrease of 3.2% from the preceding week's total of 272,714 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 242,499 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 144.1 in the current week, 148.8 a week earlier and 132.3 one year ago.

# Statistics Canada

## daily



Tuesday, November 20, 1973

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The final revision of the bulletin **Salaries of Full-time Teaching Staff at Canadian Universities and Colleges 1972-1973** is now available on request. For more information please contact: Louise Desramaux (613-994-5725), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z5.

### Publications Released

**Households by Characteristics of Head, 1971 Census** (93-705, 50¢)

**Police Administration Statistics, 1972** (85-204, \$1)

**Exports by Commodities, September 1973** (65-004, 75¢/\$7.50)

**Honey Yield Forecast, 1973** (23-209, 25¢)

**Service Bulletins — Aviation** (51-004, \$3 a year), Vol. 5, No. 44, Civil Aviation, June 1973;  
**Fruit and Vegetable Preservation** (32-023, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 19, Process Apricots, 1973.



# **Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Initial and renewal claims for unemployment insurance were 161,000 in September, virtually no change from the previous month but 7% less than the 173,000 received in September 1972.

At the end of September, 676,000 claimants were registered for unemployment insurance benefit, a decline of 2% from the August count of 691,000. Compared to September 1972, a similar drop was recorded.

Benefit paid to claimants in September decreased to \$122 million, 9% less than the \$135 million for August and 5% less than the \$128 million for September 1972. Claimants received 1.81 million weeks of benefit in September, down 10% from the August total of 2.01 million and 13% less than the 2.08 million in September 1972. The average weekly payment rose 1% to \$68.03 from the previous month's average of \$67.37. It was 10% more than the year-earlier payment of \$61.93.

Province	Initial and Renewal Claims Received			Claimants(a) Reporting to District Offices			Benefit Paid(b) (\$000)		
	Sept. 1973	Aug. 1973	Sept. 1972	Sept. 28 1973	Aug. 31 1973	Sept. 29 1972	Sept. 1973	Aug. 1973	Sept. 1972
Newfoundland . . . . .	6,114	4,973	5,622	30,916	30,288	24,864	4,735	5,203	3,775
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	908	654	856	3,845	3,756	3,169	564	621	443
Nova Scotia . . . . .	5,616	6,231	6,609	27,800	28,652	27,705	4,307	4,964	4,432
New Brunswick . . . . .	6,258	5,183	5,857	30,219	29,470	25,907	4,565	5,086	3,941
Quebec . . . . .	45,340	48,913	51,144	207,130	208,961	214,087	41,393	47,241	43,840
Ontario . . . . .	56,395	54,791	58,311	217,065	224,309	230,294	40,768	40,778	43,265
Manitoba . . . . .	5,707	5,904	6,108	21,399	22,756	23,808	3,314	4,038	3,902
Saskatchewan . . . . .	4,089	3,855	4,619	14,152	15,766	16,385	2,288	2,854	2,457
Alberta . . . . .	9,604	9,318	11,850	34,716	36,735	40,021	5,066	6,335	6,835
British Columbia . . . . .	20,508	20,479	21,893	87,251	88,323	84,592	15,936	18,205	15,975
Yukon Territory . . . . .	200	151	223	836	828	734	170	195	143
Northwest Territories . . . . .	170	121	116	711	730	439	143	172	76
Outside Canada . . . . .	61	53	73	204	211	207	44	38	33
Adjustments(c) . . . . .							1,210	1,149	978
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>160,970</b>	<b>160,626</b>	<b>173,281</b>	<b>676,244</b>	<b>690,785</b>	<b>692,212</b>	<b>122,083</b>	<b>134,579</b>	<b>128,138</b>

Province	Weeks Paid			Average Weekly Payment		
	Sept. 1973	Aug. 1973	Sept. 1972	Sept. 1973	Aug. 1973	Sept. 1972
Newfoundland . . . . .	77,145	84,463	68,076	61.38	61.60	55.45
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	9,902	11,297	8,920	56.95	54.94	49.69
Nova Scotia . . . . .	67,530	78,313	79,621	63.78	63.39	55.66
New Brunswick . . . . .	76,104	85,236	70,280	59.99	59.67	56.08
Quebec . . . . .	615,428	710,071	719,874	67.26	66.53	60.90
Ontario . . . . .	591,545	604,869	685,290	68.92	67.42	63.13
Manitoba . . . . .	48,802	59,790	65,737	67.91	67.53	59.35
Saskatchewan . . . . .	34,526	43,196	41,373	66.26	66.08	59.39
Alberta . . . . .	69,704	88,258	106,400	72.67	71.77	64.24
British Columbia . . . . .	217,043	244,105	235,687	73.42	74.58	67.78
Yukon Territory . . . . .	2,150	2,441	1,999	79.04	79.86	71.32
Northwest Territories . . . . .	1,817	2,134	1,100	78.96	80.74	68.95
Outside Canada . . . . .	561	503	466	77.68	74.59	70.18
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>1,812,257</b>	<b>2,014,676</b>	<b>2,084,823</b>	<b>68.03</b>	<b>67.37</b>	<b>61.93</b>

(a) These figures are overstated by 20% to 25% in terms of active files. If a claimant does not report due to becoming re-employed, a period of 5 weeks is allowed to elapse before his claim is transferred to the inactive file.

(b) May not add to "Canada" totals due to rounding.

(c) Cancelled warrants and collection of overpayments.

For further information, order the September 1973 issue of *Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act* (73-001, 20¢) or contact Mr. George Fincham (613-992-7461), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.



## Prices and Price Indexes, November 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Nov. 15/73 This week	Nov. 8/73 Week ago	Oct. 18/73 Month ago
		1961=100		
Investors Index-Total . . . . .	114	190.1	198.0	198.2
Industrials-Total . . . . .	80	205.4	215.4	215.4
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	143.4	154.5	155.0
Foods . . . . .	10	152.2	151.8	144.8
Beverages . . . . .	7	260.8	268.0	273.5
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	158.0	175.3	170.9
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	151.3	166.2	166.8
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	384.5	403.4	386.7
Primary metals . . . . .	8	134.4	139.1	141.5
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	200.9	218.0	226.5
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	175.0	190.1	182.5
Petroleum . . . . .	7	330.9	339.2	331.8
Chemicals . . . . .	4	117.9	123.5	123.8
Construction . . . . .	4	159.4	163.3	163.5
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	147.7	152.1	158.6
Utilities-Total . . . . .	20	138.9	141.7	142.4
Pipeline . . . . .	5	140.8	141.4	143.9
Transportation . . . . .	4	313.2	319.9	329.9
Telephone . . . . .	3	83.6	83.5	84.8
Electric power . . . . .	3	110.4	117.8	114.2
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	161.1	163.7	154.3
Finance-Total . . . . .	14	187.8	192.5	193.0
Banks . . . . .	6	222.2	226.9	226.5
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	133.9	139.0	141.1
Mining Index Total . . . . .	22	133.7	141.9	140.4
Golds . . . . .	6	162.1	174.8	165.0
Base metals . . . . .	16	119.3	125.1	128.2
Uraniums . . . . .	4	283.0	301.9	277.4
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	484.1	499.1	472.8

For further information, order the November issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Railway Carloadings, Week Ended November 7, 1973.

Revenue freight loaded on railway cars in Canada during the first seven days of November totalled 5.4 million tons, up 13.8% from the corresponding period of 1972. Cars loaded in the week numbered 90,062, an increase of 7.5%.

Eastern loadings were up 21.5% to 3.0 million tons while those west of the Lakehead at 2.4 million tons were 5.3% higher than the previous year week. Cars rose by 13.5% in the east and 0.5% in the west.

Piggyback freight, which increased 3.3% in the east and 25.8% in the west during the first week of November, aggregated 163,989 tons in Canada, an over-all increase of 9.7% from the previous year period. Cars carrying trailer-on-flat-car and container-on-flat-car traffic were up 6.0% to 7,241.

During the period January 1 to November 7, 1973, over 204 million tons were loaded by railways, some 25 million tons or 14.1% more than a year earlier. Cars loaded during the year to date were up 7.2% to 3.5 million.

For further information, contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

(table continued on next page)

## Gas Utilities, September 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian consumers purchased 77.4 billion cubic feet of natural gas in September, up 12.2% from 69.0 billion a year earlier. Exports rose to 81.1 billion cubic feet from 77.9 billion.

For further information order the September issue of *Gas Utilities* (55-002, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin*, Vol. 7, No. 85 (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021).

7-day period ending November 7	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,026,761	2,387,292	5,414,053
Tons, 1972 .....	2,491,494	2,266,780	4,758,274
% change .....	21.5	5.3	13.8
Cars, 1973 .....	51,255	38,807	90,062
Cars, 1972 .....	45,148	38,628	83,776
% change .....	13.5	0.5	7.5
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	110,614	53,375	163,989
Tons, 1972 .....	107,054	42,412	149,466
% change .....	3.3	25.8	9.7
Cars, 1973 .....	4,819	2,422	7,241
Cars, 1972 .....	4,553	2,280	6,833
% change .....	5.8	6.2	6.0
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	115,535,665	88,514,936	204,050,601
Tons, 1972 .....	92,990,138	85,885,631	178,875,769
% change .....	24.2	3.1	14.1
Cars, 1973 .....	2,010,511	1,441,841	3,452,352
Cars, 1972 .....	1,755,664	1,465,885	3,221,549
% change .....	14.5	-1.6	7.2
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	4,909,057	1,955,113	6,864,170
Tons, 1972 .....	4,164,949	1,902,154	6,067,103
% change .....	17.9	2.8	13.1
Cars, 1973 .....	205,281	96,383	301,664
Cars, 1972 .....	183,736	92,328	276,064
% change .....	11.7	4.4	9.3

\*Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

#### Oils and Fats, August 1973 — Advance Information.

##### Manufacturers' Sales

	Margarine		Shortening*		Salad Oils	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	('000 pounds)					
Retail sales (20 lbs. or less) .....	16,654	13,914	2,931	2,901	3,632	4,709
Commercial sales (21-450 lbs.) .....	647	1,291	15,382	14,818	2,587	1,829
Bulk sales to packagers or bottlers .....	7,107	5,486	2,099	821	3,145	2,399
Bulk sales to other than packagers or bottlers .....	—	—	12,320	13,789	3,695	2,865

\*Includes baking and frying oils and fats.

For further information, order the August issue of *Oils and Fats* (32-006, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. T.P. Sterling (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Sugar Sales, October 1973 — Advance Information.

For October, Canadian sugar refineries reported total sales of 218.34 million pounds of all types of sugar, 209.74 million pounds in domestic sales and 8.60 million in export sales.

For further information, order the October issue of *Sugar Situation* (32-013, 10¢/\$1).

compared to 65.70 million in 1972. These shipments were valued f.o.b. plant at \$4.79 million in 1973, up from \$4.34 million in 1972.

For further information, order the September issue of *Service Bulletin, Rubber and Plastic Industries*, Vol. 2, No. 8, (47-002, \$1 a year), or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Production and Shipments of Plastic Bottles, Third Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.

There were 102.16 million plastic bottles produced during the quarter ended in September, an increase from the 89.48 million in the same quarter of 1972. Shipments of plastic bottles (excluding intra-company transfers) amounted to 70.88 million

#### Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports, October 1973 — Correction.

October's seasonally adjusted exports totalled \$2,144 million, not \$2,114 million as reported at the start of an item in the *Daily* of Monday, November 19. The correct figure was used in tables accompanying the article.

# Statistics Canada

## daily

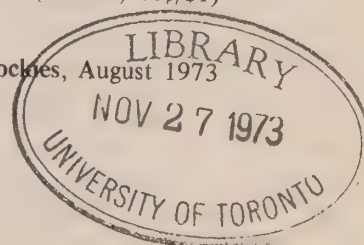
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Average weekly hours declined in August in

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Detailed information for June and July will be published in the August issue of *Employment, Earnings and Hours* (72-002, 40¢/\$4), and is also available from Mr. R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

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## Advance Employment, Earnings and Hours Data, September 1973

Industry Division and Area	Employment Index Numbers									
	Unadjusted for seasonal variations					Seasonally-adjusted				
	Sept. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	July 1973 <sup>p</sup>	June 1973 <sup>r</sup>	Sept. 1972	Aug. 1972	Sept. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	July 1973 <sup>p</sup>	June 1973 <sup>r</sup>
	1961=100									
<b>Industry Division:</b>										
Forestry . . . . .	100.3	102.6	101.6	97.1	94.1	94.5	82.5	83.0	81.8	82.5
Mining . . . . .	110.9	114.4	114.9	114.5	111.9	110.8	110.8	110.8	110.7	111.2
Manufacturing . . . . .	132.5	132.7	131.0	132.8	127.3	126.7	130.2	129.9	131.3	130.0
Durables . . . . .	147.9	147.4	144.7	146.0	138.0	136.9	146.7	146.5	147.9	143.1
Non-durables . . . . .	120.0	120.8	119.9	122.1	118.6	118.3	116.6	116.1	117.7	119.2
Construction . . . . .	123.6	124.1	122.1	118.3	123.0	125.7	109.8	109.9	111.4	111.0
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	121.5	106.8	122.5	124.5	117.6	118.4	118.7	102.8	119.1	121.3
Trade . . . . .	156.6	151.5	150.9	154.3	147.3	143.4	156.0	154.3	153.5	154.0
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	158.3	158.4	158.6	157.8	149.7	149.9	158.7	157.8	156.8	156.5
Service . . . . .	213.7	216.3	215.0	214.0	198.3	204.2	208.7	204.9	205.8	206.5
Industrial Composite . . . . .	139.5	136.5	138.4	139.5	133.5	133.3	136.2	132.5	136.5	136.2
<b>Industrial Composite:</b>										
Atlantic Region . . . . .	133.9	130.5	134.5	132.5	127.6	131.3	127.1	121.2	127.1	126.8
Newfoundland . . . . .	142.4	138.6	142.9	139.7	136.7	140.5	131.0	126.1	132.2	129.4
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	161.9	152.0	166.0	156.0	154.2	159.7	144.3	132.8	148.0	144.4
Nova Scotia . . . . .	127.6	125.3	126.0	124.4	118.2	123.3	123.8	120.2	121.0	120.7
New Brunswick . . . . .	133.4	129.6	136.3	135.3	130.3	132.3	126.6	119.0	127.7	128.8
Quebec . . . . .	127.9	126.1	126.5	128.6	124.1	123.6	124.1	121.7	123.5	125.7
Ontario . . . . .	144.5	141.7	142.2	144.2	136.5	135.7	142.1	139.4	142.8	141.5
Prairie Region . . . . .	136.7	131.0	137.3	137.5	132.6	133.7	132.8	125.9	132.4	134.0
Manitoba . . . . .	123.4	114.0	122.3	122.7	120.1	119.8	119.9	110.3	118.9	120.2
Saskatchewan . . . . .	124.3	118.2	124.3	125.2	121.2	122.2	119.9	112.6	118.4	120.9
Alberta . . . . .	152.8	150.4	155.1	154.8	147.8	150.0	148.7	144.7	148.6	150.8
British Columbia . . . . .	161.8	158.7	162.5	161.0	154.5	153.1	157.4	152.6	158.0	158.7
Yukon . . . . .	179.8	173.1	185.4	181.2	173.5	179.4	172.5	162.7	170.2	167.3
Northwest Territories . . . . .	163.3	160.1	171.0	162.5	168.7	169.4	147.4	136.6	151.5	151.6
Canada . . . . .	139.5	136.5	138.4	139.5	133.5	133.3	136.2	132.5	136.5	136.2

Industry Division and Area	Average Weekly Earnings									
	Unadjusted for seasonal variations					Seasonally-adjusted				
	Sept. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	July 1973 <sup>p</sup>	June 1973 <sup>r</sup>	Sept. 1972	Aug. 1972	Sept. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	July 1973 <sup>p</sup>	June 1973 <sup>r</sup>
	dollars									
<b>Industry Division:</b>										
Forestry . . . . .	200.9	194.56	192.84	195.29	180.04	168.63	199.83	198.96	202.61	206.90
Mining . . . . .	214.81	210.35	207.89	209.55	191.86	188.70	216.83	216.52	212.87	212.18
Manufacturing . . . . .	169.19	165.56	164.54	167.93	160.09	156.91	168.33	167.11	166.02	167.08
Durables . . . . .	183.47	178.68	176.47	181.35	173.64	169.40	180.69	179.33	178.11	180.05
Non-durables . . . . .	154.92	152.59	152.87	154.91	147.27	145.16	155.81	154.62	153.72	154.42
Construction . . . . .	237.54	233.34	226.87	223.70	226.26	218.13	227.79	227.14	223.74	223.79
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	184.65	184.74	174.65	178.97	168.96	168.05	184.50	184.61	174.13	173.31
Trade . . . . .	128.73	129.24	129.80	128.49	118.61	119.52	129.03	128.60	127.67	126.47
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	153.01	152.94	153.04	152.99	141.76	140.74	153.73	153.19	151.96	152.21
Service . . . . .	115.46	115.21	115.76	114.48	106.67	108.16	116.38	115.68	115.33	114.24
Industrial Composite . . . . .	163.33	161.29	159.24	160.71	152.45	150.90	162.39	161.19	159.18	159.96
<b>Industrial Composite:</b>										
Atlantic Region . . . . .	140.13	138.75	137.21	136.91	127.28	125.23	140.21	140.51	138.62	137.90
Newfoundland . . . . .	154.41	152.95	152.09	151.09	139.67	132.49	154.12	153.66	154.31	152.42
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	113.42	111.02	111.22	113.27	102.08	100.83	117.84	113.09	111.09	115.25
Nova Scotia . . . . .	138.26	137.73	135.88	134.85	124.16	124.17	137.11	138.31	135.78	135.23
New Brunswick . . . . .	135.06	132.97	131.38	132.08	124.91	124.08	137.09	136.69	132.84	133.79
Quebec . . . . .	156.43	153.96	151.95	153.15	146.20	144.19	155.67	153.91	152.29	152.84
Ontario . . . . .	168.49	166.26	164.20	166.53	158.54	156.72	167.42	165.91	163.68	165.11
Prairie Region . . . . .	155.75	154.36	153.10	153.14	144.13	145.00	154.73	152.88	151.55	151.86
Manitoba . . . . .	147.91	145.76	147.16	144.73	137.34	138.40	147.20	144.00	144.86	143.07
Saskatchewan . . . . .	146.22	143.53	142.71	141.90	133.70	133.19	146.06	143.85	142.40	140.93
Alberta . . . . .	164.16	163.25	160.38	162.44	152.24	152.67	163.12	162.16	159.49	161.89
British Columbia . . . . .	182.37	181.66	178.60	180.14	169.62	168.16	180.48	181.84	177.39	179.64
Yukon . . . . .	218.21	218.70	207.36	212.19	199.56	201.44	217.04	219.69	203.13	203.81
Northwest Territories . . . . .	211.31	208.66	197.45	197.92	204.79	210.00	213.23	207.56	201.79	198.28
Canada . . . . .	163.33	161.29	159.24	160.71	152.45	150.90	162.39	161.19	159.18	159.96

Industry Division and Area	Average Weekly Hours								Average Hourly Earnings							
	Unadjusted for seasonal variations				Seasonally-adjusted				Unadjusted for seasonal variations				Seasonally-adjusted			
	Sept. 73 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 73 <sup>p</sup>	July 73 <sup>p</sup>	June 73 <sup>r</sup>	Sept. 72	Aug. 72	Sept. 73 <sup>f</sup>	June 73 <sup>r</sup>	Sept. 72	Aug. 72	Sept. 73 <sup>f</sup>	June 73 <sup>r</sup>	Sept. 72	Aug. 72	Sept. 73 <sup>f</sup>	June 73 <sup>r</sup>
	number								dollars							
<b>Industry Division:</b>																
Mining including milling . . . . .	41.1	40.4	40.2	40.9	40.1	39.9	4.87	4.86	4.80	4.78	4.42	4.33	40.8	40.7	41.2	41.0
Manufacturing . . . . .	39.6	39.0	38.7	39.9	40.7	40.0	3.90	3.85	3.84	3.85	3.59	3.56	39.0	38.9	39.0	39.4
Durables . . . . .	40.4	39.5	39.0	40.8	41.3	40.5	4.25	4.19	4.17	4.16	3.90	3.86	39.7	39.4	39.4	40.5
Non-durables . . . . .	38.9	38.4	38.4	39.1	40.1	39.6	3.50	3.48	3.50	3.52	3.28	3.26	38.5	38.2	38.5	38.9
Construction . . . . .	41.8	41.4	41.1	39.9	42.2	42.2	5.72	5.66	5.52	5.59	5.24	5.15	39.4	39.0	39.4	39.2
Building . . . . .	39.5	39.2	38.6	37.8	39.8	39.7	6.01	5.91	5.79	5.82	5.47	5.35	37.7	37.7	37.5	37.7
Engineering . . . . .	46.1	45.5	45.4	43.5	46.5	46.8	5.27	5.25	5.10	5.21	4.90	4.85	42.7	41.9	43.0	41.9
<b>Manufacturing:</b>																
Atlantic Region . . . . .	39.3	38.9	39.3	39.5	40.6	40.0	3.19	3.19	3.16	3.14	2.88	2.85	39.3	39.2	39.0	38.5
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**Railway Operating Statistics, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Six major railways reported revenues of \$150.8 million from Canadian operations in September, a decline of 2.4% from the same month of 1972. Expenses rose 1.5% to \$150.1 million, leaving a net income of \$737,618 — 88.8% below the \$6.6 million of the previous year.

Freight ton-miles declined 0.8% to 10,530 million and passenger-miles dropped sharply to 93.2 million, nearly 42% below that of September, 1972.

This reflected lingering effects of month-long rotating strikes and the nation-wide shutdown of railway operations which occurred immediately prior to the period under review.

During the first three quarters of 1973, railway revenues rose 5.6% while expenses increased 7.9%. Net income over the nine months dropped 61.4% to \$17.1 million.

For further information order the September issue of *Railway Operating Statistics* (52-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

**Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, November 1 — Advance Information.**

Total frozen meat in cold storage at the opening of the first business day of November amounted to 86.5 million pounds compared with 71.5 million last month and 84.6 million a year ago.

For further information, order the November issue of *Stocks of Frozen Meat Products* (32-012, 30¢/\$3), or contact J.H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

**Shipments of Prefabricated Buildings of Own Manufacture, 1972 — Advance Information.**

The total value of shipments of prefabricated buildings of Canadian manufacture increased 35% to \$222.97 million in 1972 from \$164.81 million in 1971.

For further information, order the 1972 issue of *Shipments of Prefabricated Buildings of Own Manufacture* (35-215, 25¢), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Campus Book Stores, 1972-73 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary estimates show 1972-73 retail sales of 199 campus bookstores increased 7.8% to \$44.1 million. Employment of 1,200 full- and part-time personnel during the last week of November 1972 was 5.3% more than a year earlier and total payroll expanded 15.7% to \$5.9 million. Text books accounted for two-thirds of the total sales, trade books 12% and stationery and supplies 14%.

For further information, order the 1972-73 issue of *Campus Book Stores* (62-219, 50¢), or contact Mr. Michael Kwilecki (613-996-9278), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.



# Statistics Canada

## daily

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For further information, order the July issue of *Oil Pipe Line Transport* (55-001, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin* Vol. 8, No. 88 (57-002, \$3 a year), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



## Advance Employment, Earnings and Hours Data, September 1973

Industry Division and Area	Employment Index Numbers									
	Unadjusted for seasonal variations					Seasonally-adjusted				
	Sept. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 1973P	July 1973P	June 1973 <sup>r</sup>	Sept. 1972	Aug. 1972	Sept. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 1973P	July 1973P	June 1973 <sup>r</sup>
	1961=100									
Industry Division:										
Forestry	100.3	102.6	101.6	97.1	94.1	94.5	82.5	83.0	81.8	82.5
Mining	110.9	114.4	114.9	114.5	111.9	110.8	110.8	110.8	110.7	111.2
Manufacturing	132.5	132.7	131.0	132.8	127.3	126.7	130.2	129.9	131.3	130.0
Durables	147.9	147.4	144.7	146.0	138.0	136.9	146.7	146.5	147.9	143.1
Non-durables	120.0	120.8	119.9	122.1	118.6	118.3	116.6	116.1	117.7	119.2
Construction	123.6	124.1	122.1	118.3	123.0	125.7	109.8	109.9	111.4	111.0
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities	121.5	106.8	122.5	124.5	117.6	118.4	118.7	102.8	119.1	121.3
Trade	156.6	151.5	150.9	154.3	147.3	143.4	156.0	154.3	153.5	154.0
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	158.3	158.4	158.6	157.8	149.7	149.9	158.7	157.8	156.8	156.5
Service	213.7	216.3	215.0	214.0	198.3	204.2	208.7	204.9	205.8	206.5
Industrial Composite	139.5	136.5	138.4	139.5	133.5	133.3	136.2	132.5	136.5	136.2
Industrial Composite:										
Atlantic Region	133.9	130.5	134.5	132.5	127.6	131.3	127.1	121.2	127.1	126.8
Newfoundland	142.4	138.6	142.9	139.7	136.7	140.5	131.0	126.1	132.2	129.4
Prince Edward Island	161.9	152.0	166.0	156.0	154.2	159.7	144.3	132.8	148.0	144.4
Nova Scotia	127.6	125.3	126.0	124.4	118.2	123.3	123.8	120.2	121.0	120.7
New Brunswick	133.4	129.6	136.3	135.3	130.3	132.3	126.6	119.0	127.7	128.8
Quebec	127.9	126.1	126.5	128.6	124.1	123.6	124.1	121.7	123.5	125.7
Ontario	144.5	141.7	142.2	144.2	136.5	135.7	142.1	139.4	142.8	141.5
Prairie Region	136.7	131.0	137.3	137.5	132.6	133.7	132.8	125.9	132.4	134.0
Manitoba	123.4	114.0	122.3	122.7	120.1	119.8	119.9	110.3	118.9	120.2
Saskatchewan	124.3	118.2	124.3	125.2	121.2	122.2	119.9	112.6	118.4	120.9
Alberta	152.8	150.4	155.1	154.8	147.8	150.0	148.7	144.7	148.6	150.8
British Columbia	161.8	158.7	162.5	161.0	154.5	153.1	157.4	152.6	158.0	158.7
Yukon	179.8	173.1	185.4	181.2	173.5	179.4	172.5	162.7	170.2	167.3
Northwest Territories	163.3	160.1	171.0	162.5	168.7	169.4	147.4	136.6	151.5	151.6
Canada	139.5	136.5	138.4	139.5	133.5	133.3	136.2	132.5	136.5	136.2

Industry Division and Area	Average Weekly Earnings									
	Unadjusted for seasonal variations						Seasonally-adjusted			
	Sept. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	July 1973 <sup>p</sup>	June 1973 <sup>r</sup>	Sept. 1972	Aug. 1972	Sept. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	July 1973 <sup>p</sup>	June 1973 <sup>r</sup>
	dollars									
Industry Division:										
Forestry . . . . .	200.9	194.56	192.84	195.29	180.04	168.63	199.83	198.96	202.61	206.90
Mining . . . . .	214.81	210.35	207.89	209.55	191.86	188.70	216.83	216.52	212.87	212.18
Manufacturing . . . . .	169.19	165.56	164.54	167.93	160.09	156.91	168.33	167.11	166.02	167.08
Durables . . . . .	183.47	178.68	176.47	181.35	173.64	169.40	180.69	179.33	178.11	180.05
Non-durables . . . . .	154.92	152.59	152.87	154.91	147.27	145.16	155.81	154.62	153.72	154.42
Construction . . . . .	237.54	233.34	226.87	223.70	226.26	218.13	227.79	227.14	223.74	223.79
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	184.65	184.74	174.65	178.97	168.96	168.05	184.50	184.61	174.13	179.31
Trade . . . . .	128.73	129.24	129.80	128.49	118.61	119.52	129.03	128.60	127.67	126.47
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	153.01	152.94	153.04	152.99	141.76	140.74	153.73	153.19	151.96	152.21
Service . . . . .	115.46	115.21	115.76	114.48	106.67	108.16	116.38	115.68	115.33	114.24
Industrial Composite . . . . .	163.33	161.29	159.24	160.71	152.45	150.90	162.39	161.19	159.18	159.96
Industrial Composite:										
Atlantic Region . . . . .	140.13	138.75	137.21	136.91	127.28	125.23	140.21	140.51	138.62	137.90
Newfoundland . . . . .	154.41	152.95	152.09	151.09	139.67	132.49	154.12	153.66	154.31	152.42
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	113.42	111.02	111.22	113.27	102.08	100.83	117.84	113.09	111.09	115.25
Nova Scotia . . . . .	138.26	137.73	135.88	134.85	124.16	124.17	137.11	138.31	135.78	135.23
New Brunswick . . . . .	135.06	132.97	131.38	132.08	124.91	124.08	137.09	136.69	132.84	133.79
Quebec . . . . .	156.43	153.96	151.95	153.15	146.20	144.19	155.67	153.91	152.29	152.84
Ontario . . . . .	168.49	166.26	164.20	166.53	158.54	156.72	167.42	165.91	163.68	165.11
Prairie Region . . . . .	155.75	154.36	153.10	153.14	144.13	145.00	154.73	152.88	151.55	151.86
Manitoba . . . . .	147.91	145.76	147.16	144.73	137.34	138.40	147.20	144.00	144.86	143.07
Saskatchewan . . . . .	146.22	143.53	142.71	141.90	133.70	135.19	146.06	143.85	142.40	140.93
Alberta . . . . .	164.16	163.25	160.38	162.44	152.24	152.67	163.12	162.16	159.49	161.89
British Columbia . . . . .	182.37	181.66	178.60	180.14	169.62	168.16	180.48	181.84	177.39	179.64
Yukon . . . . .	218.21	218.70	207.36	212.19	199.56	201.44	217.04	219.69	203.13	203.81
Northwest Territories . . . . .	211.31	208.66	197.45	197.92	204.79	210.00	213.23	207.56	201.79	198.28
Canada . . . . .	163.33	161.29	159.24	160.71	152.45	150.90	162.39	161.19	159.18	159.96

Industry Division and Area	Average Weekly Hours						Average Hourly Earnings						Average Weekly Hours				Average Hourly Earnings			
	Unadjusted for seasonal variations												Seasonally-adjusted							
	Sept. 73 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 73 <sup>p</sup>	July 73 <sup>p</sup>	June 73 <sup>r</sup>	Sept. 72	Aug. 72	Sept. 73 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 73 <sup>p</sup>	July 73 <sup>p</sup>	June 73 <sup>r</sup>	Sept. 72	Aug. 72	Sept. 73 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 73 <sup>p</sup>	July 73 <sup>p</sup>	June 73 <sup>r</sup>	Sept. 73 <sup>f</sup>	Aug. 73 <sup>p</sup>	July 73 <sup>p</sup>	June 73 <sup>r</sup>
	number						dollars						number				dollars			
Industry Division:																				
Mining including milling . . . . .	41.1	40.4	40.2	40.9	40.1	39.9	4.87	4.86	4.80	4.78	4.42	4.33	40.8	40.7	41.2	41.0	4.91	4.96	4.87	4.80
Manufacturing . . . . .	39.6	39.0	38.7	39.9	40.7	40.0	3.90	3.85	3.84	3.85	3.59	3.56	39.0	38.9	39.0	39.4	3.92	3.89	3.88	3.84
Durables . . . . .	40.4	39.5	39.0	40.8	41.3	40.5	4.25	4.19	4.17	4.16	3.90	3.86	39.7	39.4	39.4	40.5	4.26	4.21	4.20	4.15
Non-durables . . . . .	38.9	38.4	38.4	39.1	40.1	39.6	3.50	3.48	3.50	3.52	3.28	3.26	38.5	38.2	38.5	38.9	3.54	3.54	3.52	3.51
Construction . . . . .	41.8	41.4	41.1	39.9	42.2	42.2	5.72	5.66	5.52	5.59	5.24	5.15	39.4	39.0	39.4	39.2	5.78	5.79	5.65	5.66
Building . . . . .	39.5	39.2	38.6	37.8	39.8	39.7	6.01	5.91	5.79	5.82	5.47	5.35	37.7	37.7	37.5	37.7	6.02	5.98	5.88	5.87
Engineering . . . . .	46.1	45.5	45.4	43.5	46.5	46.8	5.27	5.25	5.10	5.21	4.90	4.85	42.7	41.9	43.0	41.9	5.35	5.40	5.27	5.28
Manufacturing:																				
Atlantic Region . . . . .	39.3	38.9	39.3	39.5	40.6	40.0	3.19	3.19	3.16	3.14	2.88	2.85	39.3	39.2	39.0	38.5	3.26	3.32	3.26	3.23
Quebec . . . . .	40.4	39.8	39.0	40.0	41.6	40.8	3.37	3.33	3.34	3.36	3.13	3.09	39.8	39.3	39.4	40.3	3.38	3.37	3.36	3.33
Ontario . . . . .	39.8	38.9	38.7	40.5	41.0	40.2	4.12	4.07	4.04	4.05	3.80	3.77	39.2	38.8	38.9	40.1	4.14	4.09	4.08	4.04
Prairie Region . . . . .	38.0	37.9	38.3	39.0	38.9	38.8	3.91	3.86	3.85	3.84	3.55	3.54	37.7	37.5	38.3	38.5	3.91	3.88	3.83	3.82
British Columbia . . . . .	37.5	37.1	37.5	37.8	37.6	37.3	4.98	4.96	4.92	4.92	4.61	4.56	37.5	37.6	37.7	37.9	5.01	5.02	4.98	4.94



**Railway Operating Statistics, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Six major railways reported revenues of \$150.8 million from Canadian operations in September, a decline of 2.4% from the same month of 1972. Expenses rose 1.5% to \$150.1 million, leaving a net income of \$737,618 — 88.8% below the \$6.6 million of the previous year.

Freight ton-miles declined 0.8% to 10,530 million and passenger-miles dropped sharply to 93.2 million, nearly 42% below that of September, 1972.

This reflected lingering effects of month-long rotating strikes and the nation-wide shutdown of railway operations which occurred immediately prior to the period under review.

During the first three quarters of 1973, railway revenues rose 5.6% while expenses increased 7.9%. Net income over the nine months dropped 61.4% to \$17.1 million.

For further information order the September issue of *Railway Operating Statistics* (52-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

**Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, November 1 — Advance Information.**

Total frozen meat in cold storage at the opening of the first business day of November amounted to 86.5 million pounds compared with 71.5 million last month and 84.6 million a year ago.

For further information, order the November issue of *Stocks of Frozen Meat Products* (32-012, 30¢/\$3), or contact J.H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

**Shipments of Prefabricated Buildings of Own Manufacture, 1972 — Advance Information.**

The total value of shipments of prefabricated buildings of Canadian manufacture increased 35% to \$222.97 million in 1972 from \$164.81 million in 1971.

For further information, order the 1972 issue of *Shipments of Prefabricated Buildings of Own Manufacture* (35-215, 25¢), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Campus Book Stores, 1972-73 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary estimates show 1972-73 retail sales of 199 campus bookstores increased 7.8% to \$44.1 million. Employment of 1,200 full- and part-time personnel during the last week of November 1972 was 5.3% more than a year earlier and total payroll expanded 15.7% to \$5.9 million. Text books accounted for two-thirds of the total sales, trade books 12% and stationery and supplies 14%.

For further information, order the 1972-73 issue of *Campus Book Stores* (62-219, 50¢), or contact Mr. Michael Kwilecki (613-996-9278), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

# Statistics Canada daily

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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities, October 1973 —  
Advance Information

### Publications Released

Prices and Price Indexes, May 1973 (62-002, 40¢/\$4)

Farm Input Price Index, Third Quarter 1973 (62-004, 25¢/\$1)



**Summary of Imports, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

The External Trade Division reports that September imports increased to a value of \$1,773 million from \$1,490 million a year earlier and \$1,306 million in the same month of 1971. Imports for the nine months increased to \$16,727 million in 1973 from \$13,589 million in 1972 and \$11,297 million in 1971.

	September		January to September	
	1972	1973	1972	1973
	(\$ millions)			
Selected Countries				
United States . . . . .	1,008.7	1,268.8	9,319.2	11,827.7
United Kingdom . . . . .	71.4	67.6	696.6	757.9
Japan . . . . .	85.2	56.0	794.7	746.0
Germany, West . . . . .	39.2	38.7	373.6	440.0
Venezuela . . . . .	38.9	51.6	310.8	360.7
France . . . . .	20.7	20.6	189.2	234.9
Italy . . . . .	19.4	18.6	155.2	173.2
Australia . . . . .	9.6	14.0	136.3	142.3
Sweden . . . . .	10.9	11.4	103.5	122.2
Switzerland . . . . .	8.2	7.5	76.1	87.2
Netherlands . . . . .	10.4	10.1	68.0	86.1
Hong Kong . . . . .	8.2	7.8	74.9	78.7
Mexico . . . . .	2.6	3.1	39.6	61.8
All Countries . . . . .	1,489.7	1,772.8	13,588.9	16,727.2
Selected Commodities				
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	109.6	140.9	947.3	1,244.0
Coffee . . . . .	8.9	9.0	71.1	90.2
Sugar, raw . . . . .	10.6	24.1	76.5	102.9
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	133.9	166.1	1,142.1	1,419.8
Crude petroleum . . . . .	68.6	85.9	527.3	668.6
Coal . . . . .	16.4	16.7	117.3	112.0
Aluminium ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	2.6	6.3	55.0	66.1
Fabricated materials, inedible . . . . .	283.9	322.6	2,644.9	3,023.3
Fuel oil . . . . .	10.7	10.2	83.5	82.7
Organic chemicals . . . . .	11.7	14.2	125.6	153.3
Plate sheet and strip, steel . . . . .	14.7	18.3	135.1	153.2
Plastics materials, not shaped . . . . .	12.1	14.9	114.9	141.0
End products, inedible . . . . .	943.0	1,100.6	8,679.5	10,801.4
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	175.8	245.6	1,646.0	2,007.3
Sedans, new . . . . .	127.2	113.0	901.8	1,112.2
Motor vehicle engines and parts . . . . .	38.9	51.9	385.2	561.7
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis . . . . .	33.1	36.7	307.3	416.0
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	15.7	27.9	205.8	389.3
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	30.1	37.4	329.6	351.9

**Imports by Stage of Fabrication**

	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	(\$ millions)							
All Countries								
September . . . . .	1,489.7	1,772.8	185.8	246.0	304.5	361.1	999.3	1,165.7
January to September . . .	13,588.9	16,727.2	1,656.6	2,113.4	2,812.4	3,269.9	9,120.0	11,343.9
United States								
September . . . . .	1,008.7	1,268.8	80.1	117.8	177.8	222.7	750.8	928.3
January to September . . .	9,319.2	11,827.7	750.7	971.7	1,709.9	2,078.3	6,858.7	8,777.7

Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2)



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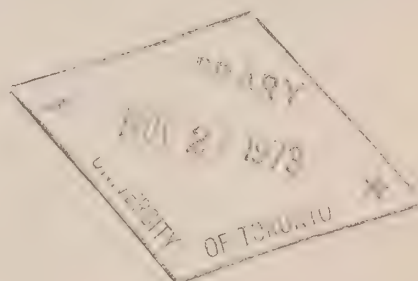
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Sweden . . . . .	10.9	11.4	103.5	122.2
Switzerland . . . . .	8.2	7.5	76.1	87.2
Netherlands . . . . .	10.4	10.1	68.0	86.1
Hong Kong . . . . .	8.2	7.8	74.9	78.7
Mexico . . . . .	2.6	3.1	39.6	61.8
All Countries . . . . .	1,489.7	1,772.8	13,588.9	16,727.2
Selected Commodities				
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	109.6	140.9	947.3	1,244.0
Coffee . . . . .	8.9	9.0	71.1	90.2
Sugar, raw . . . . .	10.6	24.1	76.5	102.9
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	133.9	166.1	1,142.1	1,419.8
Crude petroleum . . . . .	68.6	85.9	527.3	668.6
Coal . . . . .	16.4	16.7	117.3	112.0
Aluminium ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	2.6	6.3	55.0	66.1
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**Imports by Stage of Fabrication**

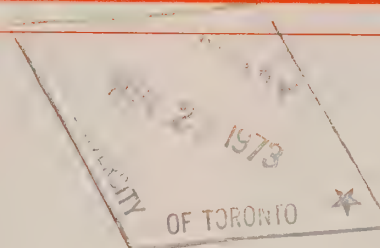
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United States								
September . . . . .	1,008.7	1,268.8	80.1	117.8	177.8	222.7	750.8	928.3
January to September . . .	9,319.2	11,827.7	750.7	971.7	1,709.9	2,078.3	6,858.7	8,777.7

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### Publications Released

Farm Cash Receipts, September 1973 (21-001, 20¢/\$2)  
 Electric Power Statistics, September 1973 (57-001, 20¢/\$2)  
 Silver, Lead and Zinc Production, September 1973 (26-008, 10¢/\$1)  
 Miscellaneous Food Preparations, Quarter Ended September 30, 1973 (32-018, 25¢/\$1)  
 Breweries, September 1973 (32-019, 10¢/\$1)  
 Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, September 1973 (43-003, 10¢/\$1)  
 Refined Petroleum Products, August 1973 (45-004, 30¢/\$3)  
 Federal Government Employment, April-June 1973 (72-004, 50¢/\$2)  
 Service Bulletins — Aviation (51-004, \$3 a year), Vol. 5, No. 39, Civil Aviation, First Quarter 1973; Vol. 5, No. 45, International Air Charter Statistics, June 1973.



### Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities October 1973 — Advance Information.

*Commencing with the May 1973 index, regional city consumer price indexes have incorporated the latest in a series of periodic updatings. A feature of the latest revision is the inclusion of revised weights to reflect 1967 family expenditure patterns (and within the food component, 1969 spending habits), replacing the 1957 weights used previously (1964 for Quebec City and Thunder Bay). Another innovation is the introduction of home ownership costs (property taxes, mortgage interest, owner repairs, new houses and dwelling insurance) into the housing indexes. The tenancy component has been revised to include both rents and tenant repairs. The time reference base, 1961=100, remains unchanged. To maintain a continuous, long-term series, the revised indexes are linked to the previously published indexes for April 1973. Thus, the published indexes up to and including April 1973 remain the official measure of consumer prices to that month, and subsequent price movements are measured by the revised index.*

*A consumer price index for a particular regional city measures the movements in prices, faced by consumers, within the specified city. Thus, consumer price indexes for regional cities cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities. Intercity price comparisons are available in Table 14 of the monthly Prices and Price Indexes.*

Between September and October, consumer price indexes rose in eight regional cities and city combinations and declined in four others. The movements ranged from a decrease of 1.1% in Thunder Bay to an increase of 1.0% in Quebec City. Food indexes dropped in nine cities, reflecting lower quotations for most beef and pork cuts, fresh fruit, dairy products and eggs. But bakery and cereal products, poultry, fats and oils and food eaten away from home were higher in price across the country. Housing components rose in eight cities and declined in four. Tenancy costs rose in all cities, but home-ownership costs dropped in several centres, reflecting reductions in property taxes. Clothing increased in all cities as higher prices were registered for footwear, outer wear and sports wear. Increased prices for dental care and pharmaceuticals caused the health and personal care components to rise in all cities. The recreation, education and reading indexes advanced in 10 cities, chiefly in response to higher admission charges to sporting events and increased driving lesson fees. Transportation registered mixed movements while the tobacco and alcohol indexes were unchanged.

#### St. John's

All-items: September to October 1973, down 0.3%; October 1972 to October 1973, up 9.8%.

The food index declined 2.8% in October. Prices were lower for meats, fresh produce and many other foods including fresh milk, bread and sugar. Increased prices were registered for poultry, eggs and restaurant food. Housing rose 0.6% chiefly in response to increased home ownership costs and higher prices for furniture, household cleaning supplies and tableware. Clothing moved up 1.0% mainly because of higher prices for practically all items of outer wear. Increased intercity bus fares and higher prices for gasoline contributed to a 0.6% rise in the transportation index. An advance of 1.4% in the health and personal care component was mainly due to increased dentists' fees and higher prices for non-prescribed medicines and some toiletry items. The recreation, education and reading index rose 0.2% in response to higher driving lesson fees.

#### Halifax

All-items: September to October 1973, up 0.3%; October 1972 to October 1973, up 8.7%.

The food index decreased 0.9% in October. Lower prices for beef and pork cuts, fresh produce, dairy products and eggs outweighed higher quotations for bakery and cereal products, poultry, processed fruits and vegetables and restaurant food. Clothing advanced 2.6% chiefly in response to increased prices for practically all items of women's, men's and children's apparel. A rise of 0.8% in the housing index was due to increased home ownership and tenancy costs along with higher prices for furniture and household cleaning supplies. Higher prices for gasoline and motor oil contributed to a 0.5% increase in the transportation component. The health and personal care index moved up 0.6% in response to increased dentists' fees and higher prices for pharmaceuticals. A rise of 0.3% in the recreation, education and reading index was mainly due to increased driving lesson fees.

#### Saint John

All-items: September to October 1973, down 0.1%; October 1972 to October 1973, up 8.7%.

The food index declined 1.5% from the preceding month. Lower quotations were registered for beef and pork cuts, fresh produce, eggs and beverages. Dairy products, bakery and cereal products, poultry and restaurant food were higher in price. Clothing advanced 1.7% mainly because of increased prices for footwear, women's outer wear, lingerie and hosiery, men's outer wear, underwear and socks and most items of children's apparel. A rise of 0.3% in housing was due to increased tenancy and home ownership costs together with higher prices for furniture and household cleaning supplies. The recreation, education and reading index advanced 0.8% in response to

(continued)

increased admission charges to sporting events and higher driving lesson fees. The health and personal care component rose 0.3% because of increased prices for dental care, pharmaceuticals and toiletries. Remaining indexes were virtually unchanged.

#### Quebec City

All-items: September to October 1973, up 1.0%; October 1972 to October 1973, up 10.5%.

The food index moved up 0.4% from the preceding month. Quotations were higher for fresh produce items, bakery and cereal products, poultry and restaurant food. Prices were lower for most meats and eggs. A 2.9% advance in housing was chiefly the result of increased home ownership and tenancy costs and higher prices for fuel oil and furniture. Increased prices for women's and men's footwear, women's, men's and girl's outer wear and sports wear contributed to a 1.7% rise in clothing. The health and personal care index moved up 0.5% in response to higher prices for dental care and pharmaceuticals. The recreation, education and reading component rose 0.2% because of increased admission charges to sporting events. Remaining indexes registered little or no movement.

#### Montreal

All-items: September to October 1973, up 0.6%; October 1972 to October 1973, up 8.6%.

The food index rose 1.0% mainly in response to higher prices for fresh produce, bakery and cereal products, poultry, fats and oils and restaurant food. Lower prices were registered for beef, pork and eggs. Increased prices for footwear, women's outer wear and sports wear, men's outer wear and socks and children's outer wear contributed to a 1.8% advance in clothing. A rise of 0.2% in housing was due to increased home ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil, tableware and some household supplies. The recreation, education and reading index increased 0.8% in response to higher admission charges to sporting events and increased driving lesson fees. The transportation component edged up 0.2% because of higher gasoline and motor oil prices. Remaining indexes registered little or no movement.

#### Ottawa

All-items: September to October 1973, up 0.7%; October 1972 to October 1973, up 9.4%.

The food index increased 0.9% between September and October. Higher quotations were recorded for fresh vegetables, bakery and cereal products, poultry, processed fruits and vegetables and restaurant food. Dairy products, most beef and pork cuts and eggs were lower in price. Clothing advanced 2.2% in response to higher prices for men's and women's footwear, women's and girls' outer wear and sports wear, men's outer wear and socks and boy's

sports wear. A rise of 0.3% in housing reflected increased tenancy and home ownership costs and higher prices for furniture and household supplies. The health and personal care index advanced 1.7% in response to increased prices for dental care, pharmaceuticals and toiletries. The recreation, education and reading component moved up 0.2% because of increased driving lesson fees. Remaining indexes registered little or no movement.

#### Toronto

All-items: September to October 1973, up 0.1%; October 1972 to October 1973, up 7.9%.

The food index dipped 0.2% from the preceding month. Lower quotations were registered for beef and pork cuts, dairy products, eggs, turkey and fresh fruit. Prices were higher for fresh vegetables, bakery and cereal products, chicken and restaurant food. Housing declined 0.5% in response to a reduction in property taxes. Higher prices for women's and men's footwear, women's and girls' outer wear, sports wear and lingerie and men's outer wear and sports wear contributed to a 2.6% advance in the clothing index. A rise of 1.8% in the health and personal care component reflected increased dentists' fees and higher prices for pharmaceuticals. The recreation, education and reading index moved up 0.4% in response to higher driving lesson fees. Remaining components were virtually unchanged.

#### Thunder Bay

All-items: September to October 1973, down 1.1%; October 1972 to October 1973, up 8.7%.

The food index decreased 3.5% between September and October as lower quotations for meats, fresh produce, dairy products and eggs outweighed higher prices for bakery and cereal products, poultry, fats and oils, beverages and restaurant food. A decline of 0.5% in housing was chiefly due to a reduction in property taxes and lower furniture prices. Increased prices for women's and men's outer wear and sports wear and boys' sports wear and underwear contributed to a 1.0% advance in the clothing index. The health and personal care component rose 0.5% in response to increased prices for dental care. Remaining indexes registered little or no movement.

#### Winnipeg

All-items: September to October 1973, up 0.3%; October 1972 to October 1973, up 7.8%.

The food index decreased 0.6% from the preceding month. Prices were lower for beef and pork cuts, dairy products, eggs, fresh fruit and beverages. Higher prices were recorded for bakery and cereal products, poultry, fats and oils and restaurant food. A 1.6% increase in clothing was chiefly the result of higher prices for women's outer wear and lingerie men's

(continued)



outer wear, sports wear and socks and most items of children's apparel. The recreation, education and reading index advanced 2.2% in response to increased newspaper subscription rates, higher admission charges to sporting events and increased driving lesson fees. Higher prices for dental care contributed to a 0.9% rise in the health and personal care component. Remaining indexes were virtually unchanged.

#### Saskatoon-Regina

All-items: September to October 1973, down 0.6%; October 1972 to October 1973, up 6.3%.

The food index decreased 1.3% in October. Lower prices for meats, fresh produce items and dairy products outweighed price increases for bakery and cereal products, poultry, fats and oils, beverages and restaurant food. A decline of 1.8% in housing was mainly due to a reduction in property taxes. The transportation component dipped 0.2% in response to a downward movement in train fares. Clothing increased 0.9% mainly in response to higher prices for women's footwear and outer wear, men's outer wear, sports wear and hosiery and most items of children's clothing, including footwear. Increased charges to sporting events and a rise in the education index contributed to a 2.3% advance in the recreation, education and reading index. The health and personal care component rose 0.8% in response to increased prices for dental care and pharmaceuticals. The tobacco and alcohol index was unchanged.

#### Edmonton-Calgary

All-items: September to October 1973, up 0.1%; October 1972 to October 1973, up 7.8%.

The food index declined 0.3% from the preceding month mainly in response to lower prices for meat, fresh produce items and dairy products. Higher quotations were registered for bakery and cereal products, poultry, eggs, processed fruits and vegetables and restaurant food. A 0.2% decrease in housing was due to reduced Calgary property taxes. Clothing advanced 1.3% chiefly because of higher prices for footwear, women's and girls' outer wear, sports wear and lingerie, and men's outer wear, sports wear and hosiery. A rise of 1.5% in the health and personal care component reflected increased dentists' fees and higher prices for pharmaceuticals and some toiletry items. The recreation, education and reading index edged up 0.2% in response to higher admission charges to sporting events and increased driving lesson fees. Remaining components registered little or no movement.

#### Vancouver

All-items: September to October 1972, up 0.3%; October 1972 to October 1972, up 8.7%.

The food index declined 0.7% in October mainly because of lower prices for beef and pork cuts, dairy products, fresh produce and turkey. Bakery and

cereal products, eggs, chicken and restaurant food were higher in price. An advance of 1.1% in housing was chiefly attributable to increased home ownership and tenancy costs together with higher prices for fuel oil, furniture and household supplies. Increased prices for footwear, women's outer wear and men's and boys' outer wear and sports wear contributed to a 0.8% rise in the clothing index. The health and personal care component advanced 1.0% in response to increased dentists' fees and higher prices for pharmaceuticals and some toiletry supplies. Remaining indexes were virtually unchanged.

For further information, order the October issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. D. Penpraze (613-992-5805), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

(see table on next page)

#### Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, September 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary statistics for September show that 6.8 million international travellers entered Canada, an increase of 1.5% from the same month in 1972. This aggregate compares 3.7 million non-resident travellers, 2.8 million returning residents and 0.3 million in the "other travellers" category, which includes immigrants, military personnel and crews.

For further information, order the September issue of *Travel Between Canada and Other Countries* (66-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. M. W. Valiquette (613-992-5507), International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, K1A 0T6.

(see table on page 6)

#### Railway Carloadings, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Railways operating in Canada reported 405,918 cars and 24.5 million tons of revenue freight loaded during October. This represented an increase of 10.3% for cars and 14.7% for freight over the same month a year ago.

Loadings of sand, gravel and crushed stone showed an increase in tonnage of more than 37% in the latest month; iron ore movements were up 34.8%; potash 34.6%; and fuel oil 28.0%.

During the 10-month period from January 1 to the end of October 1973, carloadings were up 7.2% and relative tonnages increased 14.1% over the preceding year. Cumulatively, the largest percentage increases in tonnage were recorded for iron ore (up 62.1%); sulphur (37.1%); containerized freight (36.7%); and sand, gravel, etc. (32.5%).

For further information, order the October issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact J. R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.



## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in both tables measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.\*

	All items	Food	Housing	Clothing (1961=100)	Transportation	Health and personal care	Recreation education & reading	Tobacco and alcohol
<b>St. John's</b>								
October 1973 index	144.3	157.5	132.0	143.3	133.9	155.0	124.0	162.1
September 1973 index	144.8	162.1	131.2	141.9	133.1	152.8	123.7	162.1
% change from September 1973	-0.3	-2.8	0.6	1.0	0.6	1.4	0.2	-
% change from October 1972	9.8	20.3	6.1	4.3	5.8	1.9	5.8	2.3
<b>Halifax</b>								
October 1973 index	143.9	167.6	131.1	138.3	132.8	156.1	149.9	135.6
September 1973 index	143.4	169.2	130.0	134.8	132.2	155.1	149.5	135.6
% change from September 1973	0.3	-0.9	0.8	2.6	0.5	0.6	0.3	-
% change from October 1972	8.7	19.7	5.2	4.8	5.5	2.4	5.6	2.7
<b>Saint John</b>								
October 1973 index	144.3	168.7	128.0	145.9	138.2	149.1	153.0	131.0
September 1973 index	144.4	171.2	127.6	143.5	138.4	148.6	151.8	131.0
% change from September 1973	-0.1	-1.5	0.3	1.7	-0.1	0.3	0.8	-
% change from October 1972	8.7	18.6	4.9	5.8	4.9	4.4	5.7	3.0
<b>Montreal</b>								
October 1973 index	143.7	165.2	125.9	139.1	139.5	148.0	157.0	136.0
September 1973 index	142.8	163.5	125.7	136.7	139.2	147.8	155.7	136.0
% change from September 1973	0.6	1.0	0.2	1.8	0.2	0.1	0.8	-
% change from October 1972	8.6	19.7	4.0	5.0	4.9	1.9	4.9	3.0
<b>Ottawa</b>								
October 1973 index	150.5	167.8	136.7	148.6	145.8	163.6	154.2	145.0
September 1973 index	149.5	166.3	136.3	145.4	145.7	160.8	153.9	145.0
% change from September 1973	0.7	0.9	0.3	2.2	0.1	1.7	0.2	-
% change from October 1972	9.4	18.3	5.5	7.8	7.8	7.1	5.3	1.9
<b>Toronto</b>								
October 1973 index	147.0	164.7	132.1	147.3	144.8	164.7	144.1	143.1
September 1973 index	146.8	165.0	132.8	143.5	144.6	161.8	143.5	143.1
% change from September 1973	0.1	-0.2	-0.5	2.6	0.1	1.8	0.4	-
% change from October 1972	7.9	18.3	3.9	7.0	1.6	9.4	4.8	1.9
<b>Winnipeg</b>								
October 1973 index	145.6	167.0	126.4	150.1	139.1	170.4	150.3	138.0
September 1973 index	145.2	168.0	126.3	147.8	139.1	168.9	147.0	138.0
% change from September 1973	0.3	-0.6	0.1	1.6	-	0.9	2.2	-
% change from October 1972	7.8	18.3	4.0	5.9	1.6	6.0	7.3	1.8
<b>Saskatoon-Regina</b>								
October 1973 index	138.0	164.1	120.4	141.7	128.0	143.6	148.8	127.4
September 1973 index	138.9	166.3	122.6	140.4	128.2	142.5	145.5	127.4
% change from September 1973	-0.6	-1.3	-1.8	0.9	-0.2	0.8	2.3	-
% change from October 1972	6.3	15.7	1.9	5.2	2.7	2.9	6.4	3.6
<b>Edmonton-Calgary</b>								
October 1973 index	145.1	170.9	129.1	141.7	136.2	162.2	151.5	133.9
September 1973 index	145.0	171.5	129.4	139.9	136.3	159.8	151.2	133.9
% change from September 1973	0.1	-0.3	-0.2	1.3	-0.1	1.5	0.2	-
% change from October 1972	7.8	17.9	3.0	5.0	3.7	5.1	7.2	6.8
<b>Vancouver</b>								
October 1973 index	144.8	173.4	129.4	144.7	138.1	154.0	131.5	125.6
September 1973 index	144.4	174.6	128.0	143.5	138.1	152.4	131.6	125.6
% change from September 1973	0.3	-0.7	1.1	0.8	-	1.0	-0.1	-
% change from October 1972	8.7	20.7	4.9	5.8	3.1	5.7	2.8	2.4
base 1969=100								
<b>Quebec City</b>								
October 1973 index	118.3	128.8	114.9	111.6	120.9	112.6	115.3	108.3
September 1973 index	117.1	128.3	111.7	109.7	121.0	112.0	115.1	108.3
% change from September 1973	1.0	0.4	2.9	1.7	-0.1	0.5	0.2	-
% change from October 1972	10.5	20.6	7.0	7.3	8.9	4.3	4.9	2.6
<b>Thunder Bay</b>								
October 1973 index	117.9	132.8	112.0	108.9	118.0	120.2	116.5	107.8
September 1973 index	119.2	137.6	112.6	107.8	118.1	119.6	116.6	107.8
% change from September 1973	-1.1	-3.5	-0.5	1.0	-0.1	0.5	-0.1	-
% change from October 1972	8.7	18.0	6.0	5.1	6.2	4.8	6.1	1.9

\* For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Table 13 of *Prices and Price Indexes*(62-002, 404/\$4).

**Number of International Travellers  
Entering or Returning to Canada**

	September 1972	September 1973P	Change %
<b>Non-resident travellers</b>			
United States . . . . .	3,522,034	3,557,333	1.0
Countries other than the U.S.	106,516	123,748	16.2
Entering direct . . . . .	48,189	57,403	19.1
Entering via the U.S. . . . .	58,327	66,345	13.7
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>3,628,550</b>	<b>3,681,081</b>	<b>1.4</b>
<b>Residents of Canada</b>			
United States . . . . .	2,676,198	2,710,293	1.3
Countries other than the U.S.	134,333	141,699	5.5
Returning direct . . . . .	124,825	127,162	1.9
Returning via the U.S. . . . .	9,508	14,537	52.9
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>2,810,531</b>	<b>2,851,992</b>	<b>1.5</b>
<b>Other Travellers . . . . .</b>	<b>286,333</b>	<b>295,865</b>	<b>3.3</b>
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>6,725,414</b>	<b>6,828,138</b>	<b>1.5</b>

*p - Preliminary figures subject to revision.*

**Carpet, Mat and Rug Industry, 1972 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary figures show total shipments of carpets for 1972 amounted to 62.85 million square yards compared to 50.24 million for 1971.

For further information, order *Service Bulletin Miscellaneous Industries* Vol. 2 No. 10, (47-003, \$1 per year), or contact Larry Clarke (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables November 1 — Advance Information.**

Stocks of fruits, frozen and in preservatives, in storage and factories on November 1 totalled 52.1 million pounds compared with 51.5 million last year. Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in brine, totalled 119.1 million (98.5 million in 1972).

For further information, order the November issue of *Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables* (32-010, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

# Statistics Canada

## daily



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#### New Publication

The first issue of *Therapeutic Abortions* (82-211, 75¢), a new publication with detailed statistics on abortions, is available now for interested subscribers. The first issue covers 1971 and 1972. The publication, available from Publications Distribution, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6, will appear annually.

#### Publications Released

Gold Production, September 1973 (26-004, 10¢/\$1)

Chain Store Sales and Stocks, September 1973 (63-001, 10¢/\$1)

Fruit and Vegetable Preparations, Quarter ended September 30, 1973 (32-017, 25¢/\$1)

Service Bulletin — Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$3 a year), Vol. 2, No. 95, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Newfoundland, October 1973;

Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 85, Sales of Natural Gas, September 1973.



**Weekly Railway Carloadings, November 14, 1973.**

The volume of revenue freight loaded by railways in Canada during the week ended November 14 totalled 4.9 million tons, a decline of 469,022 tons or 8.7% compared with the first week of November but an increase of 229,042 tons or 4.9% over the corresponding week of 1972. Cars loaded in the current period at 84,705 were up 0.8% over the previous year.

Eastern loadings rose nearly 10% to 2.9 million tons over last year while those west of the Lakehead declined 1.3% to 2.1 million tons. Cars in the east numbered 50,481 and were up 5.0%. In the west carloads dropped 4.9% to 34,224.

Piggyback traffic during the second week of November was up 7.8% to 156,329 tons with eastern loadings, which accounted for 68.1% of the total, up 9.7%. Western movements at 49,922 tons increased 3.8% over the preceding year.

Cumulatively, rail freight volume was up 13.8% to 209.0 million tons in the year to date and the number of cars loaded advanced 7.0% to 3.5 million. Trailer and container shipments (piggyback) totalled 7.0 million tons, up 13.0%, and cars carrying this type of traffic rose 9.2% to 308,746.

For further information, contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

7-day period ending November 14	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	2,885,321	2,059,710	4,945,031
Tons, 1972 .....	2,628,823	2,087,166	4,715,989
% change .....	9.8	- 1.3	4.9
Cars, 1973 .....	50,481	34,224	84,705
Cars, 1972 .....	48,082	35,973	84,055
% change .....	5.0	- 4.9	0.8
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	106,407	49,922	156,329
Tons, 1972 .....	96,957	48,081	145,038
% change .....	9.7	3.8	7.8
Cars, 1973 .....	4,812	2,270	7,082
Cars, 1972 .....	4,340	2,334	6,674
% change .....	10.9	- 2.7	6.1
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	118,420,986	90,574,646	208,995,632
Tons, 1972 .....	95,618,961	87,972,797	182,591,758
% change .....	23.8	3.0	13.8
Cars, 1973 .....	2,060,992	1,476,065	3,537,057
Cars, 1972 .....	1,803,746	1,501,858	3,305,604
% change .....	14.3	- 1.7	7.0
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	5,015,464	2,003,464	7,018,499**
Tons, 1972 .....	4,261,906	1,950,235	6,212,141
% change .....	17.7	2.7	13.0
Cars, 1973 .....	210,093	98,653	308,746
Cars, 1972 .....	188,076	94,662	282,738
% change .....	11.7	4.2	9.2

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect to prior periods.

**Coal and Coke Statistics, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

September coal production declined 7.5% to 1.62 million tons from 1.75 million a year earlier. Imports decreased to 1.79 million tons from 1.93 million. Industrial consumers used 1.13 million tons of coal (down by 181,195 tons) and 481,575 tons of coke, (up 84,503).

For further information, order the September issue of *Coal and Coke Statistics*, (45-002, 30¢/\$3), or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh, (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Fluid Milk Sales, September 1973 — Advance Information.**

Sales of standard, special and 2% milk rose by 1% in September over September 1972, reaching 152 million quarts. Sales of cereal, table, whipping and sour cream fell by 4% to 6 million quarts.

For further information, order the September issue of *Fluid Milk Sales* (23-002, 10¢/\$1), or contact J.D. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

**Miscellaneous Food Preparations (Tea and Coffee),**  
Quarter ended September 30, 1973.

Production of roasted coffee increased to 24.5 million pounds in the quarter ended September 1973 from the 24.3 million a year earlier with the production of instant coffee decreasing to 4.74 million pounds from 5.69 million. Tea bag production reached 10.5 million pounds compared to 9.11 million.

For further information, order the third quarter issue of *Miscellaneous Food Preparations* (32-018, 25¢/\$1), or contact Mr. Walter Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Domestic Mobile Homes, September 1973 — Advance**  
Information.

Shipments of domestic mobile homes increased to 5,579 single units in the third quarter of 1973 from 4,820 a year earlier.

Shipments of double wide units increased to 802 from 469.

For further information, order the September issue of *Shipments of Domestic Mobile Homes* (41-009, \$2), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Vending Machine Operators, 1972 — Advance**  
Information.

Sales by 692 vending machine operators through coin operated vending machines reached a new high of \$178.9 million in 1972. This was 10.3% more than the 1971 sales of \$162.2 million. Tobacco products

with sales of \$87.4 million, cold drinks with \$29.0 million and hot beverages with \$28.2 million were the principal products comprising 80.8% of all vending machine sales.

For further information, order the 1972 issue of *Vending Machine Operators* (63-213, 50¢), or contact Michael Kwilecki (613-996-9278), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile, October 1973 — Advance**  
Information.

Canadian manufacturers produced 7,281 tons or 15.4 million square feet of vinyl-asbestos floor tile in October 1973, compared to 8,549 tons or 20.1 million square feet in October 1972.

For further information, order the October issue of *Service Bulletin Miscellaneous Industries*, Vol. 1, No. 8, (47-003, \$1 a year), or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Steel Ingots, Week ended November 24, 1973 —**  
Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended November 24 totalled 278,297 tons, an increase of 5.4% from the preceding week's total of 263,956 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 241,822 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 151.9 in the current week, 144.1 a week earlier and 132.0 one year ago.





# Statistics Canada

## daily

Tuesday, November 27, 1973

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### Publications Released

- Canadian Citizenship Statistics, 1972 (91-205, 50¢)
- United States Vehicles Entering Canada, September 1973 (66-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Railway Freight Traffic, Second Quarter 1973 (52-002, 75¢/\$2)
- Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations, June 1973 (51-001, 30¢/\$3)
- Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, January 1 to September 30, 1973 (63-009, \$1 a year)
- Housing by Source of Water Supply and Type of Sewage Disposal, 1971 Census (93-736, 75¢)
- Service Bulletin — Construction Price Statistics (62-006, \$3 a year), Vol. 2, No. 15, Price Indexes of Highway Construction for Quebec, 1972.

**Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, October 1973** — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Infomat and available in machine readable form from CANSIM.

Seasonally adjusted imports at \$2,102 million reached their high for the year, 8.9% over the third-quarter average. Deliveries from the United States exceeded third-quarter average values by 6.4% and those from overseas countries by 15%.

With exports advancing less strongly to \$2,144 million, the trade surplus narrowed to \$42 million. This export balance was attributable to the United Kingdom as trade flows were balanced with the U.S. and other overseas countries.

On a year-to-year basis, unadjusted imports rose 31% to \$2,329 million. Purchases from the U.S. increased 32% to \$1,650 million with deliveries of automotive and related products (preponderantly engines and vehicle parts), food, industrial machinery, non-ferrous metals and communication equipment representing 53% of supplies from that country and somewhat less of the change from October 1972.

Overseas imports rose 29% over-all, with arrivals from the original EEC countries, Latin America and other countries climbing at a faster rate. Overseas import expansion was concentrated in crude petroleum, industrial machinery and tractors, food and clothing, spurred by a one-third increase in food prices and a more moderate increase in crude petroleum prices.

On a year-to-date basis, unadjusted imports at \$19.1 billion were 24% higher than in 1972. Nearly four-fifths of this rise was accounted for by the U.S. Imports of automotive and related products, industrial machinery, food, aircraft and communication equipment were responsible for 54% of imports from the U.S. in the January-to-October period and 59% of the change over 1972. Purchases of crude petroleum, food, industrial machinery, communication equipment and clothing made up 43% of supplies from overseas but 60% of the rise from 1972.

For further information order the October issues of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2) and *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2).

**Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, October 1973**

	Total Exports		Imports		Trade Balance		Percentage Change 1972 to 1973	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	Total Exports (%)	Imports (%)
	(\$ millions)							
<b>Month of October</b>								
United Kingdom . . . . .	140.6	137.5	90.5	99.7	50.1	37.8	- 2.2	10.2
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	72.1	71.9	75.9	100.2	- 3.8	- 28.3	- 0.3	32.0
United States . . . . .	1,291.8	1,619.6	1,244.8	1,649.8	47.0	- 30.2	25.4	32.5
Japan . . . . .	100.4	170.6	98.7	101.2	1.7	69.4	69.9	2.5
European Economic Community . . . .	126.4	133.4	103.8	146.3	22.6	- 12.9	5.5	40.9
Latin America . . . . .	67.4	59.0	62.8	87.3	4.6	- 28.3	- 12.5	39.0
Other Countries . . . . .	172.6	161.5	95.7	144.9	76.9	16.6	- 6.4	51.4
<b>Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .</b>	<b>212.7</b>	<b>209.4</b>	<b>166.4</b>	<b>199.9</b>	<b>46.3</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>- 1.6</b>	<b>20.1</b>
<b>Total Others . . . . .</b>	<b>1,758.6</b>	<b>2,144.1</b>	<b>1,605.7</b>	<b>2,129.4</b>	<b>152.9</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>32.6</b>
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>1,971.3</b>	<b>2,353.5</b>	<b>1,772.1</b>	<b>2,329.4</b>	<b>199.2</b>	<b>24.1</b>	<b>19.4</b>	<b>31.4</b>
<b>January-October</b>								
United Kingdom . . . . .	1,107.3	1,230.1	787.1	857.6	320.2	372.5	11.1	9.0
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	510.4	663.8	618.8	749.5	- 108.4	- 85.7	30.1	21.1
United States . . . . .	11,364.6	13,917.5	10,564.0	13,477.5	800.6	440.0	22.5	27.6
Japan . . . . .	770.3	1,363.1	893.4	847.2	- 123.1	515.9	77.0	- 5.2
European Economic Community . . . .	909.9	1,141.7	954.8	1,154.3	- 44.9	- 12.6	25.5	20.9
Latin America . . . . .	513.8	503.7	552.0	709.7	- 38.2	- 206.0	- 2.0	28.6
Other Countries . . . . .	1,091.0	1,343.8	990.9	1,260.8	100.1	83.0	23.2	27.2
<b>Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .</b>	<b>1,617.7</b>	<b>1,893.9</b>	<b>1,405.9</b>	<b>1,607.1</b>	<b>211.8</b>	<b>286.8</b>	<b>17.1</b>	<b>14.3</b>
<b>Total Others . . . . .</b>	<b>14,649.6</b>	<b>18,269.8</b>	<b>13,955.2</b>	<b>17,449.4</b>	<b>694.4</b>	<b>820.4</b>	<b>24.7</b>	<b>25.0</b>
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>16,267.3</b>	<b>20,163.7</b>	<b>15,361.1</b>	<b>19,056.6</b>	<b>906.2</b>	<b>1,107.1</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>24.1</b>

*Export and Import values for 1972 are preliminary estimates and may not add because of rounding.*

(see tables on next page)

## Canadian Imports of Selected Commodities

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change	1972	1973	Change
			1972-1973			1972-1973
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Food . . . . .	56.9	92.9	63.3	124.5	176.5	41.8
Metals, in ores, concentrates scrap . . . . .	17.1	16.0	-6.4	26.6	33.9	27.4
Crude petroleum . . . . .	-	-	-	52.6	80.7	53.4
Broad woven fabrics . . . . .	8.9	10.3	15.7	26.8	25.7	-4.1
Chemicals, organic and inorganic . . . . .	15.6	19.9	27.6	21.4	28.4	32.7
Plastic materials and shapes . . . . .	20.8	27.3	31.3	24.2	30.9	27.7
Petroleum and coal products . . . . .	7.2	10.1	40.3	20.6	23.1	12.1
Iron and steel fabricated shapes . . . . .	28.0	36.0	28.6	53.8	64.6	20.1
Non-ferrous metals and alloys . . . . .	14.2	30.7	116.2	21.4	42.7	99.5
Industrial machinery . . . . .	114.5	149.5	30.6	146.9	207.8	41.5
Tractors and parts . . . . .	21.3	33.3	56.3	25.1	40.3	60.6
Passenger automobiles . . . . .	134.2	153.2	14.2	168.7	183.2	8.6
Trucks and other motor vehicles . . . . .	60.0	71.8	19.7	66.6	80.3	20.6
Motor vehicle engines, engine parts . . . . .	47.4	64.0	35.0	55.5	68.6	23.6
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	203.8	249.8	22.6	211.2	255.0	20.7
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	33.5	29.3	-12.5	35.3	33.8	-4.2
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	42.3	58.7	38.8	74.3	97.2	30.8
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	32.4	40.3	24.4	38.2	50.5	32.2
Apparel, footwear and accessories . . . . .	5.1	8.0	56.9	33.1	48.3	45.9
Books and other printed matter . . . . .	19.0	24.7	30.0	23.7	32.0	35.0
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	882.2	1,125.9	27.6	1,250.6	1,603.5	28.2
b) Total Canadian Imports . . . . .	1,244.8	1,649.8	32.5	1,772.1	2,329.4	31.4
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	70.9%	68.2%		70.6%	68.8%	

## Imports

## Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
1972				
Second Quarter . . . . .	4,591	3,160	244	1,187
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,623	3,192	200	1,231
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,017	3,563	258	1,196
1973				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,528	3,793	272	1,463
Second Quarter . . . . .	5,560	3,976	245	1,339
Third Quarter . . . . .	5,792	4,114	238	1,440
1973				
January . . . . .	1,759	1,220	85	454
February . . . . .	1,871	1,271	93	507
March . . . . .	1,898	1,302	94	502
April . . . . .	1,750	1,257	72	421
May . . . . .	1,933	1,392	88	453
June . . . . .	1,877	1,327	85	465
July . . . . .	1,949	1,375	86	488
August . . . . .	1,915	1,343	76	496
September . . . . .	1,928	1,396	76	456
October (preliminary) . . . . .	2,102	1,459	102	541

## Exports (including re-exports)

## Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
1972				
Second Quarter . . . . .	5,008	3,476	376	1,156
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,785	3,325	310	1,150
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,605	3,811	389	1,405
1973				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,887	4,113	397	1,377
Second Quarter . . . . .	6,167	4,215	349	1,603
Third Quarter . . . . .	5,991	4,067	368	1,556
1973				
January . . . . .	1,918	1,371	111	436
February . . . . .	1,968	1,371	120	477
March . . . . .	2,001	1,371	166	464
April . . . . .	2,047	1,358	121	568
May . . . . .	2,073	1,446	100	527
June . . . . .	2,047	1,411	128	508
July . . . . .	2,108	1,473	121	514
August . . . . .	1,898	1,208	132	558
September . . . . .	1,985	1,386	115	484
October (preliminary) . . . . .	2,144	1,459	144	541



## Prices and Price Indexes, November 1973 — Advance Information.

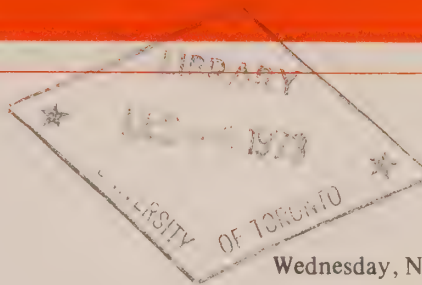
## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Nov.22/73 This week	Nov. 15/73 Week ago	Oct. 25/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>188.4</b>	<b>190.1</b>	<b>199.1</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>203.2</b>	<b>205.4</b>	<b>216.6</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	143.3	143.4	154.6
Foods . . . . .	10	146.6	152.2	145.6
Beverages . . . . .	7	255.9	260.8	270.2
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	158.0	158.0	177.2
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	149.4	151.3	169.3
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	382.1	384.5	398.5
Primary metals . . . . .	8	131.7	134.4	143.3
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	201.7	200.9	226.5
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	172.1	175.0	185.2
Petroleum . . . . .	7	327.9	330.9	334.5
Chemicals . . . . .	4	117.4	117.9	123.2
Construction . . . . .	4	156.4	159.4	161.5
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	142.8	147.7	159.7
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>139.4</b>	<b>138.9</b>	<b>142.1</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	146.3	140.8	144.0
Transportation . . . . .	4	311.2	313.2	325.3
Telephone . . . . .	3	83.7	83.6	84.3
Electric power . . . . .	3	110.0	110.4	113.9
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	157.9	161.1	160.1
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>185.5</b>	<b>187.8</b>	<b>194.7</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	219.0	222.2	229.1
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	133.2	133.9	141.1
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>133.6</b>	<b>133.7</b>	<b>143.1</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	166.0	162.1	169.5
Base metals . . . . .	16	117.0	119.3	129.9
Uranium . . . . .	4	309.6	283.0	297.7
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	490.8	484.1	475.5

For further information, order the November issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Statistics Canada

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Wednesday, November 28, 1973

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### Publications Released

The Labour Force, October 1973 (71-001, 40¢/\$4)  
 Retail Trade, September 1973 (63-005, 30¢/\$3)  
 Biscuits and Confectionery, Quarter Ended September 30, 1973 (32-016, 25¢/\$1)  
 Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, September 1973 (35-001, 20¢/\$2)  
 Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, September 1973 (33-003, 20¢/\$2)  
 Service Bulletins – Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 per year), Vol. 1, No. 3, Shipments of Domestic Mobile Homes, 1973;  
 Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 20, Pack of Processed Peas, 1973;  
 Rubber and Plastics Products Industries (47-002, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 8, Production and Shipments of Plastic Bottles, Quarter Ended September 30, 1973.

### Estimates of Labour Income, September 1973 — Advance Information.

Total labour income for September, adjusted for seasonal variations, was estimated at \$5,379.9 million, an increase of \$90.5 million or 1.7% from August. Wages and salaries in the goods-producing industries advanced 0.9% and those in the service-producing industries increased 2.1%.

During the third quarter of 1973, total labour income, adjusted for seasonal variations, rose 1.4%

compared to an increase of 2.3% recorded during the second quarter of 1973. Most of the deceleration in the third quarter was concentrated in the transportation, communication and other utilities and the manufacturing industry divisions.

Further details will be published in the September issue of *Estimates of Labour Income* (72-005, 30¢/\$3) and further information can be obtained on request to Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8057), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

#### Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification (\$ millions)

	July '73 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. '73 <sup>p</sup>	Sept. '73 <sup>f</sup>	Sept. '72
Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation				
Agriculture . . . . .	47.5	53.2	46.9	45.2
Forestry . . . . .	69.1	69.3	70.8	59.7
Mining . . . . .	121.7	121.3	120.6	107.2
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,278.7	1,296.0	1,326.7	1,195.5
Construction . . . . .	401.6	421.1	426.4	405.5
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	553.7	528.7	562.4	500.2
Trade . . . . .	701.4	697.1	713.5	626.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	271.3	275.1	275.7	242.7
Service . . . . .	1,092.1	1,077.4	1,217.1	1,109.0
Public Administration and Defence* . . . . .	448.2	455.3	448.0	388.3
Total Wages & Salaries** . . . . .	4,996.3	5,005.7	5,215.9	4,684.7
Supplementary Labour Income . . . . .	302.5	293.5	297.0	259.4
<b>Total Labour Income** . . . . .</b>	<b>5,298.9</b>	<b>5,299.1</b>	<b>5,512.9</b>	<b>4,944.0</b>
Adjusted for Seasonal Variation				
Agriculture . . . . .	34.5	34.5	34.5	33.2
Forestry . . . . .	59.9	58.6	57.8	48.9
Mining . . . . .	120.2	119.2	121.0	107.5
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,283.5	1,279.7	1,292.9	1,164.8
Construction . . . . .	360.9	367.3	371.1	353.1
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	535.8	509.5	550.0	488.8
Trade . . . . .	701.3	707.9	714.8	627.6
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	266.4	275.1	278.0	244.6
Service . . . . .	1,180.0	1,188.3	1,199.3	1,092.4
Public Administration and Defence* . . . . .	431.4	441.3	445.9	386.4
Total Wages & Salaries** . . . . .	4,979.2	4,987.5	5,071.1	4,551.2
Supplementary Labour Income . . . . .	301.9	301.9	308.7	269.8
<b>Total Labour Income** . . . . .</b>	<b>5,281.1</b>	<b>5,289.4</b>	<b>5,379.9</b>	<b>4,821.0</b>

<sup>f</sup> First Estimates

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary figures

<sup>r</sup> Revised figures

\* Excludes military pay and allowances

\*\* Includes fishing and trapping.

### Fish Freezings and Stocks, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Stocks of fish held in Canada (excluding inland species) on October 31 amounted to 103.55 million pounds. Of this 82.32 million pounds were fresh frozen sea fish, 5.49 million pounds shellfish, 1.26 million pounds smoked fish and 14.48 million pounds bait and animal feed.

For further information, order the October issue of *Fish Freezings and Stocks* (24-001, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Production of Eggs, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Egg production increased by 1.6% to 38.3 million dozen in October from 37.7 million a year earlier. The average number of layers was down 2.3% to 25.6 million from 26.2 million while the number of eggs per 100 layers increased 3.9% to 1,795 from 1,727. Farm price of eggs sold for market was up 59.2% to 60.5¢ per dozen compared with 38.0¢ per dozen.

For further information, order the October issue of *Production of Eggs* (23-003, 10¢/\$1).



## Prices and Price Indexes (Building Construction Input Price Indexes), October 1973 — Advance Information.

Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes,  
(1971=100)

	Oct. 73	Sept. 73	Oct. 72	Oct. 73 Sept. 73	Oct. 73 Oct. 72
				Change	
Canada, Total . . . . .	125.7	124.7	113.7	0.8	10.6
Materials . . . . .	126.4	125.5	113.9	0.7	11.0
Labour . . . . .	124.4	123.4	113.4	0.8	9.7
Atlantic Provinces, Total . . . . .	130.4	129.0	114.9	1.1	13.5
Materials . . . . .	128.2	127.6	113.4	0.5	13.1
Labour . . . . .	134.3	131.5	117.6	2.1	14.2
Quebec, Total . . . . .	126.0	125.7	114.7	0.2	9.9
Materials . . . . .	129.2	128.8	118.3	0.3	9.2
Labour . . . . .	119.9	119.9	108.0	—	11.0
Ontario, Total . . . . .	126.1	125.2	113.4	0.7	11.2
Materials . . . . .	126.6	125.3	112.8	1.0	12.2
Labour . . . . .	125.1	125.1	114.4	—	9.4
Prairie Provinces, Total . . . . .	124.8	122.7	113.0	1.7	10.4
Materials . . . . .	123.1	122.0	111.6	0.9	10.3
Labour . . . . .	128.1	124.2	115.7	3.1	10.7
British Columbia, Total . . . . .	122.7	121.7	113.7	0.8	7.9
Materials . . . . .	124.7	124.1	113.8	0.5	9.6
Labour . . . . .	119.1	117.5	113.4	1.4	5.0
General Contractors, Total . . . . .	133.0	132.4	119.5	0.5	11.3
Materials . . . . .	134.3	133.8	120.4	0.4	11.5
Labour . . . . .	125.6	124.2	114.0	1.1	10.2
Sub-trade Contractors, Total . . . . .	120.5	119.2	109.6	1.1	9.9
Materials . . . . .	116.6	115.0	105.8	1.4	10.2
Labour . . . . .	124.1	123.2	113.3	0.7	9.5

Non-Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes  
(1961=100)

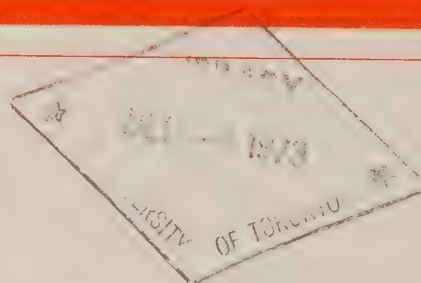
Total Index . . . . .	203.3	201.8	187.3	0.7	8.5
Materials . . . . .	161.2	160.0	145.3	0.8	10.9
Steel and Metal Work . . . . .	155.2	154.2	142.1	0.6	9.2
Plumbing, Heating and Other Equipment . . . . .	160.5	159.4	145.4	0.7	10.4
Electrical Equipment . . . . .	121.8	118.6	107.8	2.7	13.0
Concrete Products . . . . .	152.0	150.2	141.2	1.2	7.6
Lumber and Lumber Products . . . . .	251.8	255.0	211.4	-1.3	19.1
Other . . . . .	150.2	148.0	137.9	1.5	8.9
Labour . . . . .	254.9	253.2	238.9	0.7	6.7

For further information, order the October issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. P. Du Brûle (613-996-2565), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.



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### Publications Released

- Housing by Bedrooms per Dwelling, 1971 Census (93-729, 75¢)
- Vital Statistics, July-September 1973 (84-001, 25¢/\$1)
- Railway Transport, Part II, Financial Statistics, 1972 (52-208, 50¢)
- Canadian Statistical Review, November 1973 (11-003, 50¢/\$5)
- Shipments of Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds, September 1973 (32-004, 20¢/\$2)
- Monthly Review of Canadian Fisheries Statistics, September 1973 (24-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Shipments of Prefabricated Buildings of Own Manufacture, 1972 (35-215, 25¢ a year)
- Dairy Factory Production, October 1973 (32-002, \$1 a year)
- Preliminary Bulletin — 1972 Census of Manufactures (\$3.50 for series): Miscellaneous Clothing Industries (34-218-p).
- Service Bulletins — Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 86, Preliminary Report on Coal Production and Landed Imports of Coal, by Province, October 1973; Vol. 8, No. 87, Refinery Production in Canada of Selected Petroleum Products, September 1973; Vol. 8, No. 88, Oil Pipe Line Supply and Disposition, July 1973.
- Retail Prices and Living Costs (62-005, \$2 per year), Vol. 2, No. 13, Canadian Inter-city Retail Price Comparisons, August 1973.



### Balance of Payments on Travel, January to September 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary estimates for the first three quarters of 1973 show that Canada earned \$1,176 million from international travel, up 13.7% from last year. Canadians abroad, however, spent \$1,377 million, up 14.0% from last year, for a deficit of \$201 million in international travel.

The Canadian earnings comprised \$956 million from 31,195,000 travellers resident in the United States and \$220 million from 904,000 visitors from all other countries. The increase of 9.8% in receipts from the U.S. results from increased long-term plane visitors. Travellers from countries other than the U.S. increased their spending by 35.0% from the previous year, which parallels their growth in numbers.

Some 25,724,000 Canadian residents travelled abroad in the first nine months of 1973. Canadian

travellers in the U.S. numbered 24,595,000 while payments were \$868 million. Expenditures amounted to \$509 million when 1,129,000 Canadian residents travelled to countries other than the U.S. The growth in payments on international travel resulted mainly from increases in the average levels of spending and the increased numbers of residents travelling to countries other than the U.S.

The travel account deficit of \$201 million was up from \$174 million last year. In this case, an \$88 million surplus with the U.S. was more than offset by a \$289 million deficit with all other countries.

For further information, order the September issue of *Travel Between Canada and Other Countries* (66-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. M.W. Valiquette (613-992-5507), International Travel Section, Statistics Canada Ottawa K1A 0T6.

### Receipts and Payments on International Travel, 1972-1973

	1972					1973P		
	QI	QII	QIII	QIV	Year	QI	QII	QIII
	(\$ millions)							
United States								
Receipts . . . . .	87	241	543	152	1,023	96	269	591
Payments . . . . .	229	235	300	155	919	277	278	313
Balance . . . . .	-142	6	243	-3	104	-181	-9	278
All Other Countries								
Receipts . . . . .	18	57	88	44	207	26	76	118
Payments . . . . .	104	131	209	101	545	142	139	228
Balance . . . . .	-86	-74	-121	-57	-338	-116	-63	-110
Total All Countries								
Receipts . . . . .	105	298	631	196	1,230	122	345	709
Payments . . . . .	333	366	509	256	1,464	419	417	541
Balance . . . . .	-228	-68	122	-60	-234	-297	-72	168

p-preliminary figures, subject to revision

### Salt, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian shipments of salt and salt content of brine increased to 484,607 tons from 421,747 in October 1972. This brought year-to-date output to 4,229,418 tons from 4,076,406 tons a year earlier.

For further information, order the October issue of *Salt* (26-009, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Shipping Statistics, June 1973 — Preliminary Data.

During the period February to June, 1973, there were 1,817 vessels which traversed the trans-Atlantic route to and from Canada. These vessels had a total gross registered tonnage of 25,452,867 tons.

For further information call Mr. D. Chartrand (613-996-9274), Water Transport Unit, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, September 1973 — Advance Information.

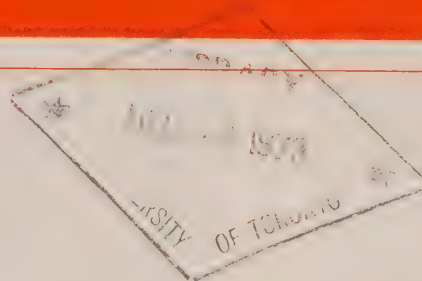
Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies increased in September to 375.28 million feet board measure from 365.19 million in September 1972.

Stocks on hand at the end of the month totalled 463.02 million feet board measure.

For further information, order the September issue of *Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies* (35-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. P. E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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### Other Publications Released

**Federal Government Activities in the Human Sciences, 1972-74** (13-205, 75¢)

**Railway Transport, Part I, Comparative Summary Statistics, 1968-1972** (52-207, 75¢)

**Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, November 1973** (32-009, 20¢/\$2)

**Bread and Other Bakery Products, Quarter ended September 30, 1973** (32-015, 25¢/\$1)

**Hardboard, October 1973** (36-001, 10¢/\$1)

**Service Bulletins — Fish and Fish Products** (24-003, \$1 per year), October 1973, Advance Release of Fish Landings: Vol. 2, No. 96, Newfoundland; Vol. 2, No. 97, Maritimes;

**Selected Dairy By-Products** (32-024, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 18, Production and Inventory of Instant Dry Skim Milk Powder, October 1973; Vol. 2, No. 19, Production and Inventory of Process Cheese, October 1973;

**Miscellaneous Industries** (47-003, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 10, Carpet, Mat and Rug Industries, Selected Goods of Own Manufacture, 1972;

**Vinyl-asbestos Floor Tile** (47-001, \$1 per year), Vol. 1, No. 8, Floor Tiles, October 1973;

**Energy Statistics** (57-002, \$3 per year), Vol. 8, No. 89, Coal and Coke Statistics, September 1973.



### Gross National Product, Third Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.

Gross national product at market prices, seasonally adjusted at annual rates, rose in the third quarter by \$2.8 billion to a level of \$119.1 billion. The increase was 2.4% over the previous quarter but practically all of the advance was due to continued sharp price increases. Numerous large labour disputes, particularly in railway transportation and pulp and paper mills, had a detrimental effect. There also were signs that, along with rising prices and the effects of strikes, the economy continued to suffer from shortages in materials and specific labour skills and capacity problems in plant and equipment.

After discounting the rise of 2.0% in the over-all implicit price index, a rise of approximately the same magnitude as in the first two quarters of the year, GNP measured in volume terms rose by only 0.4% compared with a rise of 0.7% in the second quarter and an exceptional 2.7% in the first quarter of 1973. For the nine-month period ending in September, real GNP was 7.2% higher than for the same period last year.

Domestic demand rose faster than national production in the third quarter, giving rise to an increase in imports. Exports declined, apparently because of strikes and, to a lesser extent, a decline in automobile trade with the United States. Business investment in machinery and equipment and investment in new housing remained strong. But business investment on non-residential construction, which rose substantially during the first half of 1973, declined in the third quarter, possibly because materials were short due to supply bottlenecks.

Government and personal spending both rose at higher rates than the previous quarter but most of the personal spending rise was because of higher prices. In real terms, personal spending rose only 0.8%.

Accrued net farm income, spurred by higher prices for farm products, jumped 23.0%. Corporation profits continued to register sizeable gains but labour income, representing about 55% of GNP, rose at a markedly slower rate.

Softness in consumer spending was marked by a decline in real terms on outlays for durables while spending for non-durable goods rose sharply because of rising prices for food, gasoline and heating fuels. A rise of more than 4% for food purchases in money terms was more than offset by price increases, so that real outlays actually declined somewhat.

After a spectacular gain of 19% in the second quarter, spending on residential construction rose another 5.4% in the third quarter. The housing investment of \$6,960 million in the third quarter is a

higher proportion of GNP, 5.8%, than in any period of the last decade. The biggest increase was in row housing

For further information, order the third quarter issue of *National Income and Expenditure Accounts* (13-001, 75¢/\$3).

(see tables on following pages)

### Household Facilities and Equipment, April 1973 — (64-202, 50¢).

For the second consecutive year, possession of colour television sets and FM radios by Canadian households increased more than any other household facilities. Between May 1972 and April 1973, households with colour TV sets increased to 33.2% of the total from 24.2% while possession of black and white TV sets decreased to 79.2% compared to 83.8% a year earlier. During the same period, ownership of FM radios increased 4.8% to reach a level of 67.2%.

(see table page 6)

### The Dairy Review, October 1973 — Advance Information.

An estimated 1.40 billion pounds of milk were produced in October, 1.1% less than a year earlier. This brought estimated production during the first 10 months of the year to 14.45 billion pounds, down 5.5% from the January-October period a year ago.

For further information, order the October 1973 issue of *The Dairy Review* (23-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

### Asbestos, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Producers' shipments of asbestos increased to 171,132 tons in October 1973 from 167,099 tons in October 1972. This brought year-to-date shipments to 1,529,664 tons from 1,387,242 in 1972.

For further information, order the October issue of *Asbestos* (26-001, 10¢/\$1) or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Iron Ore, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian mines shipped 5.76 million tons of iron ore in October compared to 5.46 million a year earlier. This brought 1973 output to date to 43.24 million tons from 34.70 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the October issue of *Iron Ore* (26-005, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



A1. National Income and Gross National Product, by Quarters, 1972-1973  
Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates  
(\$ millions)

	1972				1973					
	I	II	III	IV	Year	I	II	III	IV	Year
1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income.	54,828	55,856	57,224	59,488	56,849	61,540	62,932	63,800		
2. Military pay and allowances .....	948	956	948	980	958	1,000	1,020	1,028		
3. Corporation profits before taxes(1) ...	10,232	10,696	10,728	11,688	10,836	13,204	13,948	14,728		
4. Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents(2).	-868	-856	-756	-1,016	-874	-896	-868	-868		
5. Interest, and miscellaneous investment income(3).	4,016	4,116	4,308	4,200	4,160	4,820	4,524	4,732		
6. Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production(4).	1,372	1,824	1,588	1,936	1,680	2,404	2,760	3,392		
7. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent(5).	5,900	6,064	6,216	6,284	6,116	6,544	6,772	6,960		
8. Inventory valuation adjustment(6) .....	-1,248	-576	-1,004	-1,256	-1,021	-1,756	-2,048	-2,448		
9. NET NATIONAL INCOME AT FACTOR COST .....	75,180	78,080	79,252	82,304	78,704	86,860	89,040	91,324		
10. Indirect taxes less subsidies .....	13,564	13,288	13,760	14,232	13,711	14,744	14,712	15,216		
11. Capital consumption allowances and Miscellaneous valuation adjustments.	11,200	11,520	11,676	11,964	11,590	12,176	12,592	12,932		
12. Residual error of estimate .....	-664	-412	-620	-696	-598	-684	-48	-392		
13. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES	99,280	102,476	104,068	107,804	103,407	113,096	116,296	119,080		
14. (Gross national product at market prices excluding accrued net income of farm operators).	(97,908)	(100,652)	(102,480)	(105,868)	(101,727)	(110,692)	(113,536)	(115,688)		

(1) Excludes profits of government business enterprises.

(2) Includes the withholding tax applicable to this item.

(3) Includes profits (net of losses) of government business enterprises and other government investment income.

(4) Includes an arbitrary smoothing of crop production, and standard seasonal adjustment for withdrawals of grain from farm stocks and for the change in farm-held livestock and other inventories. Because of the arbitrary element, too precise an interpretation should not be given the seasonally adjusted figures of accrued net income of farm operators.

(5) Includes net income of independent professional practitioners.

(6) See footnote 4, of Table B1.

B1. Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1972-1973  
Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates  
(\$ millions)

	1972				1973					
	I	II	III	IV	Year	I	II	III	IV	Year
1. Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services.	57,792	59,524	60,856	62,936	60,277	66,020	67,660	69,644		
2. Government current expenditure on goods and services(1).	19,632	19,752	20,752	21,984	20,530	22,368	22,396	22,972		
3. Gross fixed capital formation .....	21,628	22,340	22,688	22,596	22,313	23,852	25,824	26,672		
4. Government(2) .....	3,836	4,000	4,036	3,928	3,950	4,080	4,372	4,452		
5. Residential construction .....	24	16	28	28	24	24	20	28		
6. Non-residential construction .....	3,372	3,532	3,556	3,436	3,474	3,540	3,812	3,776		
7. Machinery and equipment .....	440	452	452	464	452	516	540	648		
8. Business(3) .....	17,792	18,340	18,652	18,668	18,363	19,772	21,452	22,220		
9. Residential construction .....	4,880	5,308	5,676	5,544	5,352	5,536	6,604	6,960		
10. Non-residential construction .....	6,088	6,136	6,128	6,140	6,123	6,568	6,876	6,768		
11. Machinery and equipment .....	6,824	6,896	6,848	6,984	6,888	7,668	7,972	8,492		
12. Value of physical change in inventories	1,036	716	136	96	496	1,268	176	508		
13. Government .....	20	28	4	12	16	-24	-60	-4		
Business										
14. Non-farm(4) .....	1,040	736	616	664	764	1,460	504	148		
15. Farm and grain in commercial channels(5).	-24	-48	-484	-580	-284	-168	-268	364		
16. Exports of goods and services .....	22,780	24,412	24,012	26,784	24,497	28,504	29,400	29,120		
17. Deduct: Imports of goods and services .	-24,248	-24,684	-25,000	-27,288	-25,305	-29,596	-29,212	-30,232		
18. Residual error of estimate .....	660	416	624	696	599	680	52	396		
19. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE AT MARKET PRICES.	99,280	102,476	104,068	107,804	103,407	113,096	116,296	119,080		
Detail of farm inventories and GICC:										
Value of grain crop production .....	1,420	1,420	1,420	1,424	1,421	2,100	2,100	2,100		
Depletions of farm stocks of grain ..	-1,368	-1,700	-1,588	-2,220	-1,719	-2,032	-2,076	-2,716		
Change in other farm-held inventories	52	112	16	16	49	-20	136	516		
Grain in commercial channels .....	-128	120	-332	200	-35	-216	-428	464		

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- (1) Includes defence expenditures. Details are shown in line 45, Table 16 of the forthcoming publication "National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Third Quarter 1973 (Cat. No. 13-001)".
- (2) Includes outlay on new durable assets such as building and highway construction by governments, other than government business enterprises. Excludes defence construction and equipment which are defined as current expenditure.
- (3) Includes capital expenditures by private and government business enterprises, private non-commercial institutions and outlays on new residential construction by individuals. Capital expenditure is defined to include all transfer costs on the sales and purchases of the existing land and buildings.
- (4) The book value of inventories is deflated to remove the effect of price changes and the derived "physical" change is then valued at average prices of the current period to obtain the value of physical change. The difference between this value of physical change and the change in book value is called the inventory valuation adjustment. (See line 8, Table A1.)
- (5) In the seasonally adjusted series, the value of grain crop production in each quarter is taken as one-fourth of the estimated value of crop production for the year as a whole (see footnote 4, Table A1). All other items in the farm inventories series are seasonally adjusted by standard techniques.

C1. Gross National Expenditure in Constant (1961) Dollars, by Quarters, 1972-1973(1)  
Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates  
(\$ millions)

	1972				1973					
	I	II	III	IV	Year	I	II	III	IV	Year
1. Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services.	43,588	44,584	45,120	46,216	44,877	47,936	48,376	48,748		
2. Government current expenditure on goods and services.	11,060	11,072	11,360	11,812	11,326	11,656	11,564	11,684		
3. Gross fixed capital formation .....	15,016	15,328	15,308	15,084	15,184	15,688	16,628	17,036		
4. Government .....	2,632	2,716	2,684	2,600	2,658	2,668	2,812	2,836		
5. Residential construction .....	16	12	16	16	15	16	12	16		
6. Non-residential construction .....	2,248	2,328	2,292	2,196	2,266	2,232	2,364	2,300		
7. Machinery and equipment .....	368	376	376	388	377	420	436	520		
8. Business .....	12,384	12,612	12,624	12,484	12,526	13,020	13,816	14,200		
9. Residential construction .....	3,228	3,432	3,588	3,428	3,419	3,364	3,908	4,072		
10. Non-residential construction .....	3,988	3,984	3,896	3,852	3,930	4,032	4,116	4,048		
11. Machinery and equipment .....	5,168	5,196	5,140	5,204	5,177	5,624	5,792	6,080		
12. Value of physical change in inventories	804	356	-56	496	400	876	88	392		
13. Government .....	24	16	-4	16	13	-16	-48	-24		
Business										
14. Non-farm .....	1,048	568	600	712	732	1,264	392	292		
15. Farm and grain in commercial channels.	-268	-228	-652	-232	-345	-372	-256	124		
16. Exports of goods and services .....	18,288	19,404	19,156	20,840	19,422	21,312	20,900	19,872		
17. Deduct: Imports of goods and services .	-19,092	-19,592	-19,720	-21,256	-19,915	-22,276	-21,424	-21,492		
18. Residual error of estimate .....	480	300	444	488	428	456	32	256		
19. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE IN CONSTANT (1961) DOLLARS.	70,144	71,452	71,612	73,680	71,722	75,648	76,164	76,496		

(1) The implicit price deflators of the seasonally unadjusted components of Gross National Expenditure, derived by dividing the value figures in current dollars by the constant dollar figures, are not suitable as indicators of quarter-to-quarter price change. This is because they are currently weighted and therefore are affected by compositional shifts which occur within the unadjusted components of Gross National Expenditure, on a quarter-to-quarter basis. Quarter-to-quarter movements in the implicit price deflators based on seasonally adjusted data are less subject to the problem of shifting weights and may be used as a measure of price change.



## Household Facilities and Equipment, 1973

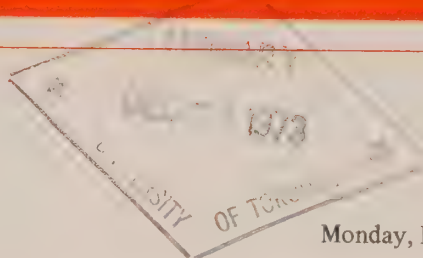
	1973(April)		1972(May)
	Number of Households (000's)	% of Total Households	% of Total Households
<b>Total Households</b> . . . . .	<b>6,266</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Principal Heating Facilities</b>			
Furnaces . . . . .	5,057	80.7	80.6
Oil . . . . .	2,967	47.4	48.1
Gas . . . . .	2,030	32.4	31.4
Wood or Coal . . . . .	57	0.9	1.1
Other Equipment . . . . .	1,208	19.3	19.4
Oil . . . . .	501	8.0	8.8
Gas . . . . .	161	2.6	2.3
Wood or Coal . . . . .	101	1.6	1.9
Electricity . . . . .	437	7.0	6.4
<b>Cooking Fuel</b>			
Electricity . . . . .	5,121	81.7	80.7
Piped Gas . . . . .	665	10.6	10.9
Bottled Gas . . . . .	133	2.1	2.3
Wood or Coal . . . . .	137	2.2	2.7
Kerosene, Oil or Other . . . . .	190	3.0	3.3
<b>Fuel Used for Piped Hot Water Supply</b>			
Electricity . . . . .	3,014	48.1	48.5
Gas . . . . .	2,053	32.8	31.5
Oil . . . . .	819	13.1	12.8
Coal or Wood . . . . .	32	0.5	0.8
No Hot Water Supply . . . . .	347	5.5	6.4
<b>Refrigerators and Home Freezers</b>			
Electric Refrigerators . . . . .	6,181	98.6	98.7
Home Freezers . . . . .	2,344	37.4	35.6
<b>Washing Machines</b>			
Automatic . . . . .	2,815	44.9	42.7
Other Electric . . . . .	2,023	32.3	36.1
<b>Clothes Dryers</b> . . . . .	<b>2,990</b>	<b>47.7</b>	<b>45.5</b>
<b>Telephones</b> . . . . .	<b>5,955</b>	<b>95.0</b>	<b>94.6</b>
<b>Radio</b>			
All Types, Except Car . . . . .	6,124	97.7	97.6
FM Receivers . . . . .	4,213	67.2	62.4
<b>TV Sets</b>			
All Types . . . . .	6,017	96.0	95.8
Black and White . . . . .	4,965	79.2	83.8
Colour . . . . .	2,081	33.2	24.2
<b>Record Players</b> . . . . .	<b>4,532</b>	<b>72.3</b>	<b>70.9</b>
<b>Automobiles</b> . . . . .	<b>4,884</b>	<b>77.9</b>	<b>77.3</b>
One automobile . . . . .	3,592	57.3	58.8
Two or more . . . . .	1,292	20.6	18.5
<b>Miscellaneous</b>			
Window-Type Air Conditioners . . . . .	417	6.7	5.8
Automatic Dishwashers . . . . .	670	10.7	9.2
Adult-size bicycles . . . . .	1,825	29.1	27.9
Snowmobiles . . . . .	574	9.2	8.3
Tape Recorders . . . . .	1,981	31.6	24.6*
Electric Sewing Machines . . . . .	4,256	67.9	64.4*
Vacuum Cleaners . . . . .	5,256	83.9	82.9*
Vacation Homes . . . . .	449	7.2	**

\* 1971 Figures, data not collected in 1972.

\*\* New Item in 1973.

# Statistics Canada

## daily



Monday, December 3, 1973

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### Other Publications Released

- Imports by Commodities, September 1973 (65-007, 75¢/\$7.50)
- Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, July-August 1973 (66-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Wholesale Trade, September 1973 (63-008, \$1 a year)
- Oils and Fats, August 1973 (32-006, 20¢/\$2)
- Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, September 1973  
(35-003, 20¢/\$2)
- Fluid Milk Sales, September 1973 (23-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletin — Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 18, Railway Carloadings,  
October 1973.

# Price and Price Indexes, October 1973 — Advance Information.

## General Wholesale Price Index (1935=100)

The general wholesale price index rose 0.9% in October to 404.1 from the revised September index of 400.7. It was 26.8% higher than a year earlier. Five of the eight major group indexes were higher, while three declined.

Although there were significant September-to-October declines in certain important primary products, these were more than offset by increases in such products as textiles and metals.

Grains declined slightly from their high levels in September. For the second consecutive month livestock and fresh meats declined. Certain lumber prices, notably those destined for use in construction, were also lower but some hardwoods, used mainly in the production of furniture, continued to increase.

The textile products group index moved up 8.9% to 384.5 from 353.1 in September on higher prices for miscellaneous cotton products, cotton fabrics and raw cotton. An advance of 4.8% to 354.5 from 338.2 in the non-ferrous metals group index reflected price increases for silver, zinc and copper and its products. The iron products group index moved up 1.2% to 365.1 from the revised index of 360.7 on price increases for hardware and wire. The chemical products group index increased to 267.8 from the revised index of 265.2, and non-metallic minerals rose to 265.1 from the revised 261.8.

The animal products group index moved 1.5% lower to 483.8 from a revised 491.2 in September, reflecting declines in furs and livestock. Minor declines were recorded in the other two major group indexes: wood products to 506.7 from 509.6 and vegetable products to 408.6 from 410.7.

## Wholesale Price Indexes (1935-39=100)

	Oct.* 1973	Sept.* 1973	Oct. 1972	Sept. 1972	Change	
					Oct./73 Sept./73	Oct./72 Oct./72
					(%)	
General Wholesale Index . . . . .	404.3	400.7 <sup>r</sup>	318.8	313.9	0.9	26.8
Vegetable products . . . . .	408.6	410.7 <sup>r</sup>	258.8	251.7	-0.5	57.9
Animal products . . . . .	483.8	491.2 <sup>r</sup>	380.2	376.4	-1.5	27.2
Textile products . . . . .	384.5	353.1	283.7	281.5	8.9	35.5
Wood products . . . . .	506.7	509.6 <sup>r</sup>	456.1	444.4	-0.6	11.1
Iron products . . . . .	365.1	360.7 <sup>r</sup>	328.9	323.8	1.2	11.0
Non-ferrous metals . . . . .	354.5	338.2 <sup>r</sup>	269.9	270.5	4.8	31.3
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	265.1	261.8 <sup>r</sup>	234.7	234.6	1.3	13.0
Chemical products . . . . .	267.8	265.2 <sup>r</sup>	246.4	246.4	1.0	8.7
Iron and non-ferrous metals (excluding gold) . . . . .	429.7	416.9 <sup>r</sup>	357.6	355.0	3.1	20.2
Raw and partly manufactured goods . . . . .	409.5	407.3 <sup>r</sup>	281.9	276.4	0.5	45.3
Fully and chiefly manufactured goods . . . . .	401.4	396.9 <sup>r</sup>	339.7	335.1	1.1	18.2

*These indexes are preliminary.*

## Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing (1961=100)

The industry selling price index for total manufacturing increased by 0.6% in October to 148.6 from its September high of 147.7. It was 15.2% higher than the October 1972 index of 129.0. Of the 103 industry indexes included in the total, 70 were higher, 11 declined, and 22 were unchanged.

The more notable increases were 6.9% in the textile group (particularly cotton yarn and cloth mills, 14.4%), 2.0% in paper and allied products, and

1.7% in primary metal industries, (particularly smelting and refining, 2.4%, and copper and alloy rolling, casting, and extruding, 5.0%). These increases were partially offset by declines in the food and beverages group (down 0.7%; particularly feed mills, 9.0%; slaughtering and meat packing, 1.4%; and the feed related vegetable oil mills industry, 8.8%), and the wood products group (mainly sawmills and planing mills, 2.6%, and shingle mills, 5.1%).

For further information, order the October issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4).

(see table on next page)



**Industry Selling Price Indexes**  
September to October Changes in Industry Indexes

	October/September Number of Industries			Major Group Indexes		
	In- creases	De- creases	Un- changed	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1972
<b>All industries</b> . . . . .	<b>70</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>148.6</b>	<b>147.7</b>	<b>129.0</b>
Foods and beverages industries . . . . .	12	6	5	175.8	177.0	139.8
Tobacco and tobacco products industries . . . . .	1	—	1	*	*	*
Rubber products industries . . . . .	2	—	—	113.2	112.3	110.3
Leather industries . . . . .	3	—	—	167.7	166.7	158.5
Textile industries . . . . .	8	—	1	133.1	124.5	108.4
Knitting mills industries . . . . .	1	—	1	110.5	109.8	100.1
Clothing industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Wood industries . . . . .	4	2	—	212.2	214.8	186.0
Furniture and fixture industries . . . . .	2	—	1	146.6	145.7	132.7
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	5	—	1	138.2	135.5	120.3
Primary metal industries . . . . .	6	1	—	163.0	160.2	136.8
Metal fabricating industries . . . . .	4	—	—	*	*	*
Machinery industries . . . . .	1	—	—	*	*	*
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1	—	2	*	*	*
Electrical products industries . . . . .	4	1	2	*	*	*
Non-metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	4	1	4	142.7	142.0	135.3
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	1	—	1	139.8	138.7	115.6
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	6	—	1	113.1	111.7	104.5
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	4	—	2	*	*	*

\* Indexes not available at this level of aggregation.

**Provincial Government Employment, Third quarter 1973 — Advance Information.**

General government services in Canada's provincial and territorial governments (excluding British Columbia) employed 313,835 persons during the last pay period of September 1973, a decrease of 2.8% from the 322,798 reported for the same pay period in June 1973. Gross payrolls increased 8.1% to \$636.3 million in the third quarter.

For further information, order *Provincial Government Employment* July-September 1973 (72-007, 50¢/\$2) or contact Mr. T.H. Harris (613-994-9338) Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z5.

**Railway Carloadings, Week ended November 21, 1973 — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily.**

Over 5.2 million tons of revenue freight were loaded by railways in Canada during the third week of November, 11.1% more than a year earlier. Correspondingly, the number of cars loaded was up 9.8% to 89,458.

In the east, the volume of freight loaded was up nearly 16% to 2.8 million tons and movements west of the Lakehead rose by just over 6% to 2.4 million tons. Carloadings in each of the regions increased 15.1% and 3.7%, respectively.

Piggyback traffic was down 11.7% to 142,363 tons. Eastern loadings of trailers and containers on

flat cars were entirely responsible for this decline with a 19.6% drop to 90,522 tons from 112,584 tons. In the west, piggyback freight, at 51,841 tons, showed a gain of 6.7% over the November 1972 period.

In the year to date, railway freight loadings reached 214.2 million tons, up 13.8% over last year. The number of cars loaded rose 7.1% to 3.6 million. Trailer and container shipments (piggyback) increased 12.4% in terms of tons and 8.9% in terms of cars.

For further information contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274) Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

(see table on page 4)

**New Motor Vehicle Sales, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

October sales of new motor vehicles reached 116,633 units, up 5.5% from a year earlier. This included 76,028 passenger cars (up 5.7%) and 23,715 commercial vehicles (up 32.2%) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 15,335 passenger cars (down 19.5%) and 1,555 commercial vehicles (down 6.0%) manufactured overseas.

Total sales value increased 15.8% to \$525.5 million. Canadian and U.S. produced passenger cars sold for \$317.3 million (up 10.7%) and commercial vehicles for \$149.2 million (up 43.7%). Sales of passenger cars from overseas decreased 7.7% to \$53.6 million and sales of commercial vehicles also

(continued)

7-day period ending November 21	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973	2,816,521	2,413,156	5,229,677
Tons, 1972	2,433,648	2,275,148	4,708,796
% change	15.7	6.1	11.1
Cars, 1973	49,871	39,587	89,458
Cars, 1972	43,331	38,178	81,509
% change	15.1	3.7	9.8
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973	90,522	51,841	142,363
Tons, 1972	112,584	48,607	161,191
% change	-19.6	6.7	-11.7
Cars, 1973	4,321	2,365	6,686
Cars, 1972	4,588	2,305	6,893
% change	-5.8	2.6	-3.0
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973	121,245,516	92,998,829	214,244,345**
Tons, 1972	98,052,609	90,247,945	188,300,554
% change	23.7	3.0	13.8
Cars, 1973	2,111,235	1,515,900	3,627,135**
Cars, 1972	1,847,077	1,540,036	3,387,113
% change	14.3	-1.6	7.1
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973	5,105,986	2,054,876	7,160,862
Tons, 1972	4,374,490	1,998,842	6,373,332
% change	16.7	2.8	12.4
Cars, 1973	214,414	101,018	315,432
Cars, 1972	192,664	96,967	289,631
% change	11.3	4.2	8.9

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect to prior periods.

decreased 0.8% to \$5.3 million. Included in total commercial vehicles sold were 159 units of coaches and buses valued at \$3.6 million.

For the first ten months of this year total sales reached 1,050,643 units with an accumulated value of \$4,566.5 million. This represented an increase of 26.9% in value over sales for the corresponding period last year.

For further information, order the October issue of *New Motor Vehicle Sales* (63-007, 20¢/\$2) or contact Michael Kwilecki (613-996-9278), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Department Store Sales by Regions, October 1973 (63-004, \$1 a year).

During October 1973, department store sales rose in Canada by 17.0% over the corresponding month last year. Sales were up 22.0% in the Atlantic Provinces; 14.5% in Quebec; 13.0% in Ontario; 11.6% in Manitoba; 18.9% in Saskatchewan; 18.8% in Alberta and 29.1% in British Columbia.

#### Electric Power Statistics, October 1973 — Advance Information.

In October 1973 net generation rose 4.8% to 21.6 billion kwh. from 20.6 billion a year earlier. There were increases in net generation in 10 regions but decreases of 19.7% in New Brunswick and 5.9% in Quebec. The largest increases were 41.0% in Newfoundland and 19.8% in Manitoba. Hydro generation increased 1.0% while thermal production increased 17.0%.

For further information, order the October issue of *Electric Power Statistics* (57-001, 20¢/\$2) or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021) Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, August 1973 — Advance Information.

Crude petroleum production for the month of August reached 1.98 million barrels per day, up 14.8% from 1.73 million a year earlier.

Natural gas production for the same period averaged 8.86 billion cubic feet per day, an increase of 9.9% from 8.06 billion.

For further information, order the August issue of *Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production* (26-006, 20¢/\$2) or *Energy Service Bulletin* Vol. 8, No. 92 (57-002, \$3 a year).

**Diesel and Natural Gas Engine Sales, 1972 — Advance Information.**

There were 16,829 diesel engines valued at \$124.1 million sold to all types of end-users in Canada in 1972. In addition, there were 6,330 diesel engines valued at \$43.5 million exported in the same period.

For further information, order *Diesel and Natural Gas Engine Sales 1972* (63-221, 50¢) or contact Wholesale Trade Section (613-996-9307), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Steel Ingots, Week ended December 1, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended December 1 totalled 279,036 tons, an increase of 0.3% from the preceding week's total of 278,297 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 238,850 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 152.3 in the current week, 151.9 a week earlier and 130.4 one year ago.





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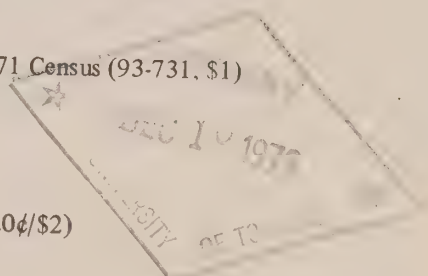
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### Other Publications Released

- Housing: Period of Construction and Length of Occupancy, 1971 Census (93-731, \$1)  
 Consumer Credit, September 1973 (61-004, 20¢/\$2)  
 Sales Financing, September 1973 (63-013, 20¢/\$2)  
 Building Permits, September 1973 (64-001, 40¢/\$4)  
 Department Store Sales and Stocks, September 1973 (63-002, 20¢/\$2)  
 Merchandising Inventories, September 1973 (63-014, 20¢/\$2)  
 Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, November 1973 (32-012, 30¢/\$3)  
 Quarterly Shipments of Flush Type Doors, Third Quarter 1973 (35-004, 25¢/\$1)  
 Telephone Statistics, 1972 (56-203, 50¢)  
 Fisheries Statistics Quebec, 1972 (24-206, 75¢)  
 Service Bulletins — Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 14, Pack of Frozen Fruits and Vegetables as Reported to September 1973;  
 Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, Fish Freezings and Stocks, October 1973: No. 98, British Columbia; No. 99, Quebec; No. 100, Ontario and Prairies; No. 102, Maritimes; No. 101, Advance Release of Fish Landings, British Columbia.



### **Income of Unemployed Individuals and their Families, 1971 (13-552, \$1).**

Approximately 1.5 million Canadians of the 9 million 14 years and over who worked or looked for work during 1971 experienced unemployment for one or more weeks during the year.

A special analysis of a survey taken in 1972 showed that about a fifth of all unemployed individuals came from families with annual incomes of less than \$4,000 and half from families with incomes between \$4,000 and \$10,999. Heads of families accounted for more than half of the total labour force and wives, children and other family members accounted for another 40%.

The survey, to examine the economic hardship to families during a year when the annual average unemployment rate was estimated at 6.4% of the labour force, showed that about 52% of all heads of families who experienced unemployment were in families with incomes less than \$7,000. Only about 6% were from families with annual incomes over \$15,000.

Although the heads of families experienced some unemployment, their income alone accounted for an average of 73.6% of the family's total income.

Quebec reported 33.6% of all the heads of families unemployed for some time during 1971. Ontario had 28.3%, the Prairies 13.0%, British Columbia 12.9%, and the Atlantic area 12.2%. Quebec also topped the

list for the biggest percentage of unemployed persons, 32.3%. Ontario was second with 29.8%, the Prairies third with 13.8%, British Columbia fourth with 12.5% and the Atlantic area next with 11.7%.

Of all persons unemployed during the year, 40% were less than 24 years old and 38.6% were in the 25-44 age bracket. A majority of persons who experienced one, two or more stretches of unemployment during the year had not completed high school education. This indicated that technological innovations and introduction of new products and processes had most impact on individuals with low education. Persons with some elementary or high school education made up 65.5% of the unemployed, those who had completed high school but not university 31.4% and those with university degrees 3.1%.

### **Cigars, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Production of cigars for October amounted to 59.94 million compared to 47.45 million for October 1972.

For further information, order the October issue of *Service Bulletin, Tobacco and Tobacco Products* Vol. 2, No. 13 (32-022, \$1 a year), or contact W. Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



## Prices and Price Indexes, November 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

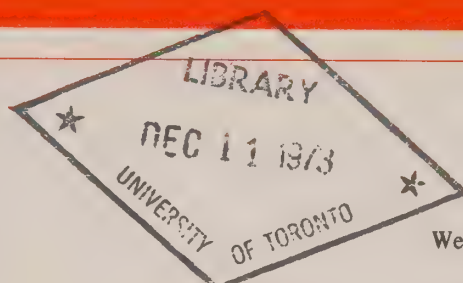
	Number stocks priced	Nov. 29/73 This week	Nov. 22/73 Week ago	Nov. 1/73 Month ago
1961=100				
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>184.0</b>	<b>188.4</b>	<b>203.8</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>198.7</b>	<b>203.2</b>	<b>222.5</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	137.8	143.3	157.6
Foods . . . . .	10	147.2	146.6	153.0
Beverages . . . . .	7	250.7	255.9	268.2
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	151.1	158.0	183.5
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	145.0	149.4	173.8
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	381.8	382.1	412.1
Primary metals . . . . .	8	132.7	131.7	142.2
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	184.1	201.7	222.5
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	166.9	172.1	201.7
Petroleum . . . . .	7	324.0	327.9	360.9
Chemicals . . . . .	4	110.8	117.4	122.6
Construction . . . . .	4	155.0	156.4	163.3
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	142.7	142.8	158.6
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>135.7</b>	<b>139.4</b>	<b>145.3</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	142.4	146.3	144.6
Transportation . . . . .	4	303.1	311.2	326.2
Telephone . . . . .	3	82.7	83.7	84.7
Electric power . . . . .	3	104.9	110.0	123.9
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	153.7	157.9	168.2
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>181.1</b>	<b>185.5</b>	<b>195.7</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	214.7	219.0	230.3
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	128.4	133.2	142.0
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>135.8</b>	<b>133.6</b>	<b>145.9</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	186.1	166.0	176.5
Base metals . . . . .	16	109.5	117.0	130.5
Uranium . . . . .	4	301.5	309.6	302.8
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	495.8	490.8	537.2

For further information, order the November issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.



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### Publications Released

- Summary of Foreign Trade, September 1973 (65-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Gas Utilities, September 1973 (55-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Primary Iron and Steel, September 1973 (41-001, 30¢/\$3)
- Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, August 1973 (31-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Oil Pipe Line Transport, July 1973 (55-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Service Bulletin — Aviation Statistics Centre (51-004, \$3 a year), Vol. 5, No. 46, Aircraft Movement Statistics, September 1973.



**Primary Iron and Steel, Net Shipments of Rolled Steel Products, October 1973 — Advance Information.****Summary of Net Shipments\* of Rolled Steel Products**

	Shipments		Total
	Domestic	Export	
	net tons of 2,000 pounds		
Ingots and semi-finished shapes . . . . .	27,475	2,536	30,011
Rails . . . . .	16,826	14,595	31,421
Wire rods . . . . .	54,141	10,394	64,535
Structural shapes:			
Heavy . . . . .	51,000	5,940	56,940
Bar-sized shapes . . . . .	11,846	668	12,514
Concrete reinforcing bars . . . . .	64,878	238	65,116
Other hot rolled bars . . . . .	86,809	4,620	91,429
Tie plates and track material . . . . .	4,077	345	4,422
Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes) . . . . .	99,646	14,357	114,003
Hot rolled sheets . . . . .	156,747	10,258	167,005
Hot rolled strip . . . . .	59,068	274	59,342
Cold finished bars . . . . .	9,752	85	9,837
Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold rolled other, coated . . . . .	148,554	15,167	163,721
Galvanized sheets . . . . .	78,666	6,372	85,038
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>869,485</b>	<b>85,849</b>	<b>955,334</b>

\* *Producer's shipments excluding producer's interchange.*

For further information, order the October issue of *Primary Iron and Steel* (41-001, 30¢/\$3), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Particle Board, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian firms produced 34.82 million sq. ft. (5/8" basis) of particle board in October compared to 31.41 million sq. ft. a year ago, an increase of 10.8%.

For further information, order the October issue of *Particle Board* (36-003, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Merchandising and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Industrial Chemicals, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Manufacturers produced 44.90 million pounds of polyethylene type synthetic resins in October compared to 42.10 million pounds a year earlier.

For further information, order the October issue of *Specified Chemicals* (46-002, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

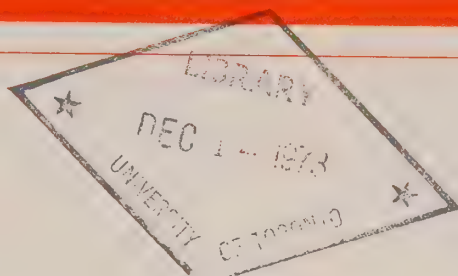
**Radio and Television Receiving Sets, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Manufacturers sold 76,901 Canadian-made colour television sets on the domestic market in October and 23,998 black-and-white sets. A year earlier, sales were 67,254 and 28,960.

For further information, order the October issue of *Radio and Television Receiving Sets* (43-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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### Publications Released

- Mineral Wool, October 1973 (44-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Salt, October 1973 (26-009, 10¢/\$1)
- Value of Fruit Production, 1972 (22-003, \$1 for the series)
- Railway Carloadings, October 1973 (52-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Apparent Per Capita Domestic Disappearance of Food in Canada, 1972 (32-226, 75¢)
- Service Bulletins — Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 103, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Canada, October 1973; Vol. 2, No. 104, Advance Release of Fish Landings, Quebec, October 1973;
- Law Enforcement, Judicial and Correction Statistics, (85-001, N/C), Vol. 1, No. 6, The Distribution of Criminal Code Offences in Canada, 1972.



**Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, October 1973 – Advance Information.**

Canadian firms sold 57,799 refrigerators in Canada in October compared to 43,878 a year earlier and month-end stocks totalled 73,981 units, down from 76,705. Domestic sales of home and farm freezers increased to 28,763 from 23,325 and month-end stocks decreased to 13,427 from 18,286.

For further information, order the October issue of *Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers* (43-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, October 1973 – Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers domestic sales of automatic washing machines were 43,886 units in October, up from 34,268 a year ago. Conventional washing machine sales were 12,237 units compared to 12,146 a year ago.

Canadian sales of electric clothes dryers were 45,942 units compared to 40,211 units a year earlier. Gas dryer sales on the domestic market were 1,890 units compared to 2,220 a year ago.

For further information, order the October issue of *Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers* (43-002, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, October 1973 – Advance Information.**

Canadian manufacturers produced 5.81 million phonograph records in October, down from 6.51 million a year earlier. Production of pre-recorded tapes (8 track cartridges and cassettes only) increased to 1.60 million from 1.12 million.

For further information, order the October issue of *Service Bulletin Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes*, Vol. 1, No. 10 (47-004, \$1 per year), or contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



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### Publications Released

- Housing by Household Facilities, 1971 Census (93-737, \$1)
- Road and Street Mileage and Expenditure, 1971 (53-201, 50¢)
- Crude Petroleum and Natural gas Production, July 1973 (26-006, 20¢/\$2)
- Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Equipment, Quarter ended September 30, 1973 (43-006, 25¢/\$1)
- Coal and Coke Statistics, September 1973 (45-002, 30¢/\$3)
- Service Bulletins — Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 90, Supply and Disposition of Butanes, January, February and March, 1973;
- Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 4, Factory Shipments of Trailers, 1972;
- Law Enforcement, Judicial and Correctional Statistics (85-001, No Charge), Vol. 1, No. 4, Crime and Traffic Statistics, First Half of 1973.

**Labour Force Industries, 1971 Census — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily.**

Labour force information collected during the June 1, 1971 Census showed 7,945,000 workers reporting an industry and 681,900 without such a specification.

The survey included non-inmates 15 years and over who, during the week before enumeration, worked for pay or profit, in unpaid family work, looked for work, were on temporary layoff or had jobs from which they were temporarily absent. Persons who last worked prior to January 1, 1970 or who never worked were excluded for the purpose of industry data. Figures in the following tables are based on the 1970 Standard Industrial Classification. They have been rounded to the nearest 100. Totals have been rounded independently and do not necessarily equal the sum of individual rounded figures.

Of the labour force reporting an industry, 63% (4,979,400) worked in service-producing industries and 37% in goods-producing industries.

Community, business and personal services was the largest of the 11 industry divisions, 26% (2,041,400) of the labour force. Manufacturing had 22%

(1,707,300) and trade 16% (1,269,300). No other division had more than 10% of the work force.

Among males, 54% (2,875,600) were in service industries and 46% (2,409,400) in goods industries. Manufacturing was the most important industry for males with 25%, community, business and personal services second with 16% and trade next with 15%.

Females were concentrated in the service industries: 79% (2,103,800). The community, business and personal services division alone contained 44% (1,176,000). Another 18% were in trade and 15% in manufacturing. No other division had more than 7%.

Among the provinces, the number of unspecified varied widely. The total was 9.5% in Quebec and 14% in the Yukon and Northwest Territories. Manitoba and Saskatchewan were the lowest with 7%.

Ontario contained 41% of the national work force reporting the goods industries and 38% of those in the service sector. Quebec accounted for another 25% in each sector. British Columbia was third with 9% of the Canadian work force in goods and 11% in service. Alberta had 8% in each sector.

For further information, contact the Data Dissemination Section, Census Field, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

**Labour Force\* 15 Years and Over by Industry Divisions and Sex, 1971**

	Both Sexes	Male	Female
Goods Producing . . . . .	2,965,600	2,409,400	556,200
Agriculture . . . . .	481,200	369,600	111,600
Forestry . . . . .	74,400	71,000	3,400
Fishing and Trapping . . . . .	25,400	24,500	900
Mines, Quarries and Oil Wells . . . . .	139,000	129,700	9,400
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,707,300	1,302,600	404,700
Construction . . . . .	538,200	511,900	26,300
Service Producing . . . . .	4,979,400	2,875,600	2,103,800
Transportation, Communications and Other Utilities . . . . .	671,100	557,100	114,000
Trade . . . . .	1,269,300	803,100	466,200
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	358,100	173,800	184,200
Community, Business and Personal Services . . . . .	2,041,400	865,300	1,176,000
Public Administration and Defence . . . . .	639,600	476,200	163,400
Subtotal . . . . .	7,945,000	5,285,000	2,660,000
Unspecified . . . . .	681,900	380,700	301,200
Total . . . . .	8,626,900	5,665,700	2,961,200

\* Excludes a few persons looking for work who last worked prior to January 1, 1970 or who never worked.

(see table on next page)

## Labour Force\* 15 Years and Over by Industry Divisions For The Provinces, 1971

	Newfound- land	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon and Northwest Territories
Goods Producing . . . . .	48,600	15,100	84,800	70,900	743,500	1,205,500	135,200	147,100	230,400	280,100	4,400
Agriculture . . . . .	1,200	5,800	7,100	6,700	73,000	129,900	47,100	100,700	86,700	23,100	0
Forestry . . . . .	2,500	100	3,100	6,700	21,900	8,500	700	900	2,100	27,700	200
Fishing . . . . .	6,800	2,100	5,600	2,500	1,900	1,400	300	300	200	3,800	400
Mining . . . . .	4,900	0	6,200	3,200	25,300	40,500	7,800	7,400	26,600	14,700	2,300
Manufacturing . . . . .	17,600	4,200	41,300	36,400	501,800	819,300	56,900	19,900	62,400	146,900	500
Construction . . . . .	15,500	2,800	21,500	15,400	119,600	205,800	22,300	17,900	52,400	63,900	1,000
Service Producing . . . . .	86,300	24,000	181,200	135,000	1,218,500	1,909,800	249,600	198,100	406,600	558,300	12,000
Transportation, Com- munication, & Other											
Utilities . . . . .	16,400	3,100	23,900	22,600	171,800	222,000	40,000	27,700	54,500	86,600	2,300
Trade . . . . .	23,100	5,900	43,500	34,400	294,600	497,600	65,200	51,700	104,200	147,300	1,800
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate . . . . .	2,600	900	8,800	6,000	90,600	155,500	15,800	10,600	25,300	41,800	300
Community, Busi- ness & Personal Services	32,400	9,400	66,300	50,200	521,500	787,300	94,500	81,700	168,500	225,600	4,100
Public Administra- tion & Defence . . . . .	11,800	4,700	38,600	21,900	140,000	247,500	34,000	26,400	54,100	57,100	3,500
Subtotal . . . . .	134,900	39,100	266,000	205,900	1,962,000	3,115,300	384,800	345,200	637,000	838,400	16,400
Unspecified . . . . .	13,100	3,800	20,500	17,600	207,100	239,100	29,200	25,900	51,200	71,700	2,700
Total . . . . .	148,000	43,000	286,200	223,500	2,169,100	3,354,400	413,900	371,100	688,300	910,100	19,100

\* Excludes a few persons looking for work who last worked prior to January 1, 1970 or who never worked.



**Provincial Government Finance, 1973 — Advance Information.**

The estimated gross general revenue of provincial and territorial governments for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1973 is \$20,844 million. Of this total, \$11,876 million is expected from taxes, \$829 million from natural resource revenues, \$595 million from privileges, licences and permits, \$728 million from liquor board profits, \$4,968 million from transfer payments from other levels of government and \$1,848 million from other sources.

Gross general expenditure for the same period is estimated at \$21,412 million. Expenditures on transportation and communications (\$1,957 million), health (\$5,780 million), social welfare (\$2,330 million) and education (\$5,506 million) are expected to account for more than 72% of this total.

Due to changes in methodology, the figures are not directly comparable to previously published figures on this subject.

For further information, order the 1973 issue of *Provincial Government Finance, Revenue and Expenditure (Estimates)* (68-205, \$1), or contact Mr. G.A.

Marr (613-994-9245), Provincial Government Section, Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

**Stoves and Ranges, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

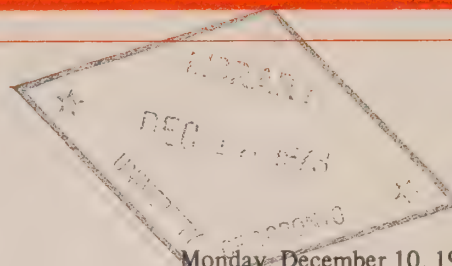
Canadian manufacturers sold 55,485 stoves and ranges in October 1973, 9% more than the 50,713 sold a year earlier.

Closing inventory of these products increased by 11.3% to 69,809 units from 62,720.

For further information, order the October issue of *Stoves and Furnaces* (41-005, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J.S. More (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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## daily



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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

Consumer Price Movements, November 1973

Canada's Foreign Trade in Motor Vehicles and Parts, Nine Months 1973 — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Infomat.

### Publications Released

Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, September 1973 (61-005, 30¢/\$3)

Summary of Exports, September 1973 (65-002, 20¢/\$2)

Publicly-Supported Vocational Training Involving the Private Sector, 1971-72 (81-238, \$1.50)

Railway Operating Statistics, September 1973 (52-003, 20¢/\$2)

Asbestos, October 1973 (26-001, 10¢/\$1)

Service Bulletins — Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 10, Builders and Shelf Hardware, October 1973;

Law Enforcement, Judicial and Correctional Statistics (85-001, N/C), Vol. 1, No. 5, Seasonal Fluctuations in Crime Rates, 1972.

**Building Permits, October 1973 — Advance Information,**

October 1973	Total number of dwelling units	Value of residential and non-residential construction				Total
		Residen- tial	Indus- trial	Commer- cial (\$'000)	Institu- tional and govern- mental	
Newfoundland . . . . .	155	3,475	15	505	—	3,995
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	36	392	9	118	104	623
Nova Scotia . . . . .	398	7,964	3,121	3,620	992	15,697
New Brunswick . . . . .	344	6,695	748	7,974	3,768	19,185
Quebec . . . . .	6,252	93,048	22,247	43,210	18,473	176,978
Ontario . . . . .	10,178	214,253	47,389	58,171	62,825	382,638
Manitoba . . . . .	804	11,243	1,978	4,116	1,366	18,703
Saskatchewan . . . . .	541	10,333	814	2,286	4,406	17,839
Alberta . . . . .	2,248	41,466	4,936	19,037	2,912	68,351
British Columbia . . . . .	3,682	70,756	13,993	32,458	18,075	135,282
Yukon . . . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northwest Territories . . . . .	52	392	105	32	—	529
Canada — Unadjusted . . . . .	24,690	460,017	95,355	171,527	112,921	839,820
Canada — Adjusted . . . . .	—	338,291	77,304	168,819	95,842	680,256
Metropolitan Areas . . . . .	17,212	317,600	62,165	121,261	79,594	580,620
Calgary . . . . .	746	12,383	120	9,353	30	21,886
Chicoutimi-Jonquiere . . . . .	177	2,726	1,058	190	34	4,008
Edmonton . . . . .	750	13,918	3,552	5,109	2,077	24,656
Halifax . . . . .	216	4,787	1,018	2,476	16	8,297
Hamilton . . . . .	204	5,067	1,148	959	212	7,386
Hull . . . . .	240	4,872	4	1,010	301	6,187
Kitchener . . . . .	469	7,014	348	1,111	7,242	15,715
London . . . . .	450	6,551	1,169	2,547	4,508	14,775
Montreal . . . . .	4,045	54,389	12,324	26,668	1,736	95,117
Ottawa . . . . .	920	15,658	1,383	3,862	29,344	50,247
Quebec . . . . .	252	5,919	970	8,549	429	15,867
Regina . . . . .	132	3,025	392	1,352	472	5,241
St. Catharines-Niagara . . . . .	170	4,714	904	2,080	1,288	8,986
Saint John . . . . .	24	698	122	1,716	1,971	4,507
St. John's . . . . .	123	2,794	—	287	—	3,081
Saskatoon . . . . .	174	2,807	225	499	1,238	4,769
Sudbury . . . . .	67	1,453	48	485	673	2,659
Thunder Bay . . . . .	75	2,044	145	1,107	1,099	4,395
Toronto . . . . .	4,799	110,699	30,108	29,680	10,363	180,850
Vancouver . . . . .	1,990	36,372	3,236	16,395	15,376	71,379
Victoria . . . . .	392	7,556	1,492	2,757	320	12,125
Windsor . . . . .	152	3,877	671	422	308	5,278
Winnipeg . . . . .	645	8,277	1,728	2,647	557	13,209

*Preliminary figures.*

For further information order *Building Permits, October 1973* (64-001, 30¢/\$3).

**Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber,  
October 1973 — Advance Information.**

October production of rubber increased to 44.2 million pounds from 39.3 million a year earlier. Consumption increased to 52.6 million pounds from 47.40 million.

For further information, order the October 1973 issue of *Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber* (33-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. J. Dornan (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Steel Ingots, Week ended December 8, 1973 —  
Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended December 8 totalled 296,345 tons, an increase of 6.6% from the preceding week's total of 278,015 (revised) tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 255,379 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,277 tons equalling 100 was 161.7 in the current week, 151.7 (revised) a week earlier and 139.4 one year ago.



## Housing Starts and Completions, October 1973 — Advance Information.

## Dwelling Starts and Completions in Centres of 10,000 Population &amp; Over

October 1973	Starts					Completions				
	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total
Newfoundland . . . . .	143	38	—	—	181	145	4	—	20	169
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	5	2	—	—	7	26	—	—	6	32
Nova Scotia . . . . .	255	56	3	116	430	296	2	18	24	340
New Brunswick . . . . .	226	18	63	58	365	199	14	—	268	481
Quebec . . . . .	2,121	90	119	5,366	7,696	1,777	106	33	1,450	3,366
Ontario . . . . .	2,621	675	823	4,732	8,851	2,674	597	1,148	5,511	9,930
Manitoba . . . . .	254	17	7	481	759	354	32	—	425	811
Saskatchewan . . . . .	300	2	22	56	380	243	2	—	—	245
Alberta . . . . .	1,058	120	25	383	1,586	1,243	158	138	924	2,463
British Columbia . . . . .	1,133	38	148	495	1,814	1,646	104	92	1,222	3,064
Canada . . . . .	8,116	1,056	1,210	11,687	22,069	8,603	1,019	1,429	9,850	20,901
<b>Metropolitan Areas</b>										
Calgary . . . . .	556	84	—	243	883	662	112	20	418	1,212
Chicoutimi-Jonquiere . . . . .	121	6	—	—	127	163	12	—	136	311
Edmonton . . . . .	348	14	25	34	421	436	32	40	424	932
Halifax . . . . .	157	56	—	80	293	201	2	—	24	227
Hamilton . . . . .	205	24	86	21	336	182	62	38	51	333
Hull . . . . .	351	6	97	111	565	173	2	—	—	175
Kitchener . . . . .	164	35	54	347	600	135	42	120	66	363
London . . . . .	126	—	14	—	140	198	18	88	113	417
Montreal . . . . .	980	40	22	4,256	5,298	810	28	33	751	1,622
Ottawa . . . . .	142	38	403	1,467	2,050	115	7	277	1,291	1,690
Quebec City . . . . .	221	12	—	544	777	245	30	—	257	532
Regina . . . . .	60	—	22	—	82	101	—	—	—	101
St. Catharines-Niagara . . . . .	206	58	26	64	354	216	31	51	93	391
Saint John . . . . .	68	14	—	36	118	68	6	—	212	286
St. John's . . . . .	97	36	—	—	133	95	4	—	20	119
Saskatoon . . . . .	160	2	—	—	162	95	2	—	—	97
Sudbury . . . . .	30	—	—	—	30	64	16	2	6	88
Thunder Bay . . . . .	79	10	—	47	136	54	5	—	66	125
Toronto . . . . .	784	450	183	2,029	3,446	773	314	378	3,437	4,902
Vancouver . . . . .	737	20	136	299	1,192	786	42	84	631	1,543
Victoria . . . . .	64	—	4	77	145	231	6	—	329	566
Windsor . . . . .	83	16	4	—	103	72	16	22	33	143
Winnipeg . . . . .	238	17	7	457	719	294	30	—	377	701
Sub-Totals . . . . .	5,977	938	1,083	10,112	18,110	6,169	819	1,153	8,735	16,876
Major Urban Areas . . . . .	885	34	97	571	1,587	1,150	114	160	588	2,012
Other Areas 10,000+ . . . . .	1,254	84	30	1,004	2,372	1,284	86	116	527	2,013
All Areas 10,000+ . . . . .	8,116	1,056	1,210	11,687	22,069	8,603	1,019	1,429	9,850	20,901

For further information, order *Housing Starts and Completions*, October 1973 (64-002, \$3/\$3.60 outside Canada).



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## daily



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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

The Labour Force, November 1973 – Advance Information

### Other Publications Released

- Quarterly Estimates of Population for Canada and Provinces, October 1973 (91-001, 25¢)
- Financial Institutions, Second Quarter 1973 (61-006, 75¢/\$3)
- Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, October 1973 (62-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, September 1973 (61-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Radio and Television Broadcasting, 1972 (56-204, 50¢)
- Grain Milling Statistics, October 1973 (32-003, \$1 a year)
- Production of Eggs and Poultry, October 1973 (23-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Gypsum Products, October 1973 (44-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Iron Ore, October 1973 (26-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Motor Vehicle Shipments, October 1973 (42-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins – Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 per year), Vol. 8, No. 91, Retail Gasoline  
Statistics by Metropolitan Areas, 3rd Quarter 1973; Vol. 8, No. 92, Salient Crude Petroleum  
and Natural Gas Statistics, August 1973;
- Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 21, 1973 Pack of Frozen  
Fruits and Vegetables as Reported up to the end of October 1973.



### Consumer Price Movements, November 1973 (62-001, 10¢/\$1).

The consumer price index for Canada (1961=100) rose 0.8% to 155.5 in November from 154.3 in October as all main components moved up. Major contributors to the latest month's advance were higher prices for food, clothing and housing which increased 1.2%, 1.1% and 0.8%, respectively. In addition, the component for health and personal care rose 0.9%, while increases of 0.3% were registered for both the transportation and the recreation, education and reading elements. Tobacco and alcohol moved up 0.2%. In the latest month the price level of all items other than food was 0.6% higher. Between November 1972 and November 1973, the all-items index advanced 9.3%.

The food index increased 1.2% to 171.8 in November from 169.7 in October as price levels for food consumed at home moved up 1.2%. Food eaten away from home also advanced 1.2% to reach a level 18.2% above a year ago. In the latest month, higher prices for beef, fresh vegetables and cereal and bakery products provided the main impetus to the latest monthly rise in the index for home-consumed food. Reversing a downward movement of a month earlier, the beef price index in November moved up 2.1% to a level 30% above a year ago. In contrast to the advance in beef prices, poultry prices rose only fractionally and pork quotations, on average, edged downward. Canned salmon prices continued to climb, advancing 3.6% to a level 52.4% above 12 months ago. Fresh produce prices displayed mixed movements. The index for fresh fruit edged down 0.7% to stand over 30% above its level of a year earlier; fresh vegetable prices advanced 5.4% in the latest month but were less than 10% higher than in November 1972. Canned fruit and vegetables, on average, both registered a rise of over 3% in November. Although the price of bread was only fractionally higher in the latest month, the cereal and bakery products index moved up 2.0% because of marked price increases for cookies and cakes, macaroni, breakfast cereal and flour. The fats and oils index moved up 3.9% in November as margarine prices climbed 6.5% to a level of 23% above 12 months earlier. For the second consecutive month a decline of 0.6% was registered in the index for dairy products, reflecting continued reductions in fresh milk and in powdered skim milk prices to which government subsidies are applicable. Between November 1972 and November 1973, the food index moved up 18.4%, with the price of food for home consumption registering an 18.2% advance.

The housing index rose 0.8% to 156.1 in November from 154.9 in October as a result of increases of 0.5% and 1.3% in the shelter and household operation components, respectively. Within shelter, home own-

ership moved up 0.7% because of increases in the indexes for mortgage interest, new houses and homeowner repairs; rents rose 0.2%. Among household operation items, fuel oil prices rose, on average, 3.5%, almost entirely as a result of increases in eastern Ontario, Quebec and the Atlantic provinces. In the latest 12 months, fuel oil prices have advanced over 23%. The furniture index moved up 1.7% in the latest month and among other home furnishings, cookware, dishes, linen, draperies and floor coverings were higher in prices. Household supply items, on average, edged up 0.1%. In the 12 months to November 1973, the housing index rose 6.8%.

The clothing index advanced 1.1% to 143.8 in November from 142.3 in October, registering a greater increase than is normal between these two months. Most major components contributed to this latest increase. Footwear prices rose 2.7% on average, reflecting general advances for all items surveyed. Increases in most clothing items caused the indexes for men's and women's wear to advance 1.0% and 0.6%, respectively, and that for children's wear to rise 1.2%. The piece goods index fell 0.2%. In the year ending November 1973, the index advanced 6.6%.

The transportation index rose 0.3% to 140.1 in November from 139.7 in October as an increase in the private transportation element outweighed a decline in the component for public transportation. The main contributor to a 0.5% advance in private transportation was a 1.4% increase in gasoline prices, mainly in cities in eastern Ontario, Quebec and the Atlantic provinces. General price advances were recorded for motor oil. New car quotations rose marginally as the price level of 1974 models were, after adjustment for quality change, 0.1% higher, on average, than that of the year-end 1973 models. The public transportation component fell 0.3% as a decline in plane fares outweighed an increase in train fares. In the 12 months ending November 1973, the index rose 5.3%.

The health and personal care index rose 0.9% to 160.8 in November from 159.3 in October as a result of a 1.4% rise in the personal care component. Personal care services advanced 2.4% because of increases in men's haircut and women's hairdressing charges in a number of centres, while quotations for toiletry items rose, on average, 0.5%. Between November 1972 and November 1973, the index advanced 6.1%.

The recreation, education and reading index rose 0.3% to 148.3 in November from 147.8 in October was mainly due to an advance of 0.5% in the recreation element as higher movie admission charges and increased sports equipment prices were recorded in a number of cities. The reading index edged up

(continued)

Consumer price movements, reclassified by goods and services, offer another view of the incidence of price change. Between October and November, the

total goods index advanced 1.0% with the main impetus coming from non-durable goods which rose 1.0% mainly because of higher food, fuel oil and gasoline prices. The index for semi-durable goods rose 1.1% mainly in response to higher clothing quotations and the component for durable goods advanced 0.5% chiefly as a result of increased furniture prices. The services index rose 0.5% as increases were recorded in the shelter, health and recreation elements. In the 12 months to November 1973, the total goods index advanced 11.8% and that for services 6.3%.

		Index		Change		
	Component weight*	1973		1972	Nov. 1973 from Oct. 1972	
		Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	%	
All-items . . . . .	100	155.5	154.3	142.3	0.8	9.3
Food . . . . .	25	171.8	169.7	145.1	1.2	18.4
Food for home consumption . . . . .		166.8	164.9	141.1	1.2	18.2
Food away from home . . . . .		207.5	205.1	175.6	1.2	18.2
All-items excluding food . . . . .	75	149.7	148.8	141.2	0.6	6.0
Housing . . . . .	31	156.1	154.9	146.1	0.8	6.8
Shelter . . . . .		172.3	171.5	161.9	0.5	6.4
Household operation . . . . .		134.2	132.5	124.8	1.3	7.5
Clothing . . . . .	11	143.8	142.3	134.9	1.1	6.6
Transportation . . . . .	15	140.1	139.7	133.1	0.3	5.3
Private transportation . . . . .		133.6	133.0	125.3	0.5	6.6
Public transportation . . . . .		171.4	172.0	171.9	-0.3	-0.3
Health and personal care . . . . .	5	160.8	159.3	151.6	0.9	6.1
Recreation, education and reading . . . . .	7	148.3	147.8	141.3	0.3	5.0
Tobacco and alcohol . . . . .	6	136.9	136.6	133.0	0.2	2.9
Tobacco products . . . . .		146.4	146.3	141.5	0.1	3.5
Alcoholic beverages . . . . .		130.5	130.0	127.3	0.4	2.5
Reclassified by Goods and Services**						
Goods . . . . .	66	148.1	146.7	132.5	1.0	11.8
Durable goods . . . . .	12	110.3	109.8	107.2	0.5	2.9
Semi-durable goods . . . . .	12	141.7	140.1	133.7	1.1	6.0
Non-durable goods . . . . .	42	160.3	158.7	138.8	1.0	15.5
Services . . . . .	34	171.4	170.6	161.3	0.5	6.3
Purchasing power of the 1961 consumer dollar . . . . .		0.64	0.65	0.70		
All-items Consumer Price Index converted to 1949=100 . . . . .						200.9

Note: For detail on these and other price statistics, see *Prices and Price Indexes* (monthly) (62-002, 40¢ \$4).

**Canada's Foreign Trade in Motor Vehicles and Parts,  
Nine Months 1973 — Published only in Statistics  
Canada Daily and Infomat.**

In the first nine months of 1973, Canada's trade in automotive products with the United States showed a deficit of approximately \$180 million. This contrasted markedly with the \$130-million surplus one year earlier. The turnaround resulted from a sharp, 30% increase in imports to \$4,084 million, which outdistanced the 19% rise in exports to \$3,903 million.

The trade deficit with other countries was virtually

unchanged as both exports and imports were lower by about \$30 million. Passenger cars imported from overseas, down 16% by value and 35% by volume, accounted for about one-fifth of the value of total Canadian car imports, as against close to one-third in the first nine months of 1972. In September 1973, the average import price of overseas-manufactured automobiles rose 30% to \$2,282 from \$1,749 a year earlier. The impact of this change was particularly marked in the case of Japanese cars, which represented 10% of the value of car imports in nine months of 1973, compared with 18% in 1972.

**Canada — United States Trade in Automotive Products**

	1969	1970	1971	1972*	Nine Months	
					1972	1973
	(\$ millions Canadian)					
United States imports from Canada						
Cars . . . . .	1,662	1,538	1,943	2,046	1,504	1,659
Trucks, etc. . . . .	605	589	593	706	483	581
Parts . . . . .	1,037	1,127	1,496	1,778	1,274	1,613
Tires and tubes . . . . .	5	15	8	22	15	50
Total . . . . .	3,309	3,269	4,040	4,552	3,276	3,903
Canadian imports from United States						
Cars . . . . .	792	659	963	1,059	710	1,001
Trucks, etc. . . . .	263	275	363	496	337	463
Parts . . . . .	2,307	2,107	2,448	2,873	2,065	2,559
Tires and tubes . . . . .	37	24	36	50	35	61
Total . . . . .	3,399	3,065	3,810	4,478	3,147	4,084
Balance . . . . .	-90	204	230	74	129	-181
Excluded: Special tooling charges on parts imported from U.S. . . . .	81	93	80	85	85	56
* Revised.						

\* Revised.

**Canada — Other Countries Trade in Automotive and Related Products**

	1969	1970	1971	1972*	Nine Months	
					1972	1973
	(\$ millions Canadian)					
Canadian exports						
Cars . . . . .	79	73	59	69	40	27
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	43	79	68	63	52	26
Parts . . . . .	85	87	79	80	56	65
Re-exports . . . . .	9	8	6	5	4	4
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>122</b>
Canadian imports						
Cars . . . . .	230	218	343	416	324	267
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	25	37	57	92	75	77
Parts . . . . .	69	99	119	171	127	151
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>679</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>495</b>
<b>Balance . . . . .</b>	<b>-108</b>	<b>-107</b>	<b>-307</b>	<b>-462</b>	<b>-374</b>	<b>-373</b>

\* Revised.



## Prices and Price Indexes, December 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Dec. 6/73 This week	Nov. 29/73 Week ago	Nov. 8/73 Month ago
		1961=100		
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>175.6</b>	<b>184.0</b>	<b>198.0</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>190.2</b>	<b>198.7</b>	<b>215.4</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	129.4	137.8	154.5
Foods . . . . .	10	137.8	147.2	151.8
Beverages . . . . .	7	244.3	250.7	268.0
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	140.1	151.1	175.3
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	136.2	145.0	166.2
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	361.4	381.8	403.4
Primary metals . . . . .	8	124.9	132.7	139.1
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	174.1	184.1	218.0
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	164.6	166.9	190.1
Petroleum . . . . .	7	318.9	324.0	339.2
Chemicals . . . . .	4	105.7	110.8	123.5
Construction . . . . .	4	142.8	155.0	163.3
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	135.1	142.7	152.1
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>129.4</b>	<b>135.7</b>	<b>141.7</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	133.3	142.4	141.4
Transportation . . . . .	4	281.8	303.1	319.9
Telephone . . . . .	3	83.0	82.7	83.5
Electric power . . . . .	3	99.5	104.9	117.8
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	148.2	153.7	163.7
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>170.3</b>	<b>181.1</b>	<b>192.5</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	200.6	214.7	226.9
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	123.0	128.4	139.0
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>133.4</b>	<b>135.8</b>	<b>141.9</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	192.8	186.1	174.8
Base metals . . . . .	16	102.1	109.5	125.1
Uranium . . . . .	4	280.5	301.5	301.9
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	482.3	495.8	499.1

For further information order the December issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Farm Cash Receipts, January-October, 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary estimates indicate that during the January-October period of 1973 farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland totalled \$5,464.9 million compared to \$4,228.6 million in the same period of 1972. These estimates include cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous grain crops, net cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada and deficiency payments made by the Agricultural Stabilization Board. No deduction was made for the cost incurred by farmer in the production of the commodities sold.

For further information, order the January-October 1973 issue of *Farm Cash Receipts* (21-001, 20¢/\$2) or contact E.S. Boyko (613-994-9876), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

### Total Cash Receipts from Farming Operations

January-October

	1973	1972
	(\$ millions)	
Prince Edward Island	59.1	34.2
Nova Scotia . . . . .	76.9	57.6
New Brunswick . . .	79.2	49.6
Quebec . . . . .	785.0	644.5
Ontario . . . . .	1,581.7	1,259.4
Manitoba . . . . .	493.1	366.5
Saskatchewan . . . .	1,162.9	917.3
Alberta . . . . .	982.3	709.1
British Columbia . .	244.7	190.4
<b>Canada . . . . .</b>	<b>5,464.9</b>	<b>4,228.6</b>

### Tobacco and Tobacco Products, Quarter ended September 30, 1973 — Advance Information.

Stocks of unmanufactured tobacco (domestic and imported) held on September 30 amounted to 152 million pounds compared to 174 million pounds for the same period of 1972.

For further information, order the third quarter issue of *Tobacco and Tobacco Products Statistics* (32-014, 50¢/\$2), or contact Walter Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

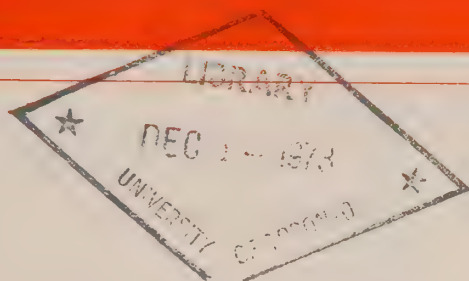
### Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, October 1973 — Advance Information.

In October packers, dealers and tanners held 197,701 cattle hides, up from 184,042 a year earlier, and 86,391 calf and kip skins, down from 107,099. Cattle hide receipts increased to 175,985 from 157,630 and wettings to 177,973 from 171,359. Production of upper leather increased to 5,991,627 sq. ft. from 5,796,707 in 1972.

For further information, order *Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather* (33-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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## daily



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### Publications Released

Imports by Countries, January-September 1973 (65-006, \$1/\$4)

Summary of Imports, September 1973 (65-005, 20¢/\$2)

The Wheat Review, November 1973 (22-005, 30¢/\$3)

Service Bulletin — Water Transport (54-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 6, Containerized Freight Statistics, 1972.



# **The Labour Force, November 1973 — Advance Information.**

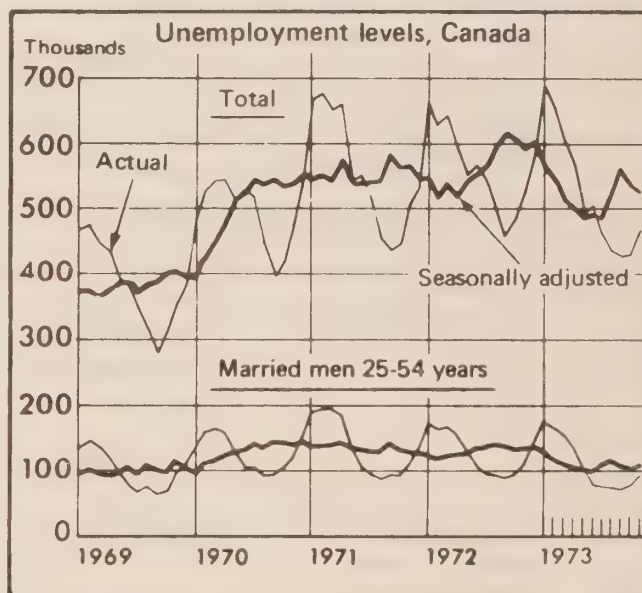
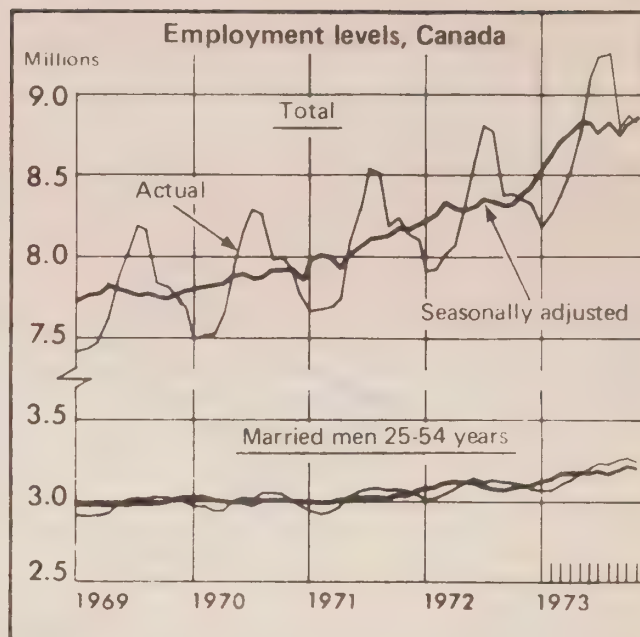
Seasonally adjusted figures show 8.86 million Canadians employed in November and 529,000 unemployed for an unemployment rate of 5.6%, down from 5.8% in October and 6.6% in November last year. Employment stood at 8.82 million in October 1973 and unemployment at 539,000. In November last year employment stood at 8.39 million and unemployment at 591,000.

Regionally, the seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate dipped to 9.6% from 9.7% in October in the Atlantic area, to 4.0% from 4.7% in Ontario and to 6.0% from 6.1% in British Columbia. In Quebec it moved up to 7.6% from 7.2% in October and in the Prairie region to 4.0% from 3.7%.

The seasonal unemployment rate declined 0.4% for all persons aged 14 to 24 and for women 25 and over, the second straight month of declines for these groups. There was little change in the rate for married men aged 25 to 54. The participation rate, percentage of the population counted in the labour force, remained steady at 57.6%, same as October.

Without seasonal adjustment, the total labour force in November was estimated at 9.30 million with 8.83 million employed and 468,000 unemployed, for an unemployment rate of 5.0%. For October, the labour force was estimated at 9.31 million with 8.88 million employed and 429,000 unemployed for a rate of 4.6%. In November 1972, the work force was estimated at 8.89 million with 8.36 million employed and 524,000 unemployed for a rate of 5.9%.

For further information, order the November issue of *The Labour Force* (71-001, 30¢/\$3).



## **Indexes of Real Domestic Product (Industrial Production), October 1973 — Advance Information.**

The seasonally-adjusted index of industrial production increased by 1.9% in October to 215.4 from 211.5 in September. Mining and manufacturing

both increased for the second consecutive month, while utilities declined.

Further information will be provided in the October issue of *Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry* (61-005, 30¢/\$3), or contact R.W. Collins (613-992-9751), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z6.

(see table on page 3)

## Indexes of Industrial Production

(1961=100)

(Seasonally Adjusted)

	1961 percentage weight	1973				
		July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	% Change
<b>Index of Industrial Production</b> . . . . .	<b>32.415</b>	<b>214.9</b>	<b>208.7</b>	<b>211.5</b>	<b>215.4</b>	<b>1.9</b>
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	206.0	205.3	209.5	218.6	4.3
Metal mines . . . . .	2.484	156.1	151.8	162.8	171.6	5.4
Mineral fuels . . . . .	1.281	318.3	330.3	314.4	330.5	5.1
Non-metal mines except coal mines . . . . .	0.377	230.2	214.8	246.7	245.4	-0.5
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	211.6	203.9	207.1	210.7	1.7
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	184.6	176.5	178.0	180.8	1.6
Foods and beverages . . . . .	3.605	167.9	167.5	167.0	170.9	2.3
Tobacco products industries . . . . .	0.220	130.5	145.6	149.5	156.8	4.9
Rubber industries . . . . .	0.419	221.2	243.7	226.5	227.6	0.5
Leather industries . . . . .	0.308	93.1	89.0	92.9	92.2	-0.8
Textile industries . . . . .	0.919	227.1	216.4	217.6	218.0	0.2
Knitting mills . . . . .	0.218	200.3	199.5	200.2	200.7	0.3
Clothing industries . . . . .	0.862	135.3	134.5	135.9	136.6	0.5
Paper and allied industries . . . . .	2.701	168.4	132.1	139.4	146.3	4.9
Printing, publishing and allied industries . . . . .	1.346	149.2	149.5	149.2	151.5	1.5
Petroleum and coal products industries . . . . .	0.737	203.2	107.9	204.7	202.5	-1.1
Chemical and chemical products industries . . . . .	1.751	249.2	241.9	247.0	247.3	0.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . .	0.847	242.9	236.9	235.9	237.7	0.8
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	245.8	238.7	243.9	248.5	1.9
Wood industries . . . . .	1.114	197.2	199.2	201.8	204.6	1.4
Furniture and fixtures industries . . . . .	0.450	214.0	210.8	214.0	213.7	-0.1
Primary metal industries . . . . .	2.207	192.0	186.3	197.1	203.9	3.5
Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) . . . . .	1.835	220.3	219.4	221.1	219.4	-0.8
Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) . . . . .	0.981	250.9	250.3	252.1	252.0	
Transportation equipment industries . . . . .	1.981	387.9	359.2	363.4	386.2	6.3
Electrical products industries . . . . .	1.560	247.3	241.6	250.1	246.3	-1.5
Non metallic mineral products industries . . . . .	0.882	183.4	185.3	188.2	184.4	-2.0
Electric power, gas and water . . . . .	2.908	256.9	254.4	252.6	251.3	-0.5

### Railway Carloadings, 9 Days Ended 30 November 1973 — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily.

Loadings of revenue freight in the nine days under review totalled 6.6 million tons, an increase of 2.6% over the year-earlier period. The number of railway cars loaded declined 0.5% to 112,209. The volume of freight loaded east of the Lakehead rose 7.7% to 3.7 million tons. In western Canada tonnages fell short of 1972 levels by just over 3%. Carloadings in the east were up 2.8% but down 4.6% in the west. Piggyback traffic continued to decline, dropping 22.2% to 181,485 tons. Flatcars loaded with trailers and containers were down 16.1%. The decline in piggyback freight was recorded east of the Lakehead where loaded tonnages fell by more than 30% and cars dropped by some 22%. During the first 11 months of 1973 rail freight volume, as measured by loadings, increased 13.4% to 220.9 million tons and 6.8% in terms of cars to 3.7 million. For further information contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

(see table on page 4)

### Mineral Production, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Silver production decreased to 4.00 million troy ounces from 4.30 million in October 1972. This brought 1973 output to date to 39.92 million troy ounces from 38.16 million a year earlier.

Refined lead production decreased to 17,714 tons from 19,256 tons a year earlier. This brought year-to-date output to 167,773 tons from 173,851 a year earlier.

Production of refined zinc decreased to 50,339 tons from 50,547 tons a year earlier, bringing 1973 output to date to 459,057 tons from 429,887 a year earlier.

Production of primary copper increased to 83,716 tons from 71,369 tons in October 1972, bringing 1973 output so far to 732,067 tons from 634,582 a year earlier.

Primary nickel production increased to 23,354 tons from 21,004 tons in October 1972. Output to date in 1973 is 220,026 tons compared to 211,940 tons a year earlier.

9-day period ending November 30	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	3,674,653	2,937,343	6,611,996
Tons, 1972 .....	3,411,629	3,029,811	6,441,440
% change .....	7.7	-3.1	2.6
Cars, 1973 .....	63,355	48,854	112,209
Cars, 1972 .....	61,619	51,204	112,823
% change .....	2.8	-4.6	-0.5
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	116,383	65,102	181,485
Tons, 1972 .....	167,612	65,734	233,346
% change .....	-30.6	-1.0	-22.2
Cars, 1973 .....	5,518	3,156	8,674
Cars, 1972 .....	7,114	3,222	10,336
% change .....	-22.4	-2.0	-16.1
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	124,920,169	95,936,172	220,856,341
Tons, 1972 .....	101,464,238	93,227,756	194,741,994
% change .....	23.1	2.8	13.4
Cars, 1973 .....	2,174,590	1,564,754	3,739,344
Cars, 1972 .....	1,908,696	1,591,240	3,499,936
% change .....	13.9	-1.7	6.8
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	5,222,369	2,119,978	7,342,347
Tons, 1972 .....	4,542,102	2,065,576	6,607,678
% change .....	15.0	2.6	11.1
Cars, 1973 .....	219,932	104,174	324,106
Cars, 1972 .....	199,778	100,189	299,967
% change .....	10.1	4.0	8.0

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

Gold production decreased to 165,438 troy ounces in October from 166,006 troy ounces a year earlier. This brought year-to-date production to 1.62 million troy ounces from 1.71 million last year.

For further information, order the October issues of *Silver, Lead Zinc Production* (26-008, 10¢/\$1), *Copper and Nickel Production* (26-003, 10¢/\$1) and *Gold Production* (26-004, 10¢/\$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### Sugar Sales, November 1973 — Advance Information.

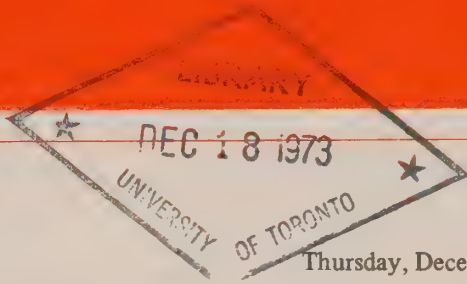
Sugar refineries reported total sales of 245.22 million pounds of all types of sugar in November, 226.44 million pounds in domestic sales and 18.78 million pounds in export sales.

For further information, order the November issue of *Sugar Situation* (32-013, 10¢/\$1).



# Statistics Canada

# daily



Thursday, December 13, 1973

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**Other Publications Released**

- Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, September 1973 (35-002, 20¢/\$2)
- Asphalt Roofing, October 1973 (45-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Rigid Insulating Board, October 1973 (36-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Iron Castings and Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, October 1973 (41-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, November 1973 (41-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Preliminary Report on the Production of Motor Vehicles, November 1973 (42-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Cement, October 1973 (44-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins — Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 10, October 1973; Oil Filters and Cartridges. Cemented Tungsten Carbide Blanks and Tools; Sanitaryware; Heating Boilers and Radiators;
- Tobacco and Tobacco Products (32-022, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 13, Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, October 1973;
- Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 22, Pack of Processed Beans, Green and Wax, 1973;
- Phonograph Records and Pre-Recorded Tapes (47-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 10, Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-Recorded Tapes in Canada, October 1973.

**Security Transactions with Non-residents, August 1973 (67-002, 20¢/\$2).**

Transactions in outstanding securities between Canada and other countries during August led to a net purchase balance or capital outflow of \$6 million, a reduction of \$8 million from the July net capital outflow. Net repurchases of Canadian issues from non-residents more than offset net sales to them of foreign securities. The total value of transactions in August amounted to \$424 million, a drop of \$63 million from the previous month and a return to the monthly levels recorded in the second quarter of the year. Net sales to the United States of \$3 million were more than offset by net repurchases of \$2 million from the United Kingdom and \$7 million from other countries, mainly outside continental Europe.

In the first eight months of 1973, trading in all outstanding securities resulted in a purchase balance of \$76 million and included net repurchases of \$154 million of Canadian issues and net sales of \$78 million of foreign securities. Transactions in equities with U.S. residents continued to be the prominent feature of international trading as Canadians repurchased, on balance, \$145 million of Canadian stocks but reduced their holdings of U.S. equities by \$82 million. Trading in all outstanding securities in the eight-month period led to net outflows of \$107 million to the U.S. and \$10 million to the United Kingdom and net inflows of \$19 million from continental Europe and \$22 million from all other countries.

**Pulpwood and Wood Residue, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Roundwood production increased 46.4% to 2.24 million cunits in October from 1.53 million a year earlier.

Consumption of roundwood and wood residue increased 6.2% to 2.38 million cunits from 2.24 million and the closing inventory of these two products increased 2.5% to 8.94 million cunits from 8.72 million. Receipts of wood residue increased 23.6% to 928,961 cunits from 751,688.

For further information, order the October issue of *Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics* (25-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. C. Sturton (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

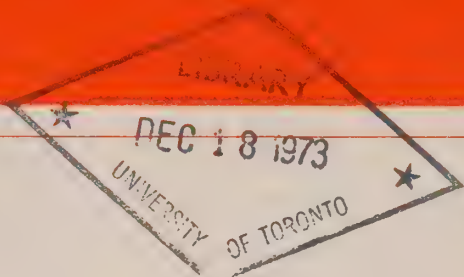
**Footwear Statistics, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

October production of footwear of all types increased to 4.19 million pairs from 3.84 million in 1972. January through October production decreased to 36.83 million pairs in 1973 from 37.13 million in 1972.

For further information, order the October issue of *Footwear Statistics* (33-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact John Dornan (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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Sugar Sales November 1973 – Correction.  
Total sugar sales for November were 231 million pounds, not 245 million as reported in the Daily of December 12. Domestic sales were 212.5 million pounds, exports 18.8 million.

Publications Released

- The Dairy Review, October 1973 (23-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Direct Selling in Canada, 1972 (63-218, 50¢)
- Campus Book Stores, 1972-73 (63-219, 50¢)
- Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, November 1, 1973 (32-010, 20¢/\$2)
- General Review of the Manufacturing Industries of Canada, Volume 1, Industries by Province, 1971 (31-203, \$1.50)
- Statistics Canada Annual Report, 1972 (11-201, N/C)
- Service Bulletin – Aviation (51-004, \$3 a year), Vol. 5, No. 47, Aircraft Movement Statistics, October 1973



**Consumer Credit, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Selected credit holders reporting monthly showed \$13,494 million outstanding on their books at the end of October, 20.7% more than a year earlier.

Personal cash loans by chartered banks rose to \$8,781 million, up 27.5% from a year earlier; and life insurance companies' policy loans were up 5.5% to \$843 million, but personal cash loans made under the Small Loans Act fell 11.5% to \$337 million. In addition, sales finance and consumer loan companies held \$1,133 million balances of retail instalment sales' paper, an increase of 12.1%; and the \$1,400 million outstandings of personal cash loans represented an expansion of 16.9%.

The outstanding balance of other monthly reporters — Quebec savings banks, department stores and furniture, TV, radio, and household appliances stores — rose 10.4% to \$1,000 million, over the year.

Credit holders reporting quarterly — other retail stores, other credit card issuers, credit unions and caisses populaires and public utilities — reported outstanding balance of \$3,489 million for the third quarter, 15.3% more than a year earlier.

Total outstanding balances had reached \$16,775 million at the end of September 1973; a level 19.0% higher than that attained a year earlier.

For further information, order the October issue of *Consumer Credit* (61-004, 20¢/\$2), or contact Consumer Credit Section (613-997-9278), or telex 053-3585, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Chain Store Sales and Stocks, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Chain store organizations reported sales of \$1,305.8 million during October 1973, an increase of 16.3% from October 1972. All trade groups registered increased sales ranging from a high of 39.4% for service stations and garages to a low of 1.6% for shoe stores.

The value of stocks held by chain stores on the first of October 1973 increased 10.6% from October 1972, reaching \$2,136.8 million. All trade groups, with the exception of drug stores (-0.6%), recorded stock increases. The largest gains were registered by family clothing stores (37.4%) and men's clothing stores (28.7%).

For further information, order the October issue of *Chain Store Sales and Stocks* (63-001, 10¢/\$1), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Industrial Corporation Financial Statistics, Third Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.**

Estimated after-tax profits of industrial corporations, not seasonally adjusted, were \$1,798 million for the

third quarter of 1973, an increase of \$600 million or 50.1% from the third quarter of 1972.

Estimated sales of \$37.3 billion for the same period showed an increase of \$6.4 billion or 20.7% from the third quarter of 1972. Assets increased by \$3,020 million or 2.7% over the previous quarter and by \$10,448 million or 10.2% from the third quarter of 1972.

For further information, order the third quarter issue of *Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics* (61-003, \$1/\$4), or contact Mr. J.D. Wilson (613-994-9622), Business Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z7.

**Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian mills shipped 246.8 million sq. ft. (3/8" basis) of softwood plywood in October, up from 209.4 million in October 1972.

Shipments of hardwood plywood amounted to 34.9 million sq. ft. surface measure for October, an increase of 21% over the same month in 1972.

For further information, order the October issue of *Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods* (35-001, 20¢/\$2) or contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Dairy Factory Production, November 1973 — Advance Information.**

Production of creamery butter fell 9.9% in November to 14.1 million pounds from 15.7 million a year earlier. Cheddar cheese production increase 18.0% to 14.3 million pounds from 12.1 million and production of ice cream mix decreased 2.6% to 1.8 million gallons from 1.9 million gallons.

For further information, order the November issue of *Dairy Factory Production* (32-002, 10¢/\$1), or contact J.H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

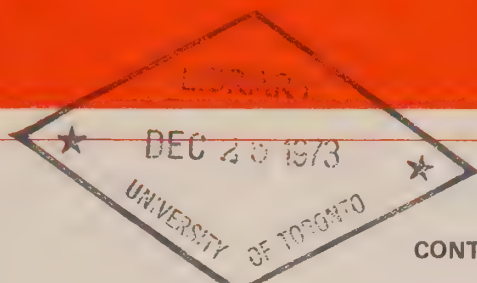
**Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, December 1, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Cold storage holdings of creamery butter were up to 53.6 million pounds on December 1, compared to last year's corresponding total of 41.5 million, and stocks of cheddar cheese were down to 68.7 million pounds from 74.4 million. Stocks of skim milk powder decreased 48.9% to 84.3 million pounds and stocks of evaporated whole milk decreased 5.2% to 30.6 million.

For further information, order the December issue of *Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products* (32-009, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, October 1973 — Advance Information

### Publications Released

- Survey of Production, 1971 (61-202, 75¢)
- Sales of Paints, Varnishes and Lacquers, October 1973 (46-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Specified Chemicals, October 1973 (46-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, October 1973 (32-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Oil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters, October 1973 (41-008, 10¢/\$1)
- Products made from Canadian Clays, October 1973 (44-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Concrete Products, October 1973 (44-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, October 1973 (43-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, October 1973 (43-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins — Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 per year), Vol. 8, No. 93, Preliminary Electric Energy Statistics, October 1973;
- Tobacco and Tobacco Products (32-022, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 14, Tobacco Stocks — Stocks of Unmanufactured Tobacco in Canada, September 30, 1973;

(continued)

**Fabricated Metal Products** (41-009, \$2 per year), Vol. 2, No. 10, Domestic and Farm Water Systems, October 1973;  
**Electrical Products** (43-007, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 27, Domestic Water Tank Heaters, October 1973.

### Summary of Exports, October 1973 — Advance Information.

The External Trade Division reports that the value of total exports increased to \$2,390 million in October 1973 from \$1,971 million a year earlier. January to October total exports rose to \$20,207 million in 1973 from \$16,267 million in 1972. Area and commodity detail are shown below for domestic exports only.

	Domestic Exports			
	October		January to October	
	1972	1973	1972	1973
	\$ millions			
<b>Selected Countries</b>				
United States . . . . .	1,254.6	1,605.8	11,041.7	13,592.6
Japan . . . . .	100.0	172.6	767.3	1,361.1
United Kingdom . . . . .	139.4	137.5	1,094.3	1,217.9
Germany, West . . . . .	36.8	39.0	249.9	345.1
People's Republic of China . . . . .	34.8	25.2	173.5	245.3
Italy . . . . .	20.4	25.6	156.9	222.9
Belgium and Luxembourg . . . . .	29.3	26.5	152.3	218.1
Netherlands . . . . .	21.7	22.4	212.1	188.4
Australia . . . . .	13.3	20.5	130.0	163.4
France . . . . .	15.9	15.1	123.6	145.1
Norway . . . . .	24.6	17.2	128.5	139.0
India . . . . .	10.1	10.8	76.2	106.4
Venezuela . . . . .	9.1	5.7	115.3	76.6
<b>All Countries</b> . . . . .	<b>1,920.5</b>	<b>2,328.0</b>	<b>15,870.6</b>	<b>19,755.1</b>
<b>Selected Commodities</b>				
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	290.4	300.3	1,767.2	2,327.6
Wheat . . . . .	144.4	106.5	693.9	929.1
Whisky . . . . .	23.3	32.2	151.4	181.3
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	371.9	462.3	2,881.4	3,957.4
Crude petroleum . . . . .	88.4	131.1	826.7	1,193.3
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	49.9	66.0	292.6	400.5
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	49.1	32.7	303.9	358.1
Fabricated materials, inedible . . . . .	604.9	744.9	5,376.3	6,624.2
Newsprint paper . . . . .	109.7	107.2	970.3	1,059.6
Wood pulp, similar pulp . . . . .	73.5	100.2	672.5	835.1
Lumber . . . . .	116.0	142.1	931.2	1,323.6
Aluminum, including alloys . . . . .	33.2	35.9	330.1	303.5
Copper and alloys . . . . .	36.2	45.7	329.9	404.4
End products, inedible . . . . .	638.2	805.8	5,741.7	6,682.8
Passenger automobiles and chassis . . . . .	198.9	241.3	1,757.7	1,921.8
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	110.4	146.5	974.0	1,273.9
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis . . . . .	48.1	72.3	512.9	612.5
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	23.5	19.4	107.1	90.8
Motor vehicle engines and parts . . . . .	37.5	55.1	425.1	463.5
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	34.0	37.1	399.4	341.9
<b>Re-exports</b> . . . . .	<b>50.7</b>	<b>62.1</b>	<b>396.7</b>	<b>451.5</b>
<b>Total Exports</b> . . . . .	<b>1,971.3</b>	<b>2,390.0</b>	<b>16,267.3</b>	<b>20,206.5</b>

(table continued on next page)



## Domestic Exports by Stage of Fabrication

	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
\$ millions								
<b>All Countries</b>								
October . . . . .	1,920.5	2,328.0	591.5	658.9	634.8	776.6	694.2	892.5
January to October . . . . .	15,870.6	19,755.1	4,175.8	5,688.9	5,555.9	6,887.8	6,138.9	7,178.3
<b>United States</b>								
October . . . . .	1,254.6	1,605.8	208.6	287.2	441.3	540.4	604.6	778.2
January to October . . . . .	11,041.7	13,592.6	1,893.9	2,540.3	3,878.9	4,780.4	5,268.8	6,271.8

Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.

Further information will contained in *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

## Summary of Imports, October 1973 — Advance Information.

The External Trade Division reports that October imports increased to a value of \$2,322 million from \$1,772 million a year earlier and \$1,456 million in the same month of 1971. Imports for the 10 months increased to \$19,055 million in 1973 from \$15,361 million in 1972 and \$12,753 million in 1971.

	October		January through October	
	1972	1973	1972	1973
(\$ millions)				
<b>Selected Countries</b>				
United States . . . . .	1,244.8	1,648.9	10,564.0	13,477.3
Japan . . . . .	90.5	98.9	787.1	856.9
United Kingdom . . . . .	98.7	100.8	893.4	847.1
Germany, West . . . . .	49.8	63.5	423.4	503.4
Venezuela . . . . .	37.7	48.9	348.5	409.6
France . . . . .	22.1	33.4	211.3	267.7
Italy . . . . .	15.7	21.0	170.9	194.8
Australia . . . . .	18.6	22.2	154.9	164.6
Sweden . . . . .	12.5	19.7	116.0	142.5
Switzerland . . . . .	9.1	11.2	85.2	98.4
Netherlands . . . . .	8.2	11.0	76.2	97.7
Hong Kong . . . . .	9.9	12.2	84.8	90.9
Mexico . . . . .	4.2	4.8	43.8	66.6
<b>All Countries</b> . . . . .	1,772.1	2,322.2	15,361.1	19,055.3
<b>Selected Commodities</b>				
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco . . . . .	141.7	202.4	1,089.0	1,446.7
Coffee . . . . .	10.5	11.2	81.6	101.5
Sugar, raw . . . . .	19.8	20.6	96.2	123.6
Crude materials, inedible . . . . .	139.1	188.9	1,281.2	1,611.6
Crude petroleum . . . . .	52.6	80.7	580.0	749.3
Coal . . . . .	20.5	20.9	137.8	132.9
Aluminium ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	9.4	6.9	64.5	72.6
Fabricated materials, inedible . . . . .	324.7	423.8	2,969.7	3,449.6
Fuel oil . . . . .	13.2	13.5	96.7	96.2
Organic chemicals . . . . .	13.5	18.6	139.1	172.0
Plate sheet and strip, steel . . . . .	18.7	23.1	153.7	177.0
Plastics materials, not shaped . . . . .	14.4	19.0	129.3	160.0
End products, inedible . . . . .	1,145.2	1,448.7	9,824.7	12,250.4
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	211.2	257.8	1,857.2	2,265.1
Sedans, new . . . . .	152.9	170.3	1,054.7	1,282.5
Motor vehicle engines and parts . . . . .	55.5	69.0	440.7	630.7
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis . . . . .	45.7	57.0	353.0	473.1
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	35.3	33.2	241.1	422.5
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	38.2	50.4	367.8	402.3

(table continued on next page)

## Imports by Stage of Fabrication

	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
(\$ millions)								
<b>All Countries</b>								
October . . . . .	1,772.1	2,322.2	204.8	319.8	357.2	463.6	1,210.1	1,538.8
January to October . . . . .	15,361.1	19,055.3	1,861.4	2,436.3	3,169.7	3,736.0	10,330.0	12,883.1
<b>United States</b>								
October . . . . .	1,244.8	1,648.9	107.6	175.5	214.9	300.4	922.3	1,173.0
January to October . . . . .	10,564.0	13,477.3	858.2	1,147.2	1,924.8	2,378.9	7,781.0	9,951.1

Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/\$2).

### Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Manufacturers' shipments in October, seasonally adjusted, were estimated at \$5,674.7 million, 3.5% higher than the September estimate of \$5,481.6 million. Durable goods shipments increased 5.1% to \$2,737.7 million from \$2,605.7 million while non-durable goods shipments rose 2.1% to \$2,937.0 million from \$2,875.9 million.

New orders for October, estimated at \$5,938.1 million, increased 3.3% from September's estimate of \$5,747.5 million. Durable goods new orders increased 3.1% to \$2,953.3 million while non-durable goods new orders rose 3.5% to \$2,984.8 million from \$2,883.9 million. Unfilled orders were estimated at \$7,219.0 million, 3.8% higher than the September estimate of \$6,955.6 million.

Total inventory owned was estimated at \$10,063.6 million, 0.4% higher than the September estimate of \$10,022.6 million. Total inventory held was estimated at \$10,562.7 million, 0.7% higher than the September estimate of \$10,490.6 million with a 1.5% increase in raw materials and fractional increases in goods in process and finished products.

The ratio of total inventory owned to shipments was 1.77 in October compared to September's 1.83. The finished products to shipments ratio was 0.61 in October and 0.63 for September.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, manufacturers' shipments in October were estimated at \$6,118.4 million, 8.5% higher than the September estimate of \$5,640.1 million. Shipments for the first 10 months of 1973 were estimated at \$53,587.1 million, 17.6% higher than the corresponding 1972 estimate of \$45,585.4 million.

For further information, order the October issue of *Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries* (31-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

(see table on next page)

### Wholesale Trade, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Sales by wholesale merchants for October were estimated at \$3,209 million, a 19.6% increase over October 1972.

In the consumer goods trades the most significant sales change from October 1972 was in the groceries and food specialties component, an increase of 18.5%. In the industrial goods trades one of the most notable items was an increase of 20.2% in the category of other construction material and supplies, including lumber.

Wholesale inventories were valued at \$4,307 million, an increase of 16.3% over October last year.

For further details, order the October issue of *Wholesale Trade* (63-008, 10¢/\$1).

### Steel Ingots, Week Ended December 15, 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended December 15 totalled 290,256 tons, a decrease of 2.1% from the preceding week's total of 296,345 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 263,473 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 158.4 in the current week, 161.7 a week earlier and 143.8 one year ago.

### Index of Industrial Production, October 1973 — Correction.

In the table carried in the *Daily* December 12, the correct index number for petroleum and coal products industries under August is 207.9, not 107.9.

**Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in All Manufacturing Industries**  
(Based on 1970 Census of Manufactures Benchmarks)

	Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation			
	Oct. 1973P	Sept. 1973 <sup>r</sup> (\$ millions)	Aug. 1973	Oct. 1972
<b>Shipments: Total</b> . . . . .	<b>6,118.4</b>	<b>5,640.1</b>	<b>5,104.1</b>	<b>5,033.9</b>
Non-durable . . . . .	3,144.2	2,956.7	2,871.6	2,594.8
Durable . . . . .	2,974.2	2,683.3	2,232.4	2,439.1
<b>New Orders: Total</b> . . . . .	<b>6,338.1</b>	<b>5,842.9</b>	<b>5,377.3</b>	<b>5,057.1</b>
Non-durable . . . . .	3,177.6	2,943.4	2,915.0	2,599.6
Durable . . . . .	3,160.5	2,899.6	2,462.3	2,457.6
<b>Unfilled Orders: Total</b> . . . . .	<b>7,141.5</b>	<b>6,921.8</b>	<b>6,719.0</b>	<b>5,136.8</b>
Non-durable . . . . .	1,023.8	990.4	1,003.8	792.6
Durable . . . . .	6,117.7	5,931.4	5,715.2	4,344.1
<b>Inventory Owned: Total</b> . . . . .	<b>10,005.5</b>	<b>9,949.9</b>	<b>9,815.1</b>	<b>8,798.0</b>
<b>Inventory Held: Total</b> . . . . .	<b>10,518.3</b>	<b>10,440.0</b>	<b>10,312.4</b>	<b>9,319.6</b>
Raw materials . . . . .	4,318.0	4,229.8	4,174.0	3,736.1
Goods in process . . . . .	2,813.9	2,836.8	2,810.6	2,514.6
Finished Products . . . . .	3,386.4	3,377.3	3,327.8	3,068.9
<b>Adjusted for Seasonal Variation</b>				
<b>Shipments: Total</b> . . . . .	<b>5,674.7</b>	<b>5,481.6</b>	<b>5,210.1</b>	<b>4,785.6</b>
Non-durable . . . . .	2,937.0	2,875.9	2,782.2	2,461.7
Durable . . . . .	2,737.7	2,605.7	2,427.9	2,323.9
<b>New Orders: Total</b> . . . . .	<b>5,938.1</b>	<b>5,747.5</b>	<b>5,470.3</b>	<b>4,844.6</b>
Non-durable . . . . .	2,984.8	2,883.9	2,856.0	2,477.7
Durable . . . . .	2,953.3	2,863.6	2,614.3	2,366.9
<b>Unfilled Orders: Total</b> . . . . .	<b>7,219.0</b>	<b>6,955.6</b>	<b>6,689.7</b>	<b>5,221.9</b>
Non-durable . . . . .	1,067.7	1,019.9	1,011.9	831.2
Durable . . . . .	6,151.3	5,935.7	5,677.8	4,390.7
<b>Inventory Owned: Total</b> . . . . .	<b>10,063.6</b>	<b>10,022.6</b>	<b>9,835.2</b>	<b>8,860.7</b>
<b>Inventory Held: Total</b> . . . . .	<b>10,562.7</b>	<b>10,490.6</b>	<b>10,317.2</b>	<b>9,369.3</b>
Raw materials . . . . .	4,304.9	4,241.9	4,170.9	3,718.0
Goods in process . . . . .	2,819.8	2,811.2	2,794.9	2,522.3
Finished products . . . . .	3,438.0	3,437.5	3,351.4	3,129.0
Ratio of Total Inventory Owned to Shipments . . . . .	1.77	1.83	1.89	1.85
Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments . . . . .	0.61	0.63	0.64	0.65

**Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin**

	Not Seasonally Adjusted					
	Oct. 1973P	Sept. 1973	% change	Jan.-Oct. 1973P (\$ millions)	Jan.-Oct. 1972	% change
Newfoundland . . . . .	39.7	32.9	20.7	305.7	237.5	28.7
Nova Scotia . . . . .	103.0	99.5	3.5	918.3	749.0	22.6
New Brunswick . . . . .	101.8	101.4	0.4	898.2	752.9	19.3
Quebec . . . . .	1,595.2	1,510.8	5.6	13,888.2	12,233.8	13.5
Ontario . . . . .	3,250.8	2,954.0	10.1	28,187.2	24,019.4	17.4
Manitoba . . . . .	163.4	159.3	2.6	1,488.1	1,214.3	22.5
Saskatchewan . . . . .	72.3	66.8	8.2	632.2	523.8	20.7
Alberta . . . . .	249.4	237.7	4.9	2,300.0	1,920.3	19.8
British Columbia . . . . .	535.3	469.9	13.9	4,898.1	3,871.6	26.5
<b>Canada*</b> . . . . .	<b>6,118.4</b>	<b>5,640.1</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>53,587.1</b>	<b>45,585.4</b>	<b>17.6</b>

\* Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

p - Preliminary figures. r - Revised figures.

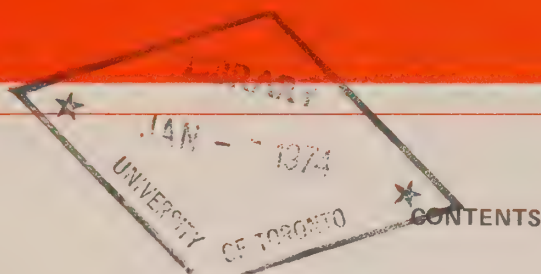
NOTE: figures may not add due to rounding.





# Statistics Canada

## daily



Tuesday, December 18, 1973

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### Financial Flow Accounts

Quarterly financial flow accounts from 1962 to the second quarter of 1973 now are available in machine-readable form from the CANSIM. For further information on methodology and concepts, order the quarterly Financial Flows Accounts (13-001, \$1/\$4) or contact Mr. J.D. Randall (613-992-8340), Financial Flows and Multinational Enterprises Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8. For data on magnetic tape or computer printouts, contact Mrs. Gina Pillozzi (613-995-7406), General Time Series Staff, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

For 1962 to 1969, the data incorporates conceptual and statistical revisions. For the period 1970 to the 1973 second quarter, the data have been compiled on a revised national income and expenditure basis and consequently have not been subject to large revisions. Financial flows data also will be available shortly in printed form for 1962-1969 on the revised basis.

### Publications Released

- Population by Birthplace, 1971 Census (92-760, 50¢)
- Housing by Principal Fuels and Heating Equipment, 1971 Census (93-733, \$1.50)
- National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Third Quarter 1973 (13-001, 75¢/\$3)
- Housing Starts and Completions, October 1973 (64-002, 30¢/\$3)
- New Motor Vehicle Sales, October 1973 (63-007, 20¢/\$2)
- Restaurant Statistics, October 1973 (63-011, 10¢/\$1)
- Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, October 1973 (41-006, 10¢/\$1)

(continued)



- Copper and Nickel Production, October 1973 (26-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Silver, Lead and Zinc Production, October 1973 (26-008, 10¢/\$1)
- Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, October 1973 (25-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Quarterly Shipments of Office Furniture Products, Quarter Ended September 30, 1973 (35-006, 25¢/\$1)
- Selected Meat and Meat Preparations, October 1973 (32-020, 10¢/\$1)
- Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, October 1973 (43-003, 10¢/\$1)
- The Sugar Situation, October 1973 (32-013, 10¢/\$1)
- Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, October 1973 (33-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Particle Board, October 1973 (36-003, 10¢/\$1)
- Distilled Beverage Spirits and Industrial Ethyl Alcohol, October 1973 (32-021, 10¢/\$1)
- Gold, October 1973 (26-004, 10¢/\$1)
- Production of Canada's Leading Minerals, October 1973 (26-007, 10¢/\$1)
- Pack, Shipments and Stocks of Selected Canned Fruits and Vegetables, October 1973 (32-011, 20¢/\$2)
- Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, October 1973 (43-005, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins — Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 23, Pack of Processed Peaches, 1973;
- Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 105, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Newfoundland, November 1973.

#### Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Initial and renewal claims for unemployment insurance were 191,000 in October, an increase of 19% from the 161,000 received during the previous month but 4% less than the 199,000 received in October 1972.

At the end of October, 677,000 claimants were registered for unemployment insurance benefit, virtually unchanged from September but 5% fewer than the 709,000 claimants reported at October 31, 1972.

Benefit paid to claimants in October rose to \$135 million, 11% more than the \$122 million for September but 2% less than the \$138 million for October 1972. Claimants received 1.95 million weeks of benefit in October, up 8% from the September total of 1.81 million but 11% less than the 2.20 million in October 1972. The average weekly payment rose 3% to \$69.76 from the previous month's average of \$68.03. It was 11% more than the year-earlier payment of \$62.99.

(see table on page 3)

#### Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, October 1973 — Advance Information.

Preliminary statistics for October show that 5.4 million international travellers entered Canada, an

increase of 2.1% from the previous year. This comprises 2.6 million non-resident travellers, 2.5 million residents re-entering Canada and 0.3 million in the "other travellers" category which includes immigrants, military personnel and crews.

For further information, order the October issue of *Travel Between Canada and Other Countries* (66-001, 40¢/\$4) or contact Mr. M. W. Valiquette (613-992-5507) International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

(see table on page 4)

#### Retail Trade, October, 1973 — Advance Information.

Seasonally adjusted October retail sales increased 0.4% from the previous month to a total of \$3,231.6 million with decreases in 11 of the 18 trade groups. Family clothing stores (-5.9%), service stations and garages (-4.6%) and drug stores (-3.7%) registered the largest decreases, while general merchandise stores (9.0%) and motor vehicle dealers (5.4%) recorded the largest sales gains. British Columbia registered the greatest provincial increase (4.0%) and Saskatchewan the largest decrease (-2.0%).

Total retail trade, without seasonal adjustment, reached \$3,323.6 million, an increase of 13.2% from October 1972. Gains were registered in all trade groups ranging from a high of 16.9% for department stores to a low of 2.1% for shoe stores. All provinces

(continued on page 4)



Province	Initial and Renewal Claims Received			Claimants(a) Reporting to District Offices			Benefit Paid(b) (\$000)		
	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1972	Oct. 31 1973	Sept. 28 1973	Oct. 31 1972	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1972
Newfoundland . . . . .	7,945	6,114	7,611	31,571	30,916	27,357	5,983	4,735	4,588
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	1,693	908	1,769	4,259	3,845	4,153	709	564	551
Nova Scotia . . . . .	7,860	5,616	8,453	27,569	27,800	30,240	4,958	4,307	5,177
New Brunswick . . . . .	9,399	6,258	8,612	31,061	30,219	29,445	5,762	4,565	4,724
Quebec . . . . .	54,854	45,340	55,132	210,383	207,130	216,237	44,882	41,393	43,702
Ontario . . . . .	60,639	56,395	64,168	207,958	217,065	230,188	42,301	40,768	46,598
Manitoba . . . . .	6,311	5,707	8,270	21,198	21,399	24,482	3,682	3,314	4,433
Saskatchewan . . . . .	5,143	4,089	6,307	15,499	14,152	17,641	2,716	2,288	2,926
Alberta . . . . .	10,547	9,604	13,342	35,005	34,716	42,446	5,419	5,066	7,734
British Columbia . . . . .	26,175	20,508	24,724	90,197	87,251	84,786	19,381	15,936	18,157
Yukon Territory . . . . .	325	200	323	890	836	809	209	170	164
Northwest Territories . . . . .	242	170	168	776	711	504	172	143	76
Outside Canada . . . . .	56	61	75	209	204	254	32	44	32
Adjustments(c) . . . . .							982	1,210	798
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>191,189</b>	<b>160,970</b>	<b>198,954</b>	<b>676,575</b>	<b>676,244</b>	<b>708,542</b>	<b>135,223</b>	<b>122,083</b>	<b>138,064</b>

Province	Weeks Paid			Average Weekly Payment		
	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1972	Oct. 1973	Sept. 1973	Oct. 1972
(\$ millions)						
Newfoundland . . . . .	96,365	77,145	81,802	62.09	61.38	56.09
Prince Edward Island . . . . .	12,298	9,902	10,955	57.63	56.95	50.28
Nova Scotia . . . . .	78,215	67,530	91,656	63.38	63.78	56.49
New Brunswick . . . . .	96,143	76,104	84,876	59.93	59.99	55.66
Quebec . . . . .	637,627	615,428	704,766	70.39	67.26	62.01
Ontario . . . . .	600,414	591,545	718,830	70.45	68.92	64.82
Manitoba . . . . .	53,216	48,802	73,057	69.18	67.91	60.67
Saskatchewan . . . . .	39,940	34,526	48,801	68.02	66.26	59.97
Alberta . . . . .	73,299	69,704	119,530	73.94	72.67	64.70
British Columbia . . . . .	259,758	217,043	266,436	74.61	73.42	68.15
Yukon Territory . . . . .	2,730	2,150	2,286	76.63	79.04	71.82
Northwest Territories . . . . .	2,129	1,817	1,096	81.00	78.96	68.91
Outside Canada . . . . .	383	561	441	82.43	77.68	73.24
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>1,952,517</b>	<b>1,812,257</b>	<b>2,204,532</b>	<b>69.76</b>	<b>68.03</b>	<b>62.99</b>

(a) These figures are overstated by 20% to 25% in terms of active files. If a claimant does not report due to becoming re-employed, a period of 5 weeks is allowed to elapse before his claim is transferred to the inactive file.

(b) May not add to "Canada" totals due to rounding.

(c) Cancelled warrants and collection of overpayments.

For further information, order the October issue of *Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act* (73-001, 20¢) or contact Mr. George Fincham (613-992-7461), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

#### Number of International Travellers Entering or Returning to Canada

	October 1972	October 1973P	Change %
Non-resident travellers			
United States . . . . .	2,397,376	2,498,277	4.2
Countries other than the U.S.A. . . . .	75,873	90,865	19.8
Entering direct . . . . .	31,906	35,206	10.3
Entering via the U.S.A. . . . .	43,967	55,659	26.6
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>2,473,249</b>	<b>2,589,142</b>	<b>4.7</b>
Residents of Canada			
United States . . . . .	2,479,419	2,437,065	-1.7
Countries other than the U.S.A. . . . .	88,610	96,970	9.4
Returning direct . . . . .	81,123	88,031	8.5
Returning via the U.S.A. . . . .	7,487	8,939	19.4
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>2,568,029</b>	<b>2,534,035</b>	<b>-1.3</b>
Other travellers . . . . .	287,769	317,121	10.2
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>5,329,047</b>	<b>5,440,298</b>	<b>2.1</b>

P - Preliminary figures, subject to revision.

recorded higher sales with the largest increases in Prince Edward Island (21.6%) and British Columbia (17.1%).

For further information, order the October issue of *Retail Trade* (63-005, 30¢/\$3).

#### **Railway Operating Statistics, October, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Operating revenues of six major railways in Canada totalled \$192.2 million in October, an increase of 13.1% over October 1972. Expenses during the 31-day period rose 12.4% to \$172.0 million and, as a result, the net income of railways rose 19.0% to \$20.2 million.

Revenue freight ton-miles were up 6.2% to 12,138.5 million but passenger-miles were down 10.6% from the previous October level. Passenger-miles generated in commuter services declined only 1.8% but those involving non-commuter services fell 11.6% to 93.3 million.

During the first 10 months of 1973, railway revenues at \$1,608.8 million were 6.5% higher than those of the same 1972 period. Expenses more than kept pace with revenues however, rising 8.4% to \$1,571.5 million, resulting in a net operating income of \$37.3 million, some 39% below the \$61.3 million of the previous year. Freight ton-miles rose 4.9% during the cumulative period while passenger-miles were down by more than a quarter.

For further information order the October issue of *Railway Operating Statistics* (52-003, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

#### **Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, December 1 — Advance Information.**

Total frozen meat in cold storage at the opening of the first business day of December amounted to 100.5 million pounds compared to 83.8 million last month and 91.0 million a year ago.

For further information, order the December issue of *Stocks of Frozen Meat Products* (32-012, 30¢/\$3), or contact J. H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

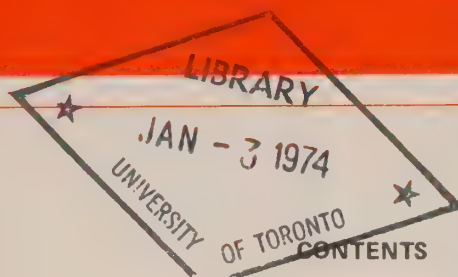
#### **Shipment of Foundation Garments, Quarter ended September 30, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Shipments of foundation garments increased to 499,394 dozen in the third quarter from 465,214 dozen a year earlier.

For further information, order the September issue of *Foundation Garment Shipments*, Vol. 10 No. 3, (34-002, 25¢/\$1), or contact Mr. Larry Clarke (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Statistics Canada

## daily



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### Scheduled for Tomorrow's Daily

Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities, November 1973 — Advance Information  
Estimates of Labour Income, October 1973 — Advance Information

### Publication Released

Employment, Earnings and Hours, July 1973 (72-002, 40¢/\$4)  
Families (Children in Families), 1971 Census (93-715, \$1)  
Stoves and Furnaces, October 1973 (41-005, 20¢/\$2)  
Fish Freezings and Stocks, October 1973 (24-001, 30¢/\$3)  
Preliminary Bulletin — 1971 Census of Manufactures (\$3.50 for the series): Manufacturing Industries — Geographical Distribution (31-209-p).



# **Employment, Earnings and Hours, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

The first estimate of the seasonally adjusted October 1973 industrial composite index of employment (1961=100) for Canada showed a rise of 0.7%. There were gains in all industry divisions except construction and service, which declined. Increased employment was recorded in all regions except the Atlantic region, which showed no change over the month.

Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence. All statistics are based on returns received from employers having 20 or more employees in any month of the year.

Average weekly earnings increased 1.3% in October at the Canada composite level. Gains were recorded in all industry divisions except mining. All regions showed higher levels of earnings than in the previous month.

Among the industry divisions for which data on hourly-rated wage-earners are tabulated, average weekly hours rose in manufacturing and declined in mining and construction, while average hourly earnings rose in manufacturing and construction, and declined in mining.

Preliminary data for September indicated a rise of 2.9% in the industrial composite index of employment for Canada. Most of this gain can be attributed to the resolution of industrial disputes in railway transport. Employment increases were also recorded in all industry divisions except construction, which declined. The regional advances in employment ranged from 1.9% in Ontario to 5.6% in the Prairie Region.

Average weekly earnings increased by 1.4% in September at the Canada industrial composite level. Gains were recorded in all industry divisions; the most substantial increases were in finance, insurance and real estate (2.0%), forestry (1.8%) and manufacturing (1.7%). All regions except British Columbia showed increases, from 0.4% in the Atlantic region to 2.0% in Ontario.

In manufacturing and construction, both average weekly hours and average hourly earnings rose in September, while in mining both hours and earnings declined.

Detailed information for August and September will be published in the October 1973 issue of *Employment, Earning and Hours* (72-002, 40¢/\$4) and is also available from Mr. R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

(see table on next page)

# **Department Store Sales and Stocks, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Department store sales were \$372.9 million during October 1973, an increase of 16.9% from the \$318.8 million registered in October 1972.

Sales rose in thirty-three of the thirty-nine departments, the largest by furniture (45.1%); major appliances (42.1%); and T.V., radio and music (38.8%). All provinces reported increases.

The selling value of stocks held in October 1973 reached \$1,126.9 million, 9.3% from October 1972. Inventories increased in 30 of the 39 departments, with the largest increase registered by women's and misses' coats and suits, up 47.8%. The largest decrease in inventory (12.3%) was recorded by women's and girls' hosiery.

For further information, order the October, 1973 issue of *Department Store Sales and Stocks* (63-002, 20¢/\$2), or contact Mr. R. Potvin (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

# **Gas Utilities, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian consumers purchased 92.0 billion cubic feet of natural gas in October, up 2.9% from 89.4 billion a year earlier. Exports rose to 89.9 billion cubic feet from 85.5 billion.

For further information order the October issue of *Gas Utilities* (55-002, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin*, Vol. 8, No. 95 (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# **Oil Pipe Line Transport August 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canadian oil pipe lines received 2.98 million barrels per day of crude oil, condensate, pentanes plus and refined petroleum products in August, 18.0% more than the 2.53 million received a year earlier. Domestic oils increased 16.5% to 2.44 million B/D and imported oils 25.2% to 542,400 B/D.

For further information, order the August issue of *Oil Pipe Line Transport* (55-001, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Service Bulletin* Vol. 8 No. 94 (57-002, \$3 a year), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Advance Employment, Earnings and Hours Data, October 1973

Industry Division and Area		Employment Index Numbers																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
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Forestry		97.1	99.9	101.5	101.0	90.3	94.1	84.8	82.2	82.1	81.3																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Mining		111.5	111.2	114.1	114.8	111.3	111.9	112.9	111.1	110.5	110.6																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Manufacturing		132.5	132.5	132.4	131.5	126.2	127.3	131.2	130.2	129.6	131.8																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Durables		149.3	147.6	146.1	145.2	137.6	138.0	148.5	146.4	145.2	148.4																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Non-durables		118.9	120.3	121.3	120.3	117.0	118.6	117.2	116.9	116.6	117.4																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Construction		122.0	124.2	124.1	122.0	120.5	123.0	109.4	110.3	110.9	111.3																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities		120.7	121.6	106.1	122.1	118.3	117.6	120.3	118.8	102.1	118.7																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Trade		159.8	156.8	151.9	151.1	151.0	147.3	156.9	156.2	154.7	153.7																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate		160.3	159.2	159.4	159.4	150.6	149.7	160.8	159.6	158.8	157.6																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Service		210.8	213.0	217.3	215.1	195.2	198.3	207.6	208.0	205.9	205.9																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Industrial Composite		139.5	139.6	136.5	138.6	133.4	133.5	137.3	136.3	132.5	136.7																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
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Atlantic Region		132.3	133.6	129.9	134.2	125.5	127.6	126.9	126.9	120.7	126.8																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Newfoundland		138.1	140.5	136.9	142.0	133.6	136.7	128.9	129.3	124.4	131.4																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Prince Edward Island		156.1	159.3	151.8	166.0	149.3	154.2	142.8	142.0	132.6	148.0																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Nova Scotia		127.4	127.5	125.6	126.4	117.5	118.2	124.4	123.7	120.5	121.4																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
New Brunswick		132.4	134.0	128.6	135.6	127.5	130.3	127.9	127.2	118.1	127.0																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Quebec		128.3	128.5	126.1	126.8	124.2	124.1	125.2	124.7	121.7	123.8																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Ontario		145.0	144.5	141.7	142.6	137.3	136.5	143.8	142.1	139.4	143.2																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Prairie Region		136.8	136.9	131.1	137.6	131.7	132.6	134.4	133.0	126.0	132.6																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Manitoba		123.9	123.5	114.0	122.1	119.6	120.1	120.9	120.0	110.3	118.7																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Saskatchewan		124.6	124.5	118.4	124.1	119.4	121.2	121.7	120.1	112.8	118.2																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Alberta		152.4	153.0	150.5	156.0	146.8	147.8	150.0	148.8	144.8	149.4																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
British Columbia		161.0	161.5	158.5	161.7	153.0	154.5	158.5	157.1	152.4	157.2																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Yukon		—	178.5	174.6	185.4	167.4	173.5	—	171.2	164.3	170.2																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Northwest Territories		—	163.9	159.9	171.6	148.7	168.7	—	148.0	136.5	152.0																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Canada		139.5	139.6	136.5	138.6	133.4	133.5	137.3	136.3	132.5	136.7																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Industry Division and Area		Average Weekly Earnings																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
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		Oct. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Sept. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	July 1973 <sup>r</sup>	Oct. 1972	Sept. 1972	Oct. 1973 <sup>f</sup>	Sept. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 1973 <sup>p</sup>	July 1973 <sup>r</sup>																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
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Forestry		208.97	203.41	195.12	191.40	185.90	180.04	207.07	203.15	199.53	201.16																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Mining		215.45	214.06	209.89	207.46	197.87	191.86	214.31	216.07	213.85	212.43																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Manufacturing		172.33	170.22	165.02	164.63	160.70	160.09	171.61	169.36	166.57	166.11																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Durables		187.26	185.76	178.50	176.34	173.96	173.64	185.63	182.94	179.14	177.98																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Non-durables		157.27	154.76	151.85	153.16	148.07	147.27	157.40	155.65	153.87	154.01																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Construction		236.56	238.14	231.15	228.12	220.52	222.26	229.36	228.37	225.01	224.97																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities		186.53	184.68	184.19	175.51	171.19	168.96	185.54	184.53	184.06	174.99																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Trade		129.38	128.44	128.93	129.60	119.23	118.61	130.63	128.74	128.29	127.47																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate		156.92	156.04	153.44	152.59	142.49	141.76	157.54	156.78	153.69	151.51																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Service		116.84	114.46	114.86	115.74	110.35	106.67	117.84	115.37	115.33	115.31																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Industrial Composite		165.56	163.75	160.60	159.43	153.48	152.45	164.87	162.81	160.50	159.37																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
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Atlantic Region		141.78	141.25	139.06	137.51	129.01	127.28	142.63	141.33	140.82	138.93																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Newfoundland		155.47	155.34	152.97	152.46	141.39	139.67	155.50	155.05	153.68	154.69																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Prince Edward Island		114.01	114.97	111.10	110.97	101.54	102.08	117.62	119.45	113.17	110.84																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Nova Scotia		140.12	139.78	137.61	135.58	126.08	124.16	140.43	138.62	138.19	135.49																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
New Brunswick		137.35	136.10	134.07	131.99	126.73	124.91	138.05	138.14	137.82	133.46																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Quebec		157.87	156.74	153.56	152.15	146.90	146.20	156.06	155.88	153.51	152.49																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Ontario		170.91	169.50	165.48	164.40	159.19	158.54	169.96	168.42	165.13	163.88																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Prairie Region		157.36	155.55	153.55	153.24	145.62	144.13	157.36	154.53	152.07	151.69																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Manitoba		148.66	147.29	144.80	146.33	138.45	137.34	148.54	146.59	143.05	144.04																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Saskatchewan		147.68	145.78	142.97	143.83	135.87	133.70	145.67	145.59	143.29	143.51																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Alberta		166.81	164.33	162.45	160.83	153.76	152.24	165.53	163.28	161.37	159.93																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
British Columbia		183.21	181.80	179.98	178.82	172.23	169.12	182.28	179.91	180.16	177.61																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Yukon		—	222.45	216.70	207.36	198.36	199.56	—	221.26	217.68	203.13																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Northwest Territories		—	210.15	209.46	199.81	180.74	204.79	—	212.06	208.36	204.20																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Canada		165.56	163.75	160.60	159.43	153.48	152.45	164.87	162.81	160.50	159.37																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Industry Division and Area		Average Weekly Hours					Average Hourly Earnings					Average Weekly Hours					Average Hourly Earnings																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
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		Oct. 73 <sup>f</sup>	Sept. 73 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 73 <sup>p</sup>	July 73 <sup>r</sup>	Oct. 72	Sept. 72	Oct. 73 <sup>f</sup>	Sept. 73 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 73 <sup>p</sup>	July 73 <sup>r</sup>	Oct. 72	Sept. 72	Oct. 73 <sup>f</sup>	Sept. 73 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 73 <sup>p</sup>	July 73 <sup>r</sup>	Oct. 73 <sup>f</sup>	Sept. 73 <sup>p</sup>	Aug. 73 <sup>p</sup>	July 73 <sup>r</sup>																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
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— figures not available f-first estimate based on a limited number of returns p-preliminary figures r-revised figures

## Prices and Price Indexes, December 1973 — Advance Information.

## Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number stocks priced	Dec. 13/73 This week	Dec. 6/73 Week ago	Nov. 15/73 Month ago
		1961=100		
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>172.6</b>	<b>175.6</b>	<b>190.1</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>186.2</b>	<b>190.2</b>	<b>205.4</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	127.8	129.4	143.4
Foods . . . . .	10	137.1	137.8	152.2
Beverages . . . . .	7	241.5	244.3	260.8
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	141.2	140.1	158.0
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	132.7	136.2	151.3
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	347.4	361.4	384.5
Primary metals . . . . .	8	127.4	124.9	134.4
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	168.6	174.1	200.9
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	163.8	164.6	175.0
Petroleum . . . . .	7	304.7	318.9	330.9
Chemicals . . . . .	4	103.0	105.7	117.9
Construction . . . . .	4	143.3	142.8	159.4
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	135.1	135.1	147.7
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>126.6</b>	<b>129.4</b>	<b>138.9</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	130.2	133.3	140.8
Transportation . . . . .	4	282.3	281.8	313.2
Telephone . . . . .	3	81.2	83.0	83.6
Electric power . . . . .	3	92.5	99.5	110.4
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	147.1	148.2	161.1
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>171.3</b>	<b>170.3</b>	<b>187.8</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	202.3	200.6	222.2
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	122.8	123.0	133.9
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>135.1</b>	<b>133.4</b>	<b>133.7</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	197.2	192.8	162.1
Base metals . . . . .	16	102.3	102.1	119.3
Uranium . . . . .	4	285.2	280.5	283.0
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	467.0	482.3	484.1

For further information, order the December 1973 issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

### Railway Carloadings, Week Ended December 7, 1973

— Published only in Statistics Canada Daily.

A total of 5.3 million tons of revenue freight requiring 88,728 cars was loaded by railways operating in Canada during the first week of December. This represented increases of 19.8% and 13.2%, respectively, over the same week of 1972.

Eastern volume was up 15.9% to 2.9 million tons in the current period and loadings west of the Lakehead advanced 25.0%. The number of cars employed in the east rose 10.6% to 50,235 and in the west 16.8% to 38,493.

Tonnages moved in piggyback service rose 32.5% in the east and 12.4% in the west and flatcar utilization was up 21.3% and 3.4%, respectively.

From January 1 through December 7 over 226 million tons of rail freight was loaded in Canada, an increase of more than 13% over the similar 1972 period. During the same time carloads totalled 3.8 million, a rise of nearly 7%. Cumulatively, trailer and container freight (piggyback) was up 11.5% in terms of tons and 8.2% in terms of cars.

For further information contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

(see table on next page)



7-day period ending December 7	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	2,901,172	2,371,287	5,272,459
Tons, 1972 .....	2,503,573	1,896,550	4,400,123
% change .....	15.9	25.0	19.8
Cars, 1973 .....	50,235	38,493	88,728
Cars, 1972 .....	45,420	32,959	78,379
% change .....	10.6	16.8	13.2
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	143,382	55,904	199,286
Tons, 1972 .....	108,251	49,732	157,983
% change .....	32.5	12.4	26.1
Cars, 1973 .....	5,755	2,492	8,247
Cars, 1972 .....	4,744	2,410	7,154
% change .....	21.3	3.4	15.3
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	127,821,341	98,313,260	226,134,601**
Tons, 1972 .....	103,967,811	95,174,306	199,142,117
% change .....	22.9	3.3	13.6
Cars, 1973 .....	2,224,825	1,603,247	3,828,072
Cars, 1972 .....	1,955,116	1,624,199	3,579,315
% change .....	13.8	-1.3	6.9
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	5,366,136	2,178,995	7,545,131**
Tons, 1972 .....	4,650,353	2,115,308	6,765,661
% change .....	15.4	3.0	11.5
Cars, 1973 .....	225,687	106,666	332,353
Cars, 1972 .....	204,522	102,599	307,121
% change .....	10.3	4.0	8.2

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect to prior periods.

#### Traveller Accommodation, First half of 1973 — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily.

Total receipts of full-year hotels (50 rooms or more) were 9.1% higher in the first half of 1973 than a year earlier. Receipts in Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island increased by 13.3%, Quebec 12.5%, British Columbia 12.5%, Nova Scotia 12.1%, Manitoba 11.3%, Alberta 10.2%, Saskatchewan 8.9%, Ontario 4.3%, and New Brunswick 1.3%.

#### Cigarettes, November 1973 — Advance Information.

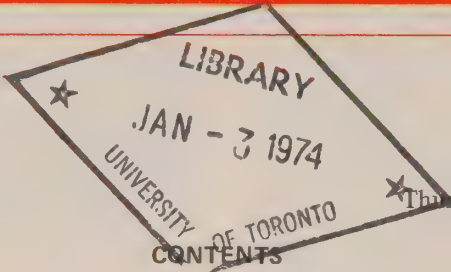
Production of cigarettes for November 1973 reached 5.65 billion, up from 4.99 billion a year earlier.

For further information, order the November 1973 issue of *Service Bulletin, Tobacco and Tobacco Products*, Vol. 2, No. 15, (32-022, \$1 a year), or contact W. Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



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Labour Force Occupations, 1971 Census — Published only in  
Statistics Canada Daily

**Publication Released**

- Housing by Values and Rents, 1971 Census (93-732, 75¢)
- Estimates of Families in Canada, 1972 (91-204, 50¢)
- Statistics of Criminal and Other Offences, 1970 (85-201, \$2)
- Electric Power Statistics, October 1973 (57-001, 20¢/\$2)
- Commercial Failures Under the Bankruptcy and Winding Up Acts, Second Quarter 1973 (61-002, 25¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletins — Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 17, Railway Operating Statistics, September 1973;
- Electrical Products (43-007, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 28, Electric Lamps, October 1973;
- Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 24, Pack of Canned Tomatoes and Tomato Juice, 1973.



## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities, November 1973 — Advance Information.

*Commencing with the May 1973 index, regional city consumer price indexes have incorporated the latest in a series of periodic updatings. A feature of the latest revision is the inclusion of revised weights to reflect 1967 family expenditure patterns (and within the food component, 1969 spending habits), replacing the 1957 weights used previously (1964 for Quebec City and Thunder Bay). Another innovation is the introduction of home ownership costs (property taxes, mortgage interest, owner repairs, new houses and dwelling insurance) into the housing indexes. The tenancy component has been revised to include both rents and tenant repairs. The time reference base, 1961=100, remains unchanged. To maintain a continuous, long-term series, the revised indexes are linked to the previously published indexes for April 1973. Thus, the published indexes up to and including April 1973 remain the official measure of consumer prices to that month, and subsequent price movements are measured by the revised index.*

*A consumer price index for a particular regional city measures the movements in prices, faced by consumers, within the specified city. Thus, consumer price indexes for regional cities cannot be used to compare levels of price between cities. Inter-city price comparisons are available in Table 14 of the monthly Prices and Price Indexes.*

Between October and November, consumer price indexes rose in all regional cities and city combinations with increases ranging from 0.5% in Thunder Bay and Winnipeg to 1.2% in Montreal and Ottawa. Food indexes advanced in all cities except in Halifax, reflecting higher prices, in many centres, for bakery and cereal products, beef cuts, poultry, fresh vegetables, processed fruits and vegetables and restaurant food. In most of the cities surveyed, pork products, eggs and fresh fruit were lower in price. Housing components rose in all cities mainly in response to increased home ownership and tenancy costs along with higher prices for furniture, utensils and equipment. In eastern Canada, fuel oil rose in price. Clothing indexes advanced in all cities with increased quotations for most items of wearing apparel, footwear and women's accessories. Transportation rose in 10 cities in response to higher prices for gasoline and motor oil. Health and personal care indexes advanced in all cities mainly because of increased charges for men's haircuts and women's hairdressing in many centres and higher prices for toiletries. Recreation and reading components rose in all cities reflecting increased movie admission charges,

in many centres, and higher prices for sports equipment. Tobacco and alcohol indexes moves up in 11 cities chiefly in response to higher prices for alcohol on licensed premises.

### St. John's

All-items: October to November 1973, up 0.9%; November 1972 to November 1973, up 10.1%.

The food index increased 0.6% in November chiefly in response to higher quotations for dairy, bakery and cereal products, poultry, fresh vegetables and restaurant meals. Lower prices, however, were registered for most beef and pork cuts, fresh fruit, sugar and soft drinks. Housing advanced 1.4% in response to increased ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil, furniture and utensils and equipment. An advance of 1.3% in clothing was due to higher prices for women's footwear and most items of men's, women's and girls apparel. Higher prices for new cars, gasoline, motor oil and automobile repairs contributed to a 1.0% rise in the transportation index. The health and personal care component advanced 0.9% chiefly because of higher prices for pharmaceuticals and increased women's hairdressing charges. Higher prices for cigarettes and liquor on licensed premises contributed to a 0.9% increase in the tobacco and alcohol index. The recreation, education and reading component edged up 0.1%.

### Halifax

All-items: October to November 1973, up 0.6%; November 1972 to November 1973, up 8.9%.

The food index decreased 0.4% during the latest month. Lower quotations for most beef and pork cuts, dairy products, eggs and fresh fruit outweighed higher prices for bakery and cereal products, processed fruits and vegetables and restaurant food. Housing rose 1.1% mainly in response to increased ownership and tenancy costs along with higher prices for fuel oil, furniture, linen, draperies and household supplies. An advance of 1.6% in the clothing index was chiefly due to increased prices for most items of men's and women's wear, women's and children's footwear and girls' sports wear. Higher prices for gasoline and motor oil contributed to a 0.6% increase in the transportation component. A rise of 0.4% in the health and personal care index reflected higher prices for prescriptions and many personal care supplies. The recreation, education and reading component moved up 0.3% in response to increased prices for sports equipment, cameras and camera film (including processing). Higher prices for liquor on licensed premises contributed to a 0.2% rise in the tobacco and alcohol index.

### Saint John

All-items: October to November 1973, up 0.6%; November 1972 to November 1973, up 9.3%.

(continued)

The food index rose 0.5% in November. Higher quotations were registered for bakery and cereal products, eggs, fresh vegetables and processed fruits and vegetables. Most pork cuts, dairy products, poultry and fresh fruit were lower in price. Housing moved up 0.8% chiefly in response to increased ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil, furniture, cookware and household supplies. Increased prices for footwear, women's sports wear and accessories, men's sports wear and hosiery and boys' underwear contributed to a 1.5% advance in the clothing index. Transportation rose 0.6% in response to increased prices for gasoline and motor oil. The recreation, education and reading component moved up 0.2% because of higher prices for sports equipment and cameras. Increased prices for cigarettes, cigarette tobacco and liquor on licensed premises contributed to a 0.3% rise in the tobacco and alcohol index. The health and personal care component edged up 0.1%.

#### Quebec City

All-items: October to November 1973, up 1.0%; November 1972 to November 1973, 11.0%.

The food index advanced 1.9% from the preceding month chiefly in response to increased quotations for bakery and cereal products, most meats, fish and poultry, fresh vegetables, processed fruit and vegetables and restaurant food. A 0.7% rise in housing was mainly due to increased ownership costs and higher prices for fuel oil, furniture and household cleaning supplies. The transportation and the health and personal care indexes each rose 0.5%; the former in response to higher gasoline and motor oil prices and the latter because of increased prices for non-prescribed medicines and most toiletry items. Increased movie admission rates and higher prices for camera film (including processing) contributed to a 1.1% advance in the recreation, education and reading component. The tobacco and alcohol index rose 0.6% in response to higher prices for cigarette tobacco and alcoholic beverages on licensed premises. The clothing component edged up 0.2%.

#### Montreal

All-items: October to November 1973, up 1.2%; November 1972 to November 1973, up 9.3%.

The food index advanced 2.3% during the latest month mainly in response to higher prices for bakery and cereal products, beef items, turkey, fresh produce and processed fruits and vegetables. Lower quotations were registered for most pork cuts, chicken and eggs. A 0.9% rise in housing was chiefly attributable to increased ownership costs along with higher prices for fuel oil, furniture, houseware, draperies and household cleaning supplies. Increased prices for footwear and most items of women's and men's wear including accessories, contributed to a 1.4% advance in the

clothing index. An increase of 0.5% in transportation was due to higher prices for gasoline and motor oil. The health and personal care component rose 1.0% in response to increased women's hairdressing charges and higher prices for some toiletries. Increased movie admission rates and higher prices for sports equipment and camera film (including processing) contributed to a 0.2% rise in the recreation, education and reading index. The tobacco and alcohol component edged up 0.1%.

#### Ottawa

All-items: October to November 1973, up 1.2%; November 1972 to November 1973, up 10.2%.

The food index advanced 2.4% between October and November. Higher quotations were recorded for dairy products, bakery and cereal products, beef and pork cuts, fresh produce items and restaurant food. Housing moved up 0.9% mainly in response to increased tenancy and ownership costs together with higher prices for fuel oil, electricity, furniture, carpets, tableware and houseware. Increased prices for some items of men's and women's clothing, including footwear, and girls' and boys' outer wear contributed to a 0.7% rise in the clothing index. The transportation component increased 0.7% in response to higher prices for gasoline and motor oil. An advance of 1.3% in the health and personal care index reflected increased women's hairdressing charges and higher prices for pharmaceuticals and many toiletry items. A rise of 0.4% in the recreation, education and reading component was attributable to increased newspaper subscription rates along with higher prices for sports equipment. The tobacco and alcohol index moved up 0.2% in response to higher prices for beer on licensed premises and cigarette tobacco.

#### Toronto

All-items: October to November 1973, up 0.7%; November 1972 to November 1973, up 8.3%.

The food index advanced 1.1% since the preceding month. Higher prices were registered for dairy products, bakery and cereal products, pork cuts, fresh vegetables, processed fruits and vegetables, sugar and restaurant food. Beef products, chicken, eggs and fresh fruits were lower in price. Housing increased 0.9% mainly in response to increased tenancy and ownership costs along with higher prices for fuel oil, gas, furniture, linens, draperies and household cleaning supplies. Increased prices for footwear, women's sports wear and accessories, and most items of men's and children's apparel contributed to a 0.8% advance in the clothing index. The health and personal care component rose 1.4% in response to increased charges for men's haircuts and women's hairdressing along with higher prices for many toiletries. The recreation, education and reading index moved up 0.2% in response to increased cinema

(continued)



admission charges and higher prices for sports equipment and camera film (including processing). The remaining components registered little or no movement.

### Thunder Bay

All-items: October to November 1973, up 0.5%; November 1972 to November 1973, up 8.6%.

The food index edged up 0.2% during the latest month. Increased quotations for bakery and cereal products, beef cuts, fresh vegetables, fats and oils and restaurant food outweighed lower prices for pork, poultry, eggs and fresh fruit. Housing rose 0.6% mainly in response to increased tenancy and ownership costs along with higher prices for fuel oil, furniture, linens, carpets and household cleaning supplies. Higher prices for women's and men's footwear and most clothing items contributed to a 1.3% advance in the clothing index. Transportation moved up 0.3% in response to higher prices for new cars and motor oil. The health and personal care component rose 0.3% as a result of increased ladies' hairdressing charges and higher prices for some toiletry items. Increased prices for beer and liquor consumed on licensed premises and cigarette tobacco contributed to a 0.5% rise in the tobacco and alcohol index. The recreation, education and reading component edged up 0.1%.

### Winnipeg

All-items: October to November 1973, up 0.5%; November 1972 to November 1973, up 7.7%.

The food index moved up 0.2% since the preceding month. Higher quotations for bakery and cereal products, fresh vegetables, processed fruits and vegetables and frozen foods outweighed lower prices for pork cuts, eggs, fresh fruit, chicken and margarine. Housing rose 0.6% mainly in response to higher tenancy and ownership costs together with increased prices for furniture, carpets and household cleaning supplies. Higher prices for footwear and most items of women's, men's and children's apparel contributed to a 1.3% advance in the clothing index. The health and personal care component increased 3.3% in response to higher charges for men's haircuts and women's hairdressing together with increased prices for some toiletries. A rise of 0.6% in the recreation, education and reading index was due to higher cinema admission charges and increased prices for sports equipment. The tobacco and alcohol component moved up 0.9% in response to higher prices for beer and liquor on licensed premises. The transportation index decreased 0.5% because of lower prices for new cars.

### Saskatoon-Regina

All-items: October to November 1973; up 0.7%; November 1972 to November 1973, up 6.7%.

The food index moved up 0.3% in November. Increased prices were registered for bakery and cereal products, poultry, processed fruits and vegetables and restaurant food. Lower quotations, however were recorded for dairy products, beef and pork cuts, and fresh vegetables. An advance of 2.5% in clothing reflected higher prices for most items of wearing apparel including footwear and piece goods. Housing rose 0.7% in response to increased tenancy and ownership costs together with higher prices for furniture, carpets, linens, housewares and household cleaning supplies. Higher prices for new cars, gasoline, and motor oil contributed to a 0.7% rise in the transportation component. The health and personal care and the recreation, education and reading indexes each moved up 0.3%; the former in response to increased women's hairdressing charges, and the latter because of higher prices for sports equipment and camera film (including processing). Increased prices for cigarettes, cigarette tobacco and alcoholic beverages on licensed premises contributed to a 0.6% rise in the tobacco and alcohol index.

### Edmonton-Calgary

All-items: October to November 1973, up 0.6%; November 1972 to November 1973, up 7.8%.

The food index moved up 0.2% in November mainly in response to higher prices for pork cuts, poultry, fats and oils and restaurant food. Lower prices were recorded for beef, eggs, fresh fruit and beverages. A 1.8% advance in clothing was chiefly due to higher prices for footwear and some items of men's and women's clothing. Increased tenancy and ownership costs together with higher prices for furniture, carpets, linen and tableware contributed to a 0.7% rise in housing. The health and personal care index moved up 0.6% in response to increased men's haircut and ladies' hairdressing charges together with higher prices for non-prescribed medicines and some toiletry items. A rise of 0.5% in the recreation, education and reading component reflected higher prices for sports equipment and, in Calgary, increased cinema admission charges. The tobacco and alcohol index moved up 0.3% in response to higher prices for cigarette tobacco and beer and liquor on licensed premises.

### Vancouver

All-items: October to November 1973, up 0.6%; November 1972 to November 1973, up 9.1%.

The food index increased 0.5% in November. Higher quotations were recorded for bakery and cereal products, beef cuts, poultry, eggs and fresh vegetables. Dairy products, pork cuts and fresh fruit were lower in price. Housing moved up 0.5% mainly in response to increased tenancy and ownership costs and higher prices for furniture, linens, housewares and household cleaning supplies. Increased prices for

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footwear, women's sports wear and accessories, men's outer wear, underwear and hosiery contributed to a 0.9% rise in clothing. The recreation, education and reading index advanced 1.1% in response to increased cinema admission charges. An increase of 0.6% in the health and personal care component reflected higher women's hairdressing charges and higher prices for pharmaceuticals. The tobacco and alcohol index rose 0.4% in response to higher prices for cigarette tobacco and alcoholic beverages on licensed premises. The transportation component edges up 0.1%

For further information, order the November issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. I.H.D. Penpraze (613-992-8275), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

(see table on page 6)

#### **Estimates of Labour Income, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Total labour income for October, adjusted for seasonal variations, was estimated at \$5,496.7 million, an increase of \$110.9 million or 2.1% from September. Wages and salaries in both the goods-producing industries and the service-producing industries increased by 2.1%.

Unadjusted for seasonal variations, the October estimates represent an increase of 12.5% from the same month of 1972.

Further details will be published in the October issue of *Estimates of Labour Income* (72-005, 30¢/\$3) and additional information can be obtained on request to Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8067), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

(see table on page 7)

#### **Real Domestic Product, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

Canada's seasonally-adjusted index of real domestic product increased by 1.4% in October, comparing favorably with high growth rates at the beginning of the year and an improved performance in relation to moderate rates of growth from March to August. Continued recovery from the effects of several strikes was significant in the October increase. These included strikes in railway transport, pulp and paper mills and motor vehicles industries.

The major contributors to growth in the month were manufacturing, trade, transportation, mining and forestry. In manufacturing, both durables and non-durables registered roughly equivalent increases. Within non-durables, the major increase was in pulp and paper with a lesser contribution from meat products. In the pulp and paper industry, strikes began at a number of companies in August. Some

ended in September and October with resultant increase in output. However, some establishments were still on strike in October so that output of pulp and paper mills remained below pre-strike levels. Output of meat product manufacturers increased in October following a decline in September. Slaughtering and meat packing plants were affected by a number of events during the past several months, including lifting in September of a price freeze on beef in the U.S., the Canadian rail strike and reinstatement in October of an import tariff on beef. In durable manufacturing, most of the increase was due to a sharp increase in motor vehicle production following a strike in September. Several components of primary metals also increased in October. Smelting and refining registered the major increase due to increased production of copper, lead and zinc.

In mining, production increased copper, lead and zinc and as well silver. Crude petroleum and natural gas production also increased in October.

The increase in transportation output was due, for the second month, to an increase in rail transport which had not recovered fully to pre-strike levels. Pipeline transport also increased in the month.

Trade output increased in October with both wholesale and retail trade increasing. Output of a majority of wholesale merchants increased for the second consecutive month, led by wholesalers of automotive parts and accessories and industrial and transportation equipment. The retail trade store types registering the major increases were motor vehicle dealers and department stores. In both cases, the increases followed decreases in both August and September and output levels in October remained below the July level.

Real domestic product increased by 7.5% for the first 10 months of 1973 compared with the same period in 1972. The index of industrial production increased nearly 9%.

Growth in output was broadly based. Goods industries production increased more than 8%; output of service-producing industries grew by almost 7%. Increased domestic demand for consumer goods, residential construction goods and machinery and equipment and increased export demand were factors in the advance. These sharp increases in demand and world shortages of many basic commodities resulted in strongly rising prices for many industries. The rail strike and several other strikes aggravated these problems.

Manufacturing output increased by 8.5%. Non-durables output increased by 7% and durables production by almost 10%. In non-durables some of the major increases were in the petroleum and coal products industry, in some of the chemical industries, in synthetic textiles, in the beverage industries and in the rubber industries. Some of these increases were

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## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in both tables measure *within each city* the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. *They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.\**

	All items	Food	Hous- ing	Cloth- ing (1961=100)	Trans- porta- tion	Health and personal care	Recre- ation education & reading	Tobacco and alcohol
<b>St. John's</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	145.6	158.4	133.8	145.1	135.3	156.4	124.1	163.6
October 1973 index . . . . .	144.3	157.5	132.0	143.3	133.9	155.0	124.0	162.1
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	0.9	0.6	1.4	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.1	0.9
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	10.1	19.3	7.4	5.3	6.8	2.4	5.9	2.6
<b>Halifax</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	144.8	167.0	132.5	140.5	133.6	156.7	150.4	135.9
October 1973 index . . . . .	143.9	167.6	131.1	138.3	132.8	156.1	149.9	135.6
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	0.6	-0.4	1.1	1.6	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	8.9	18.0	6.2	5.5	6.5	2.8	4.4	2.8
<b>Saint John</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	145.2	169.5	129.0	148.1	139.0	149.2	153.3	131.4
October 1973 index . . . . .	144.3	168.7	128.0	145.9	138.2	149.1	153.0	131.0
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	0.6	0.5	0.8	1.5	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.3
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	9.3	18.7	5.6	6.7	6.6	3.9	5.7	3.2
<b>Montreal</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	145.4	169.0	127.0	141.1	140.2	149.5	157.3	136.2
October 1973 index . . . . .	143.7	165.2	125.9	139.1	139.5	148.0	157.0	136.0
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	1.2	2.3	0.9	1.4	0.5	1.0	0.2	0.1
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	9.3	20.3	4.6	6.6	6.9	2.4	4.2	3.1
<b>Ottawa</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	152.3	171.9	137.9	149.7	146.8	165.7	154.8	145.3
October 1973 index . . . . .	150.5	167.8	136.7	148.6	145.8	163.6	154.2	145.0
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	1.2	2.4	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.3	0.4	0.2
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	10.2	20.0	6.0	7.7	9.1	8.4	6.0	2.0
<b>Toronto</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	148.0	166.5	133.3	148.5	144.9	167.0	144.4	143.1
October 1973 index . . . . .	147.0	164.7	132.1	147.3	144.8	164.7	144.1	143.1
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	0.7	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.1	1.4	0.2	-
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	8.3	18.3	4.8	7.2	2.5	10.9	4.9	1.9
<b>Winnipeg</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	146.3	167.4	127.2	152.1	138.4	176.0	151.2	139.2
October 1973 index . . . . .	145.6	167.0	126.4	150.1	139.1	170.4	150.3	138.0
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	0.5	0.2	0.6	1.3	-0.5	3.3	0.6	0.9
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	7.7	17.3	4.4	6.4	1.3	8.0	6.4	2.2
<b>Saskatoon-Regina</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	138.9	164.6	121.2	145.2	128.9	144.0	149.2	128.2
October 1973 index . . . . .	138.0	164.1	120.4	141.7	128.0	143.6	148.8	127.4
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	0.7	0.3	0.7	2.5	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.6
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	6.7	14.9	2.4	7.3	3.7	3.1	6.5	4.2
<b>Edmonton-Calgary</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	145.9	171.2	130.0	144.2	136.2	163.1	152.2	134.3
October 1973 index . . . . .	145.1	170.9	129.1	141.7	136.2	162.2	151.5	133.9
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	0.6	0.2	0.7	1.8	-	0.6	0.5	0.3
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	7.8	17.0	3.7	6.3	3.2	5.5	7.0	7.1
<b>Vancouver</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	145.6	174.2	130.0	146.0	138.3	154.9	132.9	126.1
October 1973 index . . . . .	144.8	173.4	129.4	144.7	138.1	154.0	131.5	125.6
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.1	0.6	1.1	0.4
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	9.1	20.5	5.2	6.0	3.6	6.2	3.5	2.6
base 1969=100								
<b>Quebec City</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	119.5	131.3	115.7	111.8	121.5	113.2	116.6	108.9
October 1973 index . . . . .	118.3	128.8	114.9	111.6	120.9	112.6	115.3	108.3
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	1.0	1.9	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.5	1.1	0.6
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	11.0	20.1	7.6	7.7	10.5	5.0	5.0	2.9
<b>Thunder Bay</b>								
November 1973 index . . . . .	118.5	133.0	112.7	110.3	118.3	120.6	116.6	108.3
October 1973 index . . . . .	117.9	132.8	112.0	108.9	118.0	120.2	116.5	107.8
% change from October 1973 . . . . .	0.5	0.2	0.6	1.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.5
% change from November 1972 . . . . .	8.6	16.4	6.2	5.4	7.5	4.9	5.6	2.2

\* For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Table 13 of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4).

\*\* Includes shelter and household operation. The shelter element of regional city housing indexes moves on the basis of changes in rents only, whereas in the Canada index this movement is derived from changes in both rents and home ownership costs.

## Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income

Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

	Aug.P'73	Sept.P'73	Oct. <sup>f</sup> '73	Oct. '72
	(\$ millions)			
	Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation			
Agriculture . . . . .	53.2	46.9	37.8	36.7
Forestry . . . . .	69.5	71.3	73.6	59.3
Mining . . . . .	120.8	120.4	121.8	111.3
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,293.2	1,329.4	1,342.0	1,196.2
Construction . . . . .	416.6	428.5	418.0	393.6
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	526.6	561.9	568.2	505.1
Trade . . . . .	702.1	722.1	740.9	645.6
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	274.8	278.3	280.2	245.4
Service . . . . .	1,077.9	1,214.2	1,256.7	1,125.0
Public Administration and Defence* . . . . .	453.7	441.3	439.6	382.8
Total Wages & Salaries** . . . . .	4,999.5	5,222.0	5,286.1	4,706.5
Supplementary Labour Income . . . . .	293.1	296.8	290.5	252.4
<b>Total Labour Income** . . . . .</b>	<b>5,292.6</b>	<b>5,518.8</b>	<b>5,576.5</b>	<b>4,958.8</b>
	Adjusted for Seasonal Variation			
Agriculture . . . . .	34.5	34.5	34.6	33.5
Forestry . . . . .	58.7	58.2	61.9	50.1
Mining . . . . .	118.7	120.8	121.4	110.9
Manufacturing . . . . .	1,276.9	1,295.6	1,319.2	1,175.6
Construction . . . . .	363.4	373.0	381.9	351.2
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities . . . . .	507.5	549.4	559.7	497.5
Trade . . . . .	713.0	723.4	733.4	639.2
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate . . . . .	274.8	280.6	283.0	247.8
Service . . . . .	1,188.8	1,196.5	1,236.4	1,105.4
Public Administration and Defence* . . . . .	439.8	439.4	443.2	385.7
Total Wages & Salaries** . . . . .	4,982.2	5,077.2	5,182.8	4,603.4
Supplementary Labour Income . . . . .	301.5	308.6	313.9	273.4
<b>Total Labour Income** . . . . .</b>	<b>5,283.7</b>	<b>5,385.8</b>	<b>5,496.7</b>	<b>4,876.8</b>

*f-First estimates**p-Preliminary figures**r-Revised figures*

\* Excludes military pay and allowances

\*\* Includes fishing and trapping

accompanied by strong increases in export demand and some by sharp price increases. Growth in output of pulp and paper mills was more than 5% in spite of the strikes starting in July. Prior to the strikes, newsprint mills were operating at near-capacity levels during 1973. In durable manufacturing, the major advance was in motor vehicle production. Other significant advances were recorded by machinery, electrical products and metal fabricating industries. The resulting demand produced strong growth in primary metal industries. A number of construction-oriented industries also increased strongly including the wood industries, cement manufacturers, readymix concrete, concrete products and glass and glass products industries.

Utilities output increased strongly due to an increase in electric power production. Net export demand for electric power rose 70% in 1973 and the export share of total net generation rose from 4.4% in the first 10 months of 1972 to 7.1% in the same period of 1973.

Mining production increased led by iron mining, other metal mining and crude petroleum and natural gas.

Increased manufacturing and mining activity resulted in increases in transport by water, rail (in spite of the strike) and pipeline. Carriage of persons also increased substantially by air transport (again despite several strikes), urban transit and interurban and rural bus transportation.

Trade output increased with retail trade increasing more than wholesale. In retail trade, department stores and motor vehicle dealers recorded the major advances, reflecting the strong demand for consumer durable goods. Output of furniture, TV, radio and appliance stores also increased strongly. In wholesale trade the major contributors to the advance were automotive parts and accessories and industrial and transportation equipment.

For further information, order the October issue of *Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry* (61-005, 30¢/\$3), or contact R.W. Collins (613-992-9751), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z6.

(see tables on pages 8 and 9)



# Index of Real Domestic Product (1961=100)

(Seasonally adjusted)

	1961 percentage weight	July	Aug.	1973 Sept.	Oct.	% Change
<b>Real Domestic Product</b> . . . . .	<b>100.000</b>	<b>198.7</b>	<b>194.4</b>	<b>196.6</b>	<b>199.4</b>	<b>1.4</b>
Agriculture . . . . .	4.525	132.9	146.3	139.6	137.1	- 1.8
Forestry . . . . .	1.231	161.0	156.8	153.1	177.5	15.9
Fishing and trapping . . . . .	0.259	99.9	98.9	89.4	111.6	24.8
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells . . . . .	4.564	206.0	205.3	209.5	218.6	4.3
Manufacturing . . . . .	24.943	211.6	203.9	207.1	210.7	1.7
Non-durable manufacturing . . . . .	13.933	184.6	176.5	178.0	180.8	1.6
Durable manufacturing . . . . .	11.010	245.8	238.7	243.9	248.5	1.9
Construction . . . . .	5.803	180.4	179.2	177.8	176.2	- 0.9
Transportation, storage and communication . . . . .	9.910	215.2	190.6	213.9	218.5	2.1
Transportation . . . . .	6.873	221.1	184.9	217.7	223.0	2.5
Air transport . . . . .	0.463	461.1	459.2	462.1	466.3	0.9
Railway transport . . . . .	2.859	206.3	115.9	200.1	211.6	5.7
Bus transport, interurban and rural . . . . .	0.096	202.8	256.9	220.7	215.9	- 2.2
Urban transit systems . . . . .	0.303	117.3	114.4	114.5	116.7	1.9
Pipeline transport . . . . .	0.451	386.7	397.0	390.7	395.3	1.2
Storage . . . . .	0.299	112.0	113.1	113.5	125.2	10.3
Grain elevators . . . . .	0.211	91.8	95.4	94.6	107.7	13.8
Communication . . . . .	2.738	211.5	213.4	215.5	217.3	0.9
Electric power, gas and water utilities . . . . .	2.908	256.9	254.4	252.6	251.3	- 0.5
Trade . . . . .	12.973	196.1	190.5	185.5	190.2	2.6
Wholesale trade . . . . .	4.906	211.1	197.0	193.6	200.3	3.5
Wholesale merchants . . . . .	3.491	223.1	205.3	204.2	211.1	3.4
Retail trade . . . . .	8.067	187.0	186.5	180.6	184.1	1.9
Food stores . . . . .	1.552	150.6	151.1	149.7	150.8	0.7
Department stores . . . . .	1.161	218.2	216.9	209.4	215.4	2.9
General stores . . . . .	0.239	100.4	96.7	95.5	98.2	2.8
Variety stores . . . . .	0.301	249.5	256.5	244.4	254.3	4.1
Motor vehicle dealers . . . . .	0.926	246.3	245.8	217.8	230.2	5.7
Clothing stores . . . . .	0.507	169.6	167.8	174.1	173.8	- 0.2
Shoe stores . . . . .	0.119	139.5	138.8	138.5	141.5	2.2
Hardware stores . . . . .	0.167	135.7	138.0	130.2	130.3	0.1
Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores . . . . .	0.345	166.2	164.3	163.3	163.9	0.4
Drug stores . . . . .	0.343	204.9	207.8	210.6	202.8	- 3.7
Finance, insurance and real estate . . . . .	11.831	209.3	211.2	212.2	214.2	1.0
Community, business and personal service industries . . . . .	13.821	203.0	203.8	203.6	204.1	0.3
Education and related services . . . . .	3.450	239.3	240.3	239.5	239.5	-
Health and welfare services . . . . .	3.476	197.4	198.7	199.2	200.2	0.5
Motion picture and recreational services . . . . .	0.400	205.8	205.5	203.9	205.6	0.8
Services to business management . . . . .	1.616	229.9	232.8	229.4	230.5	0.5
Personal services . . . . .	3.766	156.7	157.1	157.4	156.4	- 0.7
Hotels, restaurants and taverns . . . . .	2.212	176.0	176.6	177.4	175.6	- 1.0
Public administration and defence . . . . .	7.232	148.8	149.8	148.9	149.3	0.2
<b>Special industry groupings</b>						
Real Domestic Product less agriculture . . . . .	95.475	201.8	196.7	199.3	202.4	1.5
Goods-producing industries . . . . .	44.233	199.8	196.3	197.4	200.6	1.6
Goods-producing industries less agriculture . . . . .	39.708	207.4	202.0	204.0	207.8	1.9
Service-producing industries . . . . .	55.767	197.9	192.9	195.9	198.5	1.3
Commercial industries . . . . .	85.478	202.9	197.8	200.4	203.7	1.6
Commercial industries less agriculture . . . . .	80.953	206.9	200.6	203.8	207.4	1.8
Non-commercial industries . . . . .	14.522	173.9	174.8	174.0	174.4	0.2
Index of Industrial Production . . . . .	32.415	214.9	208.7	211.5	215.4	1.9

**Indexes of Real Domestic Product**  
(1961=100)

	1961 percentage weight	Without Seasonal Adjustment		
		10 months 1972	10 months 1973	% change based on weighted indexes
<b>Real Domestic Product</b> .....	<b>100.000</b>	<b>183.0</b>	<b>196.6</b>	<b>7.5</b>
Agriculture .....	4.525	149.9	154.5	3.1
Forestry .....	1.231	129.3	160.5	24.1
Fishing and trapping .....	0.259	101.2	106.3	5.1
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells .....	4.564	188.4	208.8	10.8
Manufacturing .....	24.943	192.4	208.8	8.5
Non-durable manufacturing .....	13.933	168.8	180.5	7.0
Durable manufacturing .....	11.010	222.4	244.5	9.9
Construction .....	5.803	167.0	175.2	4.9
Transportation, storage and communication .....	9.910	194.1	213.0	9.8
Transportation .....	6.873	198.1	218.7	10.4
Air transport .....	0.463	417.3	486.7	16.6
Railway transport .....	2.859	184.6	201.8	9.3
Bus transport, interurban and rural .....	0.096	197.2	219.2	11.2
Urban transit systems .....	0.303	108.3	114.2	5.4
Pipeline transport .....	0.451	323.1	379.3	17.4
Storage .....	0.299	129.6	122.6	- 5.5
Grain elevators .....	0.211	122.8	106.6	- 13.2
Communication .....	2.738	191.1	208.5	9.1
Electric power, gas and water utilities .....	2.908	222.2	240.3	8.2
Trade .....	12.973	177.5	187.4	5.6
Wholesale trade .....	4.906	196.0	204.9	4.5
Wholesale merchants .....	3.491	209.5	219.2	4.6
Retail trade .....	8.067	166.3	176.7	6.3
Food stores .....	1.552	149.7	147.8	- 1.3
Department stores .....	1.161	174.4	191.8	9.9
General stores .....	0.239	93.1	96.3	3.5
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Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores .....	0.345	147.2	158.6	7.7
Drug stores .....	0.343	181.7	195.1	7.3
Finance, insurance and real estate .....	11.831	190.1	207.1	9.0
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Public administration and defence .....	7.232	138.7	148.8	7.3
<b>Special industry groupings</b>				
Real Domestic Product less agriculture .....	95.475	184.5	198.6	7.6
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Goods-producing industries less agriculture .....	39.708	187.9	204.0	8.6
Service-producing industries .....	55.767	182.1	194.7	6.9
Commercial industries .....	85.478	185.8	200.5	7.9
Commercial industries less agriculture .....	80.953	187.8	203.1	8.1
Non-commercial industries .....	14.522	166.1	173.6	4.5
Index of Industrial Production .....	32.415	194.5	211.6	8.8

**Refined Petroleum Products, October 1973 —  
Advance Information.**

Canadian refineries produced 50.91 million barrels of refined petroleum products in October, 10.4% more than a year earlier.

For further information, order the October issue of *Refined Petroleum Products* (45-004, 30¢/\$3), or *Energy Service Bulletin*, (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, December, 1973 —  
Advance Information.**

Stocks of fruits, frozen and in preservatives, in storages and factories on December 1 totalled 51.6 million pounds compared with 48.5 million last year. Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in brine, totalled 119.9 million pounds (104.8 million in 1972).

For further information, order the December issue of *Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables* (32-010, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



Friday, December 21, 1973

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### Other Publications Released

Exports by Commodities, October 1973 (65-004, 75¢/\$7.50)

The Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Industry, 1972 (26-213, 50¢)

Radio and Television Receiving Sets, October 1973 (43-004, 20¢/\$2)

Preliminary Bulletin — Census of Manufactures, 1972 (\$3.50 for the series): Hardwood Flooring Plants (35-203-p).



### Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments, Third Quarter 1973 (67-001, 75¢/\$3).

The current account of the balance of payments swung to a seasonally-adjusted deficit of \$198 million in the third quarter of 1973 from a surplus of \$107 million in the previous quarter. A halving of the merchandise trade surplus to \$328 million more than accounted for the swing.

Exports in the quarter fell 2% while imports rose 4%. Labour disputes, particularly in rail transportation and pulp and paper mills, were important elements in the decline in exports as well as having a more pervasive impact on the economy in general. Partly reflecting the weakness in merchandise exports, the pace of Canadian economic activity, as measured by the change in the gross national product, slowed further in the quarter, climbing on a seasonally-adjusted basis by 2.4%, down from a 2.8% rise in the second quarter. Real growth in the third quarter was 0.4% as about four-fifths of the change in current dollars was due to price increases.

Capital movements, unadjusted for seasonal variations, led to a net capital outflow of \$417 million, an increase of \$350 million from the net outflow recorded in the second quarter. This, together with an unadjusted current account surplus of \$91 million, resulted in a decrease in Canada's official monetary assets of \$326 million.

The net inflow from capital transactions in long-term forms fell to \$148 million, down over \$100 million from the previous quarter. The main factors in the decrease were a swing of over \$100 million to a

net outflow of \$28 million as Canadians, on balance, increased their portfolio holdings of foreign securities and a fall of almost \$100 million in inflows to direct investment enterprises in Canada. Total international transactions in Canadian portfolio securities led to a larger net inflow than in the second quarter even though sales of new Canadian issues declined by over \$150 million.

Capital movements in short-term forms resulted in a net outflow of \$565 million, up \$239 million from the second quarter. An increase in unidentified outflows accounted for about \$100 million of the total change. In addition, there were large repayments of short-term bank borrowings from abroad which had been built up in previous quarter. Transactions having the opposite the opposite effect were those in the mix of money market instruments and bank deposits (including the foreign currency positions of the Canadian chartered banks).

The spot value of the United States dollar in Canadian cents ranged between 99.74 and 101.16 on the interbank market in Canada. It closed the quarter at 100.66, up from 99.82 at the end of the previous quarter. Other currencies also continued to rise against the Canadian dollar with the Deutsche mark up about 15% on average during the quarter, the Swiss franc up some 8% and the French franc up about 6%. The pound sterling traded at slightly lower levels against the Canadian dollar during the quarter and the yen at almost the same level as during the second quarter.

#### Summary Statement

	1971	1972	1972				1973	
			IIQ	IIIQ	IVQ	IQ	IIQ	IIIQ
			(\$ millions)					
			Seasonally Adjusted					
Merchandise trade balance . . . . .			483	263	589	431	664	328
Balance on non-merchandise transactions . . . . .			-535	-492	-639	-655	-557	-526
Current account balance . . . . .			-52	-229	-50	-224	107	-198
			Not Seasonally Adjusted					
Current account balance . . . . .	306	-623	-124	-68	26	-412	-40	91
Capital movements in long-term forms . . . . .	482	1,761	622	280	548	222	259	148
Capital movements in short-term forms . . . . .	-11	-919	-176	-209	-743	108	-326	-565
Net capital movement* . . . . .	471	842	446	71	-195	330	-67	-417
Allocation of Special Drawing Rights . . . . .	119	117	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net official monetary movements . . . . .	896	336	322	3	-169	-82	-107	-326

\* Excluding items shown below.

**Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports,**  
November 1973 — Published only in Statistics  
Canada Daily and Informat and Available in  
machine readable form from CANSIM.

November exports, at \$2,389 million seasonally adjusted, reached a new high for the year, 19.5% over the third-quarter average. Shipments to the United States and remaining countries exceeded third-quarter average values by 20.5% and 17.5%, respectively. Over 1973, deliveries to the U.S. and overseas markets advanced each month on average by 1% and 1.8%, respectively.

Compared to a year earlier, unadjusted November exports advanced 25.5% to \$2,558 million. Exports to the U.S. moved upward by some 23.5% to \$1,692 million. Sales of passenger automobiles and vehicle parts (up some \$60 million), crude petroleum (up \$50 million), pulp (up \$32 million), machinery and newsprint represented 54% of shipments to the U.S. but somewhat more, at 58%, of the change from November 1972. Overseas exports rose 29.5% over all, with deliveries to Japan and the original EEC

countries responsible for seven-tenths of the rise. Export expansion overseas was distributed over lumber, barley, fish, oil seeds, copper ore and nickel metal, which together accounted for three-fifths of the year-to-year increase.

On a year-to-date basis, unadjusted exports at \$22.8 billion were 24.5% higher than in 1972. Two-thirds of this rise was made up by shipments to the U.S. and one-sixth by deliveries to Japan.

Exports of automotive and related products, crude oil, machinery, pulp and newsprint represented 53% of all exports to the U.S. in the January-to-November period but only 51% of the change from 1972. Deliveries of wheat, copper, lumber, nickel metal, fish and barley made up 40% of shipments overseas and as much as 59% of the increase from 1972. The U.S. share of Canadian exports narrowed by a percentage point to 68.7% while the proportion of shipments of Japan rose to 6.9% from 4.8% in the 11 months of 1973.

For further information order the November issue of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

**Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports, November 1973.**

(Domestic Exports plus Re-exports)

	Value		Change 1972-1973
	1972 (\$ millions)	1973	(%)
<b>Month of November</b>			
United Kingdom . . . . .	128.5	166.4	29.5
Other Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	64.5	89.8	39.2
United States . . . . .	1,371.1	1,692.2	23.4
Japan . . . . .	112.6	202.9	80.2
European Economic Community* . . . . .	111.0	159.4	43.6
Latin America . . . . .	53.5	71.3	33.3
Other Countries . . . . .	197.3	176.0	- 10.8
Total Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	192.9	256.1	32.8
Total Others . . . . .	1,845.5	2,301.8	24.7
Grand Total . . . . .	2,038.4	2,557.9	25.5
<b>January-November</b>			
United Kingdom . . . . .	1,235.8	1,398.8	13.2
Other Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	574.9	752.8	30.9
United States . . . . .	12,735.8	15,647.8	22.9
Japan . . . . .	882.9	1,569.6	77.8
European Economic Community* . . . . .	1,020.8	1,299.7	27.3
Latin America . . . . .	567.3	576.3	1.6
Other Countries . . . . .	1,288.2	1,519.5	18.0
Total Commonwealth and Preferential . . . . .	1,810.7	2,151.5	18.8
Total Others . . . . .	16,495.1	20,612.9	25.0
Grand Total . . . . .	18,305.7	22,764.4	24.4

*Figures may not add because of rounding.*

\* Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973.

(continued)



## Domestic Exports of Selected Commodities

Preliminary Figures for November 1973

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972	1973	Change	1972	1973	Change
	(\$ millions)		(%)	(\$ millions)		(%)
Fish, excluding shellfish . . . . .	17.4	23.6	35.6	26.9	55.9	107.8
Barley . . . . .	4.5	4.5	0.0	16.1	42.6	164.6
Wheat . . . . .	—	—	—	138.4	136.7	-1.2
Whisky . . . . .	27.6	30.1	9.1	28.1	30.8	9.6
Tobacco . . . . .	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.3	1.3	0.0
Oil seeds . . . . .	0.4	0.7	75.0	27.1	43.6	60.9
Iron ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	31.9	35.3	10.7	47.1	50.6	7.4
Copper in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	2.3	7.2	213.0	32.5	51.7	59.1
Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	5.8	11.0	89.7	31.9	31.9	0.0
Zinc in ores, concentrates and scrap . . . . .	1.7	3.4	100.0	12.7	17.0	33.9
Coal . . . . .	—	1.0	—	8.9	20.4	129.2
Crude Petroleum . . . . .	91.7	142.2	55.1	91.7	142.2	55.1
Natural gas . . . . .	26.7	31.9	19.5	26.7	31.9	19.5
Asbestos, unmanufactured . . . . .	6.7	9.2	37.3	24.9	24.3	-2.4
Lumber . . . . .	114.4	108.1	-5.5	133.3	154.0	15.5
Wood pulp and similar pulp . . . . .	42.3	74.3	75.7	77.5	126.0	62.6
Newsprint paper . . . . .	89.4	105.4	17.9	106.7	122.4	14.7
Fertilizers and fertilizer materials . . . . .	12.4	22.0	77.4	19.1	30.3	58.6
Iron and steel, including alloys . . . . .	26.0	34.3	31.9	36.8	45.0	22.3
Aluminum including alloys . . . . .	18.8	19.1	1.6	29.1	36.8	26.5
Copper and alloys . . . . .	17.0	21.5	26.5	40.0	52.8	32.0
Nickel and alloys . . . . .	15.0	18.4	22.7	22.6	45.1	99.6
Metal fabricated basic products . . . . .	8.6	12.8	48.8	13.4	16.3	21.6
Industrial machinery . . . . .	27.6	39.8	44.2	44.3	54.1	22.1
Agriculture machinery & tractors . . . . .	11.7	26.4	125.6	12.2	27.7	127.0
Passenger automobiles and chassis . . . . .	214.5	261.2	21.8	229.5	267.4	16.5
Other motor vehicles . . . . .	85.0	82.3	-3.2	90.3	89.0	-1.4
Motor vehicle engines and engine parts . . . . .	46.7	46.9	0.4	47.0	47.5	1.1
Other motor vehicle parts* . . . . .	121.2	137.9	13.8	132.5	145.0	9.4
Aircraft, engines and parts . . . . .	29.4	32.8	11.6	35.6	41.2	15.7
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	15.0	18.8	25.3	24.4	29.2	19.7
Office machines and equipment . . . . .	12.6	9.8	-22.2	15.8	17.1	8.2
Apparel and accessories . . . . .	8.1	9.6	18.5	10.9	13.0	19.3
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	1,132.6	1,381.8	22.0	1,635.4	2,040.6	24.8
b) Total Domestic Exports . . . . .	1,336.3	1,644.8	23.1	1,995.7	2,497.9	25.2
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	84.8%	84.0%		81.9%	81.7%	
* Re-exports of mainly parts . . . . .	3.7	6.1	64.9	4.1	10.3	151.2

(see table on next page)

## School Bus Accidents, Canada, 1972 — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily.

During 1972 there were 1,868 school bus accidents in Canada. Among these were 27 fatal accidents, 642 non-fatal accidents and 1,199 property damage accidents.

For further information contact Mr. M. McRae, (613-996-2974) Transportation and Communication Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

**Exports (including re-exports)**  
Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

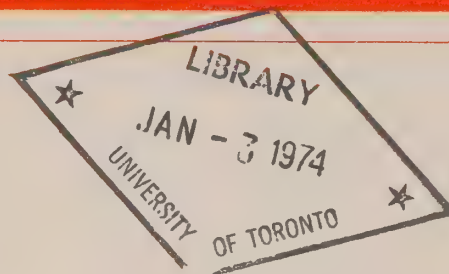
	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
	(\$ millions)			
1972				
Second Quarter . . . . .	5,008	3,476	376	1,156
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,785	3,325	310	1,150
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,605	3,811	389	1,405
1973				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,887	4,113	397	1,377
Second Quarter . . . . .	6,167	4,215	349	1,603
Third Quarter . . . . .	5,994	4,070	368	1,556
1973				
January . . . . .	1,918	1,371	111	436
February . . . . .	1,968	1,371	120	477
March . . . . .	2,001	1,371	166	464
April . . . . .	2,047	1,358	121	568
May . . . . .	2,073	1,446	100	527
June . . . . .	2,047	1,411	128	508
July . . . . .	2,108	1,473	121	514
August . . . . .	1,900	1,210	132	558
September . . . . .	1,986	1,387	115	484
October . . . . .	2,176	1,490	146	540
November (preliminary) . . . . .	2,389	1,636	157	596





# Statistics Canada

## daily



Monday, December 24, 1973

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**Railway Carloadings, November 1973 — Advance Information.**

Twenty-five railways operating in Canada reported a total of 22.2 million tons of revenue carload freight loaded in November, an increase of 7.7% over the same month of 1972. The number of cars required to handle these shipments was up 4.2% to 376,608.

The tonnage of potash loaded more than doubled in the latest month with an increase of 115.7%, wheat movements rose 27.8%, fuel oil was up 27.4%, and iron ore loadings were higher by 25.8%.

During the first 11 months of 1973 carloadings were up 6.9% to 3.7 million and relative tonnages rose 13.4% to 220.9 million from the corresponding period a year earlier.

Cumulatively, the largest percentage increases in tonnage were recorded for: iron ore (up 57.3%); sand, gravel and crushed stone (31.2%); containerized freight (29.6%) and potash (22.8%). Wheat and other grain declined 17.4% during the period under review.

For further information order the November issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274) Transportation and Communications Divisions, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

**Coal and Coke Statistics, October 1973 — Advance Information.**

October coal production increased 10.8% to 2.12 million tons from 1.92 million a year earlier. Imports decreased to 1.78 million tons from 2.49 million. Industrial consumers used 1.48 million tons of coal (down by 343,444 tons) and 490,508 tons of coke (up 129,607 tons).

For further information, order the October issue of *Coal and Coke Statistics* (45-002, 30¢/\$3) or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

**Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, January to October, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Sales of farm implements and equipment (including repair parts) for January to October, were valued at \$586.4 million, an increase of 29.9% from the 1972 figure of \$451.4 million. Repair parts for the same period had a value of \$99.0 million.

For further information, order October issue of *Farm Implements and Equipment Sales* (63-009, \$1 a year) or contact Mr. Y. Lebel (613-996-9307), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**The Dairy Review, November 1973 — Advance Information.**

An estimated 1.18 billion pounds of milk were produced in November, 0.6% less than a year earlier. This brought the total estimate of production during the first eleven months of the year to 15.64 billion pounds, down 5.1% from the January-November period a year ago.

For further information, order the November 1973 issue of *The Dairy Review* (23-001, 20¢/\$2), or contact J.H. Dickson (613-994-9974), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

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Thursday, December 27, 1973

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### Publications Released

- Exports by Countries, January-September 1973 (65-003, \$1/\$4)
- University and College Libraries in Canada, 1970-71 (81-206, 75¢)
- United States Vehicles Entering Canada, October 1973 (66-002, 10¢/\$1)
- Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, September 1973 (31-001, 40¢/\$4)
- Breweries, October 1973 (32-019, 10¢/\$1)
- Foundation Garment Shipments, Quarter Ended September 30, 1973 (34-002, 25¢/\$1)
- Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, October 1973 (33-003, 20¢/\$2)
- Service Bulletins – Construction Price Statistics (62-006, \$3 a year), Vol. 2, No. 16, Index of Releases for 1972 and 1973;





### Labour Force Occupations, 1971 Census — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily.

Information collected on the labour force in the 1971 Census shows that 7,889,700 workers indicated their occupation and 737,300 did not.

The labour force included persons 15 years of age and over who, during the week preceding the census, worked for pay or profit, did unpaid family work, looked for work, were on temporary layoff or had jobs from which they were temporarily absent.

Inmates were excluded from the labour force as were, for the purposes of occupation data, persons looking for work who had never worked or who had not worked since January 1, 1970. The following tables contain data rounded to the nearest 100. The totals have been individually rounded and may not equal the sum of their components.

Categories for clerical and related occupations and service were numerically the most important, accounting respectively for 17% (1,373,600) and 12% (969,900) of the labour force indicating an occupation.

Three occupational categories contained 31% of the male labour force — sales, service and construction trades containing, respectively, 11% (568,000), 10% (521,900) and 10% (563,400) of the male labour force indicating an occupation.

The female labour force represented 34% of the total labour force. The clerical and related occupations contained 36% (940,200) of the female labour force. The services category was second with 17% (448,000) of women indicating an occupation.

For further information contact the Data Dissemination Section, Census Field, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Labour Force\* 15 Years and Over, by Occupation Major Groups and Sex for Canada, 1971

Occupation Group	Total	Male	Female
All Occupations	8,626,900	5,665,700	2,961,200
Managerial, Administrative and Related Occupations	372,200	313,900	58,300
Occupations in Natural Sciences, Engineering and Mathematics	234,100	217,000	17,100
Occupations in Social Sciences and Related Fields	79,100	49,500	29,500
Occupations in Religion	23,600	19,900	3,700
Teaching and Related Occupations	349,300	138,200	211,100
Occupations in Medicine and Health	326,600	83,900	242,700
Artistic, Literary, Recreational and Related Fields	80,500	58,600	21,900
Clerical and Related Occupations	1,373,600	433,400	940,200
Sales Occupations	815,700	568,000	247,800
Service Occupations	969,900	521,900	448,000
Farming and Animal Husbandry Occupations	512,200	405,300	106,800
Fishing, Hunting, Trapping and Related Occupations	27,200	26,700	500
Forestry and Logging Occupations	67,300	65,800	1,400
Mining and Quarrying Including Oil and Gas Field Occupations	59,200	58,800	400
Processing Occupations	334,700	275,200	59,600
Machining and Related Occupations	240,900	227,300	13,700
Product Fabricating, Assembling and Repairing Occupations	634,400	484,100	150,200
Construction Trades Occupations	568,600	563,400	5,100
Transport Equipment Operation Occupations	338,400	330,200	8,200
Materials Handling and Related Occupations	205,800	165,400	40,500
Other Crafts and Equipment Operating Occupations	108,800	95,300	13,500
Occupations, Not Elsewhere Classified	167,600	145,900	21,700
Occupations Not Stated	737,300	418,000	319,300

\* Excludes persons looking for work, who last worked prior to January 1, 1970 or who never worked.

(see table on next page)

Labour Force\* 15 Years and Over, by Occupation Major Groups, for the Provinces, 1971

Occupation Group	New- found- land	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon and Northwest Territories
All Occupations	148,000	43,000	286,400	223,500	2,169,100	3,354,400	413,900	371,100	688,300	910,100	19,100
Managerial, Administrative and Related Occupations	5,100	1,200	9,600	7,100	103,100	157,100	16,800	11,900	27,100	32,600	700
Occupations in Natural Sciences Engineering and Mathematics	3,000	600	6,400	4,600	54,100	104,900	9,900	6,000	20,300	23,600	600
Occupations in Social Sciences and Related Fields	700	300	2,300	1,700	20,700	32,800	3,800	2,500	5,900	8,200	200
Occupations in Religion	600	200	1,100	1,100	7,100	7,200	1,200	1,500	1,700	1,800	100
Teaching and Related Occupations	6,900	1,900	12,700	9,900	97,500	128,500	16,100	15,000	28,200	31,700	800
Occupations in Medicine and Health	5,800	1,800	11,600	8,400	81,000	124,400	16,900	14,400	27,700	34,000	500
Artistic, Literary, Recreational and Related Occupations	800	300	2,000	1,300	22,800	34,100	3,400	2,200	5,000	8,400	200
Clerical and Related Occupations	16,900	4,200	38,000	29,800	346,400	590,300	63,600	40,000	100,300	141,700	2,300
Sales Occupations	13,500	3,400	27,600	21,000	197,100	320,500	37,600	31,900	66,100	96,100	1,000
Service Occupations	16,200	5,700	44,900	29,500	226,300	355,900	48,500	40,000	80,600	119,400	2,700
Farming, Horticultural and Animal Husbandry Occupations	1,600	6,100	8,500	7,700	77,900	142,800	48,800	101,700	89,300	27,800	100
Fishing, Hunting, Trapping and Related Occupations	7,300	2,200	6,600	2,600	1,900	1,200	300	300	200	4,200	400
Forestry and Logging Occupations	2,300	100	3,000	6,500	20,000	11,700	1,000	1,100	2,100	19,200	200
Mining and Quarrying including Oil and Gas Field Occupations	2,100	100	3,500	1,500	11,700	19,700	3,400	3,200	7,400	5,700	800
Processing Occupations	9,400	2,400	13,000	13,900	97,000	123,200	10,100	6,000	15,200	44,300	300
Machining and Related Occupations	2,000	300	5,500	4,200	58,000	127,600	8,400	3,600	11,600	19,500	200
Product Fabricating, Assembling and Repairing Occupations	6,400	1,300	14,900	11,700	195,000	278,200	28,000	13,600	31,300	52,900	1,100
Construction Trades Occupations	15,000	3,200	25,600	19,700	126,500	208,700	27,300	20,300	51,700	68,900	1,600
Transport Equipment Operation Occupations	9,400	1,800	14,300	10,800	85,800	120,600	16,100	12,500	26,300	39,700	1,100
Materials Handling and Related Occupations	4,200	700	7,200	6,800	39,200	84,000	8,800	7,000	14,900	32,400	400
Other Crafts and Equipment Operating Occupations	2,200	300	3,400	2,700	28,300	46,100	4,900	3,300	7,000	10,200	400
Occupations, Not Elsewhere Classified	2,000	700	2,800	2,300	49,800	76,200	7,500	5,000	11,900	9,200	300
Occupations Not Stated	14,500	4,100	21,800	18,800	221,600	258,700	31,700	28,200	56,300	78,600	3,000

\* Excludes a few persons looking for work, who last worked prior to January 1, 1970 or who never worked.

**Work Experience, 1971 Census — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily.**

Figures from the June 1, 1971 Census show that 65.6% of Canadians 15 years and over worked between January 1, 1970 and the census date. For males, 82.6% had worked since the start of 1970 and only 7.8% had never worked. For females, only 48.8% had worked in that time period and 24.2% had never worked.

The Yukon, with 77.5%, and Alberta, with 70.7%, showed the highest proportion of total population with work experience since the start of 1970. Nova Scotia, with 60.6%, and Newfoundland, with 53.6%, had the lowest figures. Quebec (22.9%) and Newfoundland (21.9%) had the highest proportions of total population which had never worked and the Yukon (9.2%) and British Columbia (11.8%) the lowest.

The census asked persons 15 and over when they last worked or whether they had never worked. Figures in the following tables have been rounded to the nearest 100. Totals have been rounded independently and may not equal the sum of individual rounded figures.

(see table on next page)

**Steel Ingots, Week Ended December 22, 1973 — Advance Information.**

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended December 22 totalled 274,124 tons, a decrease of 5.6% from the preceding's week's total of 290,256 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 233,532 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 149.6 in the current week, 158.4 a week earlier and 127.5 one year ago.

**Financial Institutions, Third Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.**

	3rd Quarter 1972 (\$'000)	3rd Quarter 1973 (\$'000)	Change from same period a year earlier (\$'000)	%	Amount change from IIQ/73 (\$'000)
<b>Trust Companies</b>					
Mortgages . . . . .	5,146,234	6,748,291	1,602,057	31.1	563,480
Total Assets . . . . .	8,307,024	9,963,145	1,656,121	19.9	537,080
Demand Deposits . . . . .	1,915,320	2,050,223	134,903	7.0	-63,441
Term Deposits . . . . .	5,649,491	7,025,090	1,375,599	24.3	512,025
<b>Mortgage Companies</b>					
Mortgages . . . . .	3,555,492	4,501,564	946,072	26.6	350,063
Total Assets . . . . .	4,583,442	5,679,522	1,096,080	23.9	395,086
Demand Deposits . . . . .	573,949	639,493	65,544	11.4	-11,199
Term Deposits and Debentures . . . . .	3,097,478	3,517,891	420,413	13.6	294,925
<b>Sales Finance &amp; Consumer Loan Co's.</b>					
Retal Financing					
— Industrial & Commercial . . . . .	983,221	1,034,473	51,252	5.2	35,072
— Consumer Business . . . . .	1,165,976	1,256,460	90,484	7.8	36,385
Wholesale Financing . . . . .	629,159	751,495	122,336	19.4	-103,027
Small Loan Act . . . . .	390,857	344,975	-45,882	-11.7	-8,834
Other Personal Loans . . . . .	1,472,184	1,402,918	-69,266	-4.7	37,030
Total Assets . . . . .	5,929,193	6,319,186	389,993	6.6	115,825
<b>Mutual Funds (Cost)</b>					
Canadian Preferred Shares . . . . .	148,683	149,130	447	0.3	447
Canadian Common Shares . . . . .	1,143,846	1,147,829	3,983	0.3	-29,396
Foreign Pref. and Common . . . . .	867,991	707,852	-160,139	-18.4	-21,173
Total Assets . . . . .	2,843,019	2,825,910	-17,109	-0.6	-33,056
Total Portfolio					
— Cost . . . . .	2,684,586	2,699,212	14,626	0.5	-41,453
— Market . . . . .	3,246,553	3,104,203	-142,350	-4.4	135,328
<b>Fire and Casualty Ins. Co's.</b>					
Net Premiums . . . . .	526,546	581,213	54,667	10.4	20,280
Underwriting Gain . . . . .	-126	-10,507	-10,381	—	-13,173
Total Assets . . . . .	3,653,652	4,120,602	466,950	12.8	135,037
<b>Closed End Funds (Cost)</b>					
Canadian Common Shares . . . . .	452,794	328,193	-124,601	-27.5	-1,269
Total Portfolio					
— Cost . . . . .	667,784	647,326	-20,458	-3.1	1,710
— Market . . . . .	1,007,915	904,594	-103,321	-10.3	-31,662

Further information will be contained in the publication *Financial Institutions*, Third Quarter 1973 (61-006, 75¢/\$3).

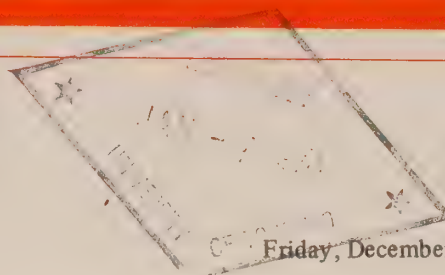






# Statistics Canada

## daily



Friday, December 28, 1973

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<b>Motion Picture Theatres and Film Distributors, 1972</b> — Advance Information . . . . .	5

### Publications Released

- Canadian Statistical Review, December 1973 (11-003, 50¢/\$5)
- Industrial Corporations, Third Quarter 1973 (61-003, \$1/\$4)
- Chain Store Sales and Stocks, October 1973 (63-001, 10¢/\$1)
- Service Bulletin — Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 5, Factory Shipments of Truck Bodies, 1972.



**Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, November 1973** — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Informat and available in machine readable form from CANSIM.

Following the series of monthly increases started in September, November imports, seasonally adjusted, reached a record level of \$2,132 million. This estimate stood about 1.5% above October and 10.5% above the third-quarter level. At \$1,582 million, imports from the United States increased \$124 million or 8.5%. Imports from the United Kingdom and other countries fell from the high levels reached in October.

Without seasonal adjustment, imports in November advanced on a year-over-year basis by \$475 million or 26.5% to \$2,226 million. A total of \$395 million or 83% of this rise was due to trade with the U.S. Smaller increases occurred in imports from most overseas countries, except the United Kingdom and Japan, where purchases declined 16% and 12%, respectively.

Contributing the 32% increase in the imports from the U.S. were: automotive and related products (up \$97 million), industrial machinery (up \$34 million), food (up \$31 million) and aircraft and parts (up \$28 million), mostly accounted for by deliveries of a wide-bodied and medium-sized jet transport.

Among imports from overseas countries, crude oil imports rose \$38 million in value. Another rise in the unit value of offshore crude augmented volume increases, including deliveries to Newfoundland for start-up of a new refinery. The value of crude petroleum outlay in November of \$91 million was \$10 million greater than in the preceding month. Imports of automotive and related products declined over the years. At \$21,322 million, imports for the first 11 months of 1973 stood more than 24% above \$17,153 million for the same period of 1972. Purchases from the U.S. accounted for some 80% of this change, while other areas, with the exception of Japan, made smaller contributions to the increase. The group of automotive and related products represented 26% of the increase. Food and industrial machinery were each responsible for about 8.5%. Crude petroleum and aircraft each contributed 5% of the over-all increase.

With a slightly higher percentage increase in exports, Canada's surplus rose from \$1,153 million in the January-November period of 1972 to \$1,443 million in 1973. Some 43.5% of the surplus was due to trade with Japan and a further 38% to that with the U.S. and 32% to that with the United Kingdom. Canada had a deficit of about \$100 million with other Commonwealth countries and \$215 million with Latin America.

**Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, November 1973**

	Total Exports		Imports		Trade Balance		Percentage Change 1972 to 1973	
	1972	1973 (\$ millions)	1972	1973	1972	1973	Total Exports (%)	Imports (%)
<b>Month of November</b>								
United Kingdom . . . . .	128.5	166.4	89.8	75.7	38.7	90.7	29.5	- 15.7
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	64.5	89.8	87.6	104.9	- 23.1	- 15.1	39.2	19.7
United States . . . . .	1,371.1	1,692.2	1,230.5	1,625.2	140.6	67.0	23.4	32.1
Japan . . . . .	112.6	202.9	106.3	93.2	6.3	109.7	80.2	- 12.3
European Economic Community* . . . .	111.0	159.4	114.1	133.6	- 3.1	25.8	43.6	17.1
Latin America . . . . .	53.5	71.3	61.6	81.0	- 8.1	- 9.7	33.3	31.5
Other Countries . . . . .	197.3	176.0	101.6	152.6	95.7	23.4	- 10.8	50.2
<b>Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .</b>	<b>192.9</b>	<b>256.1</b>	<b>177.4</b>	<b>180.6</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>75.5</b>	<b>32.8</b>	<b>1.8</b>
<b>Total Others . . . . .</b>	<b>1,845.5</b>	<b>2,301.8</b>	<b>1,614.2</b>	<b>2,085.7</b>	<b>231.3</b>	<b>216.1</b>	<b>24.7</b>	<b>29.2</b>
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>2,038.4</b>	<b>2,557.9</b>	<b>1,791.6</b>	<b>2,266.2</b>	<b>246.8</b>	<b>291.7</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>26.5</b>
<b>January-November</b>								
United Kingdom . . . . .	1,235.8	1,398.8	876.9	932.6	358.9	466.2	13.2	6.4
Other Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .	574.9	752.8	706.4	854.1	- 131.5	- 101.3	30.9	20.9
United States . . . . .	12,735.8	15,647.8	11,794.6	15,102.5	941.2	545.3	22.9	28.0
Japan . . . . .	882.9	1,569.6	999.7	940.3	- 116.8	629.3	77.8	- 5.9
European Economic Community* . . . .	1,020.8	1,299.7	1,068.9	1,280.0	- 48.1	19.7	27.3	19.7
Latin America . . . . .	567.3	576.3	613.6	792.6	- 46.3	- 216.3	1.6	29.2
Other Countries . . . . .	1,288.2	1,519.5	1,092.5	1,419.4	195.7	100.1	18.0	29.9
<b>Total Commonwealth and Preferred . . . . .</b>	<b>1,810.7</b>	<b>2,151.5</b>	<b>1,583.3</b>	<b>1,786.7</b>	<b>227.4</b>	<b>364.8</b>	<b>18.8</b>	<b>12.8</b>
<b>Total Others . . . . .</b>	<b>16,495.1</b>	<b>20,612.9</b>	<b>15,569.4</b>	<b>19,534.9</b>	<b>925.7</b>	<b>1,078.0</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>25.5</b>
<b>Grand Total . . . . .</b>	<b>18,305.7</b>	<b>22,764.4</b>	<b>17,152.6</b>	<b>21,321.5</b>	<b>1,153.1</b>	<b>1,442.9</b>	<b>24.4</b>	<b>24.3</b>

\* Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973.

Export and Import values for 1973 are preliminary estimates and may not add because of rounding.

(see tables on next page)

## Imports of Selected Commodities

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1972 (\$ millions)	1973	Change 1972-1973 (%)	1972 (\$ millions)	1973	Change 1972-1973 (%)
Food . . . . .	52.8	83.4	58.0	125.8	173.8	38.2
Metals, in ores, concentrates scrap . . . . .	9.6	16.2	68.8	21.4	30.5	42.5
Crude petroleum . . . . .	—	0.1	—	52.4	91.0	73.7
Broad woven fabrics . . . . .	9.4	12.0	27.7	26.7	29.6	10.9
Chemicals, organic and inorganic . . . . .	15.7	20.6	31.2	23.6	32.1	36.0
Plastic materials and shapes . . . . .	19.8	26.0	31.3	23.5	29.1	23.8
Petroleum and coal products . . . . .	6.7	7.9	17.9	22.4	19.9	- 11.2
Iron and steel fabricated shapes . . . . .	23.9	42.2	76.6	55.7	76.5	37.3
Non-ferrous metals and alloys . . . . .	14.8	29.8	101.4	25.9	43.6	68.3
Industrial machinery . . . . .	118.6	152.9	28.9	157.5	189.4	20.3
Tractors and parts . . . . .	25.1	25.7	2.4	32.8	30.0	- 8.5
Passenger automobiles . . . . .	105.7	147.4	39.5	143.4	180.4	25.8
Trucks and other motor vehicles . . . . .	59.3	61.0	2.9	66.6	65.0	- 2.4
Motor vehicle engines, engine parts . . . . .	52.9	63.9	20.8	62.5	68.0	8.8
Motor vehicle parts, except engines . . . . .	215.5	258.0	19.7	223.0	263.0	17.9
Aircraft and parts . . . . .	20.4	48.9	139.7	26.3	51.3	95.1
Communication, related equipment . . . . .	43.7	51.3	17.4	71.2	81.2	14.0
Office machines, including computers . . . . .	35.1	38.8	10.5	45.0	50.9	13.1
Apparel, footwear and accessories . . . . .	5.3	6.6	24.5	26.2	34.3	30.9
Books and other printed matter . . . . .	22.7	23.9	5.3	27.4	29.9	9.1
a) All selected commodities . . . . .	857.1	1,116.6	30.3	1,259.3	1,569.4	24.6
b) Total Canadian Imports . . . . .	1,230.5	1,625.2	32.1	1,791.6	2,266.2	26.5
a) as percent of b) . . . . .	69.7 %	68.7 %		70.3 %	69.3 %	

Imports  
Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S. (\$ millions)	U.K.	Other Countries
1972				
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,623	3,192	200	1,231
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,017	3,563	258	1,196
1973				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,528	3,793	272	1,463
Second Quarter . . . . .	5,560	3,976	245	1,339
Third Quarter . . . . .	5,796	4,114	238	1,444
1973				
January . . . . .	1,759	1,220	85	454
February . . . . .	1,871	1,271	93	507
March . . . . .	1,898	1,302	94	502
April . . . . .	1,750	1,257	72	421
May . . . . .	1,933	1,392	88	453
June . . . . .	1,877	1,327	85	465
July . . . . .	1,952	1,375	86	491
August . . . . .	1,915	1,343	76	496
September . . . . .	1,929	1,396	76	457
October . . . . .	2,095	1,458	101	536
November (preliminary) . . . . .	2,132	1,582	67	483

Exports (including re-exports)  
Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S. (\$ millions)	U.K.	Other Countries
1972				
Third Quarter . . . . .	4,785	3,325	310	1,150
Fourth Quarter . . . . .	5,605	3,811	389	1,405
1973				
First Quarter . . . . .	5,887	4,113	397	1,377
Second Quarter . . . . .	6,167	4,215	349	1,603
Third Quarter . . . . .	5,994	4,070	368	1,556
1973				
January . . . . .	1,918	1,371	111	436
February . . . . .	1,968	1,371	120	477
March . . . . .	2,001	1,371	166	464
April . . . . .	2,047	1,358	121	568
May . . . . .	2,073	1,446	100	527
June . . . . .	2,047	1,411	128	508
July . . . . .	2,108	1,473	121	514
August . . . . .	1,900	1,210	132	558
September . . . . .	1,986	1,387	115	484
October . . . . .	2,176	1,490	146	540
November (preliminary) . . . . .	2,389	1,636	157	596

## Prices and Price Indexes, December 1973 — Advance Information.

Weekly Security Price Indexes				
	Number stocks priced	Dec. 20/73 This week	Dec. 13/73 Week ago	Nov. 22/73 Month ago
		1961=100		
<b>Investors Index-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>114</b>	<b>171.9</b>	<b>172.6</b>	<b>188.4</b>
<b>Industrials-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>80</b>	<b>184.9</b>	<b>186.2</b>	<b>203.2</b>
Industrial mines . . . . .	4	131.4	127.8	143.3
Foods . . . . .	10	137.3	137.1	146.6
Beverages . . . . .	7	248.5	241.5	255.9
Textiles and clothing . . . . .	5	140.6	141.2	158.0
Pulp and paper . . . . .	7	136.3	132.7	149.4
Printing and publishing . . . . .	4	344.9	347.4	382.1
Primary metals . . . . .	8	130.7	127.4	131.7
Metal fabricating . . . . .	9	162.8	168.6	201.7
Non-metallic minerals . . . . .	4	154.8	163.8	172.1
Petroleum . . . . .	7	285.7	304.7	327.9
Chemicals . . . . .	4	108.1	103.0	117.4
Construction . . . . .	4	144.0	143.3	156.4
Retail Trade . . . . .	7	130.1	135.1	142.8
<b>Utilities-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>20</b>	<b>126.7</b>	<b>126.6</b>	<b>139.4</b>
Pipeline . . . . .	5	127.1	130.2	146.3
Transportation . . . . .	4	285.9	282.3	311.2
Telephone . . . . .	3	79.8	81.2	83.7
Electric power . . . . .	3	96.6	92.5	110.0
Gas distribution . . . . .	5	144.9	147.1	157.9
<b>Finance-Total</b> . . . . .	<b>14</b>	<b>172.9</b>	<b>171.3</b>	<b>185.5</b>
Banks . . . . .	6	205.8	202.3	219.0
Investment and loan . . . . .	8	121.0	122.8	133.2
<b>Mining Index Total</b> . . . . .	<b>22</b>	<b>135.8</b>	<b>135.1</b>	<b>133.6</b>
Gold . . . . .	6	198.2	197.2	166.0
Base metals . . . . .	16	102.8	102.3	117.0
Uranium . . . . .	4	282.8	285.2	309.6
Primary oils and gas . . . . .	7	441.1	467.0	490.8

For further information, order the December issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Production of Eggs, November 1973 — Advance Information.

Canadian egg production increased by 1.1% to 37.3 million dozen in November from 36.9 million a year earlier. The average number of layers was down 2.4% to 25.9 million from 26.5 million while the number of eggs per 100 layers increased 3.0% to 1,733 from 1,682. Farm price of eggs sold for market was up 57.8% to 61.4¢ per dozen compared with 38.9¢ per dozen.

For further information, order the November issue of *Production of Eggs* (23-003, 10¢/\$1).

## Canada's Mineral Production, 1973 Preliminary Estimate — Advance Information.

A new peak was achieved for production of Canadian minerals during 1973. Based on an estimate prepared by Statistics Canada, the total value exceeded \$8.24 billion. Values of the leading mineral commodities were: crude petroleum, \$2,246 million; copper, \$1,148 million; nickel, \$785 million; zinc \$653 million; iron ore, \$613 million; and natural gas \$482 million.

Further information will be contained in the 1973 issue of *Canada's Mineral Production, Preliminary Estimate* (26,202, 40¢).



**Advertising Agencies, 1972 — Advance Information.**

In 1972, advertising agencies reported gross advertising billings totalling \$535.1 million, an increase of 13.8% over the 1970 figure of \$470.4 million. No annual survey was taken in 1971. Gross revenue increased to \$92.1 million, up 11.1% over the \$82.9 million in 1970. The number of employees was at 4,474, including 2,308 males and 2,166 females with salaries and wages totalling \$53.0 million.

For further information order the 1972 issue of *Advertising Agencies* (63-201, 50¢) or contact Mr. E. Yablonski, (613-996-9301), Commercial Services Section Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

**Motion Picture Theatres and Film Distributors, 1972 — Advance Information.**

Receipts from paid admissions (excluding amusement taxes) of 1,412 motion picture theatres (1,128

regular theatres and 284 drive-ins) in 1972 amounted to \$140.4 million. Revenue from the sales of candy, drinks, etc.; rental revenue from concessions and vending machines; revenue from showing commercial films and all other revenue totalled \$32.6 million. Paid admissions were reported at \$91.8 million and amusement taxes collected amounted to \$10.1 million. Salaries and wages paid by the motion picture theatres totalled \$34.8 million.

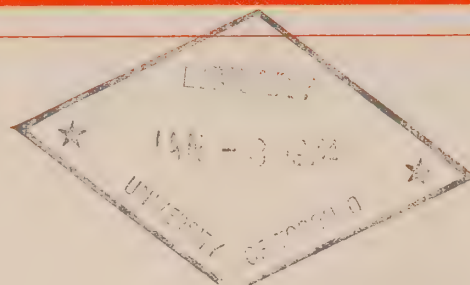
The receipts of 63 film distributor companies were \$71.2 million with salaries and wages at \$5.8 million.

For further information order the 1972 issue of *Motion Picture Theatre and Film Distributors* (63-207, 50¢), or contact Mr. E. Yablonski (613-996-9301), Commercial Services Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, K1A 0V4.



# Statistics Canada

## daily



Monday, December 31, 1973

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# **Railway Carloadings, Week Ended December 14, 1973 — Published only in Statistics Canada Daily.**

Loadings of revenue freight in the seven days under review totalled 4.7 million tons, an increase of 13.1% over the year-earlier period. The number of cars loaded was up 12.4% to 82,929. Freight shipments originating by rail east of the Lakehead rose 16.4% to 2.4 million tons and western volume at 2.3 million tons was up 9.8%.

Piggyback tonnage in trailers and containers was higher by 14.8% with eastern loadings rising 12.9% and those in the west up by 20.0%.

With just over two weeks remaining in 1973, rail freight loadings totalled 230.7 million tons and 3.9 million cars, up 13.5% and 7.1%, respectively, over 1972. Piggyback shipments were also higher — 7.7 million tons or 11.6% above year-earlier levels.

For further information contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

7-day period ending December 14	East	West	Canada
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	2,434,993	2,255,615	4,690,608
Tons, 1972 .....	2,091,684	2,053,989	4,145,673
% change .....	16.4	9.8	13.1
Cars, 1973 .....	46,516	36,413	82,929
Cars, 1972 .....	40,065	33,711	73,776
% change .....	16.1	8.0	12.4
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	131,892	52,843	184,735
Tons, 1972 .....	116,813	44,050	160,863
% change .....	12.9	20.0	14.8
Cars, 1973 .....	4,813	2,428	7,241
Cars, 1972 .....	5,042	2,241	7,283
% change .....	-4.5	8.3	-0.6
<b>Year-to-date</b>			
<b>Total Carload Traffic:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	130,100,325	100,577,420	230,677,745**
Tons, 1972 .....	106,059,495	97,228,295	203,287,790
% change .....	22.7	3.4	13.5
Cars, 1973 .....	2,271,341	1,639,660	3,911,001
Cars, 1972 .....	1,995,181	1,657,910	3,653,091
% change .....	13.8	-1.1	7.1
<b>Piggyback traffic*:</b>			
Tons, 1973 .....	5,498,028	2,231,838	7,729,866
Tons, 1972 .....	4,767,166	2,159,358	6,926,524
% change .....	15.3	3.4	11.6
Cars, 1973 .....	230,500	109,094	339,594
Cars, 1972 .....	209,564	104,840	314,404
% change .....	10.0	4.1	8.0

\* Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

\*\* Includes adjustments in respect to prior periods.









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